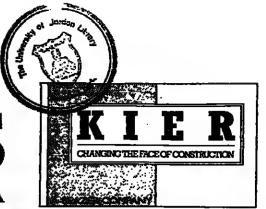
Weekend January 14/January 15 1989



WORLD NEWS

Trapped miners rescued

Ten coal miners were brought to safety after being trapped under rubble when a roof collapsed at High Moor pit near Sheffield.

The men were trapped when about 600 tons of rubble blocked the mine's under ground readway, two miles from the mine exit. Rescuers. including mine manager Ernest Hardy, dug through and helped the men out one at a time. All 10 were said to be virtually unburt.

Two RAF crew were killed and a West German pilot injured when a British Tornado col-lided with two West German air force Alpha jets in low-flying exercises near the north West German coast.

Last year, five died when a US jet crashed onto a West German town and 87 were killed at the Ramstein airshow

Libya returns body Libya released the body of a US airman killed during a 1986 bombing raid. The body was handed over at Rome's military airport to Vatican representa-tives and Italian officials.

West German legal move West German authorities initi-ated legal proceedings against chemical company Imhausen-Chemie, suspected of violating export regulations and accused by the US of helping Libya to build a poison gas factory.

Airport security boost Transport minister Paul Channon ordered extra security measures at British airports after allegations that two reporters breached security at Heathrow afroort.

Waldegrave's PLO talks Foreign Office Minister William Waldegrave was poised to meet Palestine Liberation Organisation chairman Yassir Arafat in Tunis last night.

Donnt over sinintrors Reports that six Armenians had been found alive under corthquake rubble after 35 days could not be confirmed. said Toss, the Soviet news

Zaire breaks Beiglan link Zairean President Mobutu Sese seko unilaterally renounced friendship and co-operation treaties with its former coloniel master, Belgium, and halted debt repayments.

Franch N-plant recogn France will today reopen the 1,200MW Superphenix fast breeder nuclear reactor in the foothills of the Alps, 20 months after it was closed because of a coolant leak.

Idi Amin, expelled from Zaire to Senegal on Thursday for trying to get back into Africa under a false name, was not permitted to fly to Saudi Arabia, where he had been living in exile.

Shamir to attend talks Israeli prime minister Yitzhak Shamir agreed to attend an international conference on improving conditions in Pales

Friday 13 'virus' A software "virus" barrowed into hundreds of IRM personal computers in UK offices and homes, destroying information and reproducing itself like bacteria. It was programmed to

City gents 'too fat' Nearly a quarter of City executives are too fat and one in seven is an unfit that the quality of their life is affected. according to a team of City doctors. Page 6

Paris-Dakar wi Art Vatenen of Finland won the Paris-Daker motor rally in a Pengect 405 Turbo 16.

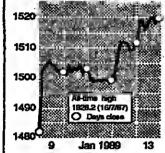
BUSINESS SUMMARY Management

consortium may buy Brei

agement and employee consor-tium for not less that £20m. The consortium, which will be backed by Trafalgar House and Asea Brown Boveri, is the bidder preferred by the British Railways Board. Page 22; Sigh of relief at Brel, Page 4

PT Ordinary Index rose 38.4 across the week, closing yester-

FT Index Ordinary share (hourly movements)



the day. London Stock Exchange, Page 15

CENTRAL BANKS unsuccessfully intervened in Europe to stop the dollar's steep rise. Co-ordinated dollar sales were conducted aggressively, but the intervention was modest and took place in thin trading.

NIKKEI Index surged 154.93 to yet another record close of 31,296.38, boosted by a week of strong gams and bullish sen timent. World Stock Markets, Pages 12.13

BANK OF ENGLAND held the first reverse auction of £500m of UK Government debt at prices close to market level.

metal trading group, will returu \$800,000 (£448,000) proi its from selling options and futures contracts to US companies after allegations that it illegally sold off-exchange futures in the US.

ROVER GROUP, UK's biggest car maker, is to integrate its management structure across the whole group, except for commercial activities.

WEST GERMANY has given only partial approval to the proposed takeover of Lansing Bagnall, UK's largest lift truck manufacturer, by Linde, West German industrial group.

HONG KONG may amend its new Securities and Futures Commission Bill to placate brokers who fear over-regulation may slow the securities market. Page 2

US chipmakers are to try to form consortia to make Dynamic Random Access Mem-ory chips to counter the prospect of Japanese domination

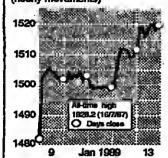
puter industries. Page 2 interim operating profits up by 56.2 per cent to £48.9m for the 28 weeks to November 12.

Page 8; Lex Page 22 BURMAH OIL, lubricants group, raised its stake in Premier Consolidated Oilfields, independent oil company, from 25 to 29.9 per cent. Premier's

ton, French champagne, cognac and luxury products

CIBA-GEIGY, Swiss chemical

BRITISH RAIL Engineering, BR's heavy engineering subsid-lary, may be bought by a man-



day at 1,519.7, a rise of 7.8 on

US retail sales in December rose by only 0.2 per cent against an expected 1.4 per cent, sparking off a rise in bond prices. Page 2

WOGEN RESOURCES, London

of the electronics and com-

MFI Furniture Group reported

shares closed up 8½p at 76½p.

MOET HENNESSY-Louis Vuitgroup, appointed Bernard Arnault as chairman to replace Alain Chevalier, who resigned on Thursday. Page 11; Lex,

group, reported 1988 turnover up by 11.8 per cent to SFr17.6bn (£6.33bn). Page 11

General Electric and GEC in European joint ventures double

By Terry Dodsworth and Hugo Dixon

GENERAL Electric of the US and the General Electric Com-pany of the UK, two of the world's leading industrial groups, are planning to pool several of their European activ-ities in a move that will bring sweeping changes to the Euro-pean electrical and electronic

The announcement of the two companies' plans in London means a further shake-up for an industry already stunned by a series of joint venture and takeover moves over the last two months. over the last two months.

GEC has played the key role in these manoeuvres with the launch of the £1.7bn hostile takeover hid for Plessey, the UK electronics group, in co-op-eration with Siemens of West Germany. The news was delivered pe

sonally by two of the world's most powerful but elusive businessmen, Mr Jack Welch, chairman of GE, and Lord Weinstock, the mercurial managing director of GEC, who has been under severe pressure from shareholders over the group's lacklustre performance over the last few years. Tha two men made clear

that they saw the deal as a crucial element in their strat-egy of developing global enter-Both of them stressed the importance of the agreement as a response to the competitive challenge they believe will

emerge in Europe as internal



trading barriers are brought down in 1992. Mr Welch said: "We intend to become number one or number two in global markets in every business in which we operate. We have chosen to enter Europe in these businesses in co-operation with GEC and Lord Weinstock."

Lord Weinstock, who stressed that European compa-nies must not develop a "Fortress Europa" attitude, said that GEC needed international partners to face the coming challenge of more open mar"I am happy that GE has

chosen to penetrate European markets through us and with The joint activities with GE will involve European compa-nies with turnover of about \$2.3bn(£1.3bn). They comprise:

• Consumer products, in which a 50/50 joint venture is being formed to bring together GEC's UK Hotpoint division, which has sales of about £600m and GE's much smaller European activities. GEC will be in control of this activity.

• Medical equipment, formed from GEC's relatively small

business in Europe and GE'e husiness, which was expanded last year with the acquisition of CGR in France. GE will run this busine

• Electrical distribution, in which a £200m turnover group is being formed for activities in low voltage assemblies, plugs and sockets and so on: GEC will lead this management

• Gas turbines, where GE is Continued on Page 22 A European hase, Page 8; Stock market report, Page 15; Day of reckoning, Weekend

Jack and Arnold's

act

By Hugo Dixon IT IS a rare event for either Arnold Weinstock or Jack Welch to speak to the press. So it was quite something when the two of them gave a joint

announce their elaborate fourpronged joint venture.

Not to say that they were
the only well-known faces at
the Londonderry Hotel in Mayfair. Jim Prior, the silverhaired elder statesman who is now GEC's chairman, graced the proceedings as did Tim Bell, the Prime Minister's spe-cial public relations adviser. But the stars of the confer-

press conference in London yesterday afternoon to

ence were Arnold and Jack — trading jokes amidst their talk about grand alliances which will reshape European industry. Only one of the micro-phones worked, meaning the stars had to do a double act. We've got to do something abont Britain's electrical industry and that's why we've got to get get closer," Arnoid

He really scored when he told the one about the exchange of transatlantic tele-

The first came from Jack: " would love to do business with you, but please don't take my shirt off my back." Arnold's reply: "I would like to do busi-ness with you Jack. But just think how we would look in public — you without a shirt and me without my pants,"

and me without my pants."
But his pride was pricked when Jack was pressed on whether he had considered joining the Metsun consortium in bidding for GEC. Arnold thought he should have been asked whether he had considered hidding for GE. ered bidding for GE. Jack was then asked whether his dances with Met-

whether his dances with Met-sun had concentrated Arnold's mind. "The last thing I would like to do is get into Lord Weinstock's mind," he said. Jack also had a better head for figures. He said he was putting into the joint venture businesses with sales of just es with sales of Ju over \$1hn (£562m). Arnold could not remember how big his businesses were. The crowd could not believe this Jack came to the rescue: "He is putting in L6bn in dollars." Jack clearly didn't want to give the impression that he was gobbling Arnold up. "One thing they haven't given up is

The world's press, however, was not convinced, especially when Arnold let it slip: "If you

Weekend



Dynasties' day of reckoning

For 20 years, a personel battla of wits and wills has raged batween two powerful man — GEC's Arnoid Weinstock (above) and Plessey's John Clark. Suddenly, the tenura of both men is under threet. John Plender and John Lloyd report.

Page I

Finance Abbey National takes the plunge Page IV

Minding Your Own Business

regular page on the world of Small Businesses Page Vill

Diversions

The City: When the firing starts - a report by Christian Tyler. Plus Gardening, Fishing, How To Spend It, Cookary and Pages XVI, XVII

Sport

soccer season to deta; and John Barrett reporting from tha Australian Tennis Opan in Malbourne

Page XX

By Philip Coggan in London, James Buchan in Naw York and William Duliforce in Geneva company. Having joined the Unlisted Securities Market in Arrow's advisers, ended np quish his executive duties."

Berry ousted as Blue Arrow

MR Tony Berry, who has spearheaded the growth of Blue Arrow into the world's largest employment agency, has been ousted from his executive duties in a dramatic

hoardroom coup.
The new chief executive will be Mr Mitchell Fromstein, who resigned from the board five o anter o with Mr Berry. The return is a triumph for Mr Fromstein, who was president of Manpower, the US group acquired by the much smaller Blue Arrow in 1987 after a hostile \$1.3bn (£730m) hid battle.

Mr Berry will become non-executive chairman. Blue Arrow said yesterday that at a board meeting on January 12 "it was agreed that in view of the differences between the directors as to management styles, Tony Berry would relin-

In addition Mr David Atkins, the deputy chairman, will give up his executive responsibili-ties and become a non-execu-tive director. The pair bave agreed terms of compensation, with Mr Berry's share believed to be worth about £500,000. Yesterday's news was wel-

comed by a group of Manpo franchisees who have been lobbying for Mr Berry's removal since Mr Fromstein departed. "Hallelujah!" said Mr Marvin Goodman, owner of a string of Manpower husinesses in Canada and chairman of the Association of Manpower Franchise Owners. "This returns to the

head of Manpower the man who made Manpower great." The coup represents a bitter blow for Mr Berry, who took charge of Blue Arrow in 1982 when it was a small private

1984, capitalised at just £3.1m. Bine Arrow grew at a rapid rate via the purchase of other agencies such as Brook Street Bureau and Hoggett Bowers. The Manpower bid was the

most ambitious, requiring a five-for-two rights issue of MOLTO ESSUM date the largest ever in the UK. However, the successful takeover proved a pyrrhic victory for Mr Berry. It was quickly followed by the stock market crash and Blue Arrow's shares have languished a long way helow the rights issue price ever since. Mr Berry had personally horrowed nearly £8m to take up his rights.

It also emerged that County NatWest, the investment banking arm of National Westminster Bank and then Blue

with a 9.4 per cent stake in the company following the placing. That holding is now the subject of a Department of Trade and Industry enquiry. Yesterday a Blue Arrow spokesman said that the board-

room changes were entirely unconnected with the DTI the directors, who include non-executives Mr Norman Tebbit MP and Mr Dennis Stevenson, the management con-sultant, felt that Mr Berry's deal-making skills were not necessarily appropriate for the management of such a large worldwide group. In contrast, Mr Fromstein,

according to one observer, is "quite clearly, on his track Continued on Page 22 Rise and fall of a star, Page 4;

Roy Hodson introduces a

Philip Coggan on tha

West Germany in Libya probe

By David Goodhart in Bonn

A CRIMINAL investigation has been launched in West Germany into Imhausen-Chemie. the small Black Forest-based chemical company at the centre of allegations of West Ger-

al weapons plant. Only last week Imhausen was cleared by local investigators of any breach of the For-eign Trade Act after the company was named in US press reports at the end of last

> burg to open a criminal investi-gation follows increasingly letailed reports in the West German press, inspired by US intelligence, about the role of at least 30 German companies.
> For nearly two weeks, the
> Bonn Government stressed the
> inadequacy of US evidence
> against West German companies. Now the Government says that its own secret service

nies since the end of Septem-The daily paper Die Welt today reports Mr Hans-Georg Wieck, the President of the Federal Secret Service Organi-sation, BND, as saying that the office of the Chancellor, Mr Helmut Kohl, was informed on September 30.

The magazine Stern, quoting US intelligence sources, has claimed that the first tip-offs came at the end of 1987. Although that may be an exaggeration, the Bonn Government is clearly embarrassed at how slowly it is shown to have US officials put this down to a combination of deep institu-

missal of any evidence which cannot convict in court, a cate-gory which includes most intelligence information. Most of the 10 or so named companies have made no public comment about their involvement although their involvement, although one the Hnenneheck, based near Düsseldorf – admitted supplying a piece of equipment to a customer with no idea that it

tional hostility to any attack on exports and a legalistic dis-

might end up in Libya. This is probably true of most of the companies involved. On Wednesday night Mr Jozef Gedopt, director of an Antwerp shipping company, was arrested for falsifying doc-uments and allegedly redirecting materials to Libya. Peter Marsh in London

Mr Lionel Chambers, a UK chemical engineer involved in a \$2bn (£1.1bn) project to build Libya's biggest petrochemical complex, said yesterday that during his two years in Libya, he had never heard of the chemicals-production facility at Rabta, which the US believes is for making chemical weapons, but Libya says is for

The patrochemicals sita includes a facility for making

300,000 tonnes a year of ethylene – a basic feedstock in the chemicals husiness – which entered operation in 1986.

Mr Chambers said ha would nerve gas plot. Page 2

man involvement in supplying Libya with a potential chemi-

month as a supplier to the chemical plant at Rabta.

The decision yesterday by the public prosecutor in Offen-

has known about the involve-ment of West German compa-

pharmaceuticals production.

Mr Chambers, a director of the UK subsidiary of Stone and Webster, a US engineering con-tractor, left Libya at the end of 1985. The company had been among the main Western companies building the petrochemical complex at the port of Ras Lanuf, 400 miles from Rabta.

have thought it "rather strange" for Libya to have built a pharmaceuticals plant such a long way from the pet-rochemical plant, whose facili-ties could have been shared. US seeks Briton accused of

Pressure on profits

Sky Television: .

Snapshots of Japan in mourning: Tha end of an imperial ara Men in the News Jaguar men Editorial Comm

Appointment Base Rates Commodities Money Markets Overseas News Recent lesues Share Informat Stock Markets Wall Str

Seeing red over bleck and white markets

Austria Schitz; Bahrrain Dinü.650; Bermuda \$1.50; Belgium BFr48; Canada C\$1.00; Cyprus C03.50; Denmark DKr10.00; Egypt Ef2.25; Fmk7.00; Franca FFr7.00; Cermany Dkr2.30; Greece Dr120; Hong Kong HK\$12; Iculand IKR125; India Rup15; Indonesia Rp1.100; IO.50, Lirani NS3.50, Isaly U1700; Japan 1900; Jordan Fila.500; Kureat Fila.500; Labaron St.175; Lutambourg LFr48; Matayala Rind.25; Pes300; Morocco Dh6.00; Netherlands FF13.00; Normany Nit10.00; Portugal Ecr120, Azribla Rind. O0. Singapora S&4.00; Spain Pis145; Sf Pup30; Sweden SKr9.00; Switzerland SFr2.30; Tarwan NTS85, Thatland Bh50; Tunisla Dinü.600; Turiony L800; UAE Dh8.50; USA \$1.00.

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Page 4

Amin refused entry Former Ugandan president

tinian refugee camps in Israe-li-occupied territory.

attack on Friday the 13th.

MARKETS

STERLING New York ke \$1.78 (1.7845) DM0.26 (3.2575) FFr11.115 (11.1125) SFr2.78 (2.7775) Y225.6 (225.25) £ index 98:1 (98)

GOLD New York: Comex Feb \$405.75 (404.25) M SEA QIL (Argus) \$16.90 (16.30)

SFr1.5665 Y127 OM1.832 (1.8255) FFr6.245 (6.2275) SFr1.5815 (1.556) Y126,65 (126,15) index 66.5 (66.4) Tokyo close: Y126.65 US LUNCHTHE Fed Funds 9 12 %

3-mo Tressury yield: 8.51% Long Bond: 101 & yield: 8.88%

DOLLAR

FF:6.2555

New York lu OM1,8375

FT Ordinary 1.519.7 (+7.8) FT-A Alt Share: 951.80 (+0.7%) 9.24 (9.16) New York lun DJ ind. Av. 2,225.36 [+3,04] Tokyo: Nikkel

FT-SE 100:

1,862.1 (+11.2)

CONTENTS STOCK DUDICES

FT-A long glit yield index high coupon: is there anybody there? Ticket touts and Wimbledon: 31,296.38 (+154.93) LONDON MONEY

3-month interbank: closing 13.2% (same)

Dispute delays human rights pact

By Judy Dempsey in Vienna

FORMAL agreement on a sidered to be a landmark in East-West relations, is being held up by a dispute between Greece and Turkey over what area of Turkey should be excluded from new conventional arms reduction talks.

Warren Zimmerman, the chief US delegate at the Con-ference on Security and Co-operation (CSCE) review conference in Vienna, made it clear that, although provisional agreement had been reached on the human rights document, the meeting could not be concluded without an agreement on terms of reference for the so-called conventional sta-

Unless such an accord is reached, the foreign ministers from the 35 participating nations will not be able to put week on the final document, which crowns more than two years of laborious negotia-

The 16 states of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and the seven Warsaw Pact members, who are working out the "mandate" for the CST negotiations, yesterday again failed to hreak the deadlock between Greece and Turkey over the disputed exclusion

Last week, the Greaks insisted that the sonthern Turkish port of Mersin, which is the main staging post for Turkish troops in northern Cyprus, be included in the area to be covered by arms reduc-Turks oppose.

However, Nato diplomats continued to hold out some mula might be found before

the scheduled start of the ministerial meeting next Tuesday.

The delay in the CST mandate talks overshadowed provi-

sional acceptance yesterday by all 35 CSCE participating states of a document which spells out in detail greater rights for the citizens of Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union. All the outstanding problems

in the final text were resolved early yesterday morning when the nautral and non-aligned countries made some amendments to the draft document at the insistence of delegations from the US, Canada and ritain. These included firmer lan-

guage on the right of individu-als to apply for emigration from the Soviet Union even if they had been involved in sensitive work. Even Romania, which had long been the main stumbling block to agreement

on some of the main human rights provisions, gave its assent in principle to the docu-

Mr Zimmerman said yesterday in a special television link-up between European capitals that the Vienna meeting would mark the start of a continuous human rights monitoring process. As many as 10 meetings, four of them entirely devoted to human rights, had been scheduled for the next two years or so.

two years or so.

The US delegate denied suggestions that the West had made a big concession to the Soviet Union in agreeing that a hnman rights conference should be held in Moscow in 1991. On the contrary, the venue would give greater transparency to the Soviat human rights record and act as human rights record and act as Union to do better.



Oliver North:

North: principal charges dropped

By Peter Riddell in Washington

THE central conspiracy and theft charges in the Iran-Contra affair against Mr Oliver North, the former White House North, the former white house aide, were yesterday formally dismissed by a federal judge after the Reagan administra-tion refused to release secret documents for use in the trial. The move follows a week's

manoeuvring hetween the judge, the administration and Mr Lawrence Walsh, the independent prosecutor, over responsibility for not proceed-ing with the main charges. The trial will start at the end

of the month on other, subsidiary, charges.

The judge's announcement followed the formal certification on Thursday by Attorney General Richard Thornburgh that release of the decuments. that release of the documents would harm national security. Judge Gerhard Gesell had refused to dismiss the charges without such an affidavit. Judge Gesell said the court had "no factual basis for ques-tioning the claims for classiff-

cation of this material or for the claims as to its effect if disclosed." He was satisfied that the minimum requirements had been met under the law and he could not force a prosecution

Mr Walsh, the prosecutor, stressed, however, his determi-nation to press ahead with 12 other criminal charges against Mr North, including obstruction of justice hy shredding documents and making false statements to Congress over the sale of arms to Iran and the diversion of the profits to the Nicaraguan Contras.

Mr Walsh has said that the offences related to the 12 other charges were "narrowly clr cumscribed". The defence lawyers for Mr North have claimed that the secrecy issue affects all the charges.

EC jobless fall

The average number out of work in the EC last year is estimated to have slipped by 1.7 per cent to 15.8m, the lowest since 1984, according to European Commission figures released yesterday, writes Wil-liam Dawkins in Brussels. The jobless rate in Novem-

ber, the most recent month for which firm EC figures are available, was 10.1 per cent, a 2.7 per cent fall from the same month in 1987. The average annualised rate for the year should be 10.3 per cent, down from 10.6 per cent in 1987.

Swiss Ecu move The Swiss National Bank has become the first central bank outside the European Commonity to become an "other holder" of the European Cur-rency Unit, writes William

Dullforce in Geneva. This means it will start to hold some of its reserves in Ecus. The bank yesterday said the step confirmed its "interest in a zone of price and exchange rate stability in Europe" and its willingness to co-operate with European Monetary System central banks.

Arms denial

Mr Joaquin Hernandez Gali-cia, leader of the powerful Mexican oil workers' union, who was arrested on Tuesday, yesterday denied charges that he had stockpiled weapons and he had stockplied weapons and recanted the confession he made on Wednesday, saying it was made under duress, writes Richard Johns in Mexico City.

The "spiritual leader" of the Union of Oil Workers of the Mexican Republic (STPRM), known as La Quina, was given the opportunity when he was the opportunity when he was arraigned before magistrates at committal proceedings on Thursday afternoon. Live TV transmission of his cent was abruptly cut off shortly after he began it.

Brussels meeting

The Belgian cabinet will today consider its response to Zaire's decision to denounce two treaties of co-operation with its former colonial power, writes David Buchan in Brussels. Zaire took umhrage at a rash of Belgian press articles, during the visit by Prime Min-

ister Wilfried Martens to Kinshasa in November, which crit-icised President Mobutu Sese Seko and his officials for cor-

pierces Noon's Darkness Margaret Van Hattem on a prophetic coincidence in the East's lifting of the ban on a seminal book guised account of the 1938

century and a second revolu-tion in the socialist world for the prophecy to be borne out potential rivals, caused a storm two years later when published in France, when the Communists emerged from the German occupation as the largest political party.

The French translator had to retrent behind a psendonym, while Koestler himself was subjected to verbal abuse, slander and threats of physical vioand for the prophet to find honour in his own country. In 1946, Artbur Koestler, author of Darkness at Noon, the first sustained moral indictment of Stalinism, called

for a "psychological disarma-ment" in the Soviet Union as an essential prerequisite to military disarmament. military disarmament.

Appeasement of the Soviet paranoia and persecution mania, he warned, could prove as lethal as the appeasement of the German mania of grandeur had proved earlier.

had proved earlier.

Urging the Western powers to counter Soviet territorial claims with demands for the free flow of ideas across Soviet occupied territory and the free movement of people across East-West frontiers and to keep up an unrelenting pressure, he predicted that Soviet military disarmament would "automati cally" follow such a process, but it would not take place without profound psychological change.
By one of those bizarre coin-

IT HAS taken nearly half a

cidences which would have fas-cinated and delighted the man himself, the long-standing ban in the East ou his best known work, Darkness at Noon, has been lifted just as the Soviet Union has embarked on the process of disarmament which he predicted.

None of Koestler's 25 books has yet been published in his native Hungarian – nor in Budapest, his birthplace. But now Darkness at Noon is being serialised in the Leuingrad periodical, Neva, and is about to be published in Buda-

Publication in London in 1940, with Koestler correcting the page proofs from his cell in Pentonville Prison, caused little stir other than to start a long, slow process of disillusionment among some British socialists, which was to continue growing through the sup-pression of the 1956 Hungarian uprising, the 1968 crushing of the Prague Spring, and the prolonged military intervention in Afghanistan. But Koestler's thinly-disMoscow show trials, staged hy Stalin to eliminate those old Bolsheviks whom he feared as potential rivals, caused a storm

Koestler honoured as light

der and threats of physical vio-lence. Entire stocks of the book were mysteriously bought up from suburban and provincial

It is puzzling that it has taken the Hungarians longer to recognise their greatest writer than to begin debating the merits of ending the Party's monopoly on power

bookshops (by the Commu-nists, it was later revealed), while a hlack market developed on which the book sold at five times the marked price.
It was not published at all in
the East, which had to walt
another 16 years for Khrushchev's "secret speech" to the
Soviet Party Congress to learn
the truth about Stalin and Sta-

The book's impact in France was such that Koestler was credited with turning the tide single-handed against the Com-munists and losing them the 1945 French elections.

The unusual phenomenon of intelligence and self-confidence

in the Kremlin has changed the nature of the intellectual pool into which a book, once seen as seminal in the West, will now drop in the East, but it will be surprising if it makes much of a splash. Indeed, it is puzzling that it has taken the politically relaxed (relatively speaking) Hungarians longer speaking) Hungarians longer to recognise their greatest 20th-century writer than to

its of ending the Communist Party monopoly on power and re-introducing a multi-party

in 1946, the mid-point between Stalin's death and the peak of his reign of terror, Koestler had to seek refuge in

Writing in the British socialist paper, Tribune, he foreshad owed developments io Soviet policy leading to disarmament developments which caught the West totally off guard when first announced late last year, hut which, wheo pre-dicted by Koestler, were denounced as so incendiary that he was hranded a fanati-cal cold-warrior.

Urging the Western powers to counter the post-war Soviet territorial claims in south-eastern Europe, the Middle East, the Far East and North Africa, he sought a "psychological disarmament" that would break down the Soviet fear and suspicion of the West, which, he suspected, was being nurtured by the Kremlin

He proposed a basic frame work of demands centred on the free flow of ideas across frontiers, free access to the Soviet Union for foreign publications, newspapers, books, periodicals, films, accredited journalists and parliamentary delegations, and the abolition of curbs on the free movement of foreign travellers in Sovietoccupied territory and on Soviet citizens wishing to travel abroad.

These demands, he urged, should be pressed constantly at the highest international lev-

"No treaties and paper agree-ments will induce the powers to disarm, as long as the people remain in the state of acute anxiety and latent hysteria. he warned.

But concluding, in words which could today well pass as an extract from a speech by Mikhail Gorhachev, he cautioned that restoration of the free flow of ideas, "the arrested bloodstream of the world", was a "matter of universal survival". The alternative before us is one world or no world at

González sacks Spain's broadcast chief

SPAIN'S Socialist Prime Minister, Mr Felipe González, after fumbling the issue for more than three months, yes-terday sacked Ms Pilar Miro, his close friend and head of the national radio and television

service RTVE. Mr Luis Solana, chairman of the telecommunications monopoly, Telefonica, for the past six years, takes over the

It was not known late yester day who would replace Mr Solana at Telefonica, the most widely traded Spanish equity on international stock exchanges. Officials at Telefonica expect a name to "emerge late next week and suspect hrought in from outside the

company.

Mr González has been widely criticised for not dismissing Ms Miro last autumn, when it was discovered she had been using her corporate gold Visa card to huy clothes and jewellery 000 in 1987 and last year. She quickly offered her resignation, and has since returned the

Americans seek

of nerve gas plot

THE US is seeking the arrest of

export illegal nerve gas from

the US. But British customs

officials yesterday said they had found no evidence of

offences committed within the

Mr Charles Caplan, who runs Domino Associates, a defence supplier based in north London, has been named in

papers filed with a US court as

part of the alleged conspiracy. This follows the arrest late on

Thursday in New Jersey of Mr

Jnwhan Yun, a Korean-born

US citizen, on charges of par-ticipating in a conspiracy to huy and export 125 tons of Sarin, a deadly nerve gas, for

The deal was not completed. British customs officials said

yesterday they had heen approached by the US anthorities over the case and had con-

"We have been unable to produce any evidence that an

offence has been committed in

the UK." A customs spokes-man also questioned whether

the offence for which Mr Caplan is wanted in the US is extraditable from Britain.

Mr Michael Chertoff, an

assistant US Attorney for Naw Jersey, said the eventual desti-

nation of the gas was believed to have been Iran, though that could not be verified.

ducted their own inquiries.

Briton accused

By Peter Riddell

in Washington



González: criticised

It is assumed he has been reluctant to replace her at a time of rising political tension with Spanish trade unions, which has made the Govern-ment dependent on sympathetic television treatment. His failure to sack her was an important factor behind the

Mr Solana is a loyal socialist and his brother, Javier, is the Minister of Education. Mr Solana had been anxious for some time to leave Telefonica after being criticised for the leterioration in the company's telephone service in the last year. He had wanted to become Madrid's ambassador to Wash-

The Government still controis 35 per cent of Telefonica. Just over 20 per cent is held by foreign shareholders and the rest hy Spanish institutions and citizens. Although Mr Solana has converted Telefonica into a profitable, attractive investment, he has been accused by customers of put-ting profits before service. Some 350,000 peopla are waiting for telephones to he installed and more than 20,000 small villages still have no

Analysts expressed concern yesterday that Mr González might try to replace him with hnge support given to a 24-hour general strike which was called by the unions last might try to replace him with someone more sympathetic to consumers. Telefonica, which

is capitalised at some Pta800bn (£4bn), was popular with for-eign investors three years ago but its failure to pay more than a Pta55 dividend since its stock was first quoted abroad in 1985, despite a dramatic rise in profits, has disenchanted international markets. People in London have been

irritated with Telefonica for a long time," said Mr Tim Orchard, a Spanish analyst with Warburgs, yesterday. The company's net profits rose to an estimated Pta68bn last year from Pta45hn in 1986 but its frequent cash calls and bond issues have depressed dividends. Telefonica has just announced an interim 1988 dividend of Pta25, implying that the payout for the whole of last year will stick at Pta55.

The appointment of a "consumer frieodly" replacement will not enhance its reputation with investors but political considerations will weigh heavily with Mr González. Telefonica's poor service has become an important political

US chipmakers plan consortia

to manufacture Dynamic Random Access Memory (DRAM) chips, the data storage a British businessman for his alleged part in a conspiracy to | devices that have been at the friction over the past five

The move reflects the prospect of Japanese domination of the electronics and computer industries.

US semiconductor manufacturers and consumers plan to join forces in an effort to increase substantially US DRAM production, the industry groups announced through their trade associations, the American Electronics Association, which represents 3,500 electronics manufacturers, and the Semiconductor Industry Association, speaking for the

chip producers.
The announcement of their plans represents a major hreakthrough in the US-Japanese semiconductor trade dehate. Without

HIGH technology increased presence in the trade pact, the US Commerce companies have agreed to try DRAM market, currently to form one or more consortia - valued at \$5.50n (23.140n), and expected to grow to more than \$10bn hy 1992, the US fears that its position in all fields of electronics will continue to

Ideas for user-producer alliances in DRAM production have been circulating in the US industry for the past 18 months. Insiders now say, however, that the companies are willing to act.

Most US semiconductor

manufacturers, with the exception of Texas Instruments, dropped out of the DRAM market in the mid-1980s in the face of severe foreign competition foreign competition, principally from Japan. Both the industry and the US government charged Japanese companies with illegally "dumping" DRAMs in the US at prices below cost. These charges were eventually settled by the 1986 US-Japanese Semiconductor Trade

Since the signing of the

and Defence Departments have been anxious to see an increase in US DRAM production capability. To date, however, little progress has been made. US computer manufacturers

have however become increasingly concerned about the lack of adequate US DRAM manufacturing capability in the face of a severe DRAM shortage and now appear ready to share the cost of DRAM manufacture. Proposals will be circulated throughout the industry for the formation of consortia or alliances, the industry groups said.

The industry groups also reiterated their concerns about a potential recurrence of Japanese dumping and agreed to review the progress that has been made to date on foreign access to the Japanese

semiconductor market.
Chip makers claim that they are still facing significant barriers in Japan, and may propose increased trade

By Anthony Harris in Washington

scant 0.2 per cent in December, the Department of Commerce

below market expectations of 1.4 per cent and sparked an immediate rise in bond prices. The securities markets had leared a big rise might lead to further interest rate increases designed to restrain consumer demand.

The news appears to contradict company reports of strong Christmas sales; but the Jersey, allegedly also sought to buy Tow 1 and Tow 2 missiles, official figures are seasonally adjusted to allow for the extra a Stinger missile and radar trading days in 1988, while in the company reports this

figure was revised down from a 1.1 per cent increase to 0.9 per cent, so for the two months together the increase is 1.1 per cent instead of an expected 2.5 per cent - not enough to offset a weak performance in earlier

sharply in the last two months

per cent in real terms,

factor was relegated to a after recovering hriskly in

announced a 0.4 per cent increase in producer prices in December, a figure which would have come in at 0.6 per cent without the weak food and energy sectors.

However, food prices rose strongly earlier in the year as a result of the drought, and the 4.5 per cent rise in producer prices through the whole of per cent - it remains moderate.

Growth in retail sales slows

US RETAIL sales rose by a

announced yesterday.
The increase was sharply

The inquiry involved the use of an undercover agent and wiretaps, as well as investiga-tion of meetings in London in which Mr Caplan allegedly approached Mr Yun to huy 500 500lb nerve gas bombs. Mr Yun, president of Komex Inter-national Corporation of New

footnote.
The November retail sales

months.

For the year as a whole retail sales were up 6.7 per cent in money terms, or well under confirming the earlier impression of slower growth in lomestic demand. House sales have also slowed

SPD pro-market group

1988 confirms that although inflation has been accelerating - the rise in 1987 was only 2.2

wins battle over policy

By David Goodhart

West German Social Demo-

programme commission, the traditional, union backed left, which still supports widespread state intervention, was defeated by a coalition - most forcefully represented hy Mr Oskar Lafontaine, one of the party's two deputy leaders — which is more sceptical of the state's ability to rectify market

The revisionists, although doubtful about the efficacy of central demand management, believe the state can improve the supply side of the economy hy supporting training and investment. The revisionists also lay great stress on using the tax system to encourage environment-friendly corporate

more flexible working time,

By Quentin Peel in Moscow official policies.

Moscow moves on shortages

THE daunting scale of the Soviet Union's drive to overcome consumer goods short-ages and details of the crash programme ordered to cope with it have been revealed by Ms Alexandra Biryukova, the most powerful woman in the Soviet hierarchy and the deputy premier in charge of light industry. Almost 300 heavy industry

factories - including some from the defence industry, engineering and construction - have been ordered to reequip for consumer goods pro-duction, she said. Investment in light industry is to be tripled from the pres-ent level, to Ronbles 20hn (£18bn) in the next five-year

plan, with a huge increase in capacity of key sectors, such as furniture production, electrical goods, and automobiles. But the scale of the expansion is still failing to keep up with the volume of unsatisfied consumer demand, estimated by government atatistics at

by government attributes at Roubles 70bn.

Nor will the planned expansion come near Western levels of consumer goods output per head of population.

The details were outlined by Ms Biryukova, promoted to

become a non-voting member of the ruling Politburo last Sep-tember, in the first issue of the Government Bulletin, a new weekly newspaper to publish

She revealed that production of key items, such as televisions, washing machines, household furniture, vacuum cleaners and tape recorders. had already been substantially increased, but shortages in the shops were getting worse.

All this has failed to relieve

the problem," she wrote. "The supply of goods seriously lags behind the buying power of the population. Many new products are now in short supply, including goods which until recently were plentiful — such

as soap and washing powder."

The grim picture she paints comes on the eve of an emergency meeting of the Council of Ministers, summoned today to discuss the state of the economy and in particular urgent measures to improve food sup-

Ms Biryukova spelt out the immediate plans to convert substantial parts of Soviet industry to consumer produc-tion. Sha also revealed that many state anterprises ware refusing to accept central state orders to step np output -because it is not profitable

enough.

New rules approved by the Council of Ministers will allow factories to keep a higher proportion of their profits if the produce household goods for central government procurement.

Huge inefficiencies add to Soviet food problem

By Quentin Peel

THOUSANDS of tons of imported grain and sugar have been delayed for weeks at the Soviet port of Odessa because of poor railway organisation.

And at least 30 per cent of perishable fruit and vegetables are lost because of delays and inefficiency in delivering the goods to the shops. goods to the shops.

Reports on these problems

are the latest in a stream of official criticism of the food distribution system in tha Soviet Union, blamed for much of the food shortages facing The problem of deliveries of winter vegetables and fruit is so acute it is one of two key

so acute it is one of two key items on the agenda of an emergency Council of Minis-ters' meeting in Moscow today. The delays in shipping grain and sugar from Odessa were, revealed in the report of a Peo-revealed in the report of a People's Control Committee - a government body supposed to police abuses in the state sys-tem – in Pravda, the leading Communist Party newspaper.

It said that 266,000 tonnes of imported grain had been held imported grain had been held up in the port from October until the first half of Decem-ber, because of an apparent shortage of railway wagons. In fact, 6,000 empty wagons had simply not been dispatched in time to unload the grain, resulting in heavy penalty pay-ments to the ships concerned. ments to the ships concerned. The same was true of the

The problem about perishable food distribution is thet the state agencies responsible face no penalty for losses, either in quantity or quality, according to the newspaper Socialist Industry.

"There is no point pressing for quality," the newspaper

declared. Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet Foreign Minister, left yesterday for a previously unannounced visit to Afghanistan, a month before Moscow is due to complete the with-drawal of lts troops, Renter

Ms Biryukova ruled out any crash programme to import consumer goods, although "the most essential items" would still be bought ahroad.

"If even a half of the cur-rency which we spent in the 1960s and 1970s and early 1980s on importing consumer goods was spent on increasing production capacity, the state of affairs on the consumer mar-ket would be remarkably dif-ferent today," she said.

She also blamed the current crisis on the inability of eco-nomic and trade organisations and manufacturing enterprises to study the consumer market and forecast demand.
Furniture was in short sup-

ply because the central plan-ners and manufacturers had failed to take account of an acceleration in housebuilding and a trend to build "garden hnts and dachas" as second The Council of Ministers had decided to "reprofile" existing factories to switch to consumer

goods production, and almost 300 had been ordered to do so as a first step, she said, includ-ing defence manufacturers. The problem of factories refusing to accept orders for consumer goods meant that state contracts totalling almost Rou-bles 9bn had been rejected, Ms Biryukova said, accusing the enterprises concerned of "group egoism".

Doubt cast

TASS, the Soviet news agency, yasterday cast doubt on its report of Thursday that six Armenians had been found alive under earthquake rubble after 35 days, AP reports from

Moscow.

"Regretiably, we are unable so far to confirm with full cartainty the anthenticity of the reports made by our Armenian colleagues about the Leninakan miracle', nor can we deny them," Tass said.

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Wörner criticises 'cliché' attack on Nato leaders By David Goodhart in Bonn

MR Manfred Worner, secretary general of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, yesterday criticised his fellow West Ger-man, Mr Volker Rühe, the influential foreign affairs spokesman of the governing CDU/CSU parliamentary fac-tion, for Mr Ruhe's complaints against the Nato leadership.

Mr Rühe sald on West Ger-

leadership had failed to react properly to initiatives by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet He said reaction had been left in the hands of "colonels and ministry officials" while Mr Gorbachev had got on with

negotiating with the public.

man television that the Nato

Mr Wörner replied on German radio that Mr Rühe should think a bit harder before serving up "these old

Meanwhile pressure for the for his apparent indifference to public opinion over the issue of

removal of Mr Rupert Scholz, the West German Defence Min-ister, continues to rise. Mr Scholz has run into criticism low flying and is also said to have alienated many senior officials in his own depart-

Mr Helmut Kohl, the Chan-

cellor, continues to express his

public support for his Defence Minister.

THE REVISIONIST wing of the failure.

cratic Party has won its battle to ensure that a pragmatic, pro-market, economic policy forms the centre-piece of its new programme - the first since Bad Godesberg in 1959 on which policy in elections will be based. By 18 votes to 8 on the SPD's

behaviour, A compromise seems to have been reached on the issue of

over which Mr Lafontaine has clashed with the unions. The programme will be published next month and will go to a special party conference in Bremen in the autumn.

ment Corporation, Comapral Investment and Dicet Finance and Investment Corporation. The third is NYLand (CF8)

whose three parents are Bene-ficio Investment, Excellencia

Investment, and Bueno Total Investment.

Mr Benedicto's possible for-feitures include 24 bank

accounts in California, Jersey, Venezuela, New York, Miami, Vanconver and Geneva, and property interests in the West Indies, California, Panama, Tokyo, Beverley Hills, Manila, Venezuela and Madrid.

If found guilty Mr Arambulo stands to lose three properties in California and 13 property

interests in companies in four countries including Panama. Mr Benedicto and Mr Aram-bulo have interests in 11 of the

The California Overseas

Bank, which is a defendant in

the most serious RICO charges, faces two fines of \$250,000 each and the confiscation of all its

outstanding shares and interests. The bank, which has its headquarters at 3701 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, has accounts held at 50 banks and

The US anthorities have already taken two years to unravel the schemes alleged in

the indictment. So far Mrs Mar-

cos has been arraigned in New York, pleaded innocent and been released on \$5m bail put up by her old socialite friend, Ms Doris Duke, a tobacco heir-ess. Mr Mayora has been to ""

ess. Mr Marcos has been too ill to travel. Some of the other defendants cannot be found.

Robin Pauley examines the multi-million dollar racketeering charges brought against the deposed Philippine President and his wife

BREATHTAKING web A of racketeering involving millions of dollars has been outlined in the indict-ment against Mr Ferdinand ment against Mr Ferdinand Marcos, former President of the Philippines, and his wife Imelds. The case, compiled by Mr Rudolph Giuliani, US attorney for the southern district of New York until his resignation this week, is waiting to be heard in Manhattan.

Although between \$10hn and \$30hn (217bn) are missing from the Marcos years in the Philippines, the court documents concern just a few hundred

concern just a few hundred million allegedly spirited away and used to buy property in Manhattan.

Mr Marcos, 72, was President of the Philippines from Decem-ber 1965 until February 26 1986, when he fled to the US in the face of a popular revolution against his dictatorship. Imelda, 59, went with him.
They now live on Makiki
Heights – Millionaire's Row –
in Honohulu, Hawaii.
The US charges focus on the
Marcoese. But the court papers

detail a jigsaw puzzle of com-panies and transactions, often involving old family friends, which Mr Giuliani and the US Federal Bureau of Investiga-tions allege were used to conduct a startling string of trans-

Mrs Gliceria Tantoco, 64, an old friend, was president and chief operating officer of Rustans Department Store in the Philippines and Sanmar Export Corporation in New York, sole purchasing agent in the US for

Her husband, Bienvenido, 67, was from 1963 to the fall of Mr Marcos the Philippines Ambas-sador to the Vatican. They live in Rome but Mrs Tantoco is a fugitive, having jumped bail vhile awaiting an extradition hearing

Their son, Blenvenido Jr, 43, is known, and referred to throughout the indictments, as Rico. He is one of the few defendants who, although charged with racketsering, is not charged under the most serious statute - the Racke-teer Influenced and Corrupt

Organisations Act, or RICO. He lives in the Philippines as does Mr Roberto Benedicto, 71, another friend of Mr Marcos, who was a major share-holder in Traders Royal Bank, a Philippine bank doing busi-

ness in the US. Mr Benedicto and Mr Marcos jointly owned the California Overseas Bank, which plays a central role in the plot alleged was chairman and another Marcos friend, Mr Rodolfo Arambulo, 55, who lives in Los Angeles and was the bank's president, was on the board. Mr Adnan Khashoggi, 58, an

old friend of Mrs Marcos, also features prominently in the indictment. Mr Khashoggi, a Saudi Arahian businessman living in Paris, is the only defendant to figure in all six counts on the indictment because, in addition to racke-teering, he is charged with frand and obstructing the course of justice by, among other things, passing false doc-uments to the US via the

The charges allege this was part of a scheme with the Marcoses and the Tantocos to conceal the Marcoses' interests in four Manhattan properties. He

faces 20 years in jail on the RICO charges and 15 if found guilty of obstructing justice. He vigorously denies all the

Others mentioned in the court papers include Mr Karl Bock Petersen, 51, who was an associate, employee and agent of Mr Khashoggi. His whereabouts are unknown. Mr Jaime Alberto Arias, 54, is a lawyer based in Panama. Mr Petersen and Mr Arias, like Rico Tantoco, are not charged under RICO and so face maximum jail sentences of five rather

than 20 years.
The indictment alleges a racket which started at least as early as 1972 and continued to operate in the US even after the Marcoses had been given

It claims they embezzled, stole, purloined and diverted to their personal use at least \$103m of Philippine government funds; demanded, sought and received and accepted "substantial bribes, kickbacks and gratuities in the form of cash payments and corporate stock"; and accumulated these proceeds in pumbered and proceeds in numbered and trust accounts in the Philips, Switzerland, Hong Kong,

the US and elsewhere. Locations of other banks and companies named in the indictment are spread across the world — Sonth America,



Rudolph Giuliani: unravelling the web

Japan, the West Indies, Netherlands Antilles, Channel Islands, and Spain. It is claimed the funds were

moved into various nominee accounts in the US with the help of the co-racketeers. The charges also allege that two US banks, Citibank and Los Angeles-based Security Pacific, together with Security Pacific Mortgage Corporation, were defrauded of more than \$165m, which was used to buy 200 Madison Avenue in New York and to purchase and refinance

other Marcos properties.
One result of this "laundering", says the indictment, is that the Marcoses, who reported joint after-tax income of \$1.1m between 1965 and 1984, became owners of the Crown Building at 730 Fifth Avenue, New York; the Herald Center at 1 Herald Square, New York; 40 Wall Street, New York, and 200 Madison Avenue.

200 Madison Avenue.

The charges concerning Security Pacific give a sample 42 wire transfers of cash from Denver, Colorado, to New York between July 20 1984 and July 8 1987. The husiest day was July 23 1986, with six transfers within one banking day for \$51,642, \$19,502.51, \$188,000, \$119,125.31, \$5,000 and \$132,925. The biggest transfer, however. The biggest transfer, however, was \$35,035,034.27 on February

22 1985 with a further \$1,269,500 the same day.

Another of the alleged racketeering systems involved the Marcoses and Mrs Tantoco devising a scheme through which they used stolen funds to buy for \$5.9m the so-called "Samuels Collection", the art and antiques furnishings of an anartment at 660 Park Avenue.

and antiques furnishings of an apartment at 660 Park Avenue, New York.

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation was also allegedly tricked through false and frandulent pretences into giving the California Overseas Bank the benefits of FDIC insurance.

The charges list a huge array of property and accounts in which the defendants have interests and which, if found gullty, they may have to forfeit in addition to fines and jail sentences. Technically, prop-erty involved in RICO charges can be confiscated before the charges are heard. The list also shows some of

the list and shows some of the links between the RICO defendants. Property interests listed for forfeiture by the Mar-coses, Tantocos and Mr Khash-oggi include the four Manhat-tan buildings named in the racketeering charges. The Tan-tocos and Marcoses are both named as having a forfeitable interest in the Marcoses' Honoiuin home. In addition the Tan-tocos may lose homes on Rome's Via Appia Antica and 415 East 54th Street in New York (two apartments) and Mr Khashoggi could forfeit a condominium on the 45th and 46th floors of Olympic Towers at 641 Fifth Avenue, New York,

He could also lose his interests in the companies Sigma International, Sigma-X Interna-tional, Triad, Triad Asia, and Triad International.

Twenty-two Marcos bank counts are listed at the Swiss Credit Bank, including 11 for foundations with names such as Valamo, Wintrop, Spinus and Verso and five unnamed numbered accounts. There are accounts in the name of Etablissement Mahari at Lombard Odier and Banque Paribas, where there are also accounts named Pretorien, Cesar, Eta-blissement Gladiator and Bulls-eye; an Etablissement Gladiator account at Corraterie Gestion Coges; and an Angenit Investment Corporation account at Wing Lung Bank. A further link with Mr Khashoggi is that he is listed for the same Etablissement Mabari account at Lombard Odier and the Etahlissement

Gladiator account at Corraterie The Marcoses and Tantocos are both named as being liable to forfeit interests in Lel Investments, a company based in the Channel Islands. The Marcoses, Mr Benedicto and Mr Arambulo are named as having interests in the Trade-winds International Bank and

Trust Company based in Kings-town, St Vincent, West Indies. The Marcoses, Tantocos and Mr Khashoggi are all named as having interests in three com-plicated companies. The first is the Canadian Land Company of America, which has three parents: Paneles Porcelanizados, Trade and Commodities, and Yewell Compagnie Immo-bilière. The second is Herald Center (formerly Voloby), whose parent is Glockhurst Corporation, and it in turn has

three parents: Bedner Develop-

US beef producers offer hormone-free meat to Brussels By Tim Dickson in Brussels

EMBARRASSING evidence has come to light that the United States Government's passion-ate opposition to the European

ate opposition to the European Community hormones ban is not universally shared by US meat producers. Several informal offers to the Community's Washington office to supply the EC with "natural" beef have already been publicised - hut these have now been followed up with an official letter of

with an official letter of encouragement from Mr Jim Hightower, Commissioner of Agriculture in the largest beef producing state, Texas, to the EC's Ambassador in the US Sir Roy Denman.

The letter — a copy of which was obtained yesterday — expresses Mr Hightower's concern at the trade dispute, sparked off by the EC's New Year's Day exclusion of almost \$100m of American beef, which now threatens to erupt into a now threatens to erupt into a much bigger transatlantic

"There are no winners in a trade war, only losers," he says. "An ever-widening list of commodities and products appear likely to be drawn in as retaliatory and counter-retalia-

tory steps are taken."
Mr Hightower then announces that he has some good news", namely that "we have cattle producers in Texas interested in providing hor-mone-free beef to the EEC as required by your directive." He adds: "The problem is that there appear to be a number of bureaucratic barriers that have to be overcome in order fo shipments to materialise" and sks for clarification on certain

technical points.
The European Commission confirmed yesterday that many offers had been received from US producers, including the Texas approach and a similar one from Kansas, but officials are thought to be anxious to play down the publicity value at this stage in negotiations.

They are also mindful of the fact that there are deep divisions within EC member states about the wisdom of the con-

troversial ban. A US spokesman in Brussels rejected suggestions that the Texan letter was embarrassing, claiming that the US Beef Exporting Association and other large producers were "right behind" Washington's tough stand that the European ban is not justified on health or safety grounds and thus constitutes an unfair barrier to

"The farmers who are making these offers are small producers trying to come in and pick up the benefits," he said. Mr Hightower is a prominent Texas Democrat, widely considered to be a front-runner for

Ferdinand and Imelda Marcos in more optimistic days

ANINVITATION

是一个人,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的。 第一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们

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De Mita patches up coalition row over Italian tax reforms

By John Wyles in Rome

AN EMERGENCY summit of Italian coalition party leaders has restored some cohesion to Mr Ciriaco De Mita's Government, although its strength and authority have been seriously weakened by the assaults of Mr Bettino Craxi, the Socialist Party

leader.
The Prime Minister called the summit at short notice after it appeared that Mr Craxi was disowning tax reforms which his own ministers in the which his own ministers in the Government had approved. By the end of the meeting on Thursday evening, Mr De Mita had conceded to Mr Craxi that the proposals would be amended in Parliament on the hasis of an agreement among all five coalition parties, which would then be bound to vote for them.

would then he bound to vote for them.

But the details of the modifications to the proposed legislation – covering tax evasion and alterations in income tax bands – have yet to be worked out. Here the trade union movement looks likely to have considerable influence, having called a general strike for January 31 against the Government's plans. Mr Craxi is insisting that the Government that the Government negotiates to avoid the general strike. This means that the unions will have considerable bargaining power on the tax reforms over the naxt fortnight.

about the state of public finances has produced an agreement between the party leaders that Mr Giuliano Amato, the Treasury Minister, would first produce a paper on the general state of public spending and the outlook for the deficit this year. However, it is by no means certain that this paper will actually lend much spine to the Government's position in the coming talks with tha

Mr De Mita said that he now believed his coalition to have been cured of this week's political illness. Mr Craxi offered assurances after the othered assurantes after the summit that the Socialists would continue to sustain the Government and that he hoped future collaboration between future collaboration perween the coalition parties would be even more efficient. From the sidelines, Mr Achille Occhetto, the Communist Party leader, expressed the hope that the tax reforms would be made more

requitable.

For the first time since he became leader last summer, Mr Occhetto has succeeded in general strike for January 31 against the Government's plans. Mr Craxi is insisting that the Government negotiates to avoid the general strike. This means that the unions will have considerable targaining power on the tax reforms over the naxt fortnight.

Republican Party concern

Mahathir rejects conciliation

By Wong Sulong in Kuala Lumpur

DR Mahathir Mohamad, the Malaysian Prime Minister, yesterday offered to accept all Malays into his New Umno party, but fell short of meeting two important demands songht by his political opponents for reconciliation. The demands involved restoration of party posts held

by his opponents in the old United Malays National Organisation, before the party was de-registered last year, and restoration of the old party constitution.

Dr Mahathir's limited offer is seen as a hig setback to Datuk Musa Hitam, his former

deputy, who is the architect of the latest reconciliation

the latest reconciliation move.

Last month, Datuk Musa galvanised the Malay organisations in his homa state of Johore to adopt a six-point resolution which he had presented to the Prime Minister as a basis to end the three-year hitter power struggle within Umno. The initiative was seen as attempt by Datuk Musa to make a political comeback, and to distance himself from Dr Mahathir's arch rival, Tengku

Mahathir's arch rival, Tengku Razaleigh.

The Johore resolution was discussed by the New Umno supreme council yesterday. Dr Mahathir said the council accepted the Johore resolution, hat since it was accepted by the Johore resolution. only adopted by the Johore Malays, its proposals could not be hinding on the New Umno

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent

biggest car maker, is to create a single management struc-ture. It will merge the existing managements of Rover Group; Austin Rover, the cars subsid-iary; and Land Rover, the maker of Land Rover and Range Rover four-wheel-drive vehicles.

Rover Group said yesterday that all activities would operate "on an integrated basis

across the whole group" except
for commercial activities.

Marketing and sales, including relationships with dealers,
will continue to operate as separate Austin Rover and Land
Rover activities within the group organisation.
The restructuring comes less

than six months after Rover Group was taken over by British Aerospace. It comes after more than two years in which the old BL group, formerly British Leyland, has been rationalised, with the disposal of more than 18 businesses. The workforce has been reduced from 70,000 to about

The latest moves have been foreshadowed in recent weeks with the appointment of Mr George Simpson as managing director of Rover Group and the withdrawal of Sir Graham Day from the day-to-day running of group operations. Sir Graham has given up his role as chief executive but remains resigned last month shortly

ROVER GROUP, the UK's chairman and a member of the BAe main board. He has a three-year contract as Rover chairman.

Sir Graham said yesterday that Rover Group planned to invest more than £1bn in the next five years in new models and engineering, manufactur-ing and technological programmes. "We must manage these programmes as effec-tively as possible within a streamlined organisation," he

Rover Group faces chal-lenges this year with the planned launch of two crucial models. One is the Rover 400 small family car, codenamed R8, which is being developed with Honda.

The other is a vehicle from Land Rover, codenamed the Jay project, a four-wheel-drive vehicle reminiscent of a mini Range Rover.

Most of the operations of the previously autonomous Austin Rover and Land Rover businesses will be merged, including design and engineering, finance, manufacturing, personnel, product development, quality and strategic planning. There will be separate Austin Rover and Land Rover com-

mercial directors, however. The main casualty of the reorganisation is Mr Tony Gilroy, formerly managing direc-tor of Land Rover, who

range of market management

For the £500m of stock the

Bank wanted to buy it received

offers for £1.6bn of stock. That

was split almost equally

between the two it was pre-

pared to buy, the 10 per cent Exchequer Stock 1989 (£894.6m offered) and the 11 per cent

Exchequer Stock 1989 (£715.4m

Bank bought the stock were

within a whisker of those pre-vailing in the market before and after the auction. On a

yield basis the bank accepted

offers on the 10 per cent stock ranging from 12.42 to 12.48 per cent and for the 11 per cent stock ranging from 12.20 to

Primary dealers in gilts had

expected the auction to be fully

subscribed but they had

thought the Treasury would

have to pay a premium to buy

the stock. Analysts said the

competitiveness of yesterday's terms virtually assured reverse

unnamed, investor decided yes-

absolutely no doubt now that we are going to get the

Mr Shott said: "There is

The Sunday Correspondent

The aim is still to launch the

103 34 81 100 33

0 3.3 2.9 12.7

is trying to raise £16.5m, of which about three quarters is believed to have been found.

newspaper in late spring. Mr Shott said that was possible in

spite of the financing delay.

terday to invest, he added.

The prices at which the

First reverse auction

THE FIRST reverse auction of a useful addition to the Bank's

Newspaper raises funding

of debt is success

By Simon Holberton, Economics Staff

£500m of UK Government debt

was successfully conducted yesterday by the Bank of England on terms that sur-prised the gilt-edged securities

The novel funding experi-

ment, in which the Bank takes

bids from the market for the purchase of designated gilts stock, was undertaken at

prices very close to the prevail-

ing levels in the market, mean-

ing that the Treasury was not required to pay a large pre-

mium to investors for buying

back the stock.

Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is a keen supporter of the auction method of redeeming the Gov-

ernment's debt, is understood

happy with the result. The Treasury said it was

pleased with the first reverse

auction. It was unable to pre-dict whether there would be

future reverse auctions but it

pointed out that the Govern-ment's financial position was

strong. Reverse auctions were

PROSPECTS for the Sunday Correspondent, the planned

quality newspaper, have been enhanced by the decision of

Globe Investment Trust to

back the project.
Globe, Britain's largest

investment trust, with nearly

£1bn in funds under manage-ment, committed a "signifi-

cant" amount to the project

earlier this week, according to Mr Nick Shott, the newspaper's

chief executive. A second,

| 10111 | Ass. B-rit. Ind., Ord | 300m | 300

By Raymond Snoddy

Philip Coggan on the rise and fall of an employment agency star

fall from grace - but his rise and fall must rank as one of the speediest.

after the appointment of Mr

Simpson as managing director of Rover Group.

Mr Les Wharton, Austin Rover managing director, remains an executive board

member of Rover Group but without direct operational

responsibility.

He is expected to represent
Rover on the boards of compa-

nies where Rover maintains

minority shareholdings, such as Unipart, Istel and possibly

As a further result of the UK

reorganisation, Rover Group is

again changing the top man-agement of Arcona (Austin Rover Cars of North America), its troubled car sales subsid-

iary in the US.

Mr Graham Morris, managing director of Freight Rover, the Birmingham-based, van-making subsidiary of DAF, is to be appointed Arcona president next month. He will be its third managing director in less than 12 months.

Mr Chris Woodwark, formerly Austin Power commer-

merly Austin Rover commer-

cial director, who became pres-ident of Arcona in mid 1988, is

to return to the UK as Land

Rover Group said it had no

plans for merging its two US sales organisations, although

such a move could not be ruled

Appointments, Page 15; Rover in North America, Page 10

Conditions

for Lansing

THE PROPOSED takeover of

Lansing Bagnall, the UK's

largest fork lift truck manu-

facturer, by Linde, the West German industrial group, has been given only partial approval by West Germany's Federal Cartel Office. The dif-

ficulty lies with the strong market position of both com-

panies in the country. The cartel office said it was

likely to disallow the German

part of the takeover, although the companies would be able

to appeal. It has, however, given the go-shead for Linde

to buy Landing's activities in the UK and France.

After talks with both sides

whether the two companies

The cartel office reached its

decision, which will be offi-cially made known next week, after looking at the deal for

several months after the

merger proposal was announced in September. In the UK, the Office of Fair

Trading has already approved

The most likely solution, cartel officials said, would be for Lansing to sell its West

German operation, turnover of

which is about DM 100m (£30.7m). Lansing's purchase by Linde would reinforce the West German company's posi-tion as the leading manufac-

turer in western Europe.

transport team

Joan Ruddock joins

MR NEIL Kinnock, the Labour

leader, yesterday appointed Ms Joan Ruddock to the party's frontbench transport team

headed by Mr John Prescott. Ms Ruddock is MP for Lew-isham Deptford in London,

and a former chairman of the

Campaign for Nuclear Disar-mament.

over 50 per cent.

the acquisition.

set on bid

By Andrew Fisher

in Frankfurt

Rover commercial director.

Within three years, he turned from being the obscure chairman of a small USM company into the executive chairman of the largest employment agency in the world. Only 18 months later, he has been stripped of executive duties at the company he built from

humble origins.
To add to the irony, the man he ousted from the Bine Arrow board - Mr Mitchell Fromstein, the former Manpower chief - is to take cootrol of the

company he founded.

In addition, Mr Berry's friend Mr Norman Tebbit, the Conservative MP, has backed the move to bring in Mr Fromstein, a Wisconsin liberal who campaigned for Adlai Steven-

The boardroom drama has been accompanied by a Depart-ment of Trade and industry investigation into County Nat-West, Blue Arrow's former financial adviser, arising from the role the bank played in the share issue that catapulted Mr Berry into the top spot in the world's employment agency

Mr Berry may yst bounce back in the early 1980s, he was dismissed as finance director of Brengreen, a cleaning com-pany. It was his compensation

from that dismissal that he used to buy into Blue Arrow.

After floating the group on the USM in 1984, he rapidly became a popular figure with the financial press, thanks to his committee anner anner and will. his easygoing manner and will-ingness to talk about his plans. His popularity was reflected in a high rating for Blue Arrow's shares, enabling him to go on an acquisition spree, buying companies such as Hoggett Bowers, the headhunters, and Brook Street Bureau.

A schoolboy star at sports as diverse as football, boxing and cricket, Mr Berry also joined the board of Tottenham Hotspur, the soccer club, where he is likely to be tomorrow for the game with Nottingham Forest.



Tony Berry: not helped by the launch of the DTI inquiry

Shareholders were delighted with Mr Berry's tenure. A thousand pounds invested in Blue Arrow when the company was floated was worth £17,000 just three years later.

So with a favourable press and a sopportive City, Mr Berry was able in 1987 to launch his most andacious move of all - a bid for Manpower. Manpower was more than double the size of Mr Berry's group and was growing quickly under Mr Fromstein's management. However, its stock market rating had been sandbagged by its long associa-

tion with Parker Pen.
Even with Blue Arrow's high rating, the bid still required a five-for-two rights issue, which at £837m was then the largest ever in the UK. It was a classic bull-market deal, and unfortu-nately for Mr Berry, be launched it just as the bull

market was over. The FT-SE 100 index reached its all-time high less than three weeks before Blue Arrow launched its bid. It proved

were left holding up to 19 per cent of the shares, according to

Then came Black Monday, and ever since, Blue Arrow's shares have languished at about half the rights price. The problems multiplied. The fall in the value of the dollar and a hiatus in the jobs market after Black Monday meant that there was no chance of Blue Arrow meeting the optimistic £110m profits forecast its bro-kers made at the time of the

Something had to give. Mr Berry tried to ensure that it was Mr Fromstein, saying that he was blocking moves to integrate Manpower into the

But in a way, when Mr Berry ousted Mr Fromstein, it was a case of the tail wagging the dog. Manpower is likely to pro-vide about 70 per cent of this year's pre-tax profits. A group of Manpower franchisees certainly saw it that way, calling for the removal of Mr Berry and the return of Mr From-

investigation had nothing to do with Mr Berry's removal. He himsalf has also steadfastly maintained that he did not know about the County hold ing. It has kept the company's name consistently in the head-lines, however, and bas reinforced the crisis atmo-

sphere at the group.

Everything came to a head on Thursday with participants aware that Mr Fromstein was sitting in a London hotel waiting for the chance to become involved, having waiting for the chance to become involved, having declared his willingness to return as chief executive.

What will Mr Fromstein do now that he is in charge? Analysts and those in the industry say that Thursday's management change probebly spells an end to Mr Berry's strategy of expanding Manpower into the permanent placement busithe permanent placement busi-

Analysts speculate that Mr Fromstein may sell some of the Blue Arrow business, particularly the non-Manpower US operations. Adia, the world's second largest temporary employment agency, reaf-firmed it was interested in parts of the business yester-

day. Mr Yves Paternot, Adia senior vice president, said he senior vice president, said he had talked yesterday morning to Mr Fromstein and congratulated him. "We are delighted he has got the job because we think he is a very good spokesman for the industry, which he knows very well." he added. He recognised that Mr Fromstein needed time to take stock but Adia was interested in but Adia was interested in expanding.
What of Mr Berry's future?

An associate said yesterday it would obviously be difficult for him to work with Mr Fromstein, although the two are believed to have no personal animosity. It seems that he will have plenty of time to reflect on the most polgnant irony of the affair — that a man who specialised in finding

Channon tightens security at Heathrow

By Lynton McLain

THE GOVERNMENT acted THE GOVERNMENT acted yesterday to prevent further breaches of security at Heath row Airport. London, after a reporter posed as a cleaner to gain access to aircraft.

Mr Paul Chapmon, the Transporter called to Security and the Security Called to Security.

Mr Paul Chapmon, the Transport Secretary, called in 3r Norman Payne, chairman or BAA plc, the former British Airports Authority which owns Heathrow, and asked him not to issue any mora security passes to Skyline Services, an aircraft cleaning company.

BAA vesterday withdrey at

aircraft cleaning company.

BAA yesterday withdrew all airside passes, which gave staff access to aircraft, from the company, which employs about 180 people.

Mr Channon said in a state.

Mr Channon said in a state-ment: "Skyline Services failed in its duty to check the bons fides of a Daily Express reporter. No one at the airport should have unsupervised access to aircraft and checked in baggage in restricted areas unless they have held an airport pass for six months. The Department of Trans-port has given £250,000 to the disaster relief fund set up after the Boeing 737-400 crash on the M1 motorway on Sunday. The police reopened the motorway

Chief executive quits futures policing body -

By David Blackwell MR ALISTAIR ANNAND has resigned as chief executive of the Association of Futures Brokers and Dealers, the self-regilatory organisation that gov-erns futures and options

trading in the City. He is staying until April, when he will be succeeded by Mr Phillip Thorpe, 34, who until recently was the deputy commissioner for securities and commodities trading in

Hong Kong. Mr Annand said yesterday that the time had come for a change after five years of wes-tling with the difficulties of setting up the AFBD, which was officially designated an SRO exactly a year ago. Mr Annand, a barrister, will

be looking for a post in the futures industry or business management. Last October some members showed signs of being discon-tented with the administration of the AFBD when the anoisi meeting and the accompanying elections to the council had to be postponed because

of a procedural error over proxy votes. One member said there was a certain amount of frustration with the execu-Mr Annand has always denied that there were any

internal dissensions at the

THE Financial Intermediaries, Managers and Brokers Regula-tory Association, the largest of the City's self-regulatory organisations, yesterday amended figures it had pub-lished earlier in the week con-

reported earlier, it said. Of these, only 40 have been rejected for membership, although they can continue to trade pending an appeal into their cases. That compares with 210 reported previously. Fimbra's amended informa-

other people jobs should be ousted from his own. Additional reporting by James Buchan and William impossible to shift such a large amount of Blue Arrow stock, a fact that has led to all the beadaches for County NatWest The cootroversy that then erupted when the DTI inquiry was launched has not helped Mr Berry, although insiders and Phillips & Drew, which

Rodime blames job cuts on weak industry

By James Buxton, Scottish Correspondent

RODIME, the Scottish based ing director, said that the disk drive manufacturer, yes-terday blamed the "very weak condition" of the world disk drive industry for its decision to cut the staff at its Glenyesterday, the office said it needed more time to study plant by 20 The company, which also has plants in Singapore and Florida, is reducing its global

could combine in Germany, where their joint share of the fork lift truck market is well production by cutting output at the plant at Glenrothes, Fife. No immediate comment was The plant will lose 85 permanent jobs, in addition to 45 available yesterday from the companies, although they were thought to be reasonably satisfied with the solution. temporary staff who left last week, to leave a workforce of

Mr Mervyn Brown, manag-

cutting production substantially, with some companies reducing output by 30 per cent.

Large companies such as Seagate of the US were also cutting prices. The production cuts followed a big increase in

world disk drive industry was

the industry's capacity over the past four years, mainly in the Far East, Mr Brown said Rodime's

order book was still strong. Its new range of 3.5-inch hard disk drives led the industry in both efficiency and storage capacity. Rodime is continuing to

transfer production from its June 30, showed a loss of Glenrothes facility to its lower \$5.29m (£2.97m) for the third cost plant in Singapore. The Glenrothes plant is primarily to design and engineer prod-ucts, and staff levels there the state of product develop-ment, he said. Mr Brown said Rodime was

preparing its accounts for the year to September 30. He would not comment on the fact that the company normally produces its annual results in late November.

The most recent figures for Rodime, for the nine months to

Courtaulds knit plants

COURTAULDS is continuing companies, like Wolsey, have

nurchases and revenues are in the currency. Last autumn Rodime said it was trying to put together a financial package worth about \$20m to finance the company

until it returned to profit. But no package has been con-cluded, and Mr Brown said yesterday that Rodime was reviewing its financial options.

\$5.29m (£2.97m) for the third

quarter, bringing the loss for the first nine months to \$8.49m

on sales of \$78.67m. The com-

pany quotes its figures in dol-

More workers to go at

Figure for Fimbra applications revised

cerning the number of firms which had applied to it for authorisation but had not yet been accepted.
These "interim-authorised"
firms number 870, not the 440

Soviet official to discuss rebuilding in Armenia

A POSSIBLE role for Britain in helping with reconstruction Moscow and Yerevan this after the Armenian earthquake weekend to examine Armenia's after the Armenian earthquake will be discussed during a visit to London next month by Mr Vladimir Kamentsev, a leading Soviet trade official

Mr Kamentsev, chairman of the Soviet Foreign Economic Relations Commission, had originally intended to accompany Mr Mikhail Gorbachev on his visit planned last month but called off after the earthquake. Instead, he is paying a

four-day visit from February 6. The aftermath of the earthquake means that reconstruc-tion work has been added to the general discussion of raising UK exports to the Soviet

A team of officials from the Departments of Health, Educa-tion and Science, and Trade rehabilitation needs. It will be accompanied by representa-tives from the voluntary Aid

Armenia Fund The Foreign Office, which is co-ordinating the effort, said yesterday that the team would look at the possibilities for con-structing school and health facilities to be funded by the £3.5m balance of the £5m emergency relief grant announced last month by the Government The team would also explore the potential role of British industry in industrial and infrastructural regeneration. Businessmen say that raises the question of further govern-

ment support for infrastruc-

ture projects, but export finance rules limit possibilities.

interests with more than 100 redundancies at its knitwear, clothing and fabric factories. in recent months Courtaulds, like the rest of the British textile industry, has suffered because of a rapid rise

the rationalisation of its textile

By Alice Rawsthorn

in imports – fuelled by the strong pound – which has put intense pressure on output and profitability.

Yesterday the group announced redundancies at two knitwear factories in Scotland. Both plants make knit-wear under the Wolsey brand

The factory at Dumfries will shed 72 of its 317-strong work-force, while eight out of 82 jobs will be lost from a factory at Lesmahagow, near Glasgow. For the past year knitwear

name.

suffered from the parallel pres-sures of increasing imports and depressed demand. The decline in demand is attributable to the fashion for tailorad clothing and the unusually mild weather.
Courtaulds is also closing its

Suncrest Fabrics factory at Oldham in Lancashire with the loss of 22 jobs. Suncrest is involved in the finishing of clothing fabric. Earlier in the week the group amounced the closure of a factory making clothing for small children at Wigston,

Leicester. All the 24 employees at the plant, which makes children's leisurewear, have been offered alternative employment at a Courtaulds factory in another

tion means that the total number of firms still operating in spite of rejections from the six regulatory bodies is currently around 80, rather than the 250

Sigh of relief at Brel as GEC's takeover bid fails

Kevin Brown on the final stage in the battle to control British Rail's engineering subsidiary HERE WAS an almost consortium provided for the have management continuity was an opportunity to

audible sigh of relief at the Derby head office of British Rail Engineering (Brel) yesterday when the board of British Rail announced that General Electric Company had failed in its bid to take over the

Rumours had been circulating for several days among Brei's 8,000 workers that the board would plump for the GEC offer — which was accom-panied by a hint of tougher action to reduce overmanning at the company's plants at Derby, York and Crewe.

Instead, Brel will almost cer-tainly be sold to a management and employee buy-out consortium supported by Trafalgar House and Asea Brown Boveri, Europe's largest railway equipment manufacturer.

"We are very pleased," said Mr Peter Holdstock, managing director of Brel and consortium leader. "My guess is that the board saw that they would

during a very important phase of the company's development.
"I think the other factor is the technical strength of the technology package which ABB is going to bring with it. backing and good marketing opportunities."

The consortium has been the

front runner in the race to take over Brel since the company was put up for sale on government orders last year.

Initially, about a dozen potential bidders expressed interest, including Mitsubishi of Japan and General Motors of the US - two of the world's biggest railway equipment manufacturers. In the event, the only firm

bidders were the consortium and GEC, which later announced plans to merge its railway equipment divisions with Alsthom, Europe's second biggest manufacturer. For GEC, the sale of Brel

strengthen its position in the growing UK railway equipment market, in which its GEC Transportation and GEC Trac-tion subsidiaries are already large suppliers. GEC was also keen to prevent ABB establishing a base from which it might later dominate the UK market. Against that, the consortium was able to boast the support of the existing managemen and workforce, as well as the corporate strength of its two multinational backers.

From BR's point of view as Britain's largest purchaser of railway equipment, the consor-tium also offered the prospect of maintaining competition between its main domestic sup-

None the less, the consor-tium faced difficulties in put-ting its bid together, and was forced to ask for a postpone ment of the deadline for bids from October ? to December 21. The original structure of the

management and employees to hold a controlling stake of 51 per cent in the privatised com-pany, with the balance held equally by Trafalgar House and ABB.

That structure was abandoned after BR made clear that it would require substantial financial guarantees against possible defects in locomotives and rolling stock ordered while Brel was a BR subsidiary. The final shareholding struc-

ture, which gives 20 per cent of the privatised company to the consortium with the balance held equally by ABB and Trafalgar House, allowed GEC to raise fears that a substantial chunk of Britain's railway equipment capacity could pass into foreign ownership. Brel managers and ABB

were keen to emphasise yesterday that day to day manage-ment would be left in the hands of the consortium, led by Brel's six executive

ABB is likely to dominate the relationship because of the sheer size of its railway equipment operation — which had a turnover last year of about \$1bn (£561m) compared with Brei's turnover of £55m Brel's turnover of £305m. However, Mr Holdstock said Brel would continue to offer a range of traction options to

locomotive customers, including GEC equipment if required.
Both sides said the deal would give Brel the financial strength to finance necessary reorganisation, while at the same time guaranteeing access to ABB's technical expertise and markets in 20 countries. The link with Trafalgar House will strengthen Brel's project management, which might be important in the growing market for turnkey contracts to develop light rail

Trafalgar House is already involved in consortia preparing bids for a proposed Manchester

light railway and for a high-speed link from London in the Channel tunnel, and has proposed a privately owned railway from London's Water loo station to the new Dock lands development in East

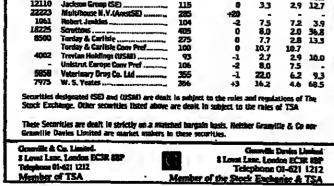
For ABB, tha deal give access both to the UK domestic market, and to relatively chest production of body shells and

vehicle units.

Brel has a number of gristing contracts that might prove profitable, including a stake in the international consortium that will build the 180mph Channel tunnel passenger trains, and a separate share in a consortium bidding for the contract to build shuttle trains for Eurotunnel, the tunnel pro-

in addition, the company well placed to bid for £1.600 worth of BR business expected to be placed over the next five years, and for orders expected from London Underground.

moters.



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Jan. 1521/1530 +3 Jan. 1865/1875 +7 Jan. 2213/2225 -3

Mar. 1537/1546 +3 Mar. 1885/1895 +7 Mar. 2227/2239 -3

Prices taken at 5pm and change is from previous close at 9pm

Right airport in the wrong place

James Buxton on why the future of Prestwick may be in the balance

IR NORMAN PAYNE. chairman of BAA pic, this week fired the opening shot in what might be the final battle over the future of Prestwick airport, the company's impressive but grossly under-utilised facility on the coast of

Hannon

Charles and

Ha wrote to Mr Paul Channon, Transport Secretary, pressing him to carry out an immediate review of the airport's future.

Under government policy, flights between Scotland and countries outside Europe are forbidden to use Glasgow or Edinburgh airports and have

to go to Prestwick.
However, because Prestwick is thoroughly unpopular with both airlines and passengers, it has very few scheduled flights: this winter only two airlines, Air Canada and North West Orient, are operating a handful of services to Boston, Halifax and Toronto, with no flights at all two days a week.

The trouble with Prestwick

is that it is hard to get to: it. Glasgow to which it is linked by a modest trunk road. It is impractical for Edinburgh and many other towns in the cen-tral belt. There are no flights to destinations in the UK, so Prestwick has none of the func-tions of a hub airport.

The situation is the despair of Scottish businessmen who have to fly to London or Manchester to pick up transatiantic and other long-haul flights. No leading British airline is prepared to fly from Prestwick; British Airways abandoned it in the 1970s, The Scottish traveller's frustration is heightened by indications from British Airways and also British Mid-land they they would operate regular transatiantic services from Glasgow if the Govern-ment allowed them.

When the Government last reviewed Scotland's three low-land airports - Glasgow, Edin-

'unlikely

this year'

By Michael Donne,

improve (

the airline said.

Aerospace Correspondent

DAN-AIR, one of Britain's biggest airlines, believes the

long airport delays of last sum-

mer will not occur this year.

Dan-Air said yesterday that it had worked with air traffic

control administrations to

set up a Centralised Air Traffic

Flow Management Organisa-

"A new concept for manag-ing the traffic has been agreed and is being implemented in all Europe," a statement from

designed to improve the flow of information of traffic demand

and capacity to air traffic con-

trol managers, so that the air-lines and air traffic controllers

can operate to the maximum

efficiency in a safe environ-

The airline continued: "Co-

operation from the eastern

European states has been essential. This year many more

holiday travellers to Turkey

and the eastern Greek islands will fly over the eastern Euro-pean states, which will ease

the congestion in the western

airline participation have taken place this week, and

more are planned over the next

seven weeks." Dan-Air said European coun-

tries had agreed to improve

communications between the

units in order to speed traffic

Metal trader to

return \$800,000

various air traffic manage

"International meetings with

This new organisation is

AIR 2000, the charter airline, is to operate the first regular services between Glasgow and But to comply with official airport policy, which makes Pres-twick Scotland's only transatlantic gateway, the airline's

Sir Norman Payne: wants

burgh and Prestwick - in 1985,

and handled only 303,000 pas-

sengers - compared with 3.4m at Glasgow. A freeport established after 1985 has been a

failure. As Sir Norman pointed ont to Mr Channon, Pres-

twick's traffic is below the

level of 10 years ago, while transatlantic traffic at other

UK airports has been growing. Although BAA – formerly the

British Airports Authority -

says diplomatically that it has

not come to a conclusion about

Prestwick's fature, there is lit-tle doubt that, as a privatised

LORD YOUNG, Trade and

Industry Secretary, breached his own publicly proclaimed policy when he decided in November not to refer the 1985

acquisition of the House of

Freser stores group by the Al Fayed brothers to the Monopo-

it was alleged in the High

Court yesterday. Mr John Beveridge, QC, for

Lourho, the international con-glomerate, told the court that

Lord Young's policy was to make a referral if there were

issues meriting further investi-

Yet, although Lord Young had conceded that there was something the commission should look at in the House of

Fraser acquisition, he himself had made the decision whether

to do anything about it, Mr

Beveridge said.
Lord Young's error, counsel said, was his assumption that

some matters were for him, not

the commission, to investigate,

whereas in fact it was the com-

mission's function to look at

gation

Flight delays | Lord Young 'in breach of own

By Raymond Hughes, Law Courts Correspondent

an immediate review

Boeing 757 will initially fly to Prestwick, 40 miles away, where it will take on fuel before setting out for Orlando, Florida. The Prestwick stopover will add 30 minutes to the journey time and cost pas-sengers increased fares.

company, it would like to con-centrate on its other airports. Yet if Mr Channon does start a review he will run up against one of the most determined lobbies in Scotland - and one that includes a senior Cabinet minister, Mr George Younger, the Defence Secretary, who has a majority of only 182 in his seat at Ayr. He immediately expressed his concern at Sir Norman's initiative, saying that if there were to be a review, "it would be more real-istic to hold it after the results for summer 1969 – which are axpected to be good – are

The Prestwick lobby angrily rejects the argument that it is holding back the growth of aviation in Scotland, and thus that of the Scotlish economy, for selfish considerations of local employment - 770 people It reprieved Prestwick - m 1985, it reprieved Prestwick but said it was looking for "a steady improvement" in its financial results. "If this has not come about by 1989 the policy will be reviewed," a white paper said. Prestwick's results are still poor: it lost £2.1m in 1987-88 and handled only 2000 results.

work at the airport.
Mr George Foulkes, the
Labour MP who represents another Ayrshire seat, says:
"The best way to improve the economy of Scotland is for it to have a first class-airport." Pres-twick, he points ont, has a superb, 9,800 ft runway, is almost never closed by fog and has a safe approach avoiding built-up areas. All it needs are better surface communica-

Scotland would once again be getting second best if Glasgow were developed as our long-haul gateway," ha says. He points out that Glasgow's Abbotsinch airport is relatively email, with a short runway that would be difficult to extend — and is not long enough to allow Boeing 747s to

policy' over House of Fraser

Young's decisions not to refer the acquisition and not to pub-

lish his inspectors' report into the acquisition while it is being investigated by the Seri-

The court has been told that

Lourho is convinced the report

conclusions adverse to the Al

end on Monday and the three indges have said they will give

their judgment on Tuesday

morning, enabling the case to go to the Court of Appeal that

The reason for tha tight timetable is that the statutory

period for a monopolies refer-

Mr Beveridge said Lonrho-had been told by the Trade and

Industry Department that the contents of the inspectors'

report made a referral to the Serious Fraud Office - to con-

sider prosecution - inevitable.

He said the commission

would be entitled to take

account of everything thet hap-pened in 1985 and the continu-

ence ends on January 22.

fternoon_

The hearing is scheduled to

Domosael

take off on transatlantic flights with a full load in some sorts of weather. More flights using Glasgow would increase noise and safety risks for large num-

bers of people.

Mr Foulkes also questions whether British Airways would in fact start transatlantic services from Glasgow if it were permitted to. "They would prefer to channel people through London," he said, pointing out that Sir Colin Marshall, chief executive of British Airways, has said no more than that the airline would be "interested" in operating long-haul flights from Glasgow.

None the less, many people now believe that Prestwick has reached the end of the road in

its present role. There are no plans for upgrading its surface links. A government review would probably conclude that Glasgow should become Scotland's main transatlantic gate way, some time in the early 1990s. BAA recently began the first half of a £110m pro-gramme to expand facilities on tha ground at Abhotsinch, although more improvements would be needed for long-haul

On the other hand, the removal of the long-hand gateway status would not mean the closure of Prestwick: those favouring Glasgow suggest that many Scottish charter flights could be moved to Pres-twick; British Aerospace manufactures its Jetstream executive turboprop there and runs a flying school where British Airways trains its pilots. US, British and other Nato air forces use Prestwick and Mr Younger might be well placed to make them use it more. Only a minority of the staff at Prestwick are concerned with

Yet before those changes can come about Mr Channon will have to grasp a nettle that could badly sting both him and one of his close colleagues.

"The events may be three

years old but the rogues have

still got the booty."

The situation was unique

and raised bizarre commercial

consequences, Mr Beveridge

said, referring to "vast borrow-ings" by House of Fraser since

Fayeds' control, which, he said,

threatened the whole structure

It was paying out millions of

pounds a year more in interest

than the business could gener-

that all the stores are coming

The only reason Lord Young

had given for not publishing the inspectors report was the possibility of a prosecution. He had said his department's pol-

icy had always been not to publish a report until any pros-

ecution was over, Mr Bever-

idge said.
Such a policy would be wrong. Mr Beveridge said,

adding that in 1976 a report affecting Lonrho had been pub-

There have been rumours

of the company.

ate, he said.

up for sale."

Electricians | Universities in disarray as St Andrews offers staff 5% membership

EMPLOYMENT

By David Thomas, Education Correspondent UNIVERSITY employers

increase embroiled in a pay dispute with academic staff were By Charles Leadbeater. thrown into disarray yesterday by the decision of St Andrews Labour Editor University to break ranks and offer its lecturers a 5 per cent THE EETPU alectricians

expect

eight years.

Mr Hammond said it would

be some time before the

detailed figures would be com-piled. But he said initial calcu-lations showed that the union's membership was likely to rise by a few thousand members.

The EETFU membership has declined from 438,699 in 1980 to about 367,000. It has pioneered

single-union no-strike agree ments to boost recruitment

However, it has suffered a

steady loss of members in its traditional areas among electri-

clans and plumbers within

manufacturing.
Mr Hammond said the mem-

bership increase reflected

strong employment growth in 1988. However, he is also likely

to use It as evidence that the

union can prosper outside the

Usdaw, the shopworkers

union, and Bifu, the financial services union, have declared

membership increases in the past year, while in others, such

as the TGWU, general workers

union, membership decline has

slowed markedly. Senior RETPU officials are

confident tha membership

increase will continue at least

through amalgamations with

Mr Roy Sanderson, national secretary of RESA, the union's

white-collar section, said be

was confident that the union

would sgree amalgamation terms with three non-TUC

unions by this summer. They are the National Association of Fire Officers, the Ministry of Defence staff association and the Institute of Journalists.

Mr Sanderson said discussions the staff association and the Institute of Journalists.

sions with three other unions

were at an earlier stage. These include the British Union of

Social Workers, some small

textile unions and a small edu-cation union.

would rise by 12,000 if all the amalgamation talks were suc-

rules are likely to be changed this year at a rules revision

conference to turn it into a federation. EETPU officials believe this will make it easier

for the union to agree amalgamations with staff associa-

tions which want to retain a

considerable degree of indepen

PLANS by British Telecom to increase the use of employ-

ment agencies to recruit tem-

porary workers as switchboard

staff are posing a threat to the

jobs of the company's full-time

operators, according to union

The Union of Communica

tions Workers says some BT areas have already asked the Alfred Marks and Manpower

agencies to help it fill vacan-cies with temporary appoint-ments. If they went ahead they would be breaking agreements

with the union, it says.

By Michael Smith

The EETPU's membership

pendent staff associations.

Several TUC unions such as

union, which was recently expelled from the TUC, is set increase.
The surprise move hy St to declare its first membership increase this decade. Andrews could put pressure on other universities to follow suit, although the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals insisted last night that it Mr Eric Hammond, tha EETPU's general secretary told a recent meeting of the union's executive committee that memcould hold the line.

The move could also embarbership trends for 1988 showed that the union was on course to declare its first increase for

rass the Association of University Teachars, Which is strongly committed to the maintenance of national pay

maintenance of national pay negotiations.

Ms Diana Warwick, AUT general secretary, last night welcomed the St Andrews move as evidence of vice-chan-cellors' desire to end the dispute, but said local settlements were not the answer.

The 30,000-strong Associa-

tion of University Teachers this week began a boycott of university exams, an unprece-dented reaction to the increas-

ingly bitter pay situation in the universities.

The AUT is protesting against the failure of the

against the failure of the employers to make a pay offer for 1988-89, although the vice-chancellors say that this year was covered by the last university pay settlement. The union is also dismayed by tha employers' failure yet to make an offer for the 1989-90 settlement, due on April 1.

The vice-chancellors helieve The vice-chancellors believe

the vice-chancellors believe they can afford to offer only about 3 per cent for next year and that this is too low to con-stitute a serious offer. They bope to put together a packa of efficiency proposals which will persuade the Government to release more resources.

However, their strategy may
be derailed by the St Andrews

move, announced by Professor

Struther Arnott, the univarsity's principal.

Professor Arnott said the university would pay its 550 academic and related staff a 5 per cent rise backdated to January 1. He said thet after April the 5 per cent award would be adjusted to reflect the eventual level of the national settle-

> The offer was conditional on St Andrews staff agreeing to have their work appraised, a procedure suspended earlier in the dispute, and to abandon industrial action for this year and next.

Professor Arnott is understood to believe St Andrews can afford the 5 cent rise and therefore should not be penalised because some other universities cannot

The university is also con-cerned that the lecturers' boy-cott of exam work might bite soon, though it has so far had

Jaguar stewards to meet after workers reject 'final' pay offer

By Michael Smith, Labour Staff

UNION SHOP stewards at Jaguar, the Midlands-based luxury car maker, are to meet on Wednesday to discuss their next move after 9,000 manual

workers rejected the company's final pay offer.

Mr Bill Lapworth, chairman of the union joint negotiating committee, refused yesterday to discuss the agenda for the meeting but a ballot on industrial action will almost certainly the considered.

tainly be considered. Jaguar said yesterday there was no prospect of an improvement in its offer of a two-year deal giving staff a 4.2 per cent increase in the first year and 4

per cent plus profit-related pay-

It had had no talks with the unions since Tuesday's announcement of the ballot result which showed 5,604 workers voted against the offer and 2,373 in favour. No discussions were planned before Wednesday's union meeting.

ments in the second.

The Jaguar pay negotiations are seen as a key test of employers' determination to hold back wages in the face of strong pressure from workers resulting from the recent

upsurge m inflation.

Tha Treasury indicated on Thursday that the inflation rate in December could be about 7 per cent.

Although the Jaguar offer is below that, the company says it cannot pay more because of the squeeze on its US market resulting from the weakness of the dollar.

Pay talks are due to resume at Peugeot Talbot, also based in the Midlands, following an offer to increase basic rates of 4,500 manual workers by 4.5 per cent this month and by 5 per cent in January 1990.

Negotiators at both Jaguar and Peugeot believe their hands have been strengthened by an award which gave 2,000 Nissan workers rises of between 18 and 22.5 per cent

Co-op society links pay to performance

By John Gapper, Labour Correspondent

The Co-operative Society in Gloucestershire has introduced a performance-related pay scheme for all staff, including checkout operators and and cleaners. It is part of a package intended to improve recruit-

ment and retention. The scheme, believed to be the most comprehensive introlinked to a basic pay rise of 6 per cent ahead of national pay negotiations by the Co-opera-tive Employers' Association. The Gloucester and Severn-The white-collar section's

side Co-op is also introducing its own training scheme. The moves are a further indication of pressure on national Co-op pay rates cause by labour shortages in the south.

In the latest issue of The

Post, the UCW's monthly mag-azine, a front page article says the use of such staff could pose

a grave threat to operators' pay, conditions and joh secu-

The move could be a first

step towards doing away with

a large full-time operator force

and replacing operators with temporary telephonists who could be hired and fired as

they are needed."
Union officials have asked

for a meeting with Mr John Birks, head of operator ser-

Although management pay rates in all Co-op stores are linked to sales, the Gloucestershire society's move to link all rates to performance is one of the most radical moves in retailing towards individual

The deal, negotiated with the Usdaw distributive sector introduced a range of pay rungs in each grade which staff can climb according to performance ratings every six months. It will take two years to reach the top of scales. Mr John Perrin, chief executive, said the package of mea-sures was intended to increase

staff loyalty and reduce turn-The deal in an area of low

unemployment, follows moves made by the Cambridge Co-op to retain staff by paying £12.50 a week on top of national rates and introducing a childcare allowance for women workers.
Mrs Pat Phillips, Usdaw deputy divisional officer, said the

deal — covering about 1,200 staff in 38 stores — had been negotiated because, like other local employers, the Co-op faced severe staff retention dif-

She said the performance assessments would be carried out with union involvement at each stage. Some unions have been wary of performance-related pay because it is seen as a move towards a more indi-vidual relationship with staff.

lished, a contemplated prosecution notwithstanding. Lonrho is challenging Lord Scots enterprise body criticised

GOVERNMENT plans to create a body called Scottish Enterprise to combine enterprise development with training in Scotland have been criticised by Sir Robin Duthie, until recently chairman of the Scottish Development Agency, which is to be merged into the

new body. Sir Robin has told Mr Mal-colm Rifkind, Scottish Secretary, that the proposed organi-sation should keep the title Scottish Development Agency, which he said was an estabished brand name that should be protected. At the very least it should be retained for over-

sees marketing of Scotland.

He said that although the organisation that attracted foreign investment to Scotland

was known at home as Locate in Scotland it operated abroad as the SDA. "Our competition in the attraction of jobs from abroad would langh all the way to the jobs bank were we to change the name," he said. Sir Robin, in a personal let-ter to Mr Rifkind, also critic-

ised the proposed structure of Scottish Enterprise, which will operate through about 22 local agencies under the executive control of local businessmen. He said tha body should be hased on the SDA's seven regional offices and businessmen should serve on boards that would have only an advisory function.
At lower levels it should

Robin, who at the turn of the year handed over the chair-manship of the SDA after nine years to Sir David Niekson, for mer chairman of the Confeder

ation of British Industry.
Yesterday Mr Bill Hughes,
chairman of the CBI in Scotland and the man who conceived Scottish Enterprise, accused Sir Robin of wanting to preserve the past. He had no objection to retaining the SDA name for use abroad where its function was unchanged, but at home the Scottish Enterprise was a new body to deal with a new situation.

Advisory boards had not worked in the past and the aim At lower levels it should of government policy in all operate through Scotland's 40-odd enterprise trusts, said Sir ity down the line, he said.

One in seven City staff 'unfit' By Lynton McLain

NEARLY A QUARTER of City

executives are too fat and one in seven is so unfit that the quality of their life is affected. That is one of the conclusions of an analysis of execu-tives that has helped to pro-vide the "first direct evidence that adequate fitness levels can influence the risk factors of coronary heart disease," according to a team of City doctors in a report prepared with the Royal Free Hospital, London.

One in 10 executives assessed had high blood pressure to an extent that warranted medical intervention and more than a quarter were

> The report said the association between weight, body fat,

not been quantified. City Health Care, the group

other risks. The report is being presented to the Medical Research Society next week.

retained a role in consultative arrangements or bargaining over non-pay issues.

The paper identifies three types of derecognition — "general" where collective bargain-

eral" where collective dargan-ing rights are withdrawn from all employees; "grade specific" covering only part of the work-force, and "plant specific" dere-cognition at particular sites within a larger company. Six companies derecognised

industrial dispute in the pre-ceding five years. In these cases derecognition followed a change in employee relations' policy in the wake of a change of ownership or senior management. Derecognition in these companies was mainly con-fined to particular grades of

Union Derecognition in Britain in the 1980s is available from Dr Tim Clayden, Kingston Polytechnic, Kingston, Surrey.

vices, to find out whether there has been a national directive from BT to use temping agen-

Telecom union fears threat from temporary workers

BT vesterday confirmed thet some areas were exploring the use of agencies for recruiting operators for the first time but said it was nonsense that this would pose a threat to jobs. The initiatives were purely aimed at plugging temporary

gaps.
The company has recruited temporary agency staff for cleaning and other types of work for some time and some

districts had decided to experiment with the practice in the switchboard areas. BT said. The initiatives were local and broke no national agreements. Behind the UCW's allegations lies concern that the number of jobs for its switch-board operators is already

being diminished by the intro-

duction of new technology.

Some union leaders are concerned that BT may be giving in to pressure from city institutions and analysts to cut the number of full-time jobs and thus reduce staff.

Derecognition 'has not led to new relations systems'

COMPANIES which have derecognised trade unions for

By Our Labour Editor

collective bargaining have not geoerally introduced comprehensive non-union employee relations systems, according to a detailed study of union dereccenition Derecognition led to com-

plete de-unionisation in only one of the 36 companies cov-ered, all of which derecognised unions in 1987-88.

The study says derecognition has generally been a response to a shift in the halance of power in industrial relations rather than part of a concerted move towards non-unionism. Employers who reluctantly conceded collective bargaining rights to white-collar unions in the 1970s have been clawing back their power: 23 of the cases were confined to particular grades of workers, espe-cially middle managers, white-collar, scientific and pro-fessional staff.

The study, by Dr Tim Clayden, a lecturer in business studies at Kingston Polytechnic, shows that in half the companies unions continued to represent individuals over grievances. Most still had a check-off system for payment of union contributions. In five cases where unions were derecognised for collec-

tive bargaining over pay, they

unions following lengthy, bit-ter disputes. This tended to lead to a general derecognition of unions across the company. However, 27 had not had an

The study concludes that a crucial factor in most cases was low membership support for unions and weak links between workplace branches and the national union organi-

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OF NEW SHARES Further to our notice dated 22nd December 1988, we hereby give notice to the holders of the above described bonds, regarding condition No. 4, that the proportion of new shares to be allocated pursuant to the new issue was fixed on 31st December 1988. The revised notice is as

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF ISSUE

4. Allocation of new issues Free distribution of 906,000 shares shall be allocated to the shareholders registered on January 1, 1989 in the proportion of 0.204565

Our other terms and conditions are the same as contained in the notice dated 22nd December

Bondholders should contact the Trustee for further information.



futures profits By Kenneth Gooding WOGEN RESOURCES.

privately owned metal trading group based in London, has agreed to return \$800,000 (£448,000) profits from selling options and futures contracts to US companies.

The group has also submitted to a permanent injunction not to sell options and futures in the US. That follows allegations by the US Commodity Futures

Trading Commission that Wogen illegally sold off-ex-change futures in the US from July 1986 to March 1987.
Without admitting or danying the allegations, Wogen consented to an order by a US district judge in California to return the profits over a two-year period. The funds will be distributed at the discretion of the court to customers of the companies to which Wogen sold the contracts.

The options were on various strategic metals, including chrome, cobalt, manganese and titanium, mainly from China for delivery in Rotterdam.

Mr Colin Williams, Wogen's managing director, said yesterday that the outcome was not a smokers. serious financial blow to his

smoking, blood pressure, cho-lesterol and coronary heart disease had been appreciated for some time, as had the idea that different levels of fitness could have an effect on heart disease. However, the relationship had

of doctors that carries out med-ical assessments of City employees, said its analysis of 760 male employees had shown for the first time that fitness had a direct effect on the risk factors linked to heart disease.

The research showed that it was not necessary to have high levels of fitness to have a sig-nificant impact on heart disease risk factors. The group says: "The implication is that an individual who leads an

active life by walking rather than driving short distances, climbing stairs instead of tak-ing the lift and generally main-taining a positive attitude to exercise may reduce the risk of coronary heart disease."
It adds: "The greater the amount of exercise taken, the more the risk factors are infin-

enced, but regular everyday activity such as walking to the station briskly may have a pro-found effect on cardiac risk." City Health Care said it was still uncertain whether fitness had a direct influence on the beart's susceptibility to coronary heart disease or whether it had an effect by modifying Saturday January 14 1989

Pressure on profits

when the state of business in the securities markets has been more at odds with the climate in British industry. Take the lavel of spare capacity. According to the Confederation of British Industry's surveys, unused capacity is now at a depressed. Historically, there is nothing unusual about hard times in the City while industry booms. It is a classic symptom of the turn in the cycle, with the stock market anticipating a downturn in profitability before businessmen detect the IT IS HARD to recall a time depresse on British industry's surveys, before businessmen detect the unused capacity is now at a before businessmen detect the lower level than in 1973 when change in climate. What is new the Barber boom hit its explosive peak. In the equities and gilts market, in contrast, there is the extremity of the contrast. It reflects the way in which people in the capital gilts market, in contrast, there is too much capital, too many dealers and too little volume for the present level of capacity to be sustainable. Witness the spate of recent announcements about job cuts.

Not surprisingly, the same

ments about job cuts.

Not surprisingly, the same contrast is apparent in the relative profitability of industry and the securities business.

The space of recent animatic result of deregulation. In industry this came in the form of the lifting of exchange controls, which exposed the British corporate sector to the filland the securities business. Ish corporate sector to the full blast of global competition at a composition of profits in gross national product has been surging, helped by an impressive burst of productivity growth in the manufacturing sector. Along with the halance of payments with the balance of payments current account deficit, this has helped plug the gap between excess demand build-ing up in the economy and the ahility of the supply side of the economy to meet it. On some estimates, wage costs in manufacturing have been rising by facturing have been rising by as little as 1½ per cent. Yet output prices have been rising by nearly 5 per cent. The difference between the two figures is largely accounted for by increased profit margins in industry, as firms have responded to excess demand by raising prices and margins.

Investment boom

The combination of buoyant profits, high output and pressure on physical capacity has contributed to a massive investment boom. In the short run the contribution of investment to demand outweighs its supply effects and thus exacerbates the current account delicit. But in the longer run the increase in the nation's capital stock will add to supply, bring-ing an improvement in the bal-ance of payments and the infla-

ance of payments and tionary picture.

In the securities business it realists be let off the hook. Yet could hardly look more different. Far from increasing profit commons this week that she is looking to British industry for the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the security is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook is a security of the hook is a security of the hook. Yet the hook is a security of the hook is a se August Many have started to think of their core business market making or agency brok-ing — as at best marginally profitable; the case for persevering is that other forms of fee income cannot be earned without the support of these activities. Some firms owe their profitability over the past 12 months to the role they have played in handling merg-ers and acquisitions for a highly liquid corporate sector deregulated securit in which share ratings are will turn out to be.

he workers at Jaguar, the UK luxury car

in the West Midlands this week

maker, have a reputa

And they, since they were not the one dead, turned to their affairs. Robert Frost

Saturday, January 7:

Saturday, January 7:
8:30 am: The clatter of eight mediaowned helicopters hovering over the
perimeter of the imperial Palace –
none would dare overfly the sacred
grounds – served notice to anyone
within hearing that Emperor Hirohito
had died. Within minutes, two loudspeaker vans operated by Japan's
bolsterous right-wing groups buzzed
around the palace perimeter but were
quickly stopped by one of many police
road blocks.
9:00 am: Prices of white chrysanthe-

9:00 am: Prices of white chrysanthe-muns, used in mourning in Japan, more than doubled in Tokyo's Seika wholesale flower market. Prices of other white flowers, such as lilies and

white roses, also soared. Shops and institutions all over Shops and institutions all over Japan began to display their condolences. Most large department stores suppressed background music and advertising banners and made staff wear at least some black. Keio in Shinjuku, Tokyo, for example, dressed its mannequins in dark colours. Mikimoto, the pearl emporium in Ginza, put a large photo of the Emperor in its window above a floor strewn with pearls. Soms businesses carried on pearls. Soms businesses carried on normally. Korimbo 109 in the centre of Kanazawa did not remove a large brightly coloured barner announcing in English: "Five Day Bargain Sale." 10:00 am: Extra editions of newspa-pers began appearing on the streets, taking many people by surprise with the news

the news. 11:30 am: As British Airways flight

008 from London touched down in Tokyo, a hostess came on the public address system to announce in Japanese only that the Emperor had died three hours earlier. The passengers, more than half of whom were Japanese, paused momentarily but then quietly resumed collecting their hand lineways. 12 noon: Mr Umanosuke Ue, an 87-

year-old former Imperial army officer, hanged himself, after leaving a note saying he would follow his Emperor.

2:30 pm: Shops in Tokyo's Kanda district specialising in ski wear buzzed with activity, as if it was a normal Saturday in winter. But every shop carried the white mourning flag with a black ribbon attached to the with a black ribbon attached to the top. In the background there was the continuous hum of radio announcers going over and over the events following the Emperor's death, the expressions of grief, the government measures, the hastily arranged meetings.

No hint of deep-felt sorrow could be glimpsed on the faces of the young men and women searching intently for the letter to the street of the sorrow.

for the latest in skiling paraphernalia and the hottest in ski fashions. Yet there did seem to be a curious sense of waiting in the air, as if time had been suspended and people were waiting for something. Then it came: the announcement of the name for the new era. "It's Heisei."

"They chose Heisel."
"What are the characters used?" People could be heard pronouncing the words, listening to the ring of the name, familiarising themselves with it, deciding whether they liked it. 3:00 pm: The parking lot in the For-eign Ministry was filled with Rolls-Royces, Mercedes and other large black cars attended patiently by chauffeurs as Tokyo's diplomatic corps gathered to find out what would happen in the next few days and what they should do. Information was mea-gre. Books of condolence would be opened at the Imperial Palace and at Japanese embassies for the next 10 days from 9 am to 5 pm. In fact, the books at the Imperial Palace had to remain open late into the night as hundreds of thousands of people thronged to register their regrets.
Evening: Bars and discos in Tokyo's fashionable Roppongi area were deserted following a decision by the assoFT writers provide a series of snapshots of Tokyo in mourning for Emperor Hirohito



Homage to Hirobito: Two young Tokyo sisters bow in tribute to the late Emperor

The end of an imperial era

ciation of entertainment businesses in the district to close. The manager of Java Jive, a disco, said the decision was "a blow to business." Normally, there would be 1,000 customers.

Sunday, January 8 00:03 am: The first baby of the Heisei era, a boy, was born in Toy-

250 pm: On a regular internal All Nippon Airways flight from Tokyo to Komatsu, normal in-flight entertainment was replaced by a documentary on the life of the Emperor. At Komatsu airport, funeral music was playing in the background, and tour-

ism promotion posters were removed, 12:00 noon: The diplomats in their black cars returned to the Foreign Ministry for another briefing, this time gaining more information. The state funeral would be held on February 24. Each country could send five people — a leader ami spouse, the ambassador in Tokyo and spouse and one other. The Japanese would not indulge in funeral diplomacy. The new Emperor would hold an audience for heads of missions in Tokyo on

Video shops around the country did hectic business all day as people tired of watching documentaries about the Showa era and news and commen-taries on the new era. The documentaries tended to give short shrift to the war years, with longer grainy black-and-white passages showing Hirobito's visit to Europe in 1923 and glossy colour passages showing him at his marine biology studies. Many video shops reported that The Last

Emperor - about the last Chinese emperor - was the most popular video. Broadcasting companies were bombarded with telephone calls com-plaining about the suppression of nor-

Monday, January 9

Mr Bob Tizard, New Zealand's Defence Minister, said Hirohito "should have been shot or publicly chopped up at the end of the war. For New Zealand to express any sympa-thy grates against my back teeth." Mr Sosuke Uno, Japan's Foreign Minis-ter, regretted the statement, and Mr David Lange, New Zealand's Prime Minister, said it did not represent his

Government's view.
SiQ am: The New Year grand sumo tournament began in Tokyo, the start having been postponed by one day out of respect for the late Emperor, who

was a sumo fan.
9:30 am: Entrepreneurs crowded into company registry offices all over Japan attempting to register company names with the word Heisei in them. 11:00 am: The new Emperor declared at an audience for 238 government and private sector leaders that he would uphold the constitution imposed by the post-war occupation authorities. A few Socialist and Communist members of the Diet (parliament) boycotted the audience because of their opposition to the imperial sys-

The University of Tokyo hauled its mourning flag up the staff after stu-dents had succeeded in spraying it with blue ink. Student and trade unions had demanded that the univer-

sity show no form of condolence but, sity show no form of condolence but, as a public institution, it had to comply with government guidance. It hired 60 guards to surround and protect the flag to no avail. A similar mourning flag at Chuo University in suburban Tokyo was taken down after being sprayed with red paint. Kirin Brewery postponed the launch of four new products, Wacoal postponed a lingerie show, Matsushita cancelled an announcement of a new mini stereo system.

mini stereo system.
3:00 pm: The Nikkel average of 225
leading shares on the Tokyo Stock.
Exchange closed up 468.85 points or

1.55 per cent at 30,678.39. 5:00 pm: Mr Tadao Tanaka, 38, a cook in a Chinese restaurant in Kumamoto, committed suicide in front of his family's grave by stabbing himself in the chest and abdomen. He left a note saying, "I am not a rightlet but the Emperor has gone and now I no longer can live."

Tuesday, January 10

The two mayoral candidates in Kobuchizawa. Yamanashi prefecture agreed to reduce the use of loudspeaker vans by three hours, to refrain from wearing the traditional aggressive headbands at campaign launch parties and to canvass in front of the railway station for only one

A direction sign disappeared at the village of Heinarl, which uses the same characters as the name of the

Y9.3bm (£41m) for expenses in connection with the funeral and burial of the late Emperor. Of the total, Y2.50m will be used to build a tumb.

will be used to build a temb.

Wednesday, January II

The Okura Hotel, one of Tokyo's top hotols, has established a special office for preparations for the funeral inquiries have been received from more than 30 countries and the [8] has already booked 400 of its 868 rooms. The Imperial Hotel has last room as countries. The National Police Agency amounted that more than 32,000 police offices that more than 32,000 police offices would be mobilised to provide security during the funeral period. The cost of extra security measures was estimated at Y2,450n.

300 pm: The Nikkel average closel application of extra security measures was soon pm: Sitting beside a plane in the Rig Ben lounge in central Tokyo Mr Midhiko Takahashi, whishy takes with water and ice, was contemplating his future in the first week of Heisel. The Emperor was deed the yen was wavering and he, an assistant manager of a Japanese constitution company, had to buy dollars, a lot of dollars. Served by a waitree for Shanghai, entertained by a Register plane plane player and reminded of the time on the hour by a little He Hen, Mr Takahashi sought informs advice on the longer term impact on the yen of the Emperor's passing. The problem was that he had to buy the week. He was cartain that to wait a problem was that he had to buy the week. He was certain that to wak a week would give him a better rate.

Thursday, January 12

Thursday, January 12
The family of a late Japanese amy general revealed a poem, written and sent by the late Emperor, praising the general for stopping an atlack by Imperial Japanese, troops, in the 1951 Shanghai incident. Mr Yoshimasa Shrakawa, 79, son of the general, said the Emperor's Grand Chamberlain had delivered the poem in May, 1933, but had asked the family to keep a secret for fear that it anger the mightery. tary. 3:00 pm: The Nikkel average closed

3:00 pm: The Nikkel average closed unchanged at 31,143.45.

8:30 pm: In a subterrancen Tokyo harsoke her (where customers sing heart rending ballads to taped accompaniments) a man, who said he was out of work, became emotional about the comings and goings of hopeons. His life had not changed, he said, but like all Japanese, there was a small place in his heart devoted to the Emperor. "There have been 2,000 years of Emperors. We have to feel Emperor. "There have been 2000 years of Emperors. We have to feel something about the old Emperor and the new Emperor. We are all lagness. The Emperor is Japanese." The bartender agreed, poured his unemployed customer a drink from a bottle kept for him, and wanted to know how much coverage foreign namplers gave the events of the week. Whatever was reported, "some foreigners will always dislike Japan," he arumbled.

The official mourning period ends. Advertising banners hanging down the exterior well of the building he which the FT Tukyo bureau he is office were unfurled again after a week in which their absence improved the lighting considerably. Mr Masami Takatsuil, the Justes Minister, amounced that an amounty would be amounced that an amounty would be amounced that the factor is would be announced just before the Emperor's funeral. However, there would be no am accused or convicted of bribery offences. This ruled out a pardon by Mr Kakuei Tanaka, the former Prine Minister, convicted of accepting a bribe from Lockheed Aircraft in the

3:00 par: The Nikkel average closel up 154:98 at 31,298:38. On the week it gained 1988:84 points or 3.6 per con-

new era.

S.00 pm. The Nikkel average closed up 328.12 or 1 per cent at 31,006.51.

The Government set up a budget of Patti Waldmeir.

MEN IN THE NEWS

tion for considering themselves a privileged group among car workers. However, **Jaguar workers**

non-North Sea corporate sector from less than 3 per cent at the bottom of the recession to

more than 12 per cent today, which is closer to the norm for

tal and new players. And the net result has been different only in the sense that the City invested heavily in new deal-

ing systems in time for the profits crunch, whereas indus-try's investment record in the

Today both finance and industry confront interesting questions on future profitabili-

ity. How far can the corporate sector sustain its current prof-

sector sustain his current pro-titability? And can the securi-ties husiness look forward to the recovery in profits experi-enced by British industry in

enced by British industry in the five years to 1988? As far as industry is concerned profit margins are bound to come under pressure as excess demand is squeezed out of the economy. Unit wage costs will rise and productivity growth will slow with the deceleration in the strength of output. Only if

in the growth of output. Only if sterling is allowed to depreci-ate significantly will the indus-trialists be let off the hook. Yet

allowed to slide.

As for the securities busi-

ness, the likelihood of a comparable increase in profits is any-

way far less because of a fundamental economic truth:

service industries have more

limited scope for productivity gains than manufacturing. And there is a long way to go before

it becomes clear just what the level of sustainable profits in a

deregulated securities market

there were signs that the sense of pride they feel in working for the company has either been exaggerated or is in Something A 45-yaar-old assembly worker called Bill looked a likely candidate for extolling the virtues of his employer when he strolled in to the Walmore when he strolled in to the Wallace public house in Coventry sporting a sweater emblazoned with a large Jaguar motif. It turned out, however, that he was only wearing it "because it's cheap." Did he feel proud to work for Jaguar? "Now and again, I suppose." Terry, a 42-year-old rectifier who has been with Jaguar for 15 years, is less enthusiastic. He says he used to be proud to work for the company but the feeling has diminished in the last few years, partly because relations between management and employees have deteriomoney at stake

By Michael Smith

and employees have deterio-rated. "All they want now is quantity," he says.

There are undoubtedly plenty of Jaguar employees with a more positive outlook towards the company. But there are enough like Terry to suggest that the workforce's per cent, so we are hoping that the Jaguar workers realise that they have to take the rough with the smooth and that they

have been given a very fair

rejection this week, by a two to one majority, of the company's final pay offer is about more Jaguar's proposed two-year deal would provide 27.50 a final pay offer is about more than simply money.

Regardless of whether Jaguar's proposed two-year deal would provide £7.50 a weak backdated to November 1 1888 and the same again in November 1989. That translates into rises of about 4.2 per cant important. They are willing addition, if pre-tax profits exceed £25m in the first half of the company witch employer. The company, which employs 1990, the company will give lump sum payments of between £30 and £135, followed by weekly grade increases of between £1 and £4.50 from 9,000 manual workers, is one of the area's biggest employers of such workers and its pay set-tlements can set the trend for

other employers.
"It wouldn't help if they
made a silly agreement," says August 1990. With both the UK inflation rate and average pay settle-ments rising to about 7 per cent it is not the most gener-ous offer Jaguar has made. But one managing director whose company makes components "We are looking to keep our the company says it simply wage settlement to around 6 cannot afford any more at a

time when pre-tax profits — down from £121m in 1986 to 297m in 1987 and (analysts believe) a probable £45m in 1988 — are being severely squeezed by the weakness of the US dollar.

"When we were making good profits we gave extremely gen-erous pay rises, says Jaguar. "It is not that the company has suddenly decided to be hard on its workers. We are reacting to barsher trading conditions."

Over the last year Jaguar has been explaining its difficulties in a series of video presentations to workers. Detailed knowledge of Jaguar's finances, including its hedging policy for the US dollar, has so far failed to convince employees of the need to take what they regard as a fall in living standards.

"OK, so the company is not going to make windfall profits this year but why should we

have to take an effective wage have to take an effective wage cut?" asks Tom, a 30-year-old assembly worker at the Browns Lane plant in Coventry. "Nobody believes things are as bad as the company says they are but even if they did, the company would still make profits of more than \$45m this year. That does not make it

year. That does not make it hard up."

Typical take-home pay, including bonuses, of a shop-floor worker at Jaguar is about £165 a week and the company says it is the highest paying car maker in Britain. Recent new settlements for two other pay settlements for two other groups of UK car workers have, however, made Jaguar's task of selling its pay deal

more difficult.

Workers at both Ford and Nissan have both been given relatively generous wage increases and crucially, in the Jaguar workforce's eyes, both sets of employees are involved

in two-year deals in which the second instalment is linked to inflation. There is no provision for rising prices in the Jaguar deal; only the profit-linked pay-ments which workers regard as an inadequate substitute. Behind the concern over pay

lies a belief among the work-force that they have already force that they have already helped the company through its difficulties by working harder as part of productivity deals. Management are taking a much more "them and us" attitude, they say.

"I came back to work here in July after an eight-month

"I came back to work here in July after an eight-month break and I was surprised by the change," says Jean, a 50-year-old worker at Browns Lane. "Managers spoke to staff more harshly and there is a lot of pressure on us."

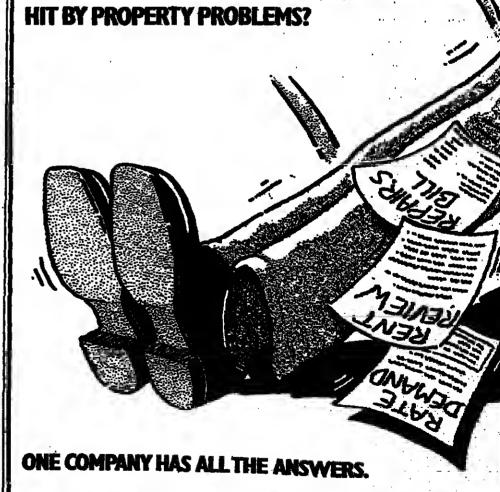
The tougher regime and the workers' reaction to it helps to explain, in part at least, why last year Jaguar lost more time through stoppages than it has since 1984. Even so, the company estimates that only 0.1 per cent of total hours were lost through disputes — hardly an industrial relations disaster. Is the present pay row likely an industrial relations disaster.

Is the present pay row likely to lead to a much worse disputes tally for 1989? Although the pay negotiations have dragged on for several months and the company's final offer has been thrown out, a full-scale conformation seems. full-scale confrontation seems

"Although I voted against the pay, I could not afford a large loss of earnings," says David, a 30-year-old Radford plant employee, echoing the feelings of a large group of

employees. Some workers feel guerrilla action - such as one-day stop-pages or overtime bans - is more likely. In the next few days employers and union officials in manufacturing compa-nies in the Midlands and throughout the UK will watch the Jaguar workers' next move with an unusual degree of

Christian names have been changed and surnames with-keld at the request of interview-



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Is there anybody out there?

"MONDAY. That's when infinity starts. I think the logo of this news channel should be infinity," says Mr John O'Loan, the quietly spoken Anstralian who was told in July that he had eight months to create Europe's first 24-

hours a day news channel. Infinity starts on Monday because from then on the 200 staff at Sky News will stop 12 hours a day rehearsals and move to 24-hour trials as the studio and control room take shape around them. They will continue until Sky News goes live on the afternoon of February 5, together with three more of the six new satellite televi-sion channels planned by Mr Rupert Murdoch, News International chief executive.

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Then, unlike any other television newsroom outside Mr Ted Turner's Cable News Network in Atlanta, Georgia, there will never again be a closing goodnight or goodbye from the presenters. The programme will go on for ever — or as long as Mr Murdoch'a purse and will holds out.

At the moment, rehearsals with presenters such as Kay Burley, formerly of TV-am, the breakfast television company, and Bob Friend, the former US correspondent of the BBC, last

from midnight until midday. Then the engineers from Sony continue work in the control room. To enable this technical work to continue, the second block of 12-hour rehearsals will be controlled from an outside broadcast van. On Monday, too, the lines

will be connected linking the studios with Visnews, tha international television news agency and Sky's main source of "raw" news pictures from around the world, and CBS from the US. Then, at least in theory, Sky News will be ready to go live.

From the outside, the £15m

Sky Television studio complex at a business park at Osterley, Middlesex, not far from the most famous local landmark the Gillette factory, looks like, and still is, a building site. There are builders' huts and corridors that can only be suc-cessfully navigated over planks covering gaps exposing com-plex wiring. Office chairs are still in their plastic covers, doz-

ens of television sets are stacked up in cardboard boxes and there is a sound of sawing

Specialists say, however, that huilding work which has been completed in six months. At the heart of the apparent chaos there is a fully operational computerised newsroom and, beyond, a pro-gramme taking shape which would not look too out of place

on breakfast television.

As well as the Osterley studies, there will be a studio at Wapping, the east London headquarters of Mr Murdoch's five national newspapers where the expertise of his jour-nalists on The Times, Sunday Times and The Sun can be

called on.
"There is fantastic anticipation and spirit," says Mr
O'Loan, who came to Sky News from Channel 10 in Australia. On Thursday morning be overslept and arrived at 4.30 am instead of 3 am. The tone of the programme, he says, will be neither tabloid nor broad-best will test ever the sheet. "We will just cover the best stories."

But, apart from the £15m capital outlay, the news chan-nel is expected to cost more than £28m a year to run — and no-one is willing to predict when advertising revenue will rise to meet such costs. Sky News will be divided up into manageable chunks for both the teams of presenters and the viewers. The Sky News

Sunrise on a typical day will be

presented by Penny Smith, ex-Thames TV, and Alastair Yates, ex-Angita TV. They will handle the programme until Kay Burley and Boh Friend take over at 9 am. The teams of presenters will stay together and in general stick to regular

On every hour, day and night, a news programme will begin, lasting for at least half an hour. On the half hour there will be different strands of complementary programming. It will range from the European Business Channel and NBC's Today show live from New York, to documenta-ries and a health slot provided by British Medical Television. there will be a daily interview with celebrities and newsmak-ers by Frank Bough, the BBC presenter who fell from grace and has been given a new pro-fessional lease of life by satel-

lite television. Sky News is very much the flagship of Sky Television whose six channels will be beamed down from the I6channel Astra satellite to 60 cm dish receivers in most parts of the UK. According to one executive, Sky News will act as a "heatshield" to deflect criticism of the more populist Sky Andrew Nell, executive chairman of Sky Television (and editor of the Sunday Times) as ITV without the public service roadcasting bits.
At Sky Television, schedules

for the opening days are being changed and improved almost on a daily basis. Most of the best films for Sky Movies, the new film channel, will be kept that it audiences are higger and until audiences are bigger and the channel is scrambled and hecomes subscription-only later in the year. There will, however, be a couple of "block-busters" each week.

Eurosport, the sports joint venture between Mr Murdoch and 12 of Europe's public ser-vice broadcasters, now heing closely examined by the European Commission, will proba-bly open with a US ski champi-onship from Vail, Colorado. Bnt as Britain's four national television channels

double to eight, how many peo-

ple will be watching the ser-vice that will cost Mr Murdoch more than £100m a year? To begin with, very few. In the first weeks, which are being viewed almost as a test trans-mission before a likely formal launch in mid-March, the main audience will be among those attached to cable television

As many as a dozen manu-



Alan Harper

In the satellite picture: Mr Rupert Murdoch and Mr Alan Sugar

facturers are committed to making the receiving equipment at prices ranging from £145 to more than £300 - but relatively small numbers have eached the shops and fitting

will take time. This week Mr Alan Sugar, chairman of Amstrad Consumer Electronics, delivered his first 500 receivers to Dixons and Comet stores, but they will only be demonstration models.

By April, Mr Sugar says he will be delivering receiving equip-ment — basic model £199 — at the rate of 100,000 a month and will manufacture Im in the first year.

However, Sky Television has already reduced its guarantees to advertisers — from 2.5m homes in the first 12 months to 1.15m by the end of this year. in addition, advertising agency Saatchi & Saatchi predicts that

a total of only 418,000 satellite dishes will be sold by the end of this year for both Sky Tele-vision and rival British Satellite Broadcasting, which launches in September

To Bob Friend, the BBC veteran of more than 20 years and a journalist used to audiences of 10m, the small numbers at the start do not matter. "It was too new, too fresh, too interesting to resist," he says.

here is nothing the British love more than a good sporting row, preferably with lots of ready cash and a smattering of class politics thrown in for good measure. This week, the All England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club (AELTC) obliged by relaunching the perennial row over ticket touts - and with strawberries and

cream still months away.

The AKLTC knew it was taking a risk when it offered to buy back unwanted seats at inflated prices from holders of debentures as part of the war against the black mar-ket. "We realise it's a fairly sensitive area. But at the end of the day, we felt we should take the initiative. We've got nothing to lose," said Chris Gorringe, chief executive of the AELTC. Quite so, say the AELTC's critics: by taking on the touts at their own game as game-keepers turned poachers, they have a great deal to gain, and the tennis lovers will see precious few extra

tickets, if any. Debentures, which last five years, entitle the holder to one cen-tre court ticket per day for the Wimbledon fortnight plus certain other privileges. Holders frequently find they cannot use all their seats, and selling there on the "black" Andrew Marshall looks at the row over buying tickets for the Wimbledon tennis tournament

Seeing red over black and white markets

market provides some return on the cost. The present 1986-90 series cost £6,250 when launched. This includes a £5,000 premium, which has gone towards funding new buildings, new courts, and a

There is now a "white" market for debenture tickets, the AKLTC says. It will buy them, at a significant premium over their face value. The tickets will be resold to the ticketless in the official hospitality marquees. Effectively, the AELTC has set up in competition to the

Mrs Teresa Gorman, MP for Billericay, has sprung to the touts defence. Labelling the ARLTC "Edwardians in Aspic," she says it is "taking bread out of the mouths of the orthodox ticket sellers." There is already a thriving and legitimate market for debenture

tickets, and the AELTC's move has

raised a lot of backles.

John Cook, a director of ticket agents Denton and Warner, is sple-

and the way it has been presented.
"We're as official and as reputable
as anyone," he says. Trading in
debenture tickets is not illegal or
illegitimate under the AELTC'a own rules, he points out.
But why should the AELTC not

join the market like anybody else? Mr Cook says it has no experience in the market at all, and is liable to come a cropper when it tries to start trading

netic about the AELTC's decision.

To prove his point, Mr Cook is offering 10 per cent over the AELTC's figure to anyone doing business with him on the same terms - replying before March 31. Anyone who does business under normal circumstances with Denton and Warner, he says, stands to make "substantially more." The

AELTC may have done little more than start a bidding war. Nor will its scheme lead to the fabled tennis loving public getting their hands on more tickets, says

Richard Scott of Langston Scott, a

broker in corporate hospitality. The AELTC is restricting the sale of its tickets to those customers using the official marquees at Wimble-don, Mrs Gorman points out. "This won't affect touting at all. It'll just shift tickets from the elite to the crème de la crème."

The main impact, says Mr Scott, will be to "put excess pressure on many of the unofficial corporate hospitality suppliers." That should lead to companies putting more custom the way of the AELTC'a official hospitality marquees – and Langston Scott, Mr Scott hopes.

tennis loving public are not, it seems, averse to a punt on the black market themselves. The AELTC's own (admittedly limited) figures back up the argument that debentures are not the main source of the black market. Of 67 tickets retrieved from luckless touts last year, 42 were from the public bal-lot, 15 from county tennis associations, 2 from competitors, 4 from foreign tennis associations and 4 from debenture holders. The odds against getting a ticket from the ballot this year are 6 to 1; how many tennis lovers and how many

To do it justice, the AELTC makes no grand claims for the scheme, which it says was prompted by dehenture holders' wish to onsell without using the agencies. Chris Gorringe admits that the scheme will have little impact on the tonts. From the AELTC's point of view, the key difference is that profits will at least be redistributed to the good of British tennis.

Are the touts really the problem, or a symptom? Mrs Gorman, the touts' friend, compares them to traders of stocks and shares, who perform essentially the same func-tion. "Take them out of their ano-WIMBLEDON TICKET ALLOCATIONS (%) raks and pnt them in suits, and they suddenly become respectable," she barks. After all, debentures themselves are freely and legally traded on the London Stock

said one gentleman anxious to return to the telephones which could be heard ringing in chorus. We get our tickets from all over. Must go, mate." Several seemed not to have heard about the AELTC scheme; others had, but were still

looking forward to record years. One of them supported Mrs Gor-man's view: "We just take a turn," he said. "People say we're greedy. But it's the ones that flog the tickets, the little old ladies and City types, they're the greedy ones."

The basic problem is the huge imbalance of supply and demand

for attendance at the world's premier tennis tournament, and that has not changed. "The laws of microeconomics dictate that wherever market forcea are floated . . . seedy gentlemen with bulging wallets and mobile phones will soon appear," wrote Barry Riley in this newspaper aeven months ago, advising the AELTC to

Though they have not quite followed the FT's advice, the august officials of the AELTC have now apparently taken the Long View and started collecting wads of cash.
Anoraks and mobile phones are

set np a secondary market of its

LETTERS

Two services wanted

From Mr R.J. Davis.
Sir, I am a small-time depositor in the Abbey National. Get ting "something for nothing" out of the proposed Abbey flo-tation would be very valuable indeed to me.
According to press reports, I

According to press reports, I could expect to receive some £300-worth of shares, with the prospect of them doubling in value on quotation, together with the chance of acquiring further shares at nominal value, which in turn would double in value on quotation.
As someone fed on Thatcher

principles of opportunism and

short-term gain, I should be expected to grasp all that is offered, with both hands. Instead I am profoundly sad that one of our great mutual societies has succumbed to greed. My experience of other building societies' attempts to offer all things to all men has been an example of how the number of services offered has been in inverse proportion to the benefits to the customer.

be served. Compare the quality of service with that offered previously by the old Anglia. There is no comparison. We seem to live in a world

where bigger automatically equates with better; where executive power means more to management than quality of service to customers; where (dare I say) executive salaries equate to size of corporation; all at the expense of the "little man/weman in the street". I regret the recent "urge to

merge" attitude, just as I regret financial services clam-bering on the bandwagon of offering what they call "a full range of services and prod-ucts. I want my building society to offer two services: a secure homa for my money, and the ability to offer me a mortgage. No more, no less.

I regret that societies such as the Abbey will have their way because there will be no effec-tive opposition, and members will be seduced by the lure of cashing in.

From Mr Owen Darbishire.

doctrinal rather than prag-matic." The doctrine, he argues, is a false economic one. distinguish between the mone-tarist rhetoric of Government policy (which is empirically and, as he points ont, also intrinsically implausible) and the true motivation for that

In particular, the Govern-ment has sought to enforce an external discipline on UK

demand of the early 1980s, and the appreciating real exchange rate now. It aims to work by showing managers and work-ers what the aggregate effect on them would be of too high Sir, Frank Blackahy says ("Three telling questions about inflation" January 11) that "economic policy is at present

It would be more accurate to policy, which is more psychological and political.

While there may have existed soma self-delusion about the efficacy of monetary policy throughout the Thatcher years, the principal aim of policy has been to change people's expectations about the British economy in

industry, to force it to change its wage-setting and price-set-

This discipline has taken such forms as the reduced

wage increases. In so far as the wage setting behaviour is at fault, the policy is doomed to failure for many reasons - foremost of which is that the external discipline is aggregative, but wage settlements are not.

Any inherent inflationary characteristics the UK economy might have had in the early Thatcher years, it still has today. Indeed, as Mr Samnel Brittan continually refuses to recognise, the policy is hav-ing to be re-tried only because it has previously failed.

The sooner we recognise that this expectations based policy is fundamentally flawed, the sooner we can avoid those very damaging policles which are undermining our manufactur-ing base and future prosperity. Owen Darbishire, The Old Mitre

middle age From Mr Julian Clover. Sir, I think I see a chink of

As the now-fully-Thatcherover-60s.

Out will go the deadly seri-ousness of city suits and com-puterised organisers. Back will come psychedelia, "happenings" and general frivolity. Our grandchildren, like their

great-grandparents before them, will view all this with profound disapproval I should like to think they will also be a little bit jealous.

Changed expectations Metamorphosis

may occur in

GENERAL PUBLIC: (Public ballot, tensis clubs, LTA registration scheme, standing room and daily sales)

OTHER: (schools, competitors, officials, Royal Box,press, members of AELTC, LTA, Foreign tennis clubs)

light in Bob Tyrrell's depress-ingly plausible forecast of an increasingly middle-aged society (January 3).

ised hippies of my generation reach retirement age, pay off their mortgages and draw their penaions — substantially enhanced by the provisions of recent legislation - the finan-cially innocent baby boomers of the 1960s may re-emerge as the leisured whoopies of the

83 Marshett Road Colchester, Essex

Stand in the queue at any Nationwide Anglia office and 27 Saddlescombe Way, measure how long it takes to Woodside Park, N12

Professional price paid in the 'free' financial market

From Mr J.P. Morris. Sir, I am absolutely amazed at what has happened to our financial services industry since I became an independent financial adviser just over four years ago.

Before coming into the "free

market" I was a direct sales-man for several years with the then Hambro Life Assurance. On becoming an independent I received extra commission from some insurance compa-nies by way of override. This was used to fund the running of an office, the capital equipment required and, of course, the staff for administration

purposes. These facilities were supplied free of charge to the direct salesman. There was no requirement to disclose commission for any category of insurance consultant.

Some four years later, vested interest insurance company executives in influential positions are achieving objectives which the monopolies commis-sion should be investigating. I think the whole operation stinks. The direct salesman is now in a position to receive commission in excess of com-mission paid to an indepen-dent, and in addition to this there is a rent allowance from

certain companies if you run your own office — and of course printing and stationery come free of charge. (You are also probably in the fortunate position of not having to disclose to your clients how much commission you are positing.)

commission you are receiving.) The independent intermediary, who can obviously offer a more comprehensive service to his or her client, now receives less commission - and pays his/her own office expenses, including stationery and printing. If that were not had enough, the independent intercommission disclosed to the

Independent intermediaries on the whole tend to be small companies working for them-selves, without sufficient time or funds available to enable them to lobby the various bod-ies involved in putting together the financial services modus operandi. The large insurance companies with direct sales forces have been getting away with murder, exerting pressure in the right places to arrive at a market place where the independent adviser is squeezed so hard that, in the end, there may be no other option but for us all

to become tied agents. (Very convenient for the direct sales force companies.) The Conservative Government has been preaching the

virtues of a free market-place. The Financial Services Act is going completely in the other direction, imposing unfair and restrictive conditions on inde-pendent intermediaries. It would appear that the Govern-ment and its ministers have a severe communications prob-

lem. Jack Morris, House on the Green,

| Starwich & Pezert'gh (0800 581594). | Top 60 | Sottlegham (0502 481444) | Record Plus | Pecicham (Greephore Pretham) | Platinum Port'lio Portman (0502 292444) | Premism-Plus | Perimonth (0705 291000) | 3-Year Share | Platinum Port'lio Principality (0222 44188) | 3-3 | Moeth Options | Regency (0273 724555) | Platinum Port'lio Platinum Port'lio Principality (0723 468155) | Sol. Gel. Cap. 8d. | Skeffield (0742 756300) | Statisfies (States (07742 756300) | Statisfies (States (07742 7564511) | Scorreion | Sc

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Low incomes seek low rents

tives, associations, voluntary groups, special interest groups (like universities, for students), charged to cover all cost except the initial capital cost, is the answer. Rents of 60 per cent of income are right out of order. 30 per cent should be the top figure, with options to hay (pay the capital cost) in stages as income rises. C. B. Levick,

46b Walterton Road, W9

Exchange, by firms as reputable as County Natwest and James Capel. The anorak-and-wad brigade are sanguine. "It won't touch us at all," optional ADVERTISEMENT **BUILDING SOCIETY INVESTMENT TERMS** Yearly Yearly Yearly Monthly 12 -yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly last. ov £10K 9.60/9.35 + bonus hastant 8.95/8.75/8.40 Chq bk/Chq Card 8.65/8.15 Chq bk/Chq Card Appey National (01-486 5555) . Five Star High Int Chq Ac Correst ajc Share account lestani access 4 m.nt.lnt tiered 9.90/9.45/9.15 8.95/8.75/8.40/8.15 inst. acc. 7.90 £2½ k+6.90 £1+ cur.a/c Min.lnit. investment £500 Tiered £10,000 Min. Init. Investment £500 instant access for the first access 90 days not/on £100 mth int at. Thered rates from £100 inct. acc. Bones for an withdress 3 mths./90 day penalty 3 ms.../90 day penalty 10 ms.../90 d 6.27 8.15 9.20 10.25 A-yearly Yearly Yearly Heliz-priy Yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly Yearly Hopphiy Yearly Hopphiy Yearly Hopphiy Yearly Hopphiy Yearly Cash Pins Smaint Quantum Sixty Magnorn Maximiser Bones Maximiser inc. Maximiser Grafth Maximiser Tg Rati Barasley (0225 733999) ... 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.80 10.25 6.24 10.25 9.25 6.24 6.15 10.25 9.80 9.25 6.15 £1 £25,000 £25,000 £25,000 Matriscard No.1 Capital No.1 income Triple Bonus Seare Account O'scas Silvelis Cap Trident 12/2ad is) Jubilee Bond II Fad Rate 2/3 Yrs Ex Pat Fad Rate Lion Sis.(S.181.) 3 months' notice, £500 9.10 Titred to 8.56 £500+ inst.acc. Instant access no penalty 13.30 gr. non-UK res.£1K 12.40 60 stays not/loss ind. £100* inst acc 90-d. pen_inot. m. int. tir. 9.67 Guaranteed rate 2/3 years GUARANTEED NET +TAX 2/3 years £500+ 9.60 £10K+ 10.00 3m or 1 Pen £1 £25,000 £5,000 £2,000 £1 £1 £1 £25,000 9.75 9.40 9.94 13.04 10.35 Britannia (0538 399399) 9.75 Catholic (01-222 6736/7) . Century(Edinburgh)(031 55 Chelses (01-602 0006) SCIO+ 9.60 £10K+ 10.00 3m or Pes Monthly int available 90 days' notice/penalty lest.acc. no pen. Muhy lest. £25,000 - 8.51% Withs. 90 days noti/penalty. Inst. acc/on pen il bai £5,000+ Monthly intome option 10 demand-0-18 year-olds No pen. if £5K remains is acc. No notipen. to bai. £3,000+ 90 days. but loss.acc. where £5,000 remains 3 months notice (+0.24% £25,000+) 6 meets ootice + penalty Instant access no penalty Withdrawals on demand without penalty 90 days' profes or lemm acc. Cheitentam Gold Cheitenham Gold Spec 90 Stares Spec 90 (ex-pat) Cheftenham and Gloucester M./Yearly M./Yearly M./Yearly £20,000 £20,000 £20,000 £25,000 £10,000 £1,000 £25,000 £5,000 Cheshantcash Moneymaker Moneymaker 3-year Bond 90-Day Option Gold Minor Acc. Coventry (0203 252277) .. Frome Selwood (0373 64367) Greenwich (01-858 8212) Geardian (01-242 0811) Halifar* £25,000 £3,000 £500 £10,000 £1,000 £1,000 £10,000 £1,000 £1,000 £10,000 £10,000 £25,000 £25,000 9.15 9.75 8.40 8.65 9.86 10.25 8.65 5.85 9.75 9.50 10.00 9.82 10.25 60-Day Account. Premior Shares Hendon (01-202 6384) Super 90 Leeds and Holbeck (0532 459511) 8.40 7.00 9.40 9.20 9.50 10.20 9.80 9.25 9.60 10.25 9.00 8.65 Yearly 1₂-yearly Yearly Yearly 8.75 £5K 8.95 £LOK 9.25 £25K 8.40 7.12 9.40 9.20 9.75 10.20 9.80 9.25 9.60 10.25 9.00 8.65 Maximum Age 18 Min. bal. £500+ tiered int. + no motice + no penaltites 90 days notice or penalty less £10K+ 10.20/9.75/9.40/9.00 As 90 day. 9.80/9.35/9.05/8.65 Inst. 9.25/8.95/8.75/8.40/7.90/6.35 Yearry 12-yearry Yearry Nouthly Yearry Yearry Yearry Yearry Yearry Yearry Acraington (01-485 5575) . Istional & Provincial* 2yr term/0.5% bones on materity No not over £20K 90 days no bal. 90 Days' notice or pesalty 8.65 £25K+, 8.40 £10K+, 8.15 £5K+, 9.50 9.50 Yearly Monthly Yearly Yearly Monthly M/Yrly M/Yrly M/Yrly Yearly Yearly Monthly M/Yrly Newbury (0635) 43676 tastie (191 2326676) Diem Rock (191 285 7191) .

My word is about a bond . . .

From Mr C.L. Jackson.
Sir, John Edwards's verdict
on the new National Savings
capital bond (January 7) was
much too kind to the Government. I agree with his quote from Peter Hargreaves, who claimed that the capital bond has "nothing to commend it". The net return to a high rate taxpayer is hardly generous, at 7.2 per cent, when compared with the fourth indexed linked certificates which, over the

same period, will probably pro-

duce a net return of 9 per cent. But when you take into account that tax must be paid on interest which will not be received for up to four years, the Government's audacity, in promoting this "capital" bond as a "not to be missed" opportunity, is breathtaking.

John Edwards asserts that charging tax before receipt of interest is "not totally new. since high rate taxpayers, for example, are liable to pay tax on deposits held in building

societies, but it is not a pleasant prospect to fork out tax in advance." Higher rate tax on building

society accounts is charged after the receipt of the interest.

I believe that charging tax
before the receipt of the interest is without precedent.

Surely the advertisement promoting the bond is in breach of the Trade Descriptions Act. C.L. Jackson 36 Greystoke Avenue,

From Mr C.B. Levick.
Sir, Mr Lewis (January 4)
thinks a free market will create lots of rented property for
young people in London. There is a free market at the bottom end of the private rented sector in London. Fair rents tenancies have heen replaced by "holiday lets", fake student accommodation.
"licences". Availability is very
poor, quality is terrible and the

price, relative to young (low) incomes, is crippling.

Housing delivered in flexible ways via the state, co-opera-

Making a European base in the GEC/GE venture

ture being formed by the Gen-eral Electric Company of the UK and General Electric of the US. They are all in Europe, and will create a combined turnover of between \$2.3bn and \$2.6bn. Each of these operations will be covered by a separate agreement depending on the type and size of the

on the type and size of the companies concerned.

Consumer products — In the consumer products area, the two companies are merging their household appliances businesses in a new 50/50 joint venture centered on GEC's Hotpoint and Creda groups in the UK GEC, with sales of £600m

and assets of £130m in this sec-tor, has far more to contribute than GE, which has a turnover of only about 250m in European white goods — mainly big, upmarket fridges and so on to US servicemen. The disparity in size of these two com-panies is one of the main rea-sons why GE will be making a balancing payment of £325m to GEC to equal out their contri-bntions to the collaborative

GEC's management will be in control of this division, where the aim is to use the new, enlarged platform to expand in the rest of Western

Europe. Hotpoint – a name shared with GE in the US, reflecting GEC is effectively folding its common roots in the 1930s – is tents in Western Europe,

By Haig Simonian in Frankfurt

MR KARLHEINZ KASKE.

Siemens' chief executive, and Mr Karl-Hermann Baumann,

finance director of the West

German industrial conglomer-

ate, met yesterday to examine the fine print of the GEC-GE

co-operation deal announced

in London. After lengthy reflection, Sie-

mens said the agreement would not affect its joint bid with GRC for Plessey. It would substantially reduce the chances of a successful bid for GEC itself, Siemens said.

although an attempt could

Siemens emphasised that Lord Weinstock, GEC manag-ing director, had informed it

in advance of his plan to nego-

tiate with GE as a tactic to

break up the consortium. Sie-

mens "knew and approved" of

LAZARD BROTHERS, the merchant bank trying to put

together a takeover bid for

GEC, claimed yesterday to be unfazed by the wide-ranging

Enropean co-operation unveiled by its intended target and General Electric of the US.

Mr Nicholas Jones, a manag-

ing director of Lazard, sig-nalled his side's line of attack by saying: "We have to ques-tion whether this latest joint venture maximises value for

Lazard said it would continue talks over the weekend in an effort to line up partners for Metsun, the shell company headed by Sir John Cuckney which would be the vehicle for the proposed break up hid

the proposed break-up bid. GE's new link with GEC

removes one prime candidate

still not be ruled out.

By Clay Harris

has failed to match the creation of pan-European groups mounted by companies such as Electrolux in Sweden or Merloni in Italy.

The intention now is to try

to expand through acquisitions on the continent, as well as through organic growth. An initial expansionary step will be an immediate \$40m investment in a new refrigerator manufacturing plant in the UK. At the same time the com-panies intend to co-operate widely in research and devel-opment, with a variety of technology exchange agreements.
in the longer term, the
strength of GE in the US domestic appliance market - it has total white goods sales of about \$5bn - should help provide muscle and know-how for

this growth. Mr Anders Scharp, president of Electrolux, said yesterday that he welcomed the arrival of the Americans in Europe. The link-up would force a further shake-out in the European industry, he said, with increased competition from two profit-oriented companies more interested in the bottom line than sheer volume and

 Medical Electronic Equipment - In this sector, comprising diagnostic products such as CAT-scanners and nuclear magnetic resonance machines, GEC is effectively folding its

Hint of scepticism at Siemens

On the surface, all still

appears to be on course in the

joint bid for Plessey, with Sie-mens unshaken after a diffi-

cult week. Siemens repeated its commitment to the Plessey

bid and to work together with GEC. But despite the denials, an element of doubt may have

It is interesting to compare Siemens' official reaction to this week's events. While

Thursday's referral of the Ples-

sey bid to the Monopolies Commission was swiftly fol-lowed by an announcment repeating its commitment to

the bid, Siemens appeared to have been caught badly off

balance yesterday afternoon

Conversely, approval of the GE agreement is likely to spike any immediate prospect of a

Mr Jones said talks with Mr Jack Welch, GE chairman and

chief executive, had continued

until Thursday morning, when they broke down because Met-sun was demanding too high a

price for the parts of GEC which the US group wanted to

With GEC, Mr Jones suggested, Mr Welch had "found a softer deal which was probably in his interest."

Metsun, ha said, was not

looking to create a consortium.

buy to sign contracts with vari-ous parties which would agree

in advance how much they were to pay for parts of GEC. If successful in getting the bid off the ground, Metsun would

"I think it has increased our determination to put something on the table," Mr Jones said. Meisun's proposals would proceeds under its plan with the ground, Metsun would intend to contrast the disposal lower at 215p, and Plessey shares lost 3p to 230p.

takeover bid for GEC.

Some observers think sur-

prise is becoming quite a fea-ture of the GEC-Siemens rela-tionship, despite their the planned GEC break np, and possibly fed by yesterday's news.

require GEC shareholders to the benefits to GEC sharehold-block the GE deal. the benefits to GEC sharehold-ers of the GE joint ventures.

by the news from London.

Lazard unfazed by European link

crept in on the German side.

FOUR BUSINESSES will come market leader in the UK, but it where it is outclassed in size together in the new joint venilips of the Netherlands, and GE, which last year purchased CGR of France from Thomson.

\$50m. in the US, the two com-panies will remain quite separate, and no plans for a merger were discussed because it was felt that it would not be accepted by the American anti-trust authorities. GE has worldwide sales of about \$20n in medical electronics against Picker's \$600m.

The two companies will, however, have a "blue sky" research agreement for the next generation of equipment. Each of them will be able to draw on the technology developed in this operation - if GEC stays in this area. There is no doubt, however, that GEC will want to try to forge new alliances with other companies, as it attempted in an abortive effort with Philips a

 Electrical Distribution
 Equipment - Each company is putting roughly equivalent businesses into this new organ-isation, which makes low voltage assemblies, circuit breakers, plugs and sockets and so on. The combined operation

partnership in bidding for

been kept in the dark before Christmas when GEC announced its plan to merge its heavy engineering business with Althsom of France. More

recently, questions asked about the possibility of Sie-

phere somewhat.

Officially, Stemens strongly denies any suggestion that some doubt has crept into its

attitude to GEC. Below the

surface, things may be less clear, with hints of a more sceptical attitude on the Ger-

man side born by the Althsom

deal late last year, nurtured by

"We're not going to sell any-thing on the cheap and that's why Jack Welch didn't want to

do business with us," Mr Jones

So far, Lazard is believed to

have won the backing only of

Plessey, the electronics group which the merchant bank was

defending against the now-lapsed £1.7bn takeover bid from GEC Stemens, and Thom-

Lazard refused to comment on the current state of talks

with AT&T, the US telecommu-

nications group. STC, the UK electronics company, remains interested in principle but

isunlikely to participate because of the cost of financing

the acquisition of GPT, the

GEC-Piessey telecommunica-

son of France.

Thus Siemens may well have

THE SHAPE OF THINGS TO COME?
GEC'S LINKS WITH GE AND SIEMENS Turnove Electronic systems & components (Marconi and Avionics) 100% GEC GPT now 50/50 with Pleasey; plan: 60/40 with Siemens. 100% GEC (GPT) & business in Europe joint venture split 75/25 GE/GEC; US operations stay separate. 50/50 Europes power engineering joint venture with Aisthom (SA.4bn sales). GE to have substantial stake in this unit's gas 50/50 European GE/GEC Joint venture cliances, GE's US operatio stay separate. 100% GEC "Assumes approval of GE deals and successful bid for Pleasey

Vynckier gronp in Belguim, which has just acquired a French business, and GE's Ital-ian-based Compagnia Generale Elettromeccanica (Cogemec). There will be some research collaboration in this area.

 Power Systems – in this area, GEC has just reached agreement with Alsthom, French producer of power stations and transport equipment, to create an venture which will have also of around \$4.4 https://doi.org/10.1007/j.june have sales of around £4.4bn. The second stage of this deal will now bring in GE as a part-ner in the gas turbine subsid-iary of the group. These activi-ties have sales of around

GE will be the junior partner GE will be the junior partner in the gas turbine group, with 33 per cent of the shares against 66 per cent held by the GEC-Alsthom consortium. It has come into the operation largely because of its world-wide leadership in the technology for large gas turbing ogy for large gas turbine systems; GEC, on the other hand, has a strong position in small gas turbines.

Mr Bob Davidson, head of GEC's power generation divi-sion, said yesterday that he believed the new gas turbine operations would be able to expand rapidly now that the new division had been formed.

Warm comments but frozen stock price on Wall Street

By Roderick Oram, in New York

WALL STREET welcomed the GE-GEC deal with warm comments and a frozen stock price, reflecting a widespread feeling among analysts and investors mens as a possible bidder for GEC in the event of a break-up may have also soured the that the logic was sound but the pay-off distant and minor relative to GE's overall earn-

ings.
"It's friendly, it fits, it adds
to earnings within a year and
meets GE's strategic goals,"
said one analyst. GE under the
chairmanship of Mr Jack
Welch has focused on those
businesses in which it could be number one or two globally.

"It's a pretty good entree into Europe" in domestic appli-ances, the analyst added, while the three other parts of the deal will strengthen GE's position in medical electronics, electrical switchgear and

power generation.

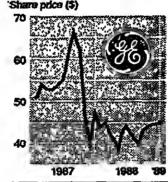
Analysts were also pleased that GE had allied itself with GEC'a management rather than join a consortium of bidders that would have to wage a long and bitter fight for bits of

Whether £325m was reasonable key money for a door into Europe was harder for analysis to assess. But it is not a sum to strain the finances of a com-pany which was sitting on \$1.4bn of cash at the end of the third quarter.

"They are paying not so much for what they're getting now," added another analyst, "but for their entree into the markets and for what they can do down the road." Wall Street has had to learn

with Street has the learn in the past few years to take a longer view of GE's acquisitions. Whereas its 1986 purchase of RCA, electronics and broadcast gronp, was an instant success financially and strategically, subsequent take-overs have been smaller, piece-meal and slow bloomers.

General Electric Share price (\$)



Last year GE's purchases included Roper, domestic appliance maker, Borg Warner's plastics operations and Mont-gomery Ward's credit division. All three fitted GE's strategy but their pay-off will be longer term, resulting in a somewhat cooler reception in the market.

Mr Welch assured any sceptical analysts at a New York meeting last month that GE was much more optimistic about those purchases than they were, based on informa-tion it had about the operations which the analysts lacked.
This view of takeovers cou-

pled with only a moderate growth in GE's earnings last year resulted in its stock price under performing the market in a rare display of sloggish-ness that disappointed manage-ment and shareholders. Wall Street will give GE's

management some time to develop its new European strategy. But investors could turn restive if hig tasks such as turning Hotpoint into a power in the appliance market prove to be large consumers of GE's time, energy and money.

ICH shares rise sharply to 92p on talks of offer approach

By Nikki Talt

SHARES in International City Holdings, the UK financial services concern specialising in money and securities broking, jumped 14p to 92p yesterday on an announcement that talks are in progress which might lead to an offer for the com-

pany.
Yesterday, ICH declined to elaborate on its statement. However, there were suggestions that a number of parties both UK-based and overseas may have expressed interest.

Mr Gary Klesch was one of
the rumoured possibilities in

the market, although some analysts were dismissive of this and later thoughts turned to Japanese predators. ICH already has links with Yamane Tanshi, a Tokyo foreign exchange broker specialising in short-term market

A key interest of around 28 per cent in ICH is held by Throgmorton Trust, the investment trust, which acquired the bulk of this earlier this year, when it injected £29.2m into the company in return for shares. Throgmorton sub-

scribed at 192p a share.

ICH has been a less-thanhappy creature more recently, however. Market conditions led bowever. Market commions led to a 44.2 per cent fall in pre-tax profits to £9.6m in the year to end-July, and the final divi-dend cut. In mid-December, chief executive Mr Ron Vall-ance, resigned after disagre-ment with other board mem-

ment white other point man-bers on strategy.

The share price, meanwhite, slumped from over 233p in mid-1987 to just 61p in Decem-ber - before the recent bid spec-ulation prompted some revival.

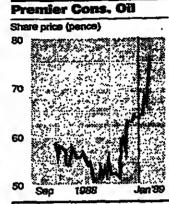
Burmah has 29.9% of Premier

By Steven Butler

THE SHARE price of Premier Consolidated Oilfields, the independent oil company, rose sharply yesterday after Bnr-mah Oil, the lubricants group. lifted its stake in Premier from 25 per cent to 29.9 per cent, the maximum allowed under takeover code rules without being required to make a general offer to all shareholders. The shares closed at 76%p, up 6%p on the day.

Burman said it bought the shares because it believed they were undervalued and that there was considerable growth potential. Burmah said there was no current intention to bid for Premier and that it had told Premier there was no hostile intention.

Mr Roland Shaw, chairman of Premier said: They did very courteously discuss it with me



good relationship with them. I have no complaints." Premier shares have now since the company announced

a new oil find in the Gulf of Thailand early in December. Premier also holds a 12% per cent interest in Wytch Farm, the onshore UK oilfield, where a significant offshore extention to the reservoir has recently been discovered. Mr Shaw said that Burmah

which holds two sents on the Premier board, had no access to inside knowledge about the That oil discovery, which Mr Shaw has said could have a significant impact on Premier's total reserve position.

Burmah acquired its initial 25 per cent stake in Fremier in 1986 as part of a share for assets swap, in which Premier took over Burmah's oil embo-ration and production interests. The value of Burmah's investment in Premier has risen by about 400 per cant since then.

Interest rise fails to slow MFI

By Maggie Urry

THE RISE in interest rates is having no effect on sales of MFI Furniture Group, the nnquoted manufacturer and retailer of kitchen, bathroom, bedroom and lounge furniture. Reporting a 56.2 per cent increase in interim operating profits, Mr Derek Hunt, chairman and chief executive, said that the latest trading figures he had - up to last Saturday night - showed "there is nothing to say the trend has changed". This is in marked contrast to the warnings from other retailers of tougher trading conditions.

Mr Hunt said demand for. furniture had been good in 1988, and that the group was helped because much of the competition was weak. "If we can't make progress in this market place we never will, he said. Mr John O'Connell, managing director, added, "we are fortunate in that some of. our competitors have a tremen-dous ability to shoot them-

selves in the foot."
MFI reported a 25.9 per cent increase in sales in the 28 weeks to November 12 to 1303.2m. Operating profits were £48.9m (31.2m). The group was formed by a £715m management buy-out from Asda-MFI in November 1987. Asda, the food retailer, retains a 25 per



furniture

Mr Hunt said he did not expect to maintain the rate of sales growth in the second half, if only because it would compare with a particularly strong trading period last year. He was confident that if the Chancellor's measures began to affect sales the group would be able to increase its market share, and could also slow its expansion plans and imple-

ment some cost-cutting. The figures did not include any benefit from Schreiber, the furniture mannfacturer acquired last November for £35m. This purchase would

help broaden the group's customer profile, Mr Hunt said.

After an interest charge of 525.5m on the group's high level of debt taken on at the time of the buy-out, and related company income of £1.2m, pre-tax and profit sharing profits were £24.6m. The figures are not comparable with the previous year because of the changes in the group's of the changes in the group's capital structure. Mr John Randail, finance director, said 70 per cent of the group's debt was at fixed rates of interest. significantly below current.

Mr Hunt put the improve ment in profits down to the benefits of extra volume both through the stores and the Hygena manufacturing busi riyens manufacturing our-ness. Sales per square foot-were running at 559.11p con-pared to £48.15p. Around 56 per cent of group sales were of goods made within the group, and this will increase following the Schreiber deal.

Store openings, extensions and relocations had added 200,000 sq ft of sales area in the first half, taking the total to 5.2m sq ft. By the April year end another 300,000 sq ft will be added, and in the next financial year around \$00,000 could be brought on.

Cambrian to canvass over rival plan

CAMBRIAN & General Securities, the UK investment trust which is fighting a £67.9m offer from New York-based Leucadia National Corporation, yesterday confirmed that it still intends to canvass all major shareholders over the rival reorganisation plan which it has devised in con-junction with Mr Lance Lessman, writes Nikki Tait.

Leucadia has already said Leucadia has aiready said that it will not support this. It owns 21.23 per cent of the voting rights and Cambrian concedes that one of the conditions of the alternative proposal - which would take the form of an offer by a new commany - is that it is accepted. company - is that it is accepted by holders of 90 per cent of Cambrian.

Aside from Leucadia, the US January 20,

Securities and Exchange Commission holds a major stake . 23 per cent of the voting rights. Cambrian says the SEC's resction to its proposals has not yet been determined. The trust adds that a further announcement will be made by Thursday next. This is the day before the next closing

date for the Leucadia offer,

Bond confirms bid statement

By Ray Bashford

yesterday issued a qualified confirmation of a statement by Mr Alan Bond, the chairman, that he had "no current plans" to take over Louring, the London-based international trading group.

The 18-page report focuses on Bond's current trading position and claims that its financial position continues to deteriorate as additional borrowings have been made.

These allegations follow claims that Bond Corporation confirmed was "technically insolvent".

Bond Corporation confirmed Mr Bond's comments, made on Thursday in Sydney, after the Takeover Panel requested discussions with Samuel Mon-

tagu, Bond's London merchant bank adviser and Mr John Richardson, Bond's senior European executive. Bond said that although it did not intend to hid for Lonrho "at the pre-ent time" it reserved the right to make an offer if another party was to bid or if there was a "material change" in Louris-

About of the release of the Lourho decument, Bond also repeated its "concern as Lonrho's largest sharsholds' about the cost of producing and distributing reports which

Tarmac selling parts of Ruberoid

nents group, as the two sums
exchanged further shots ahead
of the final close of the bid at the price he was offering; he

Tarmac, construction and building materials group, is planning to sell off parts of Ruberoid, the roofing materials

Largest of the companies is company which it acquired last November, writes John Thorn-

made by Armstrong, industrial fasteners and motor compo-

nents group, as the two sides

There are three companies up for sale, forming the bulk of the paper, plastics and resins divisions. Tarmac said tha companies would be sold because they do not fit in with the group's long-term strategy.

Proceeds of the sale would be invested in Tarmac's main

a loss of £100,000 on turnover of £9.4m in 1987, while Corru-plast made a profit of £300,000 on sales of £3.7m in the same stream industrial products period.

Mr Brian Taylor, chief execu-tive of Wardle, denied the news was a setback. He said he had

Norwich Corrugated Board which serves the packaging industry. It made a profit of £3m on a turnover of £26.8m in 1987, and employs 164 people. The other companies are Ruberoid Paper and Corru-plast, Ruberoid Paper incurred

believed Mr Paul harboured a target in his mind of 180p per

In documents posted yesterday, Armstrong contended that Wardle's offer failed to recog-nise the dramatic profit recovery implied by the company's forecast of 28.5m pre-tax profits in the current year. On Wardle's own basis, this implied a 2½ times increase in the second half, it said. In its document, Wardle stressed that its offer valued

the company on a prospective p/e of 13.2, almost double the rating of UK companies in the motor components sector. It advised shareholders to consider the annual rate of profitability at Armstrong given this fact. Wardle last reported that it owned, through an associate, about 2.7 per cent of the shares and had received valid acceptances in respect of about 1.3 per cent. Its hope now is that Armstrong's institutional shareholders, which have perhaps been holding out in the hope of a white knight, will accept in a last minute rush. The shares, valued at 155.5p under the shares and cash offer, closed at 138p.

Polly Peck in £2.7m US purchase By Vanessa Houlder

Polly Peck International, agriculture, electronics and textiles group, is strengthening the marketing operations of its fresh produce division through a \$4.7m (£2.7m) acquisition of the California-based Mendelson-Zeller Company.

The move is in line with the company's ambitions for the

company's ambitions for the vertical integration of its agri-culture business. The deal, announced yesterday, provides Polly Peck's food division with its first footbold on the west coast of the US.

The purchase follows the acquisition last year of Prevor Marketing, a New York-based international fruit and vegetable wholesaler. Mendelson-Zeller, which sells a wide range of Califor-nian and imported produce throughout the US and Far

Rast, has been sold by the US-based Campbell Sonp Com-pany. It had turnover of \$31m for the five months to December 31, at which time it had net tangible assets of

Gt Western Res back sharply to black with \$11.8m • COMMENT

By David Waller

GREAT WESTERN Resources, US-based resources group US-based resources group listed in London, yesterday announced pre-tax profits of \$11.8m (26.66m) for the year to the end of September, including a foreign currency gain of \$4.3m.

This compares to a loss of \$36.7m in 1987 which arose mainly because of a \$4.8m

mainly because of a \$48m write-down on the company's oll and gas interests. Stripping out both the write-off in 1987 and the currency gain in 1988,

pre-tax profits rose from \$4.3m to \$5.57m on revenues up from \$106.44m to \$144.38m. Mr Dan Pena, chairman, said that the figures reflected the

stability and growth which came to the company after its acquisition of Bow Valley's coal interests in late 1986. Coal revenues last year rose from \$87.62m to \$97.89m and average daily shipments rose by 5 per

Mr Pena predicted a good year for both coal and oil and

gas activities. The latter were set to be boosted by the company's participation in three "very promising" oil wells in the Gulf of Mexico: Gulf Western has made seven strikes in seven wells.

Fully diluted earnings on the A shares were \$0.12 - a turn-round from a loss of \$1.49. The final dividend is to be 3p and 3.45p gross for the A and B shares, making a total for the year of 5p and 6.45p.

Despite Mr Pena's entrepre-

neurial management, this stock has little more than curiosity value for UK investors. This is for three reasons. Firstly, the company's mix of cil and gas and coal operations makes it difficult to value by any conventional measure. Secondly, the share structure - whereby B shareholders get a higher dividend but no vote
is unappealing, especially
since the B shares yield only 5

per cent, less than British Ges. Thirdly, the Kuwait Investment Office holds 85 per cent of the capital and 14 per cent of the votes: what would happen if it wanted to sell? The 5p guit in the A chares yesterday, to 105p, means very little in an almost totally illiquid market. The shares do not reflect the The shares do not reflect the prospects in the Gulf of Mexico. but are unlikely to do so until the share capital is reor.

CAPARO GROUP, a vehicle of next Wednesday. Caparo Industries and the big-gest shareholder, with 10.9 per cent, in Armstrong Equipment, Mr Swraj Paul, chairman of engineering group Caparo, said: "We have always has ruled out acceptance of the 583m hostile bid from Wardle regarded Wardle's offer as too low and nothing that has been said during the offer has led us Storeys, plastic products and security equipment company. The announcement was

Caparo rules out acceptance of

£83m hostile bid from Wardle

ECONOMIC DIARY

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unemployment statistics. Annual meeting of the Advancement of Science in San Francisco (until January 19).

TOMORROW: National savinge monthly progress report (December) Central American presidents meet to discuss region's peece prospects (until January 17).

MONDAY: CBI/F1 survey of dietributive trades (December) discuss region's peece tributive trades (December). Retail sates (December-provisionel): European Community economic and finance council meets in Brussels. A special meeting of the GATT anti-dumping committee at which Sweden will ask for the setting up of e disputes panel. European Community agriculture council meets in Brussels (until January 17). House of Lords returns from Christmas recess. Mr Kenneth Baker, Education Secretary, to address committee of directors of Polytechnics conference et the Barbican.

TUESDAY: US business Inventories (November). Cyclical Indicators for the UK economy (December). Retail prices Indeed (December). Cyclical Indicators for the UK economy (December).

FRIDAY: Tax and price inde (December). Retail prices inde (December). Cyclical indicator for the UK economy (December London and Scottlah bankmonthly statement (December Provisional estimates of monetal Barbican.

TUESDAY: US business inventories (November). Ad hoc committee on Chemical weapons meets in Geneva before the UN disamment conference (until February 3). Monopolies and Mergers Commission, publishes first annual report.

WEDNESDAY: Public sector borrowing requirement (December). Relatil prices inde (December). Cyclical Indicator for the UK economy (December). London and Scottlah bank monthly statement (December) aggregates (December). Previsional estimates of monetary estimates of consumers expenditure (fourth quarter provisional). Presidential inauguers tion in the US. Elections in Keindian states.

BANK	RETURN		
BANKING DEPARTMENT	Wednesday January 11, 1989	dec	Increase or
LIABILITIES	£		£
Capital	14,563,000		~~~
Charles Consolis	93,838,231	-	374,037
Bankers Deposits	1,312,655,550 1,728,683,363	-	8,031,717 01,883,916
	3,149,730,143	-	44,226,236
ASSETS .			1
Government Securities	892,507,401	+	39,185,000
Advance and other Accounts	601,517,394	-	292,880,467
remises Equipment & other Secs		+	212,052,578
Votes	8,896,624	-	2,604,016
Coln	323,108	+	40,680
	3,149,730,143		44,226,236
SSUE DEPARTMENT			
LIABILITIES			
Notes in circulation	14,441,103,376		677,395,984
Notes in Banking Department	8,896,824	-	2,604,016
	14,460,000,000	-	680,000,000
ASSETS			
Government Debt	11,015,100		
Other Government Securities	7,131,596,521	-	647.096.004

LONDON RECENT ISSUES

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hout Price	America Paid	Latest	19	96/99	Stock	Closing Price	+ 00
E	up	Date	High	Low		£	
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			R	GHT	S OFFERS		
Issue Price	Amount Paid	Latest. Remark	. 19	66/99	Stock	Clasing Price	+ 01
· ·		Date	Hägh	Low		P	Ι.
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TRAK	MOITIC	AL OPTIONS
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WORLD TEXTILES

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Wednesday, 22nd March 1989

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FINANCIAL TIMES

MARKET

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HEINEKEN C HEINEKEN P	Fl. 150 Fl. 150	397	2.20	34-5	6.90	15	4.20 8.20 8.20	FI. 150
HOGGOVERS C	F1.80	188	0.20 0.80 A	41 837	5.20 3.70	33	I 5.50 AI	Fi. 150 Pl. 76
HOOGOVENS P	FI. 73	188 56 507	0.80 A	285	3.90 4.50	152 263 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	6 B	FI. 70
KLM C KLM P	F1.40	507	290 0,10	195 107	4.50	44	5.80 1.70	F1. 40 F1. 43
KNP C	FI. 47.50	977	1.30 A	285	3 1	-		FI. 48.20
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BASE LENDING RATES

	%	%	%
ABN Bank	13	City Merchants Bank 13	WatWestminster 13
Adam & Company		Clydesitate Bank 13	Northern Bank Lid 13
AAB - Allied Arab Bk		Comm. Bk. N. East 13	Norwich Gen. Trust
Allied Irish Bank		Co-operative Bank °13	PRIVAThanken Limited . 13
Henry Ansbacher		Coatis & Co	Provincial Bank PLC 14
ANZ Banking Group		Cypres Popular Bk 13	R. Raphael & Sons 13
Associates Cap Corp	12	Desbar Bank PLC 13	Roxburghe G'rantee 1312
Authority Bank		Dancan Lawrie	Royal Bk of Scotland 13
B & C Merchant Bank		Equatorial Bank pk: 13	Regal Trust Bank
Bank of Baroda	13	Exeter Trust Ltd	Smith & Williams Secs 13
Barco Bilbao Vizezga	ŭ	Financial & Gen. Bank 13	Standard Chartered 13
Bank Hapnalim		First Hattonal Bank Pic. 14	TSB
- Bank Credit & Comm	ផ	Robert Flensing & Co 13	United 8k of Kowait 13
Bank of Cyones		Robert Fraser & Ptors. 135	United Mizrahi Bank 13
Bank of Ireland		Girebank 13	Unity Trast Bank Pic 13
Bank of India		• Guioness Mahou	Western Trust 13
Bank of Scotland	12	HFC Bank pic	Westpac Bank Corp 13
Bacque Belge Ltd		Hambres Bank	
	ដ		
Bardays Bank	12		Yorkshire Bank
Benchmark Bank PLC	13	• RIFI Samuel 513	A Markon of Bulliot Mark
Bertiner Bank AG	13	C. Hoare & Co 13	• Members of British Merch
Brit Bk of Mid East	13	Hongkong & Shangh 13	Banking & Securities Hou
Brown Shipley		● Leopold Joseph & Sons . 13	Association, Deposit now 5.22
Business Mtge Tst	1312	Lloyds Bank	Saverise 8.47%. Top Tier-£10.000
CL Bank Mederland	13		instant access 11.72% 2 Mortgage b
Central Capital	13	Meghraj Bank Ltd	rate, § Demand deposit, 8%, Recrty
Charterhouse Bank	13	Midland Bank 13	13.625% - 14.00%

e	Hambros Bank	13	Whiteaway Laidlaw 1312
	Heritable & Gen Int Buk.	13	Yorkshire Bank 13
•	Hill Samuel	§13	
	C. Hoare & Co.	13	 Members of British Merchant
	Honokong & Sharoh	13	Banking & Securities Houses
•	Leopold Jaseph & Soos	13	Association, 9 Deposit now 5,22%
	Lloyds Bank	13 13 13	Saverice 8.47%. Top Tier 530,000 +
	McDonnell Douglas Bok	13	instant access 11.72% & Mortgage base
	Medical Bank Ltd	13	rate, § Demand deposit, 8%, Richtgage
	Midland Bank	13	13.625% - 14.00%
	Mortgage Express Ltd	13.95	
	Mount Being Corp	` 13	
	Nat Bk. of Kwwait	13	

Wed Jan 11 Toe Year ago 10 (approx) Friday January 13 1989 & SUB-SECTIONS index index No. No.

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Highs and Lows Index

EQUITY GROUPS

T-SE 100 SHARE INDEX4.						1834.I	1836.0	1831.5	1811.3		1879.3	22/6 /88	1694.5	8 /2 /88	2443,4	16/7 /87	986.9 23/7
	Index No.	Day's Change	Day's High (a)	Day's Low (b)	Jan 12	11 11	Jan 10	7119	Jan 6	7ear ago							
ILL-SHARE INDEX (713).	961.80	+0.7	-	4.55	-	0.00	955.57	947.38	947.66	989.36	978.58	\$ /B /88	879.19	8 /2 /88	1238.57	16/7 /87	61.92 13/12
	1284.85		9.12		12.71								969.88	4 /1 /88	1447.77	7 /11/88	
Mining Finance (2)			10.36		10.76				579.93			21/9 /88				3 /8 /87	
Other Financial (32) nvestment Trusts (76)			9.87	3.15			962.15					22/3 /88 13/1 /89				16/7 /87 5 /10/87	33.29 17/12 71.12 13/12
Property (54)	1235.49	+1.0	5.74	2.73	22.22 12.64	6.08	1223.84	1223.20	1271.09	973.89	1318.34	23/11/88	975.44	4 /1 /88	1374.86	16/7 /87	56.01 20/4
Merchant Banks (11)	327.50	+0.7	1 =	4.58		9.00	325.16	324.60	323.94	353.56	378.23	9 /6 /88	309.82	13/12/88	547.59	12/10/87	31.21 7 /1
nsurance (Brokers) (7)			9.11	6.76	13.72	0.00	961.90	953.22	951.95	914.45	1022.51	27/6 /88	823.41			17/7 /07	
resurance (Composite) (7)			{ _	5.73	- 1	0.08						10/6 /88				13/10/87	
Banks (8) Insurance (Life) (8)			28.38	6.29 5.57	6.58	0.00	965.18 965.28	679.14 666.67	678.07	674.58	781.86	20/18/88	618.26	7 4 88	298.38	16/7 /87 9 /10/87	62.44 12/12 44.88 2 /1
FINANCIAL GROUP (127).				5.10	7		691.51					14/6 /88				13/18/87	
500 SHARE INDEX (500)			10.53		11.80	_		_				8 /8 /88				16/7 /87	63.49 13/12
	1788.52		10.31		12,48											16/7 /87	
NDUSTRIAL GROUP (487)		_	10.57		11.71						_					16/7 /87	
Miscellaneous (25)			11.71		9.71											5 /10/87	
Telephone Networks (2)_	1030.22	-6.3	11.48	4.56	11.40	9.00	J1033.38	1034.31	1021.74	923.91	1834.33	11/1 /89	889.24	12/1 /88	11274.14	9 /6 /47	517.92 30/1
Shipping and Transport (1.2)	1956.76	+1.6	10.16		12.87	0.00	1926.82	1996.27	1989.02	1818.62	1992.59	23/3 /88	1718.96	4 /1 /88	2497.85	16/7 /87	98.89 29/6
Chemicals (22) Conglomerates (12)	1285 84	18.8	18.45		11.25	4.00	1275.63	1277.33	HOLES TO	3186 22	1794 48	0 11 188	1005.37	4 /1 /28	1547 AT	5 /10/87 8 /10/87	975.19 10/1
Agencies (18)			8.73 11.89		14.42 18.13	0.08	1677.03	1092.47	1078.48	1116.28	1219.02	18/3 /88	994.93	12/12/88	1795.57	17/7 /87	870.35 4 12 71.20 1 12
THER GROUPS (91)			11.07		11.86	0.00	925.68	922.32	921.05	884.12	930.73	13/1 /89	834.42	8 /2 /69	1192.48	8 /10/87	58.63 6 /1
Textiles (1.5)	490.18	+8.4	14.48	5.90	8.32	0.00	478.13	474,80	476.36	598.52	620,72	27/4 /88	432.61	14/12/88	914.52	2 /10/87	62.66 11/1
Stores (34)	709.33	+1.6	11.93		11.63	0.06	702.25	695.83	701.56	834.86	859.85	28/1 /88	458.79	9 /12/88	1160.5	29/7 /87	52.63 6 /1
Packaging & Paper (1,7) . Publishing & Printing (18)	394.08 3381.A0	+0.1	9.25	4.44	13.68	0.00	3368.96	3339.51	337.49 3311 AA	508.64 3468 94	3647 57	2 NS 183	4/3.11 3007 72	14/12/89	5870 44	16/7 87 5 10/87	43.46 6 /1 55.68 6 /1
Leisure (32)	1400.58	+2.0	8.35 16.25	3.61	15.27 12.13	90.00	1386.04	1373.82	1373.96	1176.47	1433.24	8 /11/88	1142.19	4 /1 /88	1504.79	13/10/87	54.83 9 /1
Health and Household (13)	1866.46	+0.9	7.19	2.98	15.94	0.00	1859.65	1849.71	1868.31	1806.09	1946.55	19/10/88	1788.33	13/1 /88	2699.85	16/7 /87	173.38 28/5
Food Retailing (15)	H937-1/	+1.3	9.64	3.74	13.65		100,000	17077-43	ITEST - LT	CTEST'S	121/19.42	10/3 /85	11/23/27	12/12/90	45-17-70	16/7 /87	54.25 11/1

	FIX	ED i	NTE	REST	1		Γ	AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS	Fri Jan 13	Thu	Year ago	1988	
	PRICE INDICES	Fri Jan 13	Day's change %	Thu Jan 12	xd adj. today	xd adj. 1989 to date		British Government Low 5 years Coupons 15 years	9.39	9.40 9.10 9.00	9.01 9.58 9.37	High 10.54 14/12/88 9.83 13/1 /88	8.38 18/4 /88 8.90 18/4 /88
3	British Government 5 years 5-15 years Over 15 years Irredeemables	134.05 146.75 168.88	+0.11 +0.02 -0.04	118.48 133.91 146.73 168.96	- -	8.34 9.08 9.00 8.00	67 B 9	25 years		9.56 9.69 9.25 10.81 9.84 9.16 8.99	9.65 9.761 9.60 9.75 9.92 9.61	9.57 13/1 /88 10.94 14/12/88 10.01 13/1 /88 9.79 13/1 /88 11.06 14/12/88 10.16 13/1 /88 9.82 13/1 /88 18.09 2 /9 /88	8.82 18/4 /88 8.75 18/4 /88 9.12 15/3 /88 8.99 14/3 /88 8.84 18/4 /80 9.26 15/3 /88 9.03 15/3 /88 8.65 18/4 /88
6 7	All stocks	130.15 127.00	+0.07 -0.36	131.83 130.06 127.46 127.46		0.00 0.19 B.17	11 12 13 14	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Inflation rate 5% Inflation rate 10% Inflation rate 10% Inflation rate 10% Over 5 yrs.	3.80 3.77 2.63 3.61	3.80 3.74 2.62 3.58	1.56 3.93	3.87 4 /1 /89 4.27 13/1 /88 3.59 13/1 /88 4.57 13/1 /88	2.69 30/3 /88 3.53 8 /11/88 1.69 30/3 /88 3.37 8 /11/88
_	Debentures & Leans	_		116.18	=-	0.24	16 17	Debs & 5 years Lipans 15 years 25 years	11.60 11.28 10.97	11.65 11.28 1 0. 95	11.01	11.82 28/9 /88 11.41 28/9 /88 11.21 2 /9 /88	10.16 24/5 /88 10.51 19/4 /88 10.51 19/4 /88
10	Preference	87.23	+0.19	87.07	-	0.80	18	Preference	10.30	10.32		10.84 4 /1 /88	9.54 22/

		1 87.07! -	I N.RN £						
10 Preference 87.2	3 40.19	67.07	. 0.00	18 Preference			10.32 10.48	10.84 4 /1 /88	9.54 22/6 /88
#Opening Index 1853.5; 10 am 1:							60.7; 4.05 pm 1860.	8 (a) 2.56pm (b) 9.0	00am
		Base value				ase value	Equity section or		Base value
Agencies	31/12/86	1114.07	Overseas Trac	ers	31/12/74	100.00	Mining Finance	29/12/67	100,00
Conglomerates	31/12/86	1114.07	Mechanical E	nglacering	31/12/71	153,84	All Other	10/4/62	100,00
Telephone Networks	30/11/84	517.92	Industrial Gro	OUP QUE	31/12/70	128.20	British Government,	31/12/75	100.00
Electronics	30/12/83	1646.65	Other Financi	al	31/12/70	128.06	Do. Index-linked		100.00
Other Industrial Materials	31/12/80	287.41	Food Manufa	cturing	29/12/67	114.13	Debs & Loans		100.00
Health/Household Products	30/12/77	261.77	Food Retailing	g	29/12/67		Preference	31/12/77	76.72
Other Groups	31/12/74	63.75	Insurance Bro	kers	29/12/67	96.67	FT-SE 100 Index	30/12/83	1000,00
† Flat yield. A list of constituents			ishers, The Fina	ancial Times, Brac	ken House, Can	non Street, Lo	ndon EC4P 48Y, pric	e 15p, by post 32p.	
	CONSTITUE	NT CHANGES:	Collins (Willia	em) "A" (32) has b	een deleted and	replaced by Fo	uller Smith & Turner	"A" (22).	

£200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1994

Interest Rate: 13.375%

Interest Period:
13 January, 1989 to 13 April, 1989

Interest Amount per £5,000 Note due 13 April, 1989: £164.90

Interest Amount per £50,000 Note due 13 April, 1989: £1,648.97 Agent Bank Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

CHANNEL ISLANDS

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

Wednesday, 1st March 1989

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FINANCIALTIMES

December 1988



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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

VALUE OF PORTFOLIO RISEN 15 TIMES SINCE 1987 Portrait of Duncan Saville: an investor with water in his veins

WHEN MR Duncan Saville received his first statutory water company stock certificates, he says the broker's commission cost him almost as

much as the stock. Now, 18 months later, Mr Saville - a 32-year-old British citizen, educated in South Africa and based in Australia is one of the largest and most elusive investors in the

UK'e private water sector. He claims brokers and market-makers were amazed when he first phoned from Australia to buy shares, but he now holds stakes in all 28 quoted statutory companies and is still buying. The value of some of his portfolio has risen almost 15 times since 1987.

Some holdings are small, bought as a means of getting company reports to help his research, but he has also declared substantial investments in at least six companies in the south-east of England, and holds large undisclosed stakes in other UK water companies. All the stock is held by the Associated Insurance Pension Fund, an offshore investment vehicle, registered on

Cook Island, Australia. Mr Saville was in London this week for discussions with his joint venture partner, Southern Water Authority, which has controversial stakes in three companies in its area of supply. Southern and AIPF are considering launching bids, to counter agreed offers from two large French water suppliers. Not unnaturally, the French, and probably the Gov-ernment, are beginning to ask who Mr Saville really is.

A qualified accountant, and, at different times, a financial consultant, a merchant banker. and general manager of Sir Ron Brierley's Hong Konged investment subsidiary. IEP, Mr Saville now describes himself as an investor.

"My strength is in looking at things that other people find too hard," he says, admitting that be is not interested in



Duncan Saville: clearly enjoys the challenge of the unknown.

"I'm a long-term investor. If I want to make money I can do it in options or arhitrage. Water is one of the big growth areas for the 1990s, with the added advantage of being a community service, but it's still a high-risk investment."

He views the prospect of becoming part-owner of a UK water company with equanimity, but says counter-bids are not the only option for Southern and APF.

If it is clear that the French bids are going to fail without intervention then a bid may not be necessary to preserve the companies' independence, he says. From Mr Saville's long perspective, co-operation between water authorities and the local companies seems the only logical route, and he favours the possibility of small companies clubbing together, as some have already tried to

In the shorter term, it looked for a moment as though this week's confused Government statement on merger policy in the water industry would thwart authority hids. Snbsequent clarification seems to have left Southern and AIPF with an opening.

Mr Saville could not comment this week, but he and Southern are under pressnre from French suppliers, who accuse them of delaying tactics, and the Takeover Panel.

A definite statement of intent should come early next week, but to a pure investor like Duncan Saville, who flies back to Australia today, the outcome may he academic. From the springboard of his investment in these stock mar-ket backwaters, he already has his eye fixed on the investment mainstream: a stake in the pri-

DoE adds to water confusion

By Andrew Hill

THE DEPARTMENT of the Environment yesterday added to the confusion in the water. industry when it admitted it had accidentally issued conflicting advice, while trying to clarify the change in Governmergers. The DoE's final word yesterday was that any future bids for water companies with assets valued at more than £30m would be automatically referred to the Monopolies and

The Government statement tected water companies still seems to leave open the possibility of a counter-bid by. Southern Water Authority and its joint venture partner, Asso-ciated Insurance Pension Fund, for four water companies in its have fixed assets of less than

There are 12 water companies with fixed assets worth more than £30m, according to the Water Companies Association, and 17 smaller unpro-

Yesterday, two French water suppliers won bids for UK water companies in the wake of the Government statement. Lyonnaise des Eaux declared unconditional its increased Gatesbead Water Company, with about 57.5 per cent of the voting capital committed to the offer, while Compagnie Generale des Eaux has clinched 59.1 per cent of Tendring Hundred's voting capital.

DON METAL EXCHANGE

Rover drives four-wheel across the US

Roderick Oram on the UK group's efforts to further exploit a profitable niche

Rover of North America (RRNA) have a knack for finding just the right park-ing spots, whether in fashion-able New York streets or crowded car markets.

They pulled up recently outside the Westbury, a luxurious Madison Avenue hotel flanked hy designer ehops. This is Range Rover's city terrain, a neighbourhood where doormen give a knowing smile but expect a big tip for opening doors of the \$39,000 car.

How to build on their suc-cessful US launch of the British vehicle less than two years ago was the subject of manage ment's hotel meeting with their dealer council. By clever marketing to exploit the car's cachet and well-developed qualities, the US subsidiary of the UK's Rover Group (itself now a part of British Aero-space) has created a profitable niche. No other manufactures yet offers a four-wheel drive "luxury sports utility" model. Range Rover's snccess shines all the more hrightly when set against the dismal failure of Rover Group's cars

While European up-market while butopean up-market car makers have suffered as a group a US sales drop of some 20 per cent this year, Range Rover parlayed its strengths into sales of 3,427 cars last year, according to figures released this week (Innuary) released this week (January 10)). Although this was up from 2,586 in 1987, other than showing a general upward trend, comparisons are impre-cise. A UK production strike curtailed sales last year, while sales the previous year began

subsidiary to establish a viable

foothold for its Sterling execu-

tive car.

only in March By contrast sales of Sterling the top-of-the-line Rover 800 model launched in the US in Fehruary 1987, dropped by 37.7 per cent in 1988 to 8,822 from 14,171 in the first 11 months of 1987 and Rover is facing a costly relaunch in February backed by the introduction of a more powerful Honda engine and the introduction of the 800 Fastback.

Last year Sterling came second to bottom - only Yugo, the Yugoslavian importer, came off worse - in an important independent US customer satisfaction rating, and it has been left with bloated inventories in the IIS The game plan of Mr Charles Hughes, president of Range Rover of North America, is slow but steady growth. "We want to see solid advancement of our position," he said after the meeting with dealers.

Mr Hughes might be denied a chance, though, to enjoy such a well-ordered and comfortable life if Rover Group, his UK boss, or his competition change their tacks. Impressed by RRNA's marketing success,

Rover Group could give it the difficult joh of breathing life years ago to set up separate US importers, he added.

into the Sterling. This uphill task has been in the hands for the last few months of Mr Chris Woodwark, formerly commercial director of Rover Group's cars subsidiary in the UK, who was drafted into the US last year to try to arrest the decline at Miami-based Arcona, Austin Rover Cars of North America. As part of another Rover management shake up Mr Woodwark is now heing brought back to the UK, and

Arcona is to be headed up hy Mr Graham Morris, currently managing director of Freight Rover, the UK-hased van maker and a subsidiary of DAF, the Dutch truck maker. Sterling's enthusiastic recep-tion hy press and public was squandered in a series of marketing misfires, quality problems and management difficulties.

Whereas Range Rover can justify confining itself to a small but profitable volume as a sign of its rarity value, Sterling sales need to increase sev-

European cars.

The two cars need separate organisations because of their dissimilar attributes and customer profiles and, consequently, different marketing techniques to sell them, said Mr Hughes, an American with a long career in importing European cars. Recognition of the incompatability lay behind Rover's original decision a few

One of the UK chief supporters of the separate approach, Mr Tony Gilroy, resigned late last year as managing director of Land Rover, the Rover Group subsidiary manufactur-ing Range Rovers. US officials of of both Range Rover and Sterling said there was no talk of changing US operations. Yesterday Rover Group announced that it was reorgan-

ising the Austin Rover cars and Land Rover businesses in the UK into a single manage ment structure - although commercial activities such as sales and marketing would be kept separate – and in the US Rover's competitors question the company's logic in spending heavily to establish Ster-ling, a new and naknown name. The car could be better differentiated from the pack by being called a Rover and identified with the qualities admired in the Range Rover. The threat of competition is another question facing Range Rover. The US market for

eral-fold before it can claim a durable position in the highly competitive market for luxury European count a year 1982-86 before allowing to about 12 per cent last year, it stands now at some Im

vehicles a year.

The three domestic manufac turers and a group of Japanese makers all offer cars and trucks much cheaper than the Range Rover, yet they cannot match its off-road capabilities

match its off-road capabilities nor its quiet, luxurious high speed on-road performance, according to the US press.

No competitor could close the gap by tinkering with components or, say, adding a second pair of doors. "If someone was going to take a run at us, they'd have to huild an all-round better vehicle," Mr Hughes says. He does not dismiss the competition out of miss the competition out of hand. "We're eyed carefully hy other manufacturers. I expect

we'll see more entries."

A key question for all of them is how big is the market Range Rover has created?

Defined by purchaser profile, it would armour very small it would appear very small. The US subsidiary says its typical customer is a married white male in his early 40s with an income of around \$200,000 a year. "He's an owner with a wardrobe of vehicles -often with more cars than people in his household," Mr Roger Ball, RRNA's marketing director, said at the company's first hirthday party this spring. Sales so far have been under-pinned by demand from well-travelled Americans familiar

with Range Rover's high social standing in Europe, Mr Hughes says. The real test comes this year in addressing a wider audience. He says he is well prepared with a model incorporating revisions requested by dealers and customers.

The most important changes are a bigger engine for quicker on-road performance and a fully automatic differential

lock on the transfer gearbox that splits the power between front and back wheels. Many drivers found the previous manual control confusing. Another plus, Mr Hughes believes, is the effort Range Rover has made to overcome the problems of poor service and parts supply for which British vehicles were once renowned in the US. Parts are stocked at a Caterpillar Tractor

Federal Express. Dealers anywhere in the country receive parts the morning after ordering.

Even though the Range Rover was introduced in the

UK back in 1970, the company still spent four years develop-ing the car for the US market with features such as cruise control and electric seats la test drivers are still pounding the vehicle in Arizona's deserts and mountains. Setting up the product and organisation for

the US cost \$50m.
The company has also taken great care chosing its dealers. Mr Hughes adds. All but one handle cars from other mann-facturers on which they have huilt their local reputations. They are enthusiastic promot They are entitioned from the rest of the Range Rover with many offering, for example, off-road driving schools for huyers. The network should grow by 10 or 12

this year. Above all, though, the car has caught the US public's eye through creative marketing.

Playing on Ranger Rover's identification with upper class sports in Britain, the US arm sponsors a number of appropria-teactivities in the US such as equestrian events and clay pigeon shooting, it also artfully ensures the Range Rover appears in flattering situations each as o lavish spread on tal-gate parties in Gournet

magazine.
The US company wants to keep its sales small to preserve its cachet. Actually it could not get many more cars from the factory even if it wanted them Despite doubling Range Rover output over the past three years to 600 cars a week, Land Rover cannot keep up with demand so it rations them to preserve geographic balance between its markets.

Thus, RRNA may be creating a far larger and more incrative market than it can satisfy. Its US sales are less then the rounding error in the tallies of Detroit's manufacturers. Though any new US product might fall somewhat short on quality, it could substantially undercut Range Rover on price and begin to erode its cosy and profitable niche.

Additional reporting by Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent, in London.

Shearson to show loss after Texas securities setback

sports utility vehicles, particu-

nrm majority owned American Express financial services group, said yesterday it will report a fourth-quarter loss because of a \$70m pre-tax deficit on the securities of a troubled Texas hank, writes James Buchan in New York.

SHEARSON Lehman Hutton, In addition, Shearson said that it had overstated its after market. Shearson's publicly last big Texan bank in local including adjustments earlier. tax prouts for the first three quarters by \$30m because of a failure to hook certain expenses at The Boston Com-

pany, which provides financial services to rich private clients. The announcement, though a little embarrassing to Shear\$19% at 1 pm, up \$%. Shearson, which reported net income for 1987 of \$101m,

said yesterday that it was booking the \$70m pre-tax back in the market. The issues, charge to recognise the fall in value of two issues of securi-

depot close to the Memphis, Tennessee, air cargo hub of

Shearson, which underwrote the securities at their issue, said it bought the securities which had a face value of \$117.5m and \$29m, are now val-

the \$30m after tax adjustmen to The Boston's profits had to do with expenses that had been deferred and revenues booked before they were due. There was no misuse of company of client assets, Shearson said.

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

	Latest prices	Change on week		High 1988	Low 1988
Gold per troy oz.	\$405.75		\$481.75	\$485.5	5394.75
Silver Per troy oz	333.6		373.65p	457,75p	328.4p
Aluminium 99.7% (cash)	\$2385.0	-52.5	\$2150	\$4205	\$1915
Copper Grade A (cash)	21869.5	-38.0	£1492.5	£2004	£1129.5
Lead(cash)	€386.0	-3.5	£367	£408	£328
Nickel (cash)	\$16250	-1500	£4455	\$22200	£4022.5
Zinc (cash)	\$1688.0	+50.5	2509.5	\$1688	\$850
Tin (cash)	£4210	+5	£3910	£4540	£3625
Cocoa Futures (May)	€807	-63	£1161	£1182	£722
Coffee Futures (Mar)	£1166	-104	£1232	£1317	€922
Sugar (LDP Raw)	\$247.2	-6.S	\$243.6	\$393	\$213.6
Barley Futures (Mar)	£111.5		£107.5	£112.15	£97.25
Wheat Futures (Mar)	£115.30	-0.25	£112.25	£115.7	£103.35
Cotton Outlook A Index	63.7c	+ 1.0	73.25c	75.3c	54.9c
Wool (645 Super)	710p	+ 58	488p	710p	484p
Rubber (Spot)	62.50	+4.0	64.5p	88p	510
Oll (Brent Blend)	\$16.90	-0.25	\$16.55	\$17.525	S11.25

£30m

SPOT MARKETS			COCOA	E/tonne				
Crude oil (per barrel FOB)		+ or -		Close	Previous	High/	Low	
Oubei	214 - 5 4 25		Mer	795 807	793	812 7	95	
Brent Clend	\$14.15-4.25w		May	807	683	019 8	03	
W.T.L (1 pm est)	\$16.85-6.95w \$18.41-8.44w		Jul	6 17 827	814	828 8 839 8	22	
W. F.L. E. Pin earl	**********	70.45	Sep Dec	846	844	857 8	46	
Oli products			Mar	857	853	865 8	54	
(NWE prompt delivery per to	onne CIF)	+ or -	May	877	573	875		
Premium Gasoline	6168-171		Turnov	er: 5245	13564) lots	of 10 t	onnes	
Ges Oil	\$151-153	-3.5	ICCO II	ndicator p	rices (SD	Rs per	tonne). Delig
Heavy Fuel Oil	\$72-73	4	price fo	x Jan 12	1057,28 (1057.26)	:10 de	À was
Naphtha	\$156-158	+1			1103.93 11	14.71) .		
Petroleum Argus Estimates			COFFE	E £/tonne				
Other		+ or -		Close	Previous			
Gold (per troy oz)-	\$405.70	+ 1.60	Jen	1170	1163	1180		
Silver (per troy oz)	595c		Mar	1166	1158	1175		
Pletinum (per troy oz)	5526.00	-1.75	May	1152 1145	1140 1134	1100 1164		
Palladium (per troy ez)	0132.75	+0.25	Sep	1140	1130	1147		
			Nov	1140	1125	1145		
Aluminium (free market) Copper (US Producer)	\$2395 1615 _a -154c	+00	Jan	1140	1135	1145		
Lead (US Producer)	410		Turnow	w-2507 (8	427) lots o	f 6 tone	AG.	
Nickel (free market)	735c				ices (US			md) to
Tin (European Iree market)			Jan 12	: Comp.	deliy 124.2	B 124.	64); .	15 day
Tio (Kuala Lumpur merket)			average	e 132.21 j	132.73).			
Tin (New York)	344c		\$UGAF	l (S per to	ane)			
Zinc (US Prime Western)	74 4c		Acre	Close	Previous	High/	l Aw	
Cattle (live weight)†	111,990	-2.55*	Mor	221.80	225.80		220.0	<u></u>
Shoop (dead weight)	163.61p	-4.71*	May	224.60	228.60		223.0	
Pigs (live weight)†	76.82p	+0.86*	Abg	221.40	223.40		220.0	
			Oct	217.00	219.60		216.0	00
London daily sugar (raw)	\$247.2u	+1.0	Dec	213.00	216.00	212.4	3	
London daily sugar (white)			Mer	213.00	215.20			
Tate and Lyle export price	\$247.5	+20	May	212.00	214.60			
Sariey (English teed)	£113		White	Close	Previous			
Maize (US No. 3 yellow)	£132		Mer	267.00	270.00		265.5	
Wheat (US Dark Northern)	\$127. \$ v		May	264.00	267.00		263.0	
Rubber (spot)♥	62.50p	-1.00	Aug Oct	264.00 258.00	267.00 261.00		202.	
Rubber (Feb)♥	68.00p	-1.60	Dec	255.50	258.50	200.0	0 256.0	
Rubber (Mar) ¥	69.250	-1.00	Mar	253.00	256.00			
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb)		+0.5	May	252.00	254,00	251.0	0 250.5	50
	\$525u	-10	Turnove	er: Raw :	2394 (4398	3 lots o	of 50	toonee
Coconut oil (Philippines)§	\$340	. 10	White i	494 1550) <u> </u>	-		
Palm Oil (Malayslan)§	2360		Paris-	White (Ff	r per ton	ne): Me	ur 166	7. Man
Copra (Philippines)§	\$193	+2	16 <u>45, A</u>	ug 1646,	<u>Oct</u> 1810. I	Dec 160	0, Ma	1590
Soyabeens (US) Conton "A" Index	63.7c	72	LONDO	N HETAL	DICHARG	E TRAI	0 036	PÍTOM
Wooltops (54s Super)	710p			lum 99.79		Calls		uts
		/		price \$ to			Mar	
E a tonna unless otherwise			2250				46	May
e-cents/lb. r-ringgli/kg. z-De		•	2250 2350		179 f 16		84	127 177
Mary, u-Jan/Feb. q-Apr. x-Fe			2450		73	113	138	236
mission average latstock pr s week aco. V London ph			Copper	Grade A)	Calls	P	uts
S SHOW YLLINGON ON	THE THE PARTY OF	n. War						

	Close	Previous	High/Low	AM Official	Kerb close	Open Interest
Aluminium	, 99.7% purit	(5 per tonne)			Ring turns	over 10.450 tonne
Cash 3 months	2380-90 2345-50	2380-90 2340-5	2390 2370/2345	2395-6 2359-61	2355-60	23.850 lots
Copper, G	rade A (E per	tonne)			Ring turns	wer 33,500 tonne
Cash 3 months	1869-70 1776-7	1890-5 1750-1	1870/1880 1788/1764	1850-70 1772-4	1787-8	67,493 lots
Serer (US	cents/fine out	nce)			Ric	g turnover 6 oz
Cash 3 months	589-92 602-6	590-3 603-6		585-8 598-601		445 lots
Lead (£ pa	r tonnej				Ring turn	over 6,600 tonne
Cash 3 months	385-7 385-6	385-6 365-5.5	386/384 386.5/384	383-4 384.5-5	384-5	10,004 lots
Nichel (\$ p	er tonne)				Ring turn	over 2,324 topne
Cash 3 months	16200-300 15800-900	16700-50 15600-700	16300/16250 16900/15500	16200-50 15700-50	15700-800	5,900 lots
Zinc, Spec	iel High Grad	e (\$ per tonne)			Aling turn	over 0,300 tonne
Cash 3 months	1710-20 1675-85	1675-85 1655-80	1730/1725 1690/1680	1725-90 1685-80	1580-5	2,630 lots
Zinc (5 per	tonnej				Ring tumo	wer 11,600 tonne
Cash 3 months	1687-9 1648-7	1865-70 1627-8	1667/1663 1651/1628	1685-90 1645-50	1650-5	11,508 lots

POTATO	DES Erion	7 0		LONDON BULLION MARKET				
	Close	Previous	High/Low	Gold (fine oz) 0 pr	ice	£ equivalent	
Feb	48.0	60.6		Close	405	2-406	2271-228	
Apr	73.8	73.0	74.0 72.0	Opening	403	2-404	228-22812	
May	85.5	84.6	87.Q 84.D	Morning fix	403.		227.67	
Nov	82.5	81.0	01.5 80.5	Afternoon fit			228.068	
Feb	90.0	98.0	88.5 87.5	Day's high		2-407		
Turnove	er 293 49	9) lots of 4	O tonnes.	- Day's low	402	2-403		
BOYAB	EAN MEA	L E/tonne						
	Close	Previous	High/Low	Coins	\$ pr		melaviupe 3	
Feb	172.00	169.40	170.50 170.00	Mapleleaf	417-		234-237	
Apr	173.50	172.00	173.00 171.00	Britannia	417-		234-237	
Jun	189.00	166.00		US Eagle	417-		284-237	
Aug	164.00	159.00		Angel		2-41512	232 4 -233 4	
Oct	163.00	159.50		Krugerrand New Sov.	404-	-96½	226 ½-226 ½ 53 ½-54 ¼	
Turnove	r 285 10	(3) lots of 2	0 tonnes.	Old Sov.	9512	-9612	5312-5414	
FREIGH	T FUTUR	ES \$10/inde	nx point	- Noble Plat	633	85-542.55	301.75-306.0	
	Close	Previous	High/Low					
Jen	1647	1641	1647 1640	Silver fiz	p/fir	18 CZ	US cts equiv	
Feb	1683	1874	1686 1682	Soct	333	60	591.15	
Apr	1707	1896	1710 1685	3 months	344		605.10	
Jul	1491	1486	1491 1477	6 months	355.		016.40	
Oct	1588	1588	1568 1575	12 months	376.		649.90	
Jan	1600	1600	1600 1585	IE HARION	4100	~	Q-0.00	
BFI	1635	1629						
Turnow	× 582 (50	14)		CRUIDE OIL				
GRAINS	Z/tonne				Close		us High/Low	
Wheat	Close	Previous	High/Low		18.10	15.78	16.10 15.83	
Jan	112.40	112.16	112.60 112.16		15.78	15.53	15.75 15.58	
Mer	115.50	114.95	115.30 115.15		15.91	15.85	10.73 13.34	
May	118.35	118.05	118.40 118.25					
Jun	119.80	119.50	119.90	Turnover: 54	28 DE	366)		
Seo	102.10	102,40	102.20 102.10					
Nov	104.60	104.90	104.60					
Jan	107.90	104.20	108.00 107.90	GAS OIL SA				
		* de la comp		Gio		<u></u>	Lillahil mu	
Berley	Close	Previous	High/Low			Previous	High/Low	
Jan	108.70	108.70	109.00 107.20		1.50	148.25	148.60 147.00	
Mar '	111.50	111.70	111,70 111.50		.75	144.25	146.00 143.25	
May	113.00	114.00	114,00 116.90		.75	139.75	141.75 139.50	
Sep	100.10	100.10	100.16		.75	136.00	137.50 135.75	
Nov	102.65	102.60	102.65 102.55		.50	134.00	135.50 133.00	
Turnow	w: Wheel	205 (150)	Barley 179 (50) .	– Jul 136	.00	134.00	134.25	
Turnov	er lets et	100 tonnes		Turnover 62	28 (75	38) lots of	100 tennes	
	- 1020 01					, ~~ 0		

US MARKETS

A STRONGER dollar put pressure on the metals as gold, silver and platinum markets were all lower, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. Copper futures were sharply higher gaining 520 in March due to news of a Chile smeltering plant explosion. In the softs, coffee prices were down over 200 due mostly to trade selling. Trading was again choppy with heavy volume continuing, Cocoa prices lost 9 on mostly speculative selling. Sugar futures fell 16 in quiet trading. The grain markets were firm in light volume. commercial groups were quiet awaiting the crop report due out after the close. Cotton prices advanced on commission house activity. Stop orders around 5950 in March helped add

support. In the meats, initial strength gave way to mixed trading in the pork belly and hog markets. Uncertainty over the rate of slaughter this weekend prompted position squaring in the futures. Cattle prices rose on higher firm fundamentals. The energy complex ended the week higher as tate

New York

GOLD	100 tray	oz.; S/tray o	17.		
	Close	Previous	High/Low		_
Jan	402.3	404.5	0	0	
Feb	403.5	405.8	408.5	402.3	
Mar	405.0	408.3	0	6	
Apr	408.7	411.1	413.8	407.3	
Jun	413.5	416.2	4 19.5	412.5	
Aug	419.2	421.8	423.3	420.0	
Oct	424.8	427.2	426.0	426.0	
Dec	430.4	432.8	437.5	429.5	
Feb	403.5	405.B .	408.5	402.3	
PLATI	NUM 50 t	try oz. \$/tro	y oz.		
	Close	Previous	High/Low		
Jen	520.5	527.1	529.0	017.1	
Apr	521.0	526.6	529.0	613.8	
Jul	520.6	525.1	525.5	518.5	
Oct	520.Q	525.1	525.0	523.0	
Jan	520.0	525.1	523.0	523.0	
Apr	623.0	526.1	0	0	
SILVE	R 5,000 tr	oy oz; cents	rtroy oz.		
	Close	Previous	High/Low		
Jen	500.0	591.6	6	6	
Feb	591.4	594.0	Ď	ŏ	
Mar	595.7	596.5	6.809	594.0	
May	605.9	608.7	613.5	605.5	
Jul	616.5	619.3	624.5	615.0	
Sec	626.8	629.6	634.0	630.0	
		245.0			

BEDICE	\$			
REUTER	18 Basq	: Septemi	per 16 193	1 100)
	Jan 12	Jan 11	រាបជា ១៦	о уг ада
	1973,0	1988.9	1903.5	1755.0
DOW JO	MES JB:	56: Dec.	31 1974 -	100)
Spot	140.41	140.28	137.97	133.04
Futures	143.95	143.57	141.95	135.68

645.0 649.2 660.3 671.3

642.2 646.4 657.5 568.5

COPP	ER 25,000	tos; cental	the		CI	ricag	10		
	Close	Previous	High/Lo		SOY	ADEANS 5.	000 bu min;	cents/QDIb I	perturb
Jan Feb	153.60 149.16	148.90 143.90	153.60	146.50		Close	Previous	High/Lov	
lar	143.10	137.90	143.50	137.16	Jan	603/6	798/4	804/0	799/0
ay	131.80	127.40	132.50	127.10	Mar	\$15/2	800/4	\$16/0	010/4
•	125.60	121.40 118.15	128.80 121.16	120.50 119.25	May	825/4	95010	956/0	820/0
č	119.30	116.00	119.80	115.00	. Aug	832/2	\$26/0 \$15/4	832/4 822/0	528/4 618/0
_		(M) 42,000 I	IS cells S		Sep	777/4	774/0	778/4	775/0
=	Latest	Previous			Nov	742/4	741/2	744/0	740/4
,-	18.44	18,17	High/Lov 18.50	18.17	Jen	752/4	** 750/0	753/4	750/4
	17.62	17,48	17.68	17,43	SOY	ABEAN OH	. 60,000 lbs;	conts/lb	
	17.08 16.80	17.00 16.80	17.16	16.98 18.71		Close	Previous	Migh/Low	
	18.60	16.54	16.08	16.55	Test	22.25	22.28	22.35	22.17
	16.53 16.36	16.53	16.57	16.45 16.33	Mar May	22.00	22.63 23.16	22.75 23.25	23.05
	16.33	16.35	16.38	16.27	Jul	23.01	23.66	23.77	23.50
					Aug Sep	23.80 23.93	23.06	23.98	23.80 23.85
		2,000 US gr			Oct	24.02	24.10	24.10	24.00
_	Latest	Previous	High/Los		Dec	24.20	24.30	24.35	24.15
,	5325 5065	5284 . 5049	5350 5100	5260 5040	SOYA	BEAN ME	AL 100 tons;	\$/ton .	
_	4840	4619	4850	4805		Close	Previous	High/Low	
7	4615 4540	4501 4508	4645 4500	4585 4500	Jen	263.7	260.5	264.0	200.5
	4465	4460	4500	4455	Mar May	264.7 262.4	- 261.3 250.4	264.A 262.5	. 261,5 250,6
3	4530 4590	4485	4530 4590	4530 4590	Jul	258.8	256.1	250.0	258.8
	4620	4615	4540	4520	Aug	253.5	250.5	254.0	252.0
_					Sep	242.7 231.0	242.0	263.6	228.0
<u>co</u>		es;\$/lonne	<u> </u>		Dec	225.0	224.0	225.0	225.0
_	Close	Previous	High/Lov		MACO	E 6,000 bu	min; cente/6	No beanel	
	1350 1341	1359 1359	1371	1343		Close	Previous	High/Low	
	1347	1363	1354	1346	Mgr	286/2	208/0	288/4	205
	1350	1370	1370	1348	May	294/6	292/2	295/0	292/0 206/2
	1388	1393	1377 1 39 3	1363 1375	Sep	285/2	298/4	285/2	282/4
	1383	1405	0	0	Dec	279/4	276/6	279/4	276/6
	T 400 01	,500lbs; cer			Mar May	286/0 288/4	283/6	286/Q 288/4	263/6 267/8
	Close	Previous	High/Lov				min; cents/t		
-	139.70	142.11	143.50	136.15		Close	Previous	High/Low	
	136.24	139.25	139.60	135.75	Mer	441/0	441/2	444/4	440/4
	134.75 138.17	137.00 134.55	137.00 134.10	134.00 132.10	May	430/2	431/6	430/4	430/0
	132.10	133.75	132.10	131.7S	Jul Seo	394/6	394/4 396/0	305/4	3007
•	131.00 129.50	133.00 131.50	0	6	Sep Dec	400/0	408/0	400/4	408/0
_			6	0	Mer	410/0	410/0	<u></u>	
Ų,		~11~ 112,0	00 lbs: ce	tts/lbs	Des C	Close	000 lbs; can		
-	Glose	Previous	High/Lov		Feb		Previous	Highton	74.15
	9.85 9.83	16.03	9.93	9.78	Apr	74,46 75.85	74.02 75.52	74.06 78.17	75.67
•	9.80	10.07 9.91	10.00 0.84	9.86 0.73	Jun	74,47	74.25	74.70	74.35
	0.57	0.67	6.62	9.48	Aug	72.35	72.12	72 60	72.15 0
	9.25	9.1e 9.50	0	6	Sep	71.00 71.42	71.80 71.82	5 71,70	71.40
	9.35	9.43	9.35 0.20	9.32 9.20	Dec	72.50	72.40	72.00	72.50
r	DM 50,000	; cents/los			LIVE	OGS 30,00	lů là; cente/it	X-0	
	Close	Previous	High/Lov			Cicea	Previous	Highlow	
	59.66	59.42	59.85	59.01	Feb	45.50	45.57	46.80	45.35 44.30
	59.85 60.00	59.66 59.65	60, 16	59.25	Apr Jun	44,37 49.85	44.47	44.76 49.86	40.50
	57.94	57.84	60.06 57.94	59.26	Jul	49.00	49,72	49.90	40.25
	58.20	57.50	59.30	57.80 57,35	Aug	49.05	48.76	49.05	45.10
	GE JUICE	15.000 lbs:	conta/lhs		Oct Dec	45.10 45.45	45.15 48.55	46.25 46.80	45.45
	Close	Previous	High/Lov		Feb	46.72	48.70	44	6
	153.50	158.25	156.00	162.00	PORK	MELLIEN 3	8,000 lbs; ca	ntarib	
	148.35 148.00	101.60 150.25	152.90	148.05		Close	Previous	HighiLow	
•	147.00	149.80	161.40 150.75	147.10	Feb	42.65	42.70	49.20	42.40
,	147.15	149.60	150.76 150.70	147,05 147,00	Mar	43.16	43.07	43.65	@ \$0
′	146.20	146.45	146.25	146.00	May Jul	44.76 46.02	44.80	45.25	44.62
_	144,80 144,00	145.75 145.75	6	0	Aug	46.30	46.05 45.27	46.60 45.95	45.30
	144.60	145.76	6	6 0	Pet	60.42	60.87	60.50	80.00
				-	Mar	60.00	60.57	60.00	60.00

Latest High Low 1.7710 1.7710 1.7590 1.7550 1.7550 1.7450 1.7450 1.7300

FT GUIDE TO

WORLD

CURRENCIES

Every Tuesday

INTL. COMPANIES

Agache head to be Moët chief

MR BERNARD ARNAULT, 39-year-old head of Financiere Agache, was appointed chair-man yesterday of Moët Hennes-sy-Louis Vuitton (LVMH), the sylous Vuitton (LVMH), the leading French champagne, cognac and luxury products group. He replaces Mr Alain Chevalier, who has run Moët Hennessy for the past 18 years and resigned on Thursday.

Mr Arnault's appointment represents one of the most spectacular business encountry.

spectacular husiness success stories in recent French corporate history. In partnership, with Guinness, He now holds a dominant stake in the capital of LVMH, which he started acquiring only eight months ago. Following a supervisory board meeting of LVMH yester-day. Mr Arnault also has a dominant position in the six-

man executive board.

The new deputy chairman of the board is Mr Henry Racamier, the veteran head of the Louis Vuitton clan who had been in open conflict with Mr Chevalier during the prolonged struggle for control of the luxury group. But the other members of the new executive board include two of Mr Arnault's associates — Mr Anthony Greener from Guin-ness and Mr Jean Ogliastro from the Louis Vuitton camp.

It is symptomatic of Mr Che-valier's defeat that there are no members of the Moet-Hennessy camp now represented in the executive board. Apart from Mr Chevalier, Mr Jean-Louis Masurel, the LVMH managing director and a close associate of the former chairman, also resigned from the company

and its board. Mr Arnault and Guinness also announced a strengthen-ing in their partnership in LVMH. Apart from a seat on the executive board, Guinness has increased its shareholding from 40 per cent to 45 per cent in the Jacques Roger company controlled by Agache. This joint company will continue to hold the Agache and Guinness investments in LVMH.

The British drinks group confirmed yesterday that the joint Agache-Guinness stake in LVMH had increased from 37.8 per cent to 43.5 per cent on a fully diluted basis following second share numbers. recent share purchases. The cost to Guinness of increasing its stake in Jacques Rober and its share of the recent LVMH share purchases will total

about £200m (\$356m).

The latest agreements with Mr Arnault give Guinness a 19.8 per cent stake in the fully diluted capital of LVMH at a total cost of around £800m. Mr Anthony Tennant, Guin-

ness chief executive, said in Paris last night Guinness' main preoccupation was to ensure the stability of LVMH. Mr Arnault said he was "happy" to be working more closely with Guinness. But he is likely to face a difficult task in restoring harmony inside a group shaken by internal rifts between shareholders during

Nomura to cut its US domestic equity business

By Janet Bush in New York

NOMURA Securities International, the US arm of the leading Japanese securities house, yesterday confirmed that it was cutting its domes-tic US equity business. In a statement which fol-

lowed rumours of the decision on Thursday, Nomura said it was reducing its position trad-ing in US equities and sales coverage of investors in the US

domestic market. Around 30 people in New York and Los Angeles will be laid off, and three US equity analysts will lose their jobs. Mr Masaaki Kurokawa, NSI chairman, said: "As the profitability of the US equities market has turned down so signifiredeployed elsewhere." Nomura stressed that ths shift did not in any way indicate a retrenchment or rever-sal of its enthusiasm or commitment to growth and diversification in the US.

The company will continue to offer a reduced US equities business serving Japanese and international clients.

Mr Katsuya Takanashi, NSI

president, said Nomura would develop more securitised prodncts and move into "higher value-added product areas." Over the last 18 months, Nomura has taken stakes in Eastdil Realty, a leading US real estate investment bank; Wasserstein, Perella, a top has become clear that some of tique; and Babcock & Brown, a

Ciba sees sharp rise in profit as sales grow 12%

our resources could be better leveraged leasing company.

By William Dullforce in Geneva

CIBA-GEIGY, the biggest of the three large Swiss chemical groups, yesterday reported an 11.8 per cent climb in turnover to SFr17.6hn (\$11.37bn) in 1988 and said the growth in earn-size and said the growth in the support sales. and said the growth in earnings had outpaced the increase

in sales.
Final 1988 results and the dividend recommendation will be announced at the end of February. Ciba-Geigy posted a consolidated net profit of SFr1.1bn for 1987 and paid an unchanged dividend of SFr38 per share.

The predicted 1988 increase The predicted 1988 micrease of 12 per cent or more in net earnings represents a recovery from declines of 21 per cent in 1986 and 5.2 per cent in 1987. In those years the group's performance was affected more than that of Hofmann-La Roche and Sandoz, the other two big Swiss chemical groups, by the dollar fall and the plunge in the agrichemicals business. Stronger demand from agri-culture and the relative stabil-ity of explanary rates contrib-

ity of exchange rates contrib-uted to turnover growth in 1988. Ciba-Geigy said earnings had also benefited from

one han Anter in hat won to approval in the summer, sales of Voltaren, Cha-Geigy's topselling anti-rheumatic drug, exceeded SFrlhn in 1988.

Business in the agriculture division increased by 8 per cent to SFr3.7bm, stimulated by the recovery in US farming and strong demand for anti-pesti-

cides in Western Europe.

Dyestuffs and chsmicals achieved a 12 per cent increase in sales to SFr2.6bn. The additives division also advanced by 12 per cent to SFr1.7bn, while plastics, with the acquisition of Heath Tecna Aerospaca, climbed by 20 per cent to

SFr1.6bn. SFr1.6bn.
The most spectacular sales growths were the 32 per cent to SFr1bn recorded in electronic equipment, following the purchase of Spectra Physics in 1967, and the 41 per cent to SFr479m in Ciba Vision, where come products are lenses and core products are lenses and lens care products.

Kemira to buy Boliden **Kemi from Trelleborg**

By Sara Webb in Stockholm

KEMIRA, the Finnish state-owned fertiliser group, has agreed to buy the Bolidan Kemi chemicals division from Trelleborg, the Swedish industrial conglomerate.

The deal will make it one of Europe's lergest producers of

Europe's largest producers of inorganic chemicals, and, although details were not disclosed, analysts put a price tag of SKribn-1.2bn (\$160m-192m)

of SKrihn-Lehn (\$160m-192m) on the transaction.

Boliden Kemi produces chemicals for the pulp and paper industry, water purification business and agrichemicals sector, and has a strong position in Scandinavia. The acquisition is intended to strengthen Kemira's operations in these fields in the Nordic countries.

Kemira, which has expanded rapidly in the fertiliser busi-

rapidly in the fertiliser business in Europe in recent years, has a turnover of ahout SKr14.5bn, while Boliden Kemi has annual sales of around

SKr2bn and is expected to show a pre-tax profit of SKr140m for 1988.

SKristan for 1968.

The deal means that Trelleborg now has about SKr8bn in cash available for acquisitions. Tha group has expanded aggressively in the rubber and plastics business under Mr Rune Andersson, the managing director since 1968, but decided to sell off its chemicals business because it was unable to build up a dominant position in the international inorganic chemical husiness. It had acquired the chemicals operations when it bought Boliden, the Swedish metals and mining group, back and mining group, back

in 1986. "Boliden Kemi needs to be married to a major chemical organisatyon," said Mr Fredrik Arp, managing director of the division, adding that Boliden Kemi's products could now be introduced at several of Kemira's plants in Europe.

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar up despite intervention

A COMBINATION of central bank intervention and poor US economic data pulled the dollar back from its highs in currency markets yesterday, although it still finished up from Thurs-

Early trading saw the US

unit testing resistance at DM1.83 and then at DM1.84. Both wara succassfully breached; there was insufficient impetus to consolidate above these levels, not only because of central bank intervention, but also because of the holidays in Japan and the US on Monday. The three-day break increases the vulnerabilities. ity of those with open posi-tions, and in any event most investors are unwilling to make a move until the release of US trade figures for Novem-ber, due on Wednesday.

US retail sales in December rose by just 0.2 p.c., considera-bly below market expectations,

and this prompted many inves-**2 IN NEW YORK** Jan.13 Previous Close Lates! STERLING INDEX

CURRENCY RATES 0.743352 1.33008 1.59144 17.0197 50.7625 2.42367 2.73664 8.26379 1782.71 167.790 8.84636 151.919 8.29906 2.06162 201.427 0.906667

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

OTHER CURRENCIES Limenbourg
Malaysia ...
Mexico ...
IL Zealand ...
Suudi Ar. ...
Singapore ...
S. Af (Cm) ...
S. Af (Fn) ...

FORWARD RATES **AGAINST STERLING** Spot 1 3 6 12 mth mits mits mits with 1780 3.2400 3.2588 3.2015 3.1508 3.0592 11.115 11.079 10 995 10 889 10 718 2.7800 2.7823 2.7502 5.7270 2.603 72 27500 2.7823 2.7502 5.7270 2.603 72 **MONEY MARKETS**

UK rates firmer

INTEREST RATES edged firmer in London yesterday especially towards the longer end of maturity dates. Senti-ment was influenced by recent comments by UK Government ministers stressing the importance attached to controlling inflation.

Consequently, interest rates seem unlikely to show a more pronounced reverse yield curve, at least until the market receives stronger evidence of a slow down in UK consuming spending. The key three-month interbank rate was quoted at 13%-13% p.c., unchanged from Thursday.

The Bank of England fore-cast a shortage of around £400m. Factors affecting the market included bills maturing market inclined buis maturing in official hands and a take up of Treasury bills together with repayment of late assistance draining £184m. There was also a rise in the note circulation of £340m. These were partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added £110m.

The forecast was revised to a shortage of around £450m, and the Bank gave assistance in the morning of £218m through outright purchases of £6m of eligible bank bills in band 1 and £36m in band 3. In band 4 it bought fim of local authority bills and fifth of eligible bank bills, all at unchanged

tors to take profits and square off positions. It also encour-aged cantral banks to take advantage of the relatively thin trading volume to push the dollar weaker. Conse-quently, the US unit slipped towards the bottom end of the day's range after co-ordinated intervention from the Group of Seven central banks.

However, sentiment turned towards the close in London, influenced primarily hy renewed dollar buying in the US. High US interest rates and a 0.4 p.c. rise in US producer prices in December attracted some investors back into the

Tha dollar closad at DM1.8320 against DM1.8255 on Thursday and Y126.85 compared with Y126.15. It was also higher against the Swiss franc at SFr1.5615 from SFr1.5560 and FFr6.2450 against FFr6.2275. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange rate index

rose to 66.5 from 66.4.

The pound recovered from a weaker start to finish at its best closing level against the D-Mark since July 1986. Sterling found good support at DM3.2450, not only on initial dollar weakness hut also on genuine investor demand. This reflected a stronger sentiment after comments by Mr Nigel Lawson, UK Chancellor of the Exchequer, stressing his deter-mination to use higher interest rates - if necessary - in order to control inflation

Sterling's exchange rate index recovered from an open-ing level of 97.7 to finish at 98.1 compared with 98.0 on Thursday. Against the D-Mark, the pound rose to DM3.2600 from DM3.2575 and it was also higher in yen terms at Y225.50 from Y225.25. Elsewhere, it fin-ished at SFr2.7800 from pared with FFr11.1125. In dol-lar terms, the pound closed at

mady	1.7670 - 1.7855 2.1195 - 2.1365 3.66½ - 3.68½ 67.95 - 68.40 12.58% - 12.62½ 1.2135 - 1.2210 3.24½ - 3.26½	1.775 - 1.7805 2.1350 - 2.1360 3.674 - 3.664 68.10 - 68.20 12.604 - 12.614 1.2200 - 1.7210	0.58-0.55cpm 0.45-0.35cpm 21 _e -21 _e cpm 36-31cpm 55 _e -5ompto	3.81 2.25 7.13 5.90 4.94	1.61-1.56pm 1.03-0.88pm 63-63pm 98-90pm 154-144pm	3.56 1.79 6.86 5.52 4.76
nady thertands . dgless rusterk kand Chrustay rusterd	21195 · 21365 3.664 · 3.684 67.95 · 68.40 12.584 · 12.624 1.2135 · 1.2210 3.244 · 3.265	21350 - 21360 3674 - 3664 68.10 - 68.20 12.664 - 12.614	0.45-0.35cpm 21 ₆ -21 ₈ cpm 36-31cpm	225 713 590	1.03-0.88pm 63-63-pm 98-90pm	6.86
theriands. Aginar Aginar Aginar Aginar Aginar	3.664 - 3.664 67.95 - 68.40 12.564 - 12.624 1.2135 - 1.2210 3.244 - 3.264	3.675 - 3.685 68.10 - 68.20 12.604 - 12.614	21 ₆ -21 ₈ com 36-31com	7.13 5.90	63 ₃ -63 ₄ pm 98-90pm	6.86
theriands. Aginar Aginar Aginar Aginar Aginar	3.664 - 3.664 67.95 - 68.40 12.564 - 12.624 1.2135 - 1.2210 3.244 - 3.264	3.675 - 3.685 68.10 - 68.20 12.604 - 12.614	21 ₆ -21 ₈ com 36-31com	7.13 5.90	63 ₃ -63 ₄ pm 98-90pm	6.86
glam and Chromy	67.95 - 68.40 12.56% - 12.62% 1.2135 - 1.2210 3.24% - 3.26%	68.10 - 68.20 12.60 % - 12.61 %	36-31com	5.90	98-90pm	5.52
ntrk	12583 - 12624 12135 - 12210 3244 - 3264	12604 - 12614		5.90		5.52
	1.2135 - 1.2210 3.244 - 3.264		5%-Soreon /	404	121. 141	
	1.2135 - 1.2210 3.244 - 3.264					476
	3.244 - 3.264		A	2.77		7.70
	3.244 - 3.264		0.55-0.50sper	5.10	1.45-1.35pm	4.59
		3.254 - 3.264	2½-2prpm 62-24cpm	516 759 193	6-54 pm	721 145 0.81
	265.55 - 268.85	267.00 - 268.00	62.24cmm	7 93	156-65em	1 45
	203.90 - 204.85		28-17com	112	49-3400	240
	ALD: YU - AUN. 63	204.30 - 204.60	26-1/Cya (1.32		10,64
	23834 - 2397 12	239312 - 239412	3-1lirepon	2.00	7-5att	1.00
ay	11.81 - 11.864	11.845 11.855	24-25 oreem	2.78	512-47 pm	1.00
	11.06-11.12	1111 1112	412-4 Lecous	4.72	12 11 11	4.30
			45-43thm			7.30
Sq	11.09% - 11.15	11.134 - 11.144	23-25 orena	2.96	8-71 ₂₀₀	2.78
	2234 - 226	225 226	14-15 years	8,98	44-45 pm	8.31
b	22.78 - 22.89	22,85 22,88	13-12grapes	7.2	39-361 ₂ pm	6.60
			T-Trinoban	6.56	27-20-2000	P-PO
riand .	2764 - 2784	27712 - 27812	13-14com	7.82	54-44 pm	7.19
DLL	AR SPOT-	FORWAR	D AGAIN	CT.	THE DOL	
				-	INE DUL	LAK
n.13	Day's soread	Clase	One month	%	Three	%
	spread	Clase	One month	% p.e.	Three mostlis	% p.a.
13				% p.e. 3.81	Three	% p.a.
	spread 1,7670 - 1,7855	Clese	One month	% p.e. 3.81	Three mostles	% p.a.
dt	17670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610	Close 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610	One month 0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cds	% p.e. 3.81 -2.26	Three mostlis 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis	% p.a. 3.56 -1.84
dt	1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015	Close 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995	One month 0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cdis 0.14-0.17cdis	% p.e. 3.81 -2.26 -1.55	Three mostles 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis	% p.a. 3.56 -1.84 -1.20
sdt	17670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610	Close 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30ciis 0.14-0.17ctls 0.60-0.57cmm	381 226 -155	Three mostlis 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis	3.56 -1.84 -1.20
idt	1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800	Cless 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30ciis 0.14-0.17ctls 0.60-0.57cmm	381 226 -155	Three mostls 1.61-1.56cm 0.62-0.72ds 0.51-0.56ds 1.73-1.68dom	3.56 -1.84 -1.20
da	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60	Clese 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cils 0.14-0.17cils 0.60-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm	381 226 -155	Three mostls 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.68pm 20.00-17.00om	3.56 -1.84 -1.20
idt da erlands . ium	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134	Clase 1.7795-1.7805 1.4600-1.4610 1.1985-1.1995 2.0675-2.0685 38.25-38.35 7.084, 7.084	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cds 0.14-0.17cds 0.68-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55creon	381 -226 -155 -239 -203 -10	Three moeths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.68pm 2.030-17.00pm 2.35-1.95em	3.56 -1.84 -1.20
erlands .	sprind 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.8430	Clase 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1985 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.081, 7.081, 1.8315 - 1.8325	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cils 0.14-0.17cils 0.60-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.59cpm	381 -226 -155 339 203 110	Three mostles 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.68pm 20.00-17.00pm 2.35-1.95pm 1.69-1.65em	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.93 1.21 3.66
sdf da erlands . kum rark	sprind 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.8430	Clase 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1985 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.081, 7.081, 1.8315 - 1.8325	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cils 0.14-0.17cils 0.60-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.59cpm	381 -226 -155 339 203 110	Three mostles 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.68pm 20.00-17.00pm 2.35-1.95pm 1.69-1.65em	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.93 1.21 3.66
da triands tark tark	1,7670 - 1,7855 1,4520 - 1,4610 1,1965 - 1,2015 2,0600 - 2,0800 36,20 - 38,60 7,07% - 7,13% 1,6245 - 1,8430 1,49% - 1,50%	Clest 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4800 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8315 - 1.8325 1504 - 1504	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cds 0.14-0.17cds 0.48-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.59rpm 20-90cfs	381 -226 -155 339 203 110 136 -239	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.68pm 20.00-17.00pm 2.35-1.95pm 4.69-1.65pm 60-1.10dis	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.93 1.21 3.66
adł da erlands . kuto tark ermany tarsi	\$\text{sprint}\$ 1.76.70 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.8430 1493 - 1504 114.65 - 115.80	Close 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8315 - 1.8325 1505 - 1504 114.70 - 114.80	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30ca/s 0.14-0.17cd/s 0.48-0.57cps 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepnt 0.62-0.59cpm 20-90cd/s 22-27cd/s	381 226 155 239 219 219 219 219 219	Three months 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.66pm 2.05-0.17.00pm 2.35-1.95pm 6.0-11.05pm 6.0-11.05pm 6.71-878s	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.26 -2.85
nd†	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0600 38.20 - 38.60 7.07% - 7.13% 1.6245 - 1.8130 1.91% - 150% 1.94% - 150% 1.94% - 158%	Ciese 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1955 - 1.1975 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8315 - 1.8325 1.503 - 1.503 114.76 - 114.90 1344 - 1345	0.58-0.55cpm 0.28-0.35cpm 0.28-0.30cdis 0.14-0.17cdts 0.60-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.59cpm 20-90cdts 22-27cdis 2.00-3.80dredts	381 226 155 239 219 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 23	Three mouths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dls 0.51-0.56dls 1.73-1.66pm 2.00-17.00pm 2.75-1.75pm 60-110dls 77-87dls 8.50-9.40dls	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -2.25
adt	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0600 38.20 - 38.60 7.07% - 7.13% 1.6245 - 1.8130 1.91% - 150% 1.94% - 150% 1.94% - 158%	Ciese 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1955 - 1.1975 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8315 - 1.8325 1.503 - 1.503 114.76 - 114.90 1344 - 1345	0.58-0.55cpm 0.28-0.35cpm 0.28-0.30cdis 0.14-0.17cdts 0.60-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.59cpm 20-90cdts 22-27cdis 2.00-3.80dredts	381 226 155 239 219 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 23	Three mouths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dls 0.51-0.56dls 1.73-1.66pm 2.00-17.00pm 2.75-1.75pm 60-110dls 77-87dls 8.50-9.40dls	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -2.25
andt	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.4610 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.8130 1.934 - 1.504 1.1465 - 1.15 80 1.341 - 1.345 1.5545 - 6.694	Clear 1.7795 - 1.7805 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0475 - 2.0485 38.25 - 38.35 7.094 - 7.084 1.8315 - 1.6325 1.8315 - 1.6	Oce month 0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cds 0.46-0.17cdts 0.40-0.57cpm 7.50-5.50cppm 0.75-0.55ccrpm 0.62-0.59cpm 20-40cds 22-27cds 1.00-1.35credts 1.10-1.35credts	381 381 381 381 381 381 381 381 381 381	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.73-1.65ipm 2.000-17.00pm 2.35-1.95pm 1.69-1.10dis 77-87dis 8.50-9.40dis 8.50-9.40dis	3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -2.25
add da da dariands daria da daria da daria da da da da daria da da daria da da da da da da da da da da da da da	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.830 1.904 - 1504 1.1465 - 115.80 1.341 - 1345 4 6.551 - 6.694 6.224 - 6.284	Clear 1.7795 - 1.7895 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0665 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8314 - 1.8324 1.8314 - 1.8344 1.8344 - 1.8344 4.6545 - 6.66 6.244 - 6.244	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30ciiis 0.44-0.17cilis 0.40-0.57cpm 0.75-0.55cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 20-00cilis 20-20cilis 2.0-3.80dredit 1.10-1.35credis 0.39-0.34cpm	**************************************	Three months 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72dis 0.51-0.56des 1.73-1.66pm 2.35-1.95pm 1.69-1.65pm 60-110dis 77-87dis 8.50-9.40dis 3.05-3.35dis 1.25-1.15pm	% P.4. 3.56 -1.84 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.26 -2.66 -2.77
adt	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 88.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8285 - 1.8330 1.944 - 1504 1.1465 - 115.80 1.341 - 1345 4 5.554 - 6.694 6.225 - 6.284	Clear 17755 17805 14600 14610 11865 11995 20575 20685 3025 3035 7.094 7.084 18315 14825 1505 1504 11476 11480 13444 13454 4.6554 6.66 6.244 6.244 6.255 6.26	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30csis 0.14-0.17cds 0.49-0.57cps 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 20-90cdis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.10-1.35credis 0.39-0.34cpm	**************************************	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72sis 0.51-0.56dbs 1.73-1.66pm 2.066-17.00pm 2.066-17.00pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.77-87ds 8.50-9.40ds 3.05-3.35ds 1.25-1.15pm 1.30-1.460ss	3.56 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -1.97 -0.95
andt	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.830 1.904 - 1504 1.1465 - 115.80 1.341 - 1345 4 6.551 - 6.694 6.224 - 6.284	Clear 17755 17805 14600 14610 11865 11995 20575 20685 3025 3035 7.094 7.084 18315 14825 1505 1504 11476 11480 13444 13454 4.6554 6.66 6.244 6.244 6.255 6.26	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30csis 0.14-0.17cds 0.49-0.57cps 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 20-90cdis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.10-1.35credis 0.39-0.34cpm	**************************************	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72sis 0.51-0.56dbs 1.73-1.66pm 2.066-17.00pm 2.066-17.00pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.77-87ds 8.50-9.40ds 3.05-3.35ds 1.25-1.15pm 1.30-1.460ss	3.56 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -1.97 -0.95
Bd†	spread 1.7670 - 1.7856 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 38.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8245 - 1.8100 1.944 - 1.504 1.1465 - 1.15.80 1.341 - 1.3454 6.2545 - 6.254 6.244 - 6.254 6.245 - 6.254	Clear 1.7795 - 1.7895 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8314 - 1.8324 1.8314 - 1.8344 1.8344 - 1.8344 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30cds 0.24-0.17cds 0.24-0.25crepm 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 0.62-0.55crepm 0.62-0.55crepm 1.00-3.80Gredk 1.10-1.25credk 1.10-1.25credk 0.39-0.34cpm 0.45-0.64cds 0.61-0.65cds	***************************************	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.52-0.72dis 0.51-0.56dis 1.70-1.65pm 0.51-0.55dis 1.70-1.65pm 6.0-110dis 77-827dis 8.50-9.40dis 3.05-3.35dis 1.75-1.15pm 1.30-1.65dis 1.75-1.15pm 1.30-1.65dis 1.75-1.15pm 1.30-1.65dis 1.75-1.15pm 1.30-1.65dis	356 -184 -120 325 121 326 -226 -226 -277 -478
adt	spread 1.7670 - 1.7855 1.4520 - 1.4610 1.1965 - 1.2015 2.0600 - 2.0800 38.20 - 88.60 7.074 - 7.134 1.8285 - 1.8330 1.944 - 1504 1.1465 - 115.80 1.341 - 1345 4 5.554 - 6.694 6.225 - 6.284	Clear 1.7795 - 1.7895 1.4600 - 1.4610 1.1985 - 1.1995 2.0675 - 2.0685 38.25 - 38.35 7.084 - 7.084 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8313 - 1.8323 1.8314 - 1.8324 1.8314 - 1.8344 1.8344 - 1.8344 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26 6.254 - 6.26	0.58-0.55cpm 0.25-0.30csis 0.14-0.17cds 0.49-0.57cps 7.50-5.50cpm 0.75-0.55crepm 20-90cdis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.00-3.80dredis 1.10-1.35credis 0.39-0.34cpm	**************************************	Three mooths 1.61-1.56pm 0.62-0.72sis 0.51-0.56dbs 1.73-1.66pm 2.066-17.00pm 2.066-17.00pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.0-11.06pm 6.77-87ds 8.50-9.40ds 3.05-3.35ds 1.25-1.15pm 1.30-1.460ss	3.56 -1.20 3.25 1.21 3.64 -2.25 -2.25 -1.97 -0.95

POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND Jan 13 Day's Clase One month % Three %

Reloka Franc 42,4582 43,6499 42,91 40,54 ±	EMS E	UROPE	an Curi	RENCY	UNIT RAT	72
Danith Krone		central	against Eco	from " central	adjusted for	Diverges, (limit %
rish Part	Danish Krone German D-Mark French Franc Dotch Guilder	7.85212 2.05853 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411	8.06615 2.08453 7.10974 2.35256 0.779191	+2.73 +1.26 +2.98 +1.43 +1.40	+0.46 -1.01 +0.71 -0.84 -0.87	±1.534 ±1.540 ±1.098 ±1.367 ±1.581; ±1.668 ±4.075;

Jan 13	Short. terru	7 Days, potice	One Month	Three Moutis	Six Mouths	Year
riling	87.84	13-12% 9%-9 10-1-58 58-58 53-58 124-77 42-43 84-99	134-93 94-193 95-193 55-554 55-554 55-554 12-17-5 12-17-5 44-84 84-84	134-134 95-75 115-165 58-55 55-55 55-55 85-85 124-115 74-75 42-45 81-8	131-13 9/2-111- 9/2-11- 9/2-11- 9/2-11- 9/2-11- 9/2-11- 9/2-11- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2- 9/2	128-121 912-11 12-11 12-11 12-15 13-5 13-5 12-7 12-7 13-7 13-7 13-7 13-7 13-7 13-7 13-7 13

		E	(CHA	NGE	CRC	955	RATE	S		
Jas 13	£	5	010	Yes	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Lira	C5	8 F
£ S	0.562	1.780 1	3260	225.5 126.7	11.12 6.247	2.780 1.562	3.680 2.067	2394 1345	2140 1,202	68.1 38.2
AEM OW	0.307 4.435	0.546 7.894	14.46	69.17 1000.	3411 4931	0.853 12.33	1.129 16.32	734.4 10616	0.656 9.490	20.9 302
F Fr. 5 Fr.	0.899 0.360	1.601 0.640	2.932 1.173	202.0 81.12	10. 4.000	2.500 1	3,309 1,324	2153 861.2	1.924 0.770	61.2 24.5
H FL Lica	0.272 0.415	0.484 0.744	0.886 1.362	61.28 94.19	1,022 4645	0.755 1.161	1 1.537	650.5 1000.	0.582 0.894	IR5 28.4
C S 8 Fr.	0.467 1.467	0.832 2.612	1.523 4.784	105.4 330.9	5.1% 16.32	1.299 4.079	1.720 5.400	别	3.140	3).8 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING C11.00 a.m. Jan.13) 3 asouths DS dollars 6 mostly US Dollars

MONEY RATES Treasury &ills and Bonds **NEW YORK** (Lunchtime) Dae Morets Twn Months Three Months Six Months 535-550 84-84 495-5.05 81-85 45-45 525-5.40 3.78125 111-111, 7.35 7.71 辍

L	ONDO	N MC	NEY	RATE	S	_
Jan.13	Overnight.	7 days notice	One Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year
Interhank Offer Interhank Bid Sterling CDs. Local Authority Deos. Local Authority Deos Uscal Authority Boods Oscount Bit Deps. Finance House Deposits Finance House Bid Edit Linked Dep Bid Edit Linked Dep Bid Edit Linked Dep Bid Edit Linked Dep Bid	:	124, 124, 124,	114 13 123 123 124 13 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124	7764 4745556 2222 - 12223556 2322 - 12233556 23235 - 12335556 23255 - 1235556	1344 1374 1374 1374 1284 1284 9.50-9.45 864	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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AMERICA

Strong bonds rally encourages Dow to rise

Wall Street

A POWERFUL rally in the bond market enabled equity prices to overcome profit-taking and move moderately higher yesterday, writes Anatole Kaletsky in New York.

The bond market rally, which was set off by the publication of much weaker-than-expected restell selections. pected retail sales figures, sent long-term interest rates tuming to undermine the newfound enthusiasm for the dollar in the foreign

The combination of a strong dollar and declining interest rates provided a good back-ground for the equity market

to digest the big gains it had made over the past few days. At 2pm, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was 6.25 up at 2,228.57 in moderate trading. About 80m shares changed hands before lunch on the New York Stock Exchange, as advancing shares outnumbered ecliners by a small margin. Before the retail sales figures were published, many analysts had expected a weaker opening on Wall Street, reflecting the need for some consolidation after the decisive break through the 2,200 mark on the Dow on Thursday.

The market rose on six out of the previous eight sessions and was now in the ninth consecutive week of a recovery which began shortly after November's presidential elec-

However, the bond market surged by more than a full point early in the morning on news that retail sales rose only 0.2 per cent in December against a consensus estimate of 1.4 per cent among market economists. Many analysts expressed scepticism about the retail sales figures, which are notoriously open to later revi-

Some also saw bearish implications in the producer price index for December, which showed a rise of 0.4 per cent.
But by lunchtime, the Treasury's long bond had settled if up at 101, a price at which it yielded 8.88 per cent. Federal Funds traded throughout the morning at 91 per cent. The dollar continued to rise despite the lower interest rates and central bank intervention. At DM7L8365.

The strength in bonds enabled the equity market to recoup rapidly the small losses it suffered from profit-taking early in the session and analysts pointed to the 2,240 to 2,260 range on the Dow as the next objective. This was around the market's closing level on the day before Black Monday.

One of the day's busiest shares was SmithKline Beckman, up \$1 at \$53%. The big pharmaceuticals company has repeatedly been the subject of

Shearson Lehman Hutton which announced a big charge connected with portfolio losses nevertheless rose \$% to \$19%. Technology and industrial stocks figured prominently among the day's losers, partly perhaps because of strength of the dollar.

Canada

THERE was little movement in Toronto share prices, with the midsession composite index up 4.08 at 3,490.38. Volume was heavy at 21.6m shares. Texaco Canada, which paid its special stock dividend on Thursday, lost C\$% to C\$39%.

Energetic week ends on a celebratory note

records, as corporate news and peculation buoyed sentiment in many bourses. Frankfurt and Paris ended weaker against the trend, writes Our

Markets Staff. ZURICH was dominated by interest in employment group Adia and food giant Nestle, ending firmer in moderate turnover. The Crédit Suisse index climbed to a post-crash record of 541.2, up 1.9.

Adia was active on specula-tion over possible purchases of hits of Britain's Blue Arrow group after news that the new head, Mr Mitchell Fromstein, had had talks with Adia. Its bearers climbed SFr175 to

Nestlé, which is holding a road show in the US, saw its participation certificates climb SFr10 to SFr1370 — having been np SFr30 — on rumours that the company will this weekend announce that it is going to consolidate its PCs into bearers to reorganise fur-

account buoyantly as optimism star performer, metals group

about the new month and posi-tion-squaring helped the Comit index up 3.17 to 600.41 in heavier volume than Thursday's provisional L174bn. Banks

were strong. The new account will see six Italian stocks quoted on Lon-don's Seaq International from Monday as well as Fiat's ADR listing mid-month.

AMSTERDAM rallied on Wall Street's firm start to another post-crash high, with the CBS tendency index up 19 at 162.1 in active trading worth Fi 1.1bn

Royal Dutch gained Fi 2.60 to Fl 241.50; it has a two-for-one stock split on Wednesday. Oce van der Grinten, tha office equipment maker, climbed F1 13 to F1 300 before being suspended for its renewed forecast of flat profits of Fl 75m. Publisher KNP rose Fl 1.20 to Fl 48.20. It announced a 44 per cent rise in 1988 net profits to

about Fl 250m. BRUSSELS reached another all-time peak, with its cash market index up 18.2 at 5,709.0. MILAN ended the January Profit-taking left Thursday's

Hoboken, BFr525 lower at BFT14.650. STOCKHOLM completed a week of rises with another record high, as the Affars-världen index gained 1.8 to

Recent press reports on Astra's ulcer drug helped its free B shares close SKr13 up at SKr262. Trelleborg, which has improved its 1988 profits forecast, gained SKr6 to SKr330. OSLO moved higher in its heaviest turnover ever after news of Norway's largest monthly trade surplus for

almost five years. The all-share index gained 3.11 to 379.84 in trading worth NKr593m. FRANKFURT succumbed to another spate of rumours, with negative talk about Daimler sending that stock sharply lower. The FAZ index was off 1.57 at 565.12 and the DAX down 5.49 at 1.353.25.

Turnover was similar to Thursday's at DM4.2bn, with Daimler the most active as DM377m worth of shares changed hands. The stock ended DM12.50 lower at DM734.50, recovering from a low of DM728, after rumours that Der Spiegel magazine would carry an article on Monday saying the motor company had suffered heavy foreign exchange losses.

Der Spiegel said it had no such report planned, and a spokesman for Daimler, which said last month that profits could be lower, denied the speculation about large losses. Feldmühle Nobel, the industrial group, ended down DML30 at DM298 after reaching DM310 in pre-bourse trading on rumours, also denied that the Flick brothers would

start a takeover bid again.

Unusually, it was the second

most active stock with DM282m worth traded. Chemicals Hoechst and Bayer lost DM2 to DM305.70 and DM2.50 to DM307.30 after Hoechst said joint testing of an AIDS drug had not produced substantive results; the shares had risen on Wednesday on

talk of a breakthrough. PARIS opened strongly as speculative activity continued, but concern about Monday's bourse employees' strike left

shares slightly lower The opening CAC General index was np 6.9 at a post-crash record of 441.3, but by the close the OMF 50 index had eased 0.24 to 457.60.

Moulinex, off 50 centimes at FFr126.90, and BSN, FFr16 wer at FFr700, were busy. Rumours continued to surround BSN - it opened at FFr733 - and the latest was that it was interested in buying Perrier or vice versa. Perput on FFr1 to FFr1,607. LVMH lost FFr219 to FFr3,670, with 72,850 shares traded, after Mr Bernard Arnault was appointed chair-man in place of Mr Alain Che-

Oil group Total saw about 260,000 shares dealt, jumping FFr30.50 to FFr422. MADRID finished strongly

The general index rose 244 to 280.33, ending the week with a gain of 2.5 per cent.
Electricity giant Endesa found 12 points to 231 per cent

of par, helped by its ADR list-ing in New York and news this week of a 4.1 per cent rise in domestic electricity tariffs.

SOUTH AFRICA

LIGHT profit-taking tipped Johannesburg shares off their highs and most stocks ended mixed to lower. In the gold ector, Vaal Reefs lost R2 to R270 and Ofsil fell R1 to B69.

Tokyo confirms it is as hard-boiled as the rest

HATEVER the sentiments of ordinary Japanese towards the demise of their Emperor, the Tokyo market proved once and for all this week thet it is as cold-blooded as any market

anywhere.
Virtually every broker in
Tokyo had expected the market to express its condolences
to the Imperial Family with a
modest fall when trading
reopened last Monday. In reality, the market's behaviour throughout the week has been anything but decorous: trading volume was high, and the Nik-kei average seemed to be trying to give new meaning to the phrase leaps and bounds. Apart from a catnap on Thursday, the index stepped up every day to a record close, adding 3.6 per cent overall to end the week just shy of 31,300. "The consensus was that there would be a better opportunity to buy the market once the Emperor had died," says

Mr Simon Smithson, an analyst at brokers Kleinwort Benson in Tokyo. So on Monday morning, demand which had built up during four months of waiting was released on a market which seems to have been

caught partly unawares. By last night, the list of clos-ing prices of TSE traded stocks was peppered with record finishes, across a broad range of

sectors.

The index now has a threeday Japanese bank holiday weekend to contemplate its next move; but the overwhelming consensus among brokers is that, barring external calamities, the market is headed higher still.

Few if any brokers seem willing to predict that satisfying the pent-up demand of the past four months will be a matter of one week's bnying only. And given that Japanese institutions are about to stuff their pockets with the proceeds of a net YL5 trillion (million million) (\$11.8bn) in bond redemptions next month, it is difficult to see pressure on demand easing in the near future either. "There is an awful lot of money coming to the institutions, and they haven't got many places to put it," says analyst Mr Andrew Ballingal

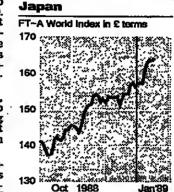
of Barclays de Zoete Wedd's

Tokyo office.

"Nobody can be negative about the supply/demand situation for equities at the moment, especially with the bond market as tight as it is," he argues, noting that the strength of Japanese government finances means a comment finances means a commen tinuing shortage of supply in the bond market.

"The Japanese institutions are not only bullish, but they have got a lot of money to be bullish with."

Pension fund inflows conto 20 per cent a year. And the near term impact of last December's tax changes is to encourage individuals to huy shares before the April intro-duction of a withholding tax on equity market purchases.



Against the formidable array of forces on the demand side. the supply of equity to the market in the new year is expected to be little changed from last year's high levels. There will be another tranche of NTT to cope with - 1.95m shares late in the autumn, unless : continued market strength persuades the Minis-try of Finance that it can get away with even more - while other privatisation issues wait in the wings. For the moment, at least, demand looks like being more than equal to the

"The risk would be if the market fundamentals suddenly deteriorated," cautions Mr Bal-Bot it is an odd broker

indeed who does not wax lyri-

cal on the fundamentals for the

Japanese market at the

year's magical formula of high growth and low inflation in 1989 as well. For the fiscal year which begins in April, analysts are forecasting gross national product growth of between 4 and 5 per cent coupled with inflation of only a percentage point or two. High growth and high corporate profits, low inflation and low interest rates: it is the sort of scenario that cannot help but inspire All that does not mean that

the extraordinary enthusiasm of the past week will survive the three-day break, and that the index will continue levitat-ing daily. Eveo hyperactive children rest sometimes, and Tokyo may find it cannot keep up the pace.

The fundamental picture, too, is not quite as flawless as all that. Oil prices would normally be the stuff of which anxiety is made in Tokyo; but the market took \$18 a barrel in its stride this week and it is difficult to see prices sustained at much higher levels than that. So unless a declining yen and rising oil prices conspire to drive interest rates higher -and disadvantage equities as a result - the bets are oo the market taking a temporary breather only, before resuming its climb.

As though price/earning ratios in Tokyo were not high enough already - BZW puts the market on 59 times earnings to March 1989 falling only to 54 times March 1990 earnings - that would take them higher still. And higher p/e's will presumably do little to attract Japan-shy foreign investors.

True, foreigners turned net buyers of Japanese equities last year, for the first time since 1983. But Tokyo brokers argue that many foreign fund managers remain underweight in Japanese equities and that it is high time they paid more attention to a market that has outperformed so significantly: the FT-Actuaries Japan index has beaten the overall FT-A World Index in dollar terms by 20.2 percentage points since

the end of October 1987.
"At some point, those who are underweight in the market are going to turn out to be right," says Mr Ballingal of BZW. "But I doo't think now is moment. The Japanese economy looks set to repeat last the time."

Confidence produces yet another record buying reflected investors' fun- the banks. Nikko Securities added Y50 to Y2,180 and Daiwa

Tokyo

INVESTORS continued confidently to buy up the market and share prices rose on a wide front leading the Nikkei to another record high, writes Michigo Nakamoto in Tokyo. Not to be outdone by Wall Street, which had closed at a post-crash peak, Tokyo staged another strong performance with the Nikkei average advancing 154.93 to 31,298.38. Gaining ing 154.93 to 31,286.38. Calling issues at 583 outnumbered losers at 383, while 174 issues were unchanged. Volume reached a robust 1.77bn shares against 1.25bn on Thursday.

The Topix index gained 11.76 to 2,457.58 and, in later trading in London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 6.07 to 2,007.76. "People are very keen to get money into this market," said a salesman at Kleinwort Ben-son International Mr Hiroshi Taguchi at Nomura Securities said that many investors had sold off their positions before the week-long new year's break, preparing to move into the market if conditions were favourable, and now they had

decided the time was ripe. Although some analysts voiced concern that the Nikkei index was moving up too quickly, some of the more bull-ish denied that the market was overheating. Turnovers above 2bn shares, they said, could be a warning signal but, for the time being, the broad-based

ital issues, particularly those that are part of the defence and aerospace theme. Mitsubishi Heavy was once again in the limelight, topping the most actives list with 164.7m shares traded and closing up Y40 at Y1,180. Tokyo Keiki, a leading maker of aircraft and marine instruments, advanced Y190 to

Y20 to a new high of Y810 during the day, but ended up only Y1 at Y794. Toho Rayon, selected as an aviation and space issue because its carbon fibres are used for rockets, advanced Y60 to Y1,030. Mitsubishi Electric, the leading defence contractor among electric makers, was third on the volumes list at 83.6m shares and increased Y30 to Y1,120. Steels ended mixed in spite

Japan Steel Works also rose

of the popularity of large vol-ume issues. NKK captured the second position on the most actives list, with 143.2m shares, and gained Y11 to Y995, but Kawasaki Steel lost Y20 to

salesman - "everyone likes a broker when the market is looking strong." The recent decision by banks to adopt a new short-term prime rate that is more market sensitive was also seen as very positive for

damental confidence in the market as a whole. Interest focused on large cap-

Financial issnes firmed because - in the words of one

Securities increased Y40 to Y2,700. The Industrial Bank of Japan firmed Y40 to Y4,540 while Fuji Bank gained Y30 to

Y3,800. Chemicals were selected as low-priced and reasonably high-volume issues. They were also popular as underperformers and on the strength of their better earnings prospects. Nip-pon Soda added Y64 to Y860 and Mitsubishi Kasei increased

Y50 to Y1,130. Widespread demand raised prices in Osaka and the OSE average closed up 106.82 at 29,308.92. Volnme rose to 169.5m shares from 151.34m on Thursday.

Roundup

THE AUSTRALIAN market stood out, making a strong end to the week, while Singapore managed small gains and Hong Kong fell back,

AUSTRALIA pursned its climb to end the week on a firm note in active turnover of 108m shares worth A\$210m, the ousiest session since December

Tha All Ordinaries index gained 10.1 points to 1,517.9, an eight-week high, and advances ontnumbered falls by nearly

Local and overseas demand pushed the resources sector up strongly, although buying was selective and centred predominantly on CRA, up 6 cents at A\$8.28, WMC, 12 cents better at A\$5.14 on 1.86m shares, and

Santos, up 8 cents at A\$3.50 on HONG KONG ran into long-expected profit-taking which left the Hang Seng index down 35.35 at 2,843.98 after reaching four post-crash highs in a row. Volume was slightly lower at HK\$1.4hn, compared with

HK\$1.83bn on Thursday.

The index had risen by 190 points since the start of the year. Properties and utilities led falls, with China Light dding 40 cents to HK\$14.70 as the day's most active stock. SINGAPORE hovered around the 1,100 level on the Straits Times industrial index, briefly breaching it but then falling back on profit-taking. The index ended up 3.88 at 1,099.19. Turnover fell to 56.7m shares from 63.4m. Raleigh led the most actives, with 2.1m shares changing hands, and rose 0.5 to

83 cents. Tan Chong gained 11/4 cents to 74 cents. TAIWAN was boosted by news that the Government was to review the proposed capital increases of Hua Nan Commercial Bank, First Commercial Bank and Chang Hwa Commercial Bank later this month The weighted index rose 260.48 to 5,873.91.



No Financial Times... no comment

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		THURSE	PAY JANUAR	Y 12 1989		WEDNES	BAY JANUA	RY 11 1989	De	LLAR IND	EX
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Olv. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1988/89 High	1988/89 Low	(approx)
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Europe (1010) Nordic (126) Pacific Basin (679) Euro-Pacific (1669) North America (6977) Europe Ex. UK (693) Pacific Ex. Japan (223) World Ex. US (1888) World Ex. UK (2142) World Ex. Japan (2003) World Ex. Japan (2003)	115.63 141.61 191.98 161.40 116.13 101.68 129.85 159.89 143.31 142.94 116.60	+0.9 +0.2 +0.3 +0.5 +0.5 +0.7 +0.4 +0.3 +0.4 +0.6	96.07 117.65 159.50 134.09 96.48 84.48 107.89 132.84 119.07 118.75 96.87	103.54 127.69 153.80 133.90 115.20 97.05 110.42 133.03 128.39 127.20 111.04	3.64 2.00 0.69 1.55 3.59 2.80 4.43 1.62 1.97 2.20 3.65	114.66 141.30 191.80 160.89 115.59 100.97 129.32 159.35 142.87 142.42 115.88	95.45 117.62 159.66 133.93 96.22 84.06 107.66 132.65 118.93 118.56 96.46	102.77 127.43 153.59 133.49 114.69 96.40 110.00 132.60 127.99 126.75 110.43	116.61 191.98 161.40 116.13 102.91 129.85 159.89 143.31 142.94 116.60	97.01 130.81 120.36 99.78 80.27 87.51 120.26 111.77 113.26 100.00	101.36 137.77 123.24 100.79 83.07 94.36 122.84 112.46 113.99 101.04

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Base values: Dec 31, 1985 = 100; Finland: Dec 31, 1987 = 115.037 (US \$ Index), 90.791 (Pound Sterling) and 94.94 (Local); Nordic: Dec 30, 1988 = 139.62 (US \$ Index), 114.42 (Pound Sterling) and 123.12 (Local).

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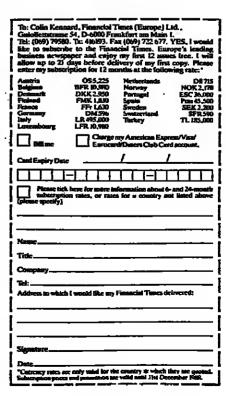
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FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER



LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE:Dealings

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Unless otherwise indicated prices are in pence. The prices are those at which the business was done in the 24 hours up to 5 pm or Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Taliaman system, they are not in order of execution but in ascending order which denotes the day's highest and lowest dealings. curities in which no business was recorded in Thurs-

day's Official List the latest recorded business in the four previous days is given with the relevant da argains at special prices. • Bargains done the previous day. Bargain done with non-member or executed in overseas markets.

Corporation and County Stocks No. of bergains included & London County 9% Cone Six 1920(or after) - 525 (8,1389) Greater London Council 87% Six 90/92 -287% 0% Birmingham Corp 2%% Six 1926(or after) - 220 (10,1369) Birmingham District Council 11 % Red Stx 2012 - £100 (\$Ja89) Leede(City of) 13 % Red Stx 2006 - £122 (11Ja89) verpool Corp 3% Red Six 1942(or after) - £27 (10.le89)

Local Authority 11%% Bds 23/8/89 -199.05 (10.la89) **UK Public Boards** Agricultural Mortgage Corp PLC 41/1% Deb Stk 51/91 - £83 Six 61/91 - 283 5 % Deb Six 82/95 - 279 (8Ja69) 8 % Deb Six 82/94 - 291 6 % Deb Six 82/94 - 291 2% % 7 % Deb Six 81/83 - 286 10 % Deb Six 92/95 - 298%

Part of London Authority 3% Port of London A Stk 29:39 - £48 (11 Ja89) 8 ½% Reg Stk 87:90 - £94% (10 Ja89) Scottlish Agric Sec Corp 10 ½% Deb Stk 89:91 - £93 (11 Ja88) Commonwealth-Government couth Australian 3% Cons Ins Stk after) = 225 (10,469) Jersey Sectricity Co 1,46% conictricity Co Ld6% Gtd Sik 2000

Foreign Stocks, Bonds, etc-(coupons payable in LONGON) No. of bargains included 8

Abbey National Building Society 7%% Nts Feb 1992 (Br\$50008250000) - \$94% Pig Rate Nts 1991 (Br\$10000) -\$100.03 (10.488) 2100.US (100.009) SDA Group PLC44% Onv Bds 2002(Br21000&E5000) - 2101 (6.1889) Isaoclatad Newspepers Holdings PLC8% Exchangeable Bds 2002 - 263% America Inc97/% Gtd Nts 1994 -BP America Incara -ESSA (GL88)
STR PLC44% Cnv Sub 8ds
STR PLC44% Cnv Sub 8ds
1995(BrEC10081000) - EC106%
Bank of Montreal Realty Inc9% Nes
1996(BrSC5000) - SC95 (GL89)
Bank of Nova Scota 10%% Dep Nes
20/3/89(BrSN100085000) - SN100

(6.ts89) urclays Bank PLC 10%% Senior Subord Barcays Earth PLC 102 % Sentor School Bots 1997 - 295% (10Ja89)

Berclays Bank Financo Colleracy)Ld9%% Gtd Nts 1993 - 294%
Stue Circle Industries PLC85% Subord Criv Bds 2002 - 2105% (\$Ja89) British Airways PLC 10% Bds 1998 - 292% % (10Ja89) British Telecommunications PLC9%% Nts

i89) nunications PLC9%% Nts British Telecommunications PLC9% No. 1993 - £94% (11Ja89) Cadhury Schweppes PLC8% Criv Bds 2000 - \$306.45 Conter Parcs UK PLC5%% GtdCm/SubEds 1968dw/1998(Br250)

- 297% 8 (10Ja89) glish China Clays PLC6%% Cnv Bds English China Clays PL 2003 - £101 % (10Je Neneral Motors Accept Corp Canada 9%% Nea 18712/93 (8:\$C1000&10000) = '\$C95% (11Ja89) 10%% Nts 30/8/93 (B/\$C1000&6000) =

rale Und Bank Der Ost Sperk Girosentrale Und Bank Der Ost Sperk

= \$100% 1% (10Je89)

Granade Group PLC11%% Bds 2018

(Br.10000&100000) = \$295/40 %40

Grand Metropolitan PLC8%% Subord Crw

Bds 2002 (Br.25000) = \$23% (6Ja89)

Halfax Bullding Society Fing Rate Ln Mt

1992(Br.25000) = \$100.08 (1Ja89)

LCJ.Finance(Netherlands)NV 8½% Gtd Crw

Bds 1999 = \$127 (1Ja89)

Imperial Chemical Industries PLC11%%

Imperial Chemical Industries PLC111%% Bds 1996(Pr2500) - 299% (9Je69) Inter-American Development Bank 11%% Bds 1991 - 296% 9% (10Je89) International Bank for Res 2 (10Je89) pos 1991 - £98% 9% (10Ja89) International Bank for Rec & Dev11%% Nta 1995 - £100 % (10Ja89) Italy(Republic of) 8%% Nta 1995 (8-\$100008.100000) - \$98% (10Ja89) Mayne Nickless Finance PLC7% Gtd Subord Criv Bels 1994 - £107.04 & 4 (10Ja89) 11% Deposit Nts 1991 (8r\$C10008.10000) - £10004

(B:\$C1000\$,10000) - £100% (B:\$C1000\$,10000) - £100% (B:\$10000) - £100% (B:\$100000) - £100% (B:\$10000) - £100% (B:\$100000) - £100% (B:\$1000000) - £100000 (B:\$100000) - £100000 (B:\$1000000) - £100000 (B:\$100000) - £1 (10Ju89) 10% Nts 1992 - 592% 4 (10Ju89) 11% Nts 1991 - 596% 5% (10Ju89) 11%% Nts 1991 - 596% 5% (10Ju89) Norway (10ngdom cs) 55% Nts 1995 (BY1000008.1900000) - Y100% Pearson PLC 10%% Bds 2008 - 591% Ф

Zero Cpn Eds 1992(Br£100085000) -£67% (9Je88) Ranks Hovis McDougal PLC4%% Cm Bds 2003 (Br25000) - £710% % (10.009) Royal Trusteo Ld9%% Debs 1992 (8-\$C10008.1000) - \$C97% (103.89) Soars PLC 10X% Bds 1993 - £96%

(10.839)
imith & Nephew Finance N.V. 0%% Gtd
Red Cav Prt 2004 (Gr) — E101 % (9.869)
iweden(Kingdom of) 11%% Eds 1985(Gr E5000) — E101 %
9%% Nts 1993 (Gr\$C1000&10000) —
\$C307% Kinston \$C97% (\$Je89) Tate & Lyle PLC9%% Nts 1992 - \$97% Tratelger House PLC 10%% Bds 2008 -£94% (\$Je89)

Western Mining Corp Ld9% Bds 1992 -\$96 (11Ja69) Sterling Issues by Overseas Borrowers No. of bargains included 29

American Medical International Inc9%%
Una Ln Stk 2011 - 285
Asian Development Bank 10% Ln Stk
2009(Reg) - £100% (11.la89)
Australist(Commonwealth 0/85% Ln Stk
2012(Reg) - 529½ (10.la89)
11% Ln Stk 2015(Reg) - £109 %
(10.la89)
Bank of Greece 10%% Ln Stk 2010(Reg) -

(10Jass) ank of Greece 10%% Ln Sik 2010(Reg) £94%**©** se Contrale De Cooperation Econ Cesse Comme De Cooperation Scon

- \$118 (11,1489)

Cigna Oversees Finance NV 13% Une Ln

Six 2006 - \$110% (9,1489)

Credit Fonder De France

- \$100% %

Credit National 13%% Gid Nts 1988(Reg)
\$100% (8,1489)

ngdom of) 13% Ln Sik 2005 -2110% %

2110% k
Electricite de France 12K% Gtd Ln Stk
2008(Reg) - 2115%
1114% Gtd Ser Ln Stk 2009/12(Reg) 2113% (111Ju28)
European investment Bank9% Ln Stk
2001 (Reg) - 290%
9% Ln Stk 2001 (Gr52000) - 290 x
9%
Ln Stk 2001 (Gr52000) - 290 x
104% Ln Stk 2004(Reg) - 2100% K
11Ju28)

Hydro-Cuebec 12.70 ~ ... 2119 % % (11.1869) 15% Ln Sik 2011 - £134 % (5.1869) Ireland(Republic of) 14 % % Ln Sik 2016 Inco Ld 15%% Una Ln Sik 2006 \$ Rep Opt - £130 (9Ja89)

inco Ld 15%% Uns Ln Sik 2006 \$ Rep Opt - £130 (SJa89)
Inter-American Development Benk 9%% Ln Sik 2016 - £25% % (11Ja89)
International Bank for Rep & Dev 8%% Ln Sik 2010(Reg) - £24%
11,5% Ln Sik 2006 - £108%@
International Bank for Sik 2008/Reg) - £115%
(11Ja89)
Malaysia 10%% Ln Sik 2008(Rej) - £24%
(\$Ja89)
Montreal(CR) 00/9% Perm Deb Sik - £28
(\$Ja89)
New Zasland 11%% Sik 2008(Reg) - £106%

New Zealand 11 %% Sk. 2008(Reg) — 2108% 11 %% Sit. 2014(Reg) — 2108% % Nova Scotia(Province of) 11 %% Ln Sit. 2019 – 2109% (11 Ja59) 16 % Ln Sit. 2011 — 2148% (11 Ja59) 16 % Ln Sit. 2011 — 2148% (11 Ja59) 16 % Ln Sit. 2016 (Reg) — 285 (11 Ja59) 9% Ln Sit. 2016(Reg) — 285 (11 Ja59) 9% Ln Sit. 2016(Reg) — 285 % Province de Cuebec 19 % Ln Sit. 2020 — 2115 % (11 Ja59) Spanif(Reg) on 011 %% Ln Sit. 2020 — 2116 % Ln Sit. 2010(Reg) — 210% % (11 Ja59) 11 %% Ln Sit. 2010(Reg) — 210% % (11 Ja59) 11 %% Ln Sit. 2010(Reg) — 210% % (11 Ja59) 11 %% Ln Sit. 2010(Reg) — 210% % (11 Ja59) (10 Ja59)

(† 1 Je89) Med Mexican States 18%% Ln Stk

Banks and Discount Companies No. of bargains included 1303 Ansbacher(Henry)Hidgs PLC9% Chv Subord Ln Sik 1998 - 285 (SJa89) Sustrala & New Zestand Benking Gp New SA1(50% Po&Rkg 50% Drv Till 30/9/90)

- 144 (SJ88)(3ardays PLCADR (4:1) - \$29.564 3ardays Barsk PLC7%% Uns Cap Ln Sak 86/91 - £50 0%% Une Cap Ln Stk 86/93 - 286% 90 72% Uns Cap Ln Stk 2010 - £108% % 16% Uns Cap Ln Stk 2002/07 - £131 2% (11Ja69) Berings PLC6% Cum 2nd Pri £1 - 00 (6Ja69)

(6J889) Hambros PLCNon Vtg £1 - 58 (11J889) Midland Bank PLC7% % Subord Uns Ld Sik 83/93 - £88% 10%% Subord Uns Ln Sik 99/98 - £101 4% Subord Uns Ln Stk 2002/07 -인17성 ntional Westminster Bank PLCAOR (3:1)

7% Cum Pri £1 - 70 8% Subord Uns Ln Stk 1993 - £99 3 124% Subord Uns Ln Stk 2004 - £110 Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC Royal Bank or Scotland Group PLC - 42% (6Ja89)
Schroders PLC 8%% Uns Lin Stk 97/2002 - 286 (6Ja89)
Standard Charlened PLC 12%% Subord Uns Lin Stk 2002/07 - £107% (11Ja89)
TSB Group PLC 10%% SubordLinStk 2008/FpJAL-20/189) - £98%
Warburg (S.G.) Group PLC 7%% Cum Prf £1 - 89 (11Ja89)

Breweries and Distilleries No. of bargains included 536 Alfied-Lyons PLC5%% Cum Pri 21 - 63 7%% Cum Pri 21 - 72 0%% Red Deb Stk 84/89 - £95% (6Ja69) 6%* Red Deb Stk 98/93 - 286% (6Ja69) 7%% Red Deb Stk 68/93 - 286 (9Ja69) 11%% Deb Stk 2009 - 2112% (11Ja89)

111% Dob Sk; 2009 - £112% (11Ja85 51% Uns Ln Sk; -£50 (6Ja89) 81% Uns Ln Sk; -£50 (6Ja89) 71% Uns Ln Sk; -£57 71% Uns Ln Sk; 9278 - £83% Bass PLC7% Cum Prf £1 - 69 (10Ja89) 21% Dob Sk; 87/52 - £811/40 10.65% Dob Sk; 87/52 - £911/40 10.65% Dob Sk; 96/99 - £39 (9Ja89) 45% Uns Ln Sk; 92/97 - £84 845; Wordtmonts PLC6% Uns Ln Sk; Bass Investments PLC6% Uns Ln Stk 85/90 - £90 (11Ja89) 7%% Uns Ln Stk 92/97 - £80 Boddington Group PLC8%% Cm-14m Boddington Group PLC8%% Criv Uns Ln Sik 2000/05 - £160 oddington's Brewenes Ld6%% Uns Ln Stk 2000/05 - 288 (9Ja89) simer(H.P.)#3dgs PLC9%% Cum Pri 21 -105

Beimer(H.P.) Hidgs PLC 9% % Cum Pri 21 - 105
8% 2nd Cum Pri 21 - 98
Fuller, Smith & Turner PLC 8% 2nd Cum
Pri 21 - 95 (61,889)
Greenall Whidey PLC A' Ord 5p - 230
8% Cum Pri 21 - 90 (61,689)
7% Irrd Una Ln Skt - 250 (111,889)
8%% Irrd Una Ln Skt - 250 (111,889)
8%% Irrd Una Ln Skt - 270 (61,688)
Gunness PLC ADR (51) - 529,3 (101,889)
Harrhys & Hansons PLC Ord 25p - 930
Irish Disbillera Group PLC Ord 170,255 - 124,45 (11,1889)
Mansfield Brewery PLC Ord 21 - 453
Scottish & Newcastle Brewerles PLC 7%
Cry Cum Pri 21 - 176 (11,1889)
6.35% Ist Map Deb Six 8498 - 297 %
7.1% 1st Map Deb Six 8498 - 297 %
7.1% 1st Map Deb Six 8590 - 296%
7.6% 1st Map Deb Six 8590 - 296%
7.6% 1st Map Deb Six 8792 - 287 %
Hed Deb Six 8792 - 287 (91,689)
10% Red Deb Six 8792 - 287 (91,689)
10% Red Deb Six 8095 - 295% 100
121% Red Deb Six 2008 - 2115%
8%% Uns Ln Six - 277 8%% Uns Ln Stk - 277 hathread & Co PLC4%% 2nd Cum Pri

Intrined & Co PLC43/% 2nd Cum Pri Six E1 - 46 (11.188) 8 % Red Deb Six 87/82 - 285 7% Red Deb Six 89/3 - 285% (61.889) 9 % Red Deb Six 91/96 - 298 % 7 % Una Lin Six 95/99 - 278 8% (11,Ja89) 7%% Una Ln Sik 96/2000 – £99 (11Je89) 10%% Uns Ln Stk 2000/05 - £90 (Intbread Investment Co PLC Ord 25p -

465 61/1% Deb Stk 87/82 = £87 (6.Ja89) Welvertrampton& Dudley Browertes PLC = 78 (8.Ja89)

Registered Housing Associations No. of bargains included ni North Housing Association LdZero Cpn Ln Stk 2027 - 225 35 (10Je89)

Commercial, Industrial, etc. AAH Hidgs PLC 4.2% Cum Prf £1 - 60 (10Ja89) (10.185)
ABB Kent PLC 4376 Cum Prf S0; £1 = 35
(11.1859)
ABB Kent PLC 4376 Cum Prf S0; £1 = 35
(11.1859)
7376 Deb S0; 68/33 = 286 (6.1859)
ADT Ld ADR (10:1) = \$21 M\$ % \$
AMEC. PLC Nave 8: \$50 (Not) Cum Criv Red
Prf 50p = 80% 60
19% Une Ln S0; 1992 = 2180
Airflow Streamlines PLC 10% Cum Prf £1
= 100
Airflow Streamlines PLC 10% Cum Prf £1
= 100
Airflow Streamlines PLC 10% Cum Prf £1
Airflow Streamlines PLC 10% Cum Prf £1
- 100
Airflow PLC Warranta to sub for Ord = 10
(6.1859)
Albion PLC Over 200 = 27

(6Ja89) Albion PLCOrd 20p - 87 Albright & Wilson Ld8% Deb Stk 87/92 Abbion PLCOrd 20p - 87
Abright & Wilson Ld8% Deb Str 87/92 - 289% (BJa59)
Alean Aluminium Ld Com Shs of Nov - 218.95 (1Ju69)
Alexanders Hidge PLC"A"(Rst.V)Ord 10p - 29 (10Ju89)
Alexanders Hidge PLC"A"(Rst.V)Ord 10p - 29 (10Ju89)
Alexanders Hidge PLC"A"(Rst.V)Ord 10p - 29 (10Ju89)
Alexanders Hidge PLC 105% Criv Cum Red Pri 10p - 85
Alled Textile Companies PLC 18% Criv Subord Uns Ln Str 1933 - 2259\$
Amber Day Hidge PLC 105% Cum Pri 99/2002 ft - 173
Arcolectric(Hidge) PLC Ord 5p - 195
(11Ju89)

Ancelectric(Hidge) PLC Ord 5p - 199
(11Je89)
Associated British Engineering PLC4.9%
Curr Prf E1 - 45
Associated British Foods PLC8.5% Uns
Ln Six 67/2002 50p - 30®
7%% Une Ln Six 87/2002 50p - 39®
Associated Beathers Industries Lid6.5%
Deb Six 86/91 - 291 %®
Associated Fisheries PLC 0% Curr Prf 50p
- 35% (10Je89)
82.% Uns Ln Six 81/95 - 284 (SJe89)
Addres Brosthostery/PLC 85% Curr Prf £1
- 50 (SJe85)

8 1/1% Lins Ln Sit. 81/96 - E84 (S.Is89)
Altitine Brost-Inderry/PLC 83/1% Cum Pri 21
- 50 (S.Is83)
Attwoods PLC ADR (S:1) - \$27.28
Attwoods PLC ADR (S:1) - \$27.28
Attwoods (Finance) NV 83/19 Gdd Red Criv
Pri 5p - 104 | 11 | 1489)
Austin Reed Group PLC Ord 25p - 350 65
Automated Security/Pidga) PLC 97
Cum Red Pri 21 - 137/7 0 7
6% Criv Cum Red Pri 21 - 104 ½ 5
(11 | 1489)
8% Criv Unis Ln Sit. 90/85 - £375
Avdel PLC 104% Cum Pri 21 (Restricted
Rights) - 1699
10/74 Unis Ln Sit. 90/85 - £90

Rights) - 149© 10%% Une Ln Stk 90/85 - ESQ Avesco PLCCum Pig Griv Rad Pri 1287 1p - 91

- 91 Ayrshire Metal Products PLCOrd 25p -197% 200 B.A.T. Industries PLCADR (1:1) - \$8 B.A.T. Investments PLC10% Una Ln Stk 9095 - 225 (11)499) 10%% Une Ln Stk 9095 - 299 % 100% (11)409 10%% Une Lin Sik 90%5 - 259 % 100% (11Ja89)
BICC PLC7% Deb Six 85/90 - 250
BM Group PLC4.6p (Net) Cnr Cum Fied Pri 20p - 85
BOC Group PLC3.5% Cum 2nd Pri 21 - 48 (11Ja89)
12%% Uns Lin Six 2012/17 - 2110%
BPS Industries PLC7%% Deb Six 66/91 - 251 (10J89)
B.S.G.International PLC 12%% Uns Lin Six 2018 - 1100

93/98 - 2100 BTP PLC7.5p(Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p BTP PLC7.5p(Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p - 102 4
BTR PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 78 8 % 8 80 80 .08 1 .081 2 5 1 % 3
ADR (4:1) - \$21.730 330
Basley(C.H.) PLC*8* Ord 10p - 55
(10.389)
Basdon Group PLCOrd 10p - 154
Sp (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p - 107
Bardon PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 10
(6Ja89)
Barr & Wallace Amold Trust PLCOrd 25p - 525

Johnson & Firth Brown PLC11% Uns Ln

Beazer PLC8.67% Cum Red Pri 21 - 94% (11Ja59) 8%% Cnv Uns Ln Otk 2000 - 2137 etacom PLC Ord 10p - 69 71 2 3 trmid Quateast PLC 71% Une Ln Stk 87/92 - 285

Hodge PLC9% Cum Red Pri Blackwood Hodge PLC9% Curn Heb P77 \$1 - 85% 8% (10.188) 9% Uns Ln Sik 95/90 - 523 Slue Arrow PLCADR (10:1) - \$18.624446 Slue Carde Industries PLC7% Crw Curn Red Pri St - 126 7 55% 2nd Deb Sik 1984/2009 - 257% 62% (11.1983) 85% Une Ln Six(1975 or sit) - 558 (3.188)

Boots Co PLC 7%% Ura Ln Stk 88/93 -£80 9 (11Ja89) 9%% Una Ln Stk 90/85 - 292 (9.1a68) ratne(T.F.&.J.H.)(Hidga) PLC Ord 25p -Ua@9) to PLC7%% Cum Pri£1 - 50 Criv Pri 50p - 82 ridon PLC 10%% Deb Sik 91/96 - 290 Aridon PLC 10xx bus (10Ja89) Britistr Airways PLCADR (10:1) - \$29% British Aican Aluminium PLC10%% Deb Stk 2011 - 294% 10%% Deb Stk 88/94 - 299 British-American Tobecco Co Lo8% 2nd

Cum Pri Sik £1 - 55 Intish Dredging PLC8% Una Ln Sik 93/96 - £80 (9Ja89) - zou (s.)a69) British Horne Stores PLC7%% Mtg Deb Sik 94/98 - £77% British Shoe Corp Hidgs PLC5%% Cum Pri £1 - 60 (1).4869) Pri E1 - 80 (11Ja89)
8%% Cum 3rd Pri E1 - 80 (11Ja89)
7% Une Ln Sek 85/90 - 290 (10Ja89)
Ritish Steel PLC Ord 500 (Pdy
PolLA-201/88) - 52% 3% % % % 8.83
% 386 4 4,064 .10 .185 % % 374
3142 % % 5545 % % .814 .87 5 5
ADR (10:1) (Pdy Pd) - 511% .725 .73
.735 .749605 .874604

British Sugar PLC 10%% Red Deb Sak 2013 - 2101 % 4 % 4 Trown(John) PLC7%% Deb Sik 84/89 -280 (10Ja89) Euro (10Ja89) Bulgin(A.F.) & Co PLCOrd Stk 5p - 97 (SJ889) Bunzi PLC 7% Crw Uns Ln Stk 95/97 -202 % Burndene Investments PLC 18% Uns Ln Str. 2007/12 - 2113 (9Je89) Burton Group PLCWits to Sub for Ord Sha 1991 - 20

1991 - 20 8% Uns Ln Std 98/2003 - 280 (11Ja89) 8% Crev Uns Ln Std 1996/2001 - 284 % Cable & Wireless PLC 7% Crev Uns Ln Std 2006 - 2100% 1 % % 9 2 % % 3 Cadbury Schwespes PLC3%% Cum 1st Pri Std 1 - 53 (8Ja89) 8% 1st Mtg Dob Std 94/2004 - 286 9% 1st Mtg Dob Std 94/2004 - 286 9% 1st Mtg Dob Std 94/2004 - 286 (11Ja89) (113889) Cathyns PLC18% Cum Pri £1 = 115 (63889) (6Ja89) skebrezd,Robey & Co PLCOrd 10p -

165 Mrs Ln Stk 63/98 - 290 (Sua89) Style Uns Ln Stk 63/98 - 290 (Sua89) Style Uns Ln Stk 63/98 - 290 (Sua89) (Sua69) Channel Tunnel Investments PLC5p - 1/ 3 50 89) el Tunnel Investments PLC5p – 156 Consolidated PLC 2p(Br) (Cps 49) - 456 (9Ja89) escourse PLC Ord 25p = £10

**Chepstow Racecourse PLC Ord 25p = £10 (11.485)
(11.485)
(Carkeff.) PLCOrd 10p = 83 (11.4869)
(Carkeff.) PLCOrd 10p = 83 (11.4869)
(Carkeff.) PLCAW% Une Ln Stk 2002/07 - £51
71% Une Ln Stk 2002/07 - £57
71% Une Ln Stk 60/95 - £83%
(Costs Viyella PLC4.9% Cum Pri £1 - 01 (10.485)
(Cohen(A.) & Co PLC Non.V "A" Ord 20p - 722 (51.889)
(Compass Group PLC New Ord 5p (PpLA-25/1/85) = £85 70 2
(Colean Group PLC 7% Cum Pri £1 - 70 (10.885) (10,1889)
Cooper (Frederick) PLC6.5p (Net) Cnv Red
Cum Pig Pri 10p = 91 (11,1889)
Curth PLC6% Cum Pri 21 = 50
Courtsuids PLC5% Cum 1st Pri 21 = 48
(11,1889)
78% Oab Set 89/94 = 288 (10,1889)
78% Oab Set 89/94 = 288 (10,1889)

5%% Uns Ln Stk 94/96 - 274 (9Ja89) 8%% Uns Ln Stk 94/96 - 270 (10Ja89) 7%% Uns Ln Stk 94/96 - 282 7%% Uns Ln Stk 2000/05 - 275 80% (Susse)
Cowle(T) PLC10%% Cnv Red Cum Pri S1
= \$12½ (Susse)
Croda International PLC5.9% Cum Pri S1
= 88 (11Ja89)
Crowther(Lohn Edward)(Hidgs) PLC5%%
Cum Pri S1 = 55 (5Ja89)
Crystatate Hidgs PLC8%% Cnv Uns Ln
Stx 2003 = 285 (11Ja89)
Cullon's Hidgs PLCWarrants to sub for
Ord = 14©
Cummirs Engine Co IncCom Stx \$2.50 =
288%
DRG PLC7%% Uns Ln Stx 88/91 = 289

E38 44 DRG PLC7%% Una Ln Stk 88/91 = E89 Dalgety PLC4,85% Cum Pri £1 = 65% Davenport Knitweer PLCOrd 10p = 405 wwsongroup PLCOrd 25p = 163 New Ord 25p (Fp/LA-13/1/89) = 160 (10Je89) De La Rue Co PLC2.45% Cum Pri Stk 21 - 80 (10J Debenhams PLC7%% 2nd Deb Stk 91/96 - EB3 (10.la89) 8%% Uns Ln Stk 88/91 - E86 (6.la89) 7%% Uns Ln Stk 2002/07 - E73% 7%% Uns Ln Stk 2002/07 - E73% Deta PLC7%% Deb Stk 85/90 - E92 10%% Deb Stk 95/99 - £100%

10% Deb Sit 95/99 - \$100%
5.25% Cum Pri £1 - 65 8 (6.189)
Dowthrsqt.J.(Hidgs) PLC8.75% Cum Pri
£1 - 103 (10.188)
Dowthrst PLCOrd 10p - 60 (10.1889)
Dickie (James) PLC Ord 25p - 105
(10.1889)
Dominion Internetional Group PLC
- 3

Dominion International Group PLC

-3

Dowly Group PLC7% Cnn Cum Rad Pri
£1 - 114 & 8

SS Group PLC5% Cnn Pri Sik £1 - 40
(10.1889)

ENAP PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 40 (10.1889)

FNAY Deb Sik 88/91 - 288 (10.1889)

Bectron House PLC6.5% Cnv Cum Red
Pri £1 - 98 100

Bioxit(B.) PLC7% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 - 94 (6.1889)

Elswick PLC 8% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 - 280 (6.1889)

Elswick PLC 8% Cnv Cum Red Pri £2/94

£1 - 280 (6.1889)

Elswick PLC 8% Cnv Cum Red Pri 92/94

£1 - 280 (6.1889)

Elswick PLC 8% Cnv Cum Red Pri 92/94

£1 - 112 (10.1889)

Eurotunnel PLC/Eurotunnel SAUnits
(Sloveam inscribed) - 25.7 FR62% 3.1

A25 %

Fisher(A \$15.2 \$15.2 Heans PLCADR (4:1) - £17% 0% % Deb Sik 84/89 - £97 (10Je69) Folkes Group PLCOrd Sp - 52 Forburn & Mason PLCOrd Sik £1 - £33 4

гънгият & Meson PLCOrd Skt £1 – £33 (6.1929) Гозеор Р.С 4%% Cum Prf £1 – 68 (6.1969) 85% Criv Red Cum 2nd Prf – 118 29 (11.1969) 18% Cre Une Ln Stk 90/95 - £120 Francis Industries PLC9% Une Ln Stk 94/98 - 984 Francis Industrias PLC3% Unis Lin Sik
94/86 - 284
Friendly Hotels PLC4%% One Cum Red
Pri 2:1 - 90
5% Cnv Cum Red Pri 2:1 - 157
GNO (Unback Hongdom) PLC7%% Glad Deb
Sik 87/82/2nd Ser.) - 286 (10Le69)
10%% Gnd Deb Sik 80/95 - 296% 9
General Electric Co PLC ADR (1:1) - \$3.92
.83 .96 4.03
7 %% Unis Lin Sik 87/82 - 287%
7 %% Unis Lin Sik 88/93 - 286 90
Gestelmar Halgs PLC 10% Cnv Unis Lin Sik
90/95 - 2113
Gabbs & Dandy PLC 8%% Deb Sik 91/96 289 (1).1989)
Galano Group Lil 6%% Unis Lin Sik 85/95
SOp - 39
Glymwed Unternational PLC 10%% Unis Lin

Glynwed International PLC 10%% Une Ln Stk 94/99 - 250% Six 94/99 - 259 % Goodheed Group PLC 7% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 - 110 (101889) Goodwin PLCOrd 10p - 41 (101889) Grampian Hidgs PLC7% Cum Pri £1 - 87 (81889) Grand Metropolitan PLC5.75% CULS 1989 400p (200p Ptly Pd)(Reg) – 248 0 7 7 9 8 50 50

8 50 50
Grant Universal Stores PLC8X% Une Ln
Sit 93/98 - 559
Guif 8 Western Industries,inc Com Sitk \$1
- 522,5549 (103689)
Hawker Siddeley Group PLC5K% Gum
Pri £1 - 52 Pri £1 - 52
Hickson International PLCO%% Ura La
Sit 69/94 - 236 (11.1a89)
House of Fraser PLC8%% Una La Sit
93/78 - 285
Hunting Associated Industries PLCO%%
Cirk Una La Sit 02/08 - 2245 (10.1a89)
IMI PLC7%% Una La Sit 85/91 - 285
(5J.889)

IMI PLC7%% Une Ln Six 88/91 - £25 (\$Ja89)
(SJa89)
7% Une Ln Six 88/93 - £26 % (\$Ja89)
lociand Prozen Foods Hidge PLC Cnv Cum
Red Pri 20p - £8 5 90
litingworth,Mornis PLC8%% Cum 2nd Pri
Six £1 - 62
litingworth Mornis (Satasira) Ld4%% Cum
1st Pri £1 - 42 (11Ja89)
Imperial Chemical Industries PLC5%%
Uns Ln Six 94/2004 - £54/4
Uns Ln Six 94/2004 - £58/4
11%% Une Ln Six 88/93 - £30 % % 1 2
11%% Uns Ln Six 88/93 - £30 % % 1 2
11%% Uns Ln Six 88/96 - £101% % 2
Jessups PLC - 90
Johnson & Firth Brown PLC11% Uns Ln

hnson Group Cleaners PLC7.5p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p = 1091/4 9% Gum Pri £1 = 00 (9Ja89) Johnson, Metthey PLC8% Cre Cum Prf 21 - 570 (6Ja85) 6%% Mkg Deb Stk 85/95 - 291 (11Ja89) 7%% Cnv Una Ln Sik 2000/02 - 283

(SJa89)

Kappel Corporation Ld Ord \$5 1 –
\$\$2.966651 (SJa89)

Kymmene Corporation She FM20
(Unrestricted) – FM119.79©
Ladproke Group PLC9% Cid Une Ln S%
9092 – 509% (SJa89)

Laing(John) PLCOrd "A" Non Vig 25p –
968 27 07 3 4 Laing(John) PLCO 258 70 70 3 4 ustries(Hidgs) PLC5%% Cum Laporte Industries(Hdgs) PLC5%% Cum
2nd Prf Stk £1 - 50
8% Deb Stk 9398 - 287 (\$1,889)
10%% Deb Stk 9499 - 297% (10,889)
Leisure investments PLC7% Cum Cnv
Red Prf (1988) £1 - 57 8 9 % %
Lewis(John)Purtnership PLC6% Cum Prf
Stk £1 - 49% (\$1,889)
7%% Cum Prf Stk £1 - 70 (\$1,889)
Lex Service PLC6%% Uns £n Stk 92787 287

Liberty PLC 9.5% Cum Pri 21 - 107 (9.1889) (SJa87)
Life Sciences International PLC 8% Cum
Crit Red Pri 21 - 149 3 8 (SJa89)
Lowho PLCADR (1:1) - 38.15 (10Ja89)
5% 2nd Mig Deb Six 87/92 - 266
(10Ja89)
Low & Bonzer PLC 5% 3rd Cum Pri Stx
Low & Bonzer PLC 5% Cum Crit Red
Low & Bonzer PLC 875% Cum Crit Red LT - 63 Low(Wm) & Co PLC 8.75% Cum Cnv Red Pri 21 - 128 8 30 Lucas industries PLC 10%% Uns Ln Stk 9297 - 138% 101 (11 Ja89) M8 Group PLC Warrants to sub for Ord -112

4.9% Cum Pri Sik £1 - 80 (11Ja89) 2.6% Red Cum 2nd Pri Sik £1 - 90 2.6% Red Cum 2nd Pri Six E1 - 90 10%% Uns Ln Six 92/97 - E99 (3/465) MBS PLC8% Cnv Uns Ln Six 1997 -2430 M.Y.Holdings PLC Dtd Ord 10p = 00 (10,Ja89) (10,489) accres(London) Lo 7%% Uns Ln Stk 86/91 - 259% oCarrry & Stone PLC7% Cnv Uns Ln Stk 99/04 - 2155 Six 99/04 - £155

Marshalls Halifax PLC10% Cum Prl £1 - 110 (10Ja89)

Mecca Lesure Croup PLC 7.25p (Net) Criv Cum Red Prl 20p - 94 4 % 5 5 11.5% Deb Six 2011 - £100% (11Ja89)

Menziest, John) PLC9% Cum Prl £1 - 100 (3Ja89)

Corporation Com She of NPV - 140 tonsento PLC 5% Gtd Ln Sik 92/97 - 257 (5,Ja89) (6.1a.89)
Morgan Crustble Co PLC7.5% (Net) Crv
Curr Red Pri E1 - 104 ± % 5 8
NCR Lo &N% Gad Lin Sti: 93/98 - 251
NSM PLC8.5p (Net) Crv Curr Red Pri 10p
- 97% 8 9 90
Newarthal PLC8.5% Curr Pri E1 - 79 80 %
Next PLC 10% B* Curr Pri 50p - 47
(10.1a.89)

Nest PLC 107=17 - Com PL - Com Red Pri (10,1389) Noble & Land PLC 8% Criv Cum Red Pri 21 - 1270 - 320 Noraros PLC 154% Deb Six 90/95 - 2107 Normans Group PLC 8% Criv Une Ln Six 99/04 - 2100 Norak Data AS Class "B"(Non Vig) NK20 -NK49% 51 51% Mortham Engineering Industries PLC

NK49½ 51 51½

Northern Engineering Industries PLC

- 70 (91a89)

7% Uns Ln Stk 2000:05 - 268 (3Ja89)

9% Uns Ln Stk 90/95 - 285

Ocsonics Group PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 12

Chard(Seorge)(Footwear) PLCOrd 25p - 502 Parkfield Group PLC Cum Red Pri 2010/13 27 - 92 (11Ja89) 7% Cum Criv Red Pri E1 - 265 (8Ja89) Parkland Texhle(Hidgs) PLC Ord 25p - 255 3 15% Cum Pri E1 - 40 (9Ja89) Parerson Zochonis PLC 10% Cum Pri £1 -105 (6Ja89) eld Group PLC Cum Red Pri 2010/13 105 (6Ja89) Pentos PLC 131/1% Cmr Uns Ln Stk

1990(Series'A') - E115 (10Ja89)
Pergamon AGB PLC7.5p Griv Subord Lin
Six 2002 23:p - 60
Pitterd German PLC 8% Coun Pri £1 100 Pleasurama PLC 7.75% Cnv Cum Red Pri 21 - 105%
Pleasurama PLC 7.75% Cnv Cum Red Pri 21 - 105%
Pleasur Co PLC ADR (10:1) - \$40% % 1 2
74% Dob Sik 92/97 - £63 (10:489)
Polly Peck International PLC 93% Cum Cnv Red Pri 21 - 109 (10:389)
Powerscreen international PLC 13% Cnv Uns i.n 5/k 1995 - 2500 500
Pressoc Holdings PLC 10.5% Cum Pri 21 - 118
Proviting PLC 8.8% Cum Red Pri 21 -

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-- Racal Telecom PLCADR(10:1) - \$36 Rank Organisation PLCAOR (1:1(- \$13 Ranks Hovie McDougat PLC6% Cum "A" Pri 21 - 50 (11Ja89) 8% Cum "B" Pri 51 - 56 (10Je89)

8%% Uns Ln Stk 90/94 - £38% (6Ja# 8%% Uns Ln Stk 91/95 - £38% ansomes Sens & Jefferles PLC5%% Ransomes Sints & Jemenus PLC-9779
Cum Prt 21 - 60
Ageotits(Great Bridge) PLC8% Cum 2nd
Prt 21 - 70 (11Ja89)
Ramers Group PLC6.25p Cmr Cum Pri 21 - 70 (11Ja89)
Patriers Group PLC525p Criv Cum
Non-Vig Red Pri 20p - 85
Passificit International PLC 5%% 2nd Cum
Pri 21 - 56
8% Uns Ln Six 88/93 - 288
Rectat & Colman PLC5% Cum Pri 21 48 (10Ja89)
Pelyon Group PLC 7%% Uns Ln Six 86/91
- 286 (11Ja89)
Fenold PLC5% Cum Pri Six 21 - 60
110Ja89)
Fenold PLC5%

Renotd PLCS% Curn Pri Stk £1 = 50 (10Ja89) Rodoware Corup PLC 7.25% Cav Curn Red 2nd Pri £1 = 95 Pohr Industries Inc Sits of Corn Stk \$1 = \$20% (10Ja89) Ropner PLC11% Curn Pri £1 = 118 Rotork PLC 8%% Curn Pri £1 = 105 (6Ja89)

(6.1389)
Rugby Group PLC 6% Une Ln Sik 93/98 – 270 (11.1389)
SD-Spicon PLC 6.5% Cnv Cum Red Prf 21 – 118 Warrante to sub for Ord - 13 Seatchi & Statchi Co PLC ADR (3:1) -

\$18% 9% Cmy Una Ln Sik 2018 - 286 (11Ja89) Sainebury(J) PLC 5% krd Uns Ln Sik – £75 (SJa89) z.ro (sJ869) landerson Murray&Elder(Hidgs) PLCOrd 50p - 219 0 oup - 219 0 cantronic Hidgs PLC7.25p (Net) Criv Curr Red Prf 20p - 104 (6.la83) 5.75% Criv Curr Red Prf 21 - 165 (6.la85)

(6Ja89) Scape Group PLC8% Una Ln Sik 88/93 -285 (9Ja89) 205 (91)209) cott & Robertson PLC7%% Cum Cnv Red Prf 21 - 117 (11)489) cott's Restaurant PLCOrd 12%p - 210 Sears PLC7% "A" Cum Prf £1 - 63
(3.1.25) (3Ja59)
Securicor Group PLC 6%% Cum Ptg Prf 21
- 249% 50 (10Ja59)
Sidaw Group PLC 7%% Uns Ln Stk
2003/06 - 270 (10Ja59)
Simon Engineering PLC 6% Cum Prf 21
- 53 (11Ja59)
7.75% Cum Red Prf 92/97 21 - 85
(10Ja59)

(10Ja85) 600 Group PLC 8%% Uns Ln St. 87/92 – 287 (10Ja85) 287 (10.le89) - 287 urat Lil Sti 87/82 - Singsby(H.C.)PLCOrd 25p - 427 (11.le89) Snith & Nephow PLC5%% Cum Prf 21 - 50 (11.le89) Snith (W.H.) Group PLC*8* Ord 10p - 49% 49%
O'A Red Deb Sit 87/92 - 293 (10.1e89)
Smithe Industries PLC 11%% Deb Sit
95/2000 - 290 (10.1e89)
Smirff(Jefferson)Group PLC 8% Cum Pri
Int1 - 120.46 (10.1e89)
Sommerville(William) & Son PLC Ord 25p 850 (8.1e88) F21 - EUA'S (10.000)
Sommer/dic(Milliam) & Son PLC Ord 25p - 650 (6.168)
Spersti(C.A.)(Special Agency)-Ord 50p - 211% (31.69)
Spillers Ld7 %% Deb Sik 84/89 - 297% (10.168)
Spong Hidge PLC Orw Cum Red Prf 20p - 87 70 (11.1689)
7% Orw Cum Red Prf 21 - 75 (11.1689)

77 70 (1 Lia89)
77 Crv Cum Red Prf 20 = 87 70 (1 Lia89)
7% Crv Cum Red Prf 21 = 75 (11 Lia89)
Squibb Corp Cum Sti. S1 = 235%
Staveley Industries PLC7% Une Ln
Squigh91) = 286 (11 Lia89)
Steedey PLC5% & Deb Sti. 85/95 = 289
(10 Lia89)
Stockerd Selera International PLC4%
Cum Prf 21 = 42 (3 Lia89)
Storehouse PLC9% Crv Une Ln Sti. 1992
- 2120 2
Summer International Communications - \$120 2 Summer Intermational PLC7.5% (Net) Criv Curn Red Prf £1 - 75 (10.869) Swan(John) & Sons PLCOrd 25p - 610 40 (10.869) Symonds Engineering PLCOrd 5p - 459 T & N PLC10.1% Mag Deb Six 90/85 -290 3 (30.889) 111% Mag Deb Six 95/2000 - £104 Tarrace PLC6% Deb Six 85/24 - 282 (11.869)

(11Ja89)
77/% Deb Stk 98/97 - £80 (10Ja89)
84% Uns Ln Stk 98/95 - £80 (10Ja89)
7ate & Lyle PLC71/% Deb Stk 89/94 265 (10Ja89)
Telfos Hidge PLC Warranta to sub for Ord

- 80
9% Cum Pri \$1 - 00 (\$Ja88)
Tesco PLC4% Uns Deep Diec Lri Sik 2006
- \$48% (11Ja89)
Thomson Organisation PLC21.7% Cum
Pri 25p - 85
Thomson T-Line PLC5.75p(Net)Criv Cum
Red Pri 20p - 110 THORN EMI PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 152 (11 Jacon

Tilling(Thomas) PLC4.55% Cum Pri 21 – 62 (3.1889) 5.25% Cum Pri 21 – 71 (8.1869) 8% Deb Stk 8550 – 533% (3.1889) 8% Uns La Stk 8944 – 638 % 8 % (11)489)
Trisighur Juite Factory PLCOrd Six £1 – 520 600 20 5 30
Tomkers PLCS**» Cnv Uns Ln Six 1984 – 2215 (11)489)
Toctal Group PLC5** Cum Pri £1 – 45 (11Ja

444% Perp Deb Sik = \$40 (9Ja89) 7% Deb Six 8570 - 250% 7% Ums Ln Six 85794 - 280 0 Towles PLC7* No.V.Ord 10p - 59© Trataign House PLC7* Ums Deb Six £1 - 60 (Siz89) 8%% Une Ln Stk 2000/05 - £88% 90 2 (11Ja89) 105% Uns Ln Stk 2001/06 - 295

(0.148)
Transport Development Group PLC&%
Uns Ln Six 89:94 - 281%
12':% Uns Ln Six 2008 - E111 %-Ф
Trusthouse Forte PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 70 (10.1489)
8.25% 1st May Deb Six 85:90 - 288
10.5% May Deb Six 85:90 - 288
10.5% May Deb Six 91:96 - E100
9.1% Uns Ln Six 95:2000 - 299
(11.1489) (11Ja89) Uregate PLC7%% Deb Stk 85/91 - £90 (6Ja89) (\$1.88) 01% Uns Ln St: 91/96 - \$70 25% Uns Ln St: 92/97 - \$75 (101.88) Unigroup PLC75% Cum Cnv Red Pri £1 - \$5 90 (11.1.88) Unigree PLCADR (4.1) - \$33.55 5 % Uns Ln St: 91/2006 - \$82 (11.1.88)

1 Ja65) "= Uns Ln Stk 91/2006 - 280 % 1 % 2 on International Co PLC6% Cum Pri Union intermational Co PLC8% Cum Pri
5th E1 - 64
7% Cum Pri Stk £1 - 63 (6Je89)
Union Steel Corpiol South Africal/LiCford
RDL50 - 33 (1GJe89)
United Scientific Hidgs PLC5.5% Criv Cum
Non-Vig Red Pri £1 - 73.5% 5.
United Scientific Hidgs PLC5.5% Criv Cum
Non-Vig Red Pri £1 - 73.5% 5.
Union(€.)§ Sons PLC0rd 25p - 83€
Victors PLC5% Cum (Tax Free To 30p)Pri
Sitk £1 - 71
Victors Carrent Hidgs PLC0rd 25p - 170 SRE 1 - 7 Victoria Carpet Hidgs PLCOrd 25p - 170 Volex Group PLC7% Cum Pri £1 - 55 (3Ja89)

Voley Group PLC 7% Cum Pri £1 = 55
(31a89)
Volksyragen AGOrd DM100 (Br) - DM346
354.43 (10Ja85)
WB Industries PLC Ord 10p = 60 2 4 ½±
WCRS Group PLC55% CmV Com Red Pri
1999 10p - 83 90
Wagon Industrial Midgs PLC7.25p (Net)
Cm Pig Pri 10p - 110 (10Ja89)
Walker (Thomas) PLC90rd 5p - 14049
Walker (Thomas) PLC0rd 5p - 52
Waterford Glass-World Wedgwood PLC
- ID0.92 p 757% 8 7 74
Waversy Cameron PLC6% Cum Pri £1 = 60 (5Ja85)
7.5p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 5p - 93
(10Ja89)
Wastand Group PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 51 2
Wiscond Group PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 51 2
Wiscond PLC4 1% Cum Pri £1 - 155
Whitecoth PLC4 1% Cum Pri £1 - 55
Whitecoth PLC4 1% Cum Pri £1 - 55
Whitecoth PLC4 1% Cum Red 2nd Pri
200 £1 - 105
Williams Hidds PLC 8p (Net) Cum Crv Red

Withams Hidgs PLC8p (Net) Cum Chv Red Prf 10p - 97's 's 8 8 's 8 100 WitsertCormolly)Hicgs PLC 10%% Cum 2nd Prf £1 = 113 Financial Trusts, Land, etc. Arrayle Trust PLC 11% Criv Subord Une Ld Sci. 1992 - £113 Armour Trust PLC 10%% Une Ln Sci. 01/96

- £93 (6.le89 Australian Accounting Co LdSA 0.50 = 340
Authority investments PLC8% Chv Uns Ln Set 2006/11 - D88 (11Ja89)
Baile Geford Technology PLCWarrants to sub tor Crc - 9 (11Ja89)
Bangkok investments LdPtg Red Pri \$0.01 = 5599 Ensis 8 Commonwealth Hidgs PLC 10%% Uns Ln Sk 2012 - 2864 Cabeta Strategy Fund Ln Ptg Red Ptf S0 011Japan Fund Shst - £2.676125

(6Ja89) Ptg Red Prf S0.01(EmergingMictsPund) - \$1.574639 (11Ja89) ally Mov & General Trust PLC Ord S0p -EFT Group PLC Warrants to sub for Ord -

10
Experiment Co PLCOrd Sx 5p = 157
(16.983);
F & C Emergrishe Trust PLC Ser 8
Warrants to sub for Ord = 6 (11.989)
Warrants to sub for Ord = 11 (11.989)
First Debenture Finance PLC 11.125%
Severally Bid Orb Stk 2018 = £104%
(10.989)
First National Finance Corp PLC 10%
Subord Uns La Sik 1992 = £33%
(11.989) in & Col Reserve Asset Fund Ld xed Inter Fund Pro Red Pri 10 = 120.8

BI Global Funds Ld Ptg Red Pri 50.01(Managed Shst = £17.57 Inchcape PLC5%% Cum Red Pri - 85 (9Ja89) 87/75 Cum Red Pri 90/92 E1 - 91 8% Uns Ld Stk 87/90 - £94 (9.1889) 10%% Uns Ln Stk 90/95 - £99% (6Je89) 12½% Uns Ln Sik 93:98 - £103 (6Ja89)

(6,699)
121% Uns Ln Sik 93/96 - 2103 (6Ja89)
121% Uns Ln Sik 93/96 - 2103 (6Ja89)
International City Hidgs PLC87% Criv
Cum Red Pri 21 - 797, 69
Inti Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of trLd
71% Mag Deb Sik 90/95 - 233
Korea-Europe Fust LdSits 30.10 - 339©
Shs(IDR to Br) S0.10 (Cpn 2) - 2587%
MIM Brisannia Jersey Gift Pund LdPtg Red
Pri 1p - 18.4 (11Ja89)
NMC Braupric Capitalian Tat 2001 PLC Inc
Sha 21 - 147 8 (11Ja89)
NMC Group PLCWarrants to sub for Sha
- 87 91 5 (11Ja89)
Portugal Fund LdPtg Red Pri 30.01 - 387/
DM14.8 (10Ja89)
Practical Investment Co PLCOrd 10p - 82
Royal Trust Government Secs Fund Ld Ptg
Red Pri 1p - 84.3 (11Ja89)
Sew & Prosper Gold Fund Ld \$0.01 \$12.55 (10Ja89)
Second Maricol Investment Co PLC27%
Criv Uns Ln Sik 1994 - 269 (3Ja89)
Secure Trust Group PLCNew Ord 1p
(Fp1A-301/89) - 159 (11Ja89)
Strats Investments PLC Warrants to sub
for Ord - 30
TR Workholde Strategy Fund Sices Sha

for Ord = 30
TR Workinde Strategy Fund Sicar Sha
NPV (Moth America Fund) = 20.9903
Sits MPV (Moth Currency Bond Fund) = 21.0025 (\$1.203)
The Investment Fund Ld Ptg Red Ptd
\$0.01 = \$11%
Thei Prime Fund Ld Ptg Red Prl \$0.01 = \$10.5082 (\$1.209)
Thatend international Fund Ld Ptg Sha
\$0.07 (IDR's to Br) = \$10%
Thomiton Pacific Investment Fund \$A21 = 88 (\$10.189) Thomson Pacific Investment Fund SA21 -888 (10,1889) Value & Income Trust PLCWarrants 89/94 /anbrugh Currency Fund LdPrg "C" Red Prf 1p - 185 (10.1a89) to sub for Ord - 15

Insurance No. of bargeins included 517 Alexander & Alexander Services IncShs of Class C Com Sik \$1 - £12½ (11Ja89) Ecclesiastical Hidgs PLC13% Deb Sik 2018 - £118 (11Ja89) General Acc Fire&Life Asso Corp PLC – 288 73% Uns Ln Stk 92/97 – 286 (10Je89) Justidan RoyalExchange AssurancePLC

7% Uns Ln Stk 86/91 - 287 % 0 icottish Life Assurance Co 7%% Une Ln Stk 97/2002 - 272% (11Je89) tendard Life Assurance Co 6% Perp Stk Investment Trusts o. of bargains included 690 Mance Trust PLC 4% Pri Sik (Curri) - £42

(9Ja89) 4%% Deb Stk Red after 15/5/56 - 235 4% Deb Stk Red siter 15/5/56 - 235 (10.1a89)
Seillie Gifford Japan Trust PLC Werrants to sub for Ord - 413
Baillie Gifford Shin Nippon PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 44 8 & (10.1a69)
British Assets Trust PLC A- 5% Prf Sti(Cum) - 257% (10.1a89)
British Empire Sec & General Trust 10% Deb Stk 2011 - 235
Carchia Georgian Trust DLC Cord 250 - 204 Capital Gearing Trust PLCOrd 25p - 304 15
EFM Dragon Trust PLCWarrants to sub
for Ord - 3
Editional Investment Trust Di Cossus for Ord - 3
Edinburgh Investment Trust PLC111/1%
Deb Skt 2014 - 2106%
English & International Trust PLC 101/1%
Deb Skt 2014 - 236/69
English & Socitish Investors PLC B* 259 - 99 (6Ja89)
F.& C. Pacific Investment Trust PLC - 87 8

- or 6 8
F.& C. Smaller Companies PLCS% Cum
Pri Stk - 250
Fifth Thropmortes Co El Com Pri Sit. – 150
Pri Si

London & St Lawrence Investment PLC - 88 (11.5x89) - 88 (11.4865)
London American Ventures Trust PLC4%
Cum Pid £1 - 80 (9.1885)
Loukend Investment Co PLC111% Deb
Six 2010 - 2104% (11.4885)
Murray Income Trust PLC4.25% Cum Pri Murray Income Trust PLC4.25% Cum Pri £1 = 62 (SU859) Overseas Investment Trust PLC 7%% Criv Uns Ln Sik 95/96 = £355 (6Ja89)

Uns Ln Sik 95/96 = £365 (61/889)
Rights and Issues Inv Trust PLC 7%%
Cum Pri £1 = 62 (91/889)
River & Mercantle Trust PLC 5% Cum Pri
Sik = £50 (81/889) Scottish Eastern Inv Trust PLC9%% Deb Six 2020 - 193% Six 2020 - 193% Scottlish Investment Trust PLC4.55% Cum "A" Prf Six - 273% (10Je69) Scottlish Mortgage & Trust PLC6%-14% Stepped Interest Deb Six 2020 - 2128 (11Je69) Scottlish Nationel Trust PLC6% Cum Prf onel Trust PLC6% Cum Pri £1 - 63

Six 2013 - E111 % (SUARR) Six 2013 - E111 % (SUARR) Pres Investment PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 42 Ord - 42
T.T. Finance PLC 11 5/16% Gtd Deb Stk 2010 - 2103%
Thrognorion Trust PLC 12 5/16% Deb Stk 2010 - 2112%
Thrognorion USM Trust PLC5%% Cust Ptb Cnf Ped Pri 21 - 00 (10.869)
Tor Investment Trust PLC4%% Cum Pri 21 - 35 (10.869)
Ventage Securities PLCWerrants to sub for Ord - 57®
Witten Investment Co PLC6% Deb Stk

ent Co PLC 8% Deb Stk

96/99 - £51 (SJa89) 8%% Deb Stk 2010 - £83% (10Ja89) **Unit Trusts** No. at bergains included 34 M.& C. American Smeller Co's Fund - 45.2 (8.1889) M.& G. International Income Fund Inc Units - 62.7

Mines - Miscellaneous Mirries — Miscestratificus
No. of bergains included 228
Amatgameted Financial trivs PLC Warrants
to sub for Sins — 3% 4 (11.589)
Angio United PLCCNv Red Pr 10p — 80
Blackf Mining PLC 10p — 32 (11.589)
Sotswars AST Ld PLZ — 30 (10.589)
De Beers Consolidated Nilnes Ld Did
R0.05(gr) (con 82) — \$11.45 11% 11%
11.6 11% 11%
5% Cum 2nd Prt 81 — 8 (16.589)

11.5 11% 11% 9 Cum 2nd Prt R1 - 8 (10.le89) 5 Crd Mining&Exploration Co PLC Ord 10p - 330 (11.le89) Mininguria Copper Mines Ld Ord Site \$27 -6 (10.le89) 6 (10.1a95)

6 (10.1a95)

RTZ Corporation PLC3.325% "A" Cum Pri 21 - 40 (9.1a95)

3.5% "S" Cum Pri 21(Reg) - 45%
6%% Uns Ln Stx 85/90 - 289 (10.1a89)

WEloughby's Consolidated PLC Pit 1p - 55%

Zambia Company

Zambis Consolidated Copper Mines Ld*B* Ord K10 - \$1.35 p 70 60 (10.le89) Mines - South African Barnato Exploration LdOrd R0.01 - 40 Lobowa Platinum Mines LdOrd R0.01 -(6Ja89) Indum Reefs Gold Mining Co Ld Ord RO.01 — 15 letel Cost Corp LdR0.50 - 70

(9,10,89) Oil No. of bargains included 1553 Off No. of bergetra Included 1553

British Petroleum Co PLCADR (121)
(225p Pd) - \$32%#0 27*0

Warrans to purchase ADS - \$7
(11Ja89)

8% Cum Pri St - 68 (10Ja89)

8% Cum Pri St 21 - 68 (10Ja89)

8% Cum Pri St 21 - 78

Damson Oil Corporation Sts of Com Stk
\$0.40 - \$0.015*0

ELF UK PLC 12*% Una Ln Stk 1991(Reg)
- £102% (9Ja89)

Enterprise Oil PLC 10%% Una Ln Stk 2013

- £102% (9Ja89) Enterprise QB PLC 10%% Ums Ln Stk 2013 Kelt Engrgy PLC New 6% (Net) Criv Cum Red Pri 21 = 63 (11Ja89) Royal Dutch Petroleum Co N,V.FL10(Reg) = FL236.71 (10Ja89) = FLE36.71 (10.ln89) Shell Transport&TradingCo PLCOrd Shs (8) 25piCpn 181) = 336 41 3 Texaco International Financial Corp8% Stg/S Crw Grd Ln Six 81/99 = 2109 (10.ln89)

Property No. of bargains included 596 Allied London Properties PLC10% Cum Prf £1 = 110 (9.hs89) 10%% 1st Mrg Deb Stk 2025 - £97 (11Je89) 8%% Criv Uns Lin Stk 1999 – £295 (8Jæ89) Rington Securities PLC9%% Curs Red pri 2008 21 = 99% (11Ja89) Pri 2008 21 = 99% (11Ja89) Jada Property Hidgs PLC 10 5/18% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2011 = 294% Judax Properties PLC 11% Gtd Deb Stk udax Properties PLC11% Gad Deb Six 2021 - £1007. © aton Hidgs Ld8%% 1st Mtg Deb Stk BB/S3 = E87 (SUABS) 8 W: Uns Ln Set 2002/07 = £77*/-Priction Estate PLC 9.50% Tel Mig Deb Set 2026 = £90% (10Ja85) Capital & Countles PLC 9%% 1st Mag Deb Sit 2027 = £94%/-88/93 = £87 (9.1a)9%% Uns Ln Stk 91/96 - £94 (10Jm69) 9 % Uns Lift six 91959 - 1994 (Tutanos)
Charlwood Alexince Hidgs Ld8 k% 1st Mtg
Deb Six 95/98 - 195 (5Ja89)
Craigen Combined Seca Ld8 % 1st Mtg
Deb Six 86/91 - 193 (11Ja89)
Devis Estates PLC7.75% Cnv Cum Red
Prf £1 - 33
10 % 1st Mtg Deb Six 2012 - 193 %

10%% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2012 = 593%
43x49
Estates & Agency Hages PLC11.25% 1st
Mtg Deb Stk 2020 = 2102%
Estates Property Investment Co PLC10%
1st Mtg Deb Stk 2011 = 591% 3%
(11Ja69)
Great Portland Estates PLC9.5% 1st Mtg
Deb Stk 2010 - 291%
Greycoat PLC12.65% Uns Ln Stk 90/92 2100 (11Ja69)
Guidtall Property Co PLC 05% 1st Mtg
Deb Stk 2010 = 590% (11Ja69)
Hammerson Prop Inv&Dev (11Ja69)
Hammerson Prop Inv&Dev Corp PLCOrd
25p - 955 70 5 85
Hastemere Estates PLC10% 1st Mtg
Deb Stk 2010 - 599% (11Ja69)
Snry Merchant Developers PLC5.125%
Cum Cov Red Prf 21 - 71
Land Securities PLC6% 1st Mtg Deb Stk
88/93 - 587

88/93 - £87 7%% 1st Mag Deb Sik 91/95 - £82 7 1/4 1 st Mtg Deb Stk 91/95 - 282 (10.1889)
9% 1 st Mtg Deb Stk 96/2001 - 291 % 10% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 96/2001 - 291 % 10% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2030 (230*6-31*1/83) - 231 % Ф 81/% Uns Lr 38: 92/97 - 227Ф Lowise,10/n1/properties PLC97% Mtg Deb Stk 92/97 - 281 (11.1889) London & Edinburgh Trust PLC 87% 1st Cum Red Pri 2013 £1 - 96 (11.189) London&Prov Shop Centree(Hidgs)PLC - 294 (10.189) London Securities PLC 87% Cum Pri £1 - 58 (5.1889) London Shop PLC 87% Uns Ln Stk 87/97 - 286 3

- 296 3

MEPC PLC 9% % 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2026 - 293

MEPC PLC 9% % 1st Mtg Deb Stk 97/2002

- 297 (11.1a69)

10% 4 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2024 - 2104%

0% Uns Ln Söt 2000/05 - 280% 1

(11.1a69)

New 10%% ULS 2032(230Pd-28/2/89) - 225% (11.1a69)

8/% Crw Uns Ln Stk 95/2000 - 2750

(10.1a69)

Meritin International Properties Ld Curn

8/% Cirv Urse Ln Stx 95/2000 - 2760 (10.985)
Markin International Properties Ld Curn Red Criv Pri 21 - 840
HuckdowlA & J.)Croup Pt.C.7% Curn Pri 21 - 85 (10.1885)
New London Properties Ld 31% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 57/95 - 286 (8.1889)
Peachey Property Corp Pt.C.9.8% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2015 - 281 (11.1889)
Peachey Property Corp Pt.C.9.8% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2015 - 281 (11.1889)
Peach Hidgs Pt.C.5.25% (Next) Criv Curn Non-Vig Pri 21 - 100 1% 2 9 %% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2011 - 283% Regis Property Hidgs Pt.C.65% Ged Uns Ln Stx 1997 - 286
Rosenbutgh Greycoat Estates Pt.C.11% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2014 - 21021% %
Rush & Tomptions Group Pt.C.75% Criv Curn Cantre Securities Pt.C.10%% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2017 - 298
9% Criv Urs Ln Stx 98/2000 - 2220 2 Tratford Park Estates Pt.C.11% 1st Mitg Deb Stx 2017/10 - 2105% (11.1889)
United Kingdom Property Co Pt.C.91% United Kingdom Property Co Pt.C.91% United Kingdom Property Co Pt.C.91%

Plantations No. of bargains included 14 Angio-Eastern Plantations PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 300 122% Uns Ln Sk 95/99 - 290 (11Js69) Chillington Corporation PLCDM 25p - 78 94% Cum Rad Pf 21 - 880 9% Cum Red Pri 21 - 980
9% Crv Une Ln Sik 1999 - 2100
Durlop Plentstions Ld5% Cum Pri 21 - 56
(11.989)
nch Kenneth Kejang Rubber PLC 10p 22.10 ½ (5.989)
Malakotf BertradSiv 1 - 600
Singapore Pere Rubber Estates PLC Stk
5p - 50 7 (11.989)

Railways No. of bergains included 0 New Brunewick Railway CoPerp 4% Cons Deb Stiglint Gtd by C.P.) - 238 (8.la88) Shipping No. of bargains included 145 Bergesen d-y AS B Non Vig She NK5 -NK422 London & Overseas Freighters PLC Ord

250 - 0% % (11Ja59) Ptd Ord 1p - 0% Ф B Ptd Ord 259 - 74% Ф Penriceuler & Oriental Steam New Co.5% Cum Ptd Stk - £47 Ф Warranta to purchase Dtd Stk = 120 em Nev Co5%

Utilities No. of bargains included 17 UBITIES No. of bargains included 17
CESC Ld Equity Ru10 - 30 40 (11.488)
7% Curn Pri Ru10 - 10
California Energy Co Inc Shs of Com Six \$0.0675 - 210.15 (10.489)
Febssowe Dock & Reilwey Co-Pri Units - 2101 (\$1.689)
Marchester Ship Canal Co 1st 31% Perp Milg Debe(Reg) - 230 (\$4.689)
4% Perp 1st Meg Debe(Reg) - 532 (10.489)
Mersey Docks & Harbour Co-6% Red Deb Six \$4.97 - 285 (10.489)
US WEST Lice Shin of Com Six of NPV -S WEST, Inc She of Core Six of NPV = \$32 (10,1a88)

Water Works memoush & District Water Co

= D00000 4% Por Stk = 2000 (11.1889)
Pristol Waterworks Co3.5% (Fmly 5% PMAX
Ord Stk = 2850
3.5% (Fmly 5% Cons Pri 38k = 2850
Chester Waterworks Co4.2% (Fmly 6%
Max(Pord Stk = 2000 (6.1889)
3.15% (Fmly 4% Port Stk = 2010
East Surrey Water Co 7% Red Deb Stk
9.092 = 263 (3.1889)
Hettiscoles Water Co3.5% (Fody 6%) Max 30/92 = 263 (\$\land{9})
larrispools Water Co3.5%(Frity 6%)\max
Ord Six = 2590 (\$\land{9})
8d Kent Water Co3.5%(Frity 5%)Cons
Ord Six = 2575
3.5%(Frity 5%)\max
Ord Six = 2575
650
1890(\$\land{9}) 3.574(Fraly 5%)Mex Ord Stk - 2575 (\$Ja83) (\$Ja83) 3.574(Fraly 5%)Cons Pri Stk - 2575 (\$Ja83)

Mid-Southern Water Co.3.5%(Firthy 5%(Cons Ord Str. - 2710 5 25 10% Red Deb Str. 2274 - 235 (10,Ja83) Newcastle & Gassehead Water Co.7% Red Pri 5st 94/85 - 230 1% 2% Partsmouth Water Co.3.5%(Finity 5%)Ord Str. - 250000 0% Ord Stk - \$575 fordelline Waterworks Co - 2840 50 (1 1.Jm69) 3.5%(Fmly 5%)Ord Stk - 2825 40 50 11.1489) \$51,Cons Pri Sit - 29500 75% Red Deb Sit 9194 - 251 (\$Je69) 75% Red Deb Sit 9196 - 253 (10Je89) 95% Red Deb Sit 982000 - 255 (10Je89) 900 underland & South Shields Water Co

- 2649
Tendring Hundred Waterworks Co
- 275
- 3.5%[Finby 5%]Max New Ord 210
- 575
- 5.6%[Finby 8%]Mex Pid Ord 210
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USM Appendix No. of bargs ins included 1021 BLP Group PLC8p (Net) Cov Cum Red Pri 10p - 105 (10Je89) RLP Group PLCSp (Net) Cav Qum Red P7 10p - 105 (10).489) Birnec Industries PLC8.5% Qrv Una Ln Six 1991 - 2100 (10).489) Ghyvision PLC8.5%(Net) Cnv Qum Red P7 21 - 102 Darby Group PLC Ord Sp - 145 0 (11).489) EN Fact PLC Ord Sp - 874 8 (10).489) Embassy Property Group PLC New Ord 10p (FpLA-13/189) - 183 (10).489) Expedier Letsure PLC7.75% Cnv Qum Red P7 21 - 100 (8).489 Gbbs Mew PLC Ord 25p - 257 65 (6).4809

Gibbs Mew PLC Ord 25p - 257 68 (6Je89) Kunick PLC7p (Net) Car Red Pri Sp lenning Research & Systems PLCOrd 10p = 10d Pri £1 = 97 7 th Trust PLC7% Cum Cov Red Sended Group PLCOrd 10p = 1188
Savage Group PLC6.5% (Net) Class Red
City Pri E1 = 98
Venture Plant Group PLCOrd 5p = 98 (SJa89)
Visite Group PLCOrd 10p = 21 % 2
Wydysid Garden Centres PLC8.5% (Net)
Griv Cum Red Pri 21 - 117
Yalvarion Invastments PLC8% Civ Uns Ln 54. 1997 - 267 York Trust Group PLCRed Cum Criv Pri 20p - 60 (11Ja89)

The Third Market Appendix No. of bargains included 92 ociated Farmers PLC Ord 25p = 66 7

9% Red Cum Pri S1 - 102 (16):e89; Ednburgh Hibernian PL: Ord 2p - 61 Haemscoal PLCOrd 1p - 128 40 13; Nerric Was) PLCOrd 1p - 128 40 14; Kromographic PLCOrd 5p - 16 (5):e80;

Medirace February
\$3.((0.189)* | LC ADR (0.1) = \$0.6
| Norton Group PLC ADR (0.1) = \$0.6
| Royal Soverego Group PLCCom Car Red
Pri 2006 25p = 57
| Swarnyard Studios PLCNew Ord 1p
| (Fp.PAL = 2785) = 2% (11.889) |
| Wilson Group PLC Ord 1p = 4% 0.%
| Drid E \$35.(4) (a)

RULE 535 (4) (A) Bergains marked in securities where principal market is outside the UK and Republic of Ireland, Quotation has not been granted in London and dealings are not recorded in the Official List.

recorded in the Chican List.

Alliex Hobiops 50e
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Ampol Exploration 75 (10 11
Ampol Exploration 75 (10 11
Augustanos Ord R151; 10 11
Augustanos A90.08
Boral Ord Sh. AS3.04 (9 11
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Boral Ord Sh. AS3.04 (9 11
Boral Exploration 527; (11 13
Codery Asportic Gold Mines 31; (11 13
City Developments SS3 12
Developments SS3 12
Developments SS3 12
Developments SS3 12
Green A90 3 111 11
Greet Exploration Mines AS0.067 (6.1)
Greet Exploration 50
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Great Estern Mines ASO.069 (6.1)
Greenste Mining 5
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Nav Pay Drot the Estimanare rea) \$53.2818
Highred Streit & Vanadism \$2.57.2.58,2.60
Hooker Corp 98
Kers Gorp AS2.9.2.94 3.14 (6.1)
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Kolimanger Corp E13.05.13 10.13 35
Kolim Malaysia Ord 152.616 11
Kolim Malaysia Ord 152.616 11
Lawter International \$1.2646
Malaysia Airling System MS6.80
McCartify Group 15.2.610 11
Moont Martin Gold Mines 244 (11.11
Maintand Electronics (Corpolidated 6tyle
Historic Computers AG Per Sim DM331
Koranda inc CS244,624 24 (6.1)
Oli Search 30 1.2
Overseas Chinese Banking Corp 230,240
(11.1) Oversols Chinese Banking Corp 2 (11 1)
Pollabora Mining RS1, 51, 1 (11 1)
Regal Hotels intigon 14, 16 (11 1)
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Regal Hotels intigon 14, 16 (11 1)
Selangor Properties SS1, 074 (10, 1)
Say Line Exploris CS1, 152875
Southwest Gold mines 2 (9, 1)
Stratustic Milerals Corp ASO 49
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Corp RULE 535 (2) Bargsine granted in securities incorporated in the UK & Republic of Ireland but not listed

On any exchange Adnams & Cn "8" Ord £17 (9 1)
Ann Street Brewery 850 to 1)
Appleton Hids 12 (6 1)
Ariel Industrics 100 111 11
Channel Island Communications 42 Appleton Hittps 12 (b 11)
Ariel Industries 100 111 11
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Clucas Cleaners 25% P 1)
Consider Trust 225 (9 1)
Consider Trust 225 (9 1)
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Dart Valley Light Rivy 315 (b.1)
DBS Management 75
De Groney (Abraham £10
Douglas Gas Light 330 (10.1)
Ductour 45 (9 1)
Europlas Hittes 43 5.5 (9 1)
Falmouth Hotel £31 (9 1)
Frederictes Place Hittes 30 3 (10 1)
Frederictes Place Hittes (17 £0.25)
Gamplan IV 47.5 (b 1)
Guerney Press Co 223
Hoskins Rewert 50.60 (b 1)
Heland Yard Investments 41,6 (11.1)
Industries Bros 302.5 (2)
Kennine Resources 14,4, b,15
Le Riches Stores 395 (11.1)
Levernoof FC £302 (1)
Levernoof FC £302 (1)
Levernoof FC £302 (1)
Levernoof FC £302 (1)
Newbork Raccourse £330 (11.1) London Wall Bildgs 270, 3 (9.1)
Newbury Recourse (2500)
North West Euploration 36 (11.1)
Oliver Resources (fc0 05) 171;
Plymouth Hotel 185
Raspiers FC 125
Raspiers FC 125
Rubaak Hidgs 32 (11.1)
Subraak Hidgs 32 (11.1)
Siber Bear 171, 18
Stb Quay burs 145 (10.1)
Southers Remyapers 273,80
Transattantic Remyapers 273,80
Transattantic Hidgs Prid "8" 320 (9.1)
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enhant Group PLC Warrants to sub Ord ~29 By Permission of the Stock Exchange Council

USM & THE THIRD MARKET

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

6TH FEBRUARY 1989

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

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FINANCIAL TIMES

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Another broad advance for equities

London's equity market closed the week and an exceptionally buoyant three-week trading account in a blaze of glory.

There were strong gains across the board in the blue chips with the FT-SE 100 share index short of the day's best, up 11.2 up at 1862.1.

At its best level during the session, just after the opening of Wall Street, the index had posted a 12.3 rise. Over the eek, the Footsie has moved np an impressive 50.3 points as Wall Street finally hurst through its resistence point of 2,200 on the Dow Jones Aver-

A lot of the steam in the

Accoun	at Dealing	Pates
First Dealings: Dec 28	Jan 18	Jen 30
Jan 12	lores: Jen 26	Feb 9
Jen 16	Jan 27	Feb 10
Amount Duy: Jan 23	Feb 5	Feb 20
New two deal LOC see les bu	high may take sheets days a	piano from Arilor

market generated by the GEC/ Siemens/Plessey affair tended to evaporate yesterday, but nevertheless the sector continued to generate plenty of busi-ness. In yet another twist to the saga, the American General Electric Corporation and the UK's GEC announced they had reached an accord on joint

Christopher Tucker, electronics analyst at Rieinwort Benson Securities, said the GEC/GE collaboration "weak-ens the chances of a viable consortium bid for GEC," while a leading trader in the electronics sector was of the opinion that "the big battles in the sector are only just beginning".
The rest of the market

Equity Shares Traded

Dec

Mr Euan Worthington of

Warburg Securities is looking for pre-tax profits of £217m, against £200.2m last time, and

earnings per share of 27.9p. County NatWest WoodMac's Mr Robert Sassoon forecasts a

marginally lower £215m. Lon-

rho shares finally edged firmer to close 4 up at 339p with turn-

over again high at 5.6m shares.

The Wytch Field participants again stole the thunder in the

oil sector and none more so

than Premier Consolidated.

The spotlight turned on the

exploration and production company following a purchase by Burmah of 19.65m shares,

some 5 per cent, at 80p which

lifts the chemicals to lubri-

cants group's overall stake to

value properly the Wytch Field has brought about the situa-tion," said a leading oil trader.

Burmab, a friendly share-holder, has recognised the potential and while it probably

as no intention of launching a

full offer, it might pass the stake on in time, he continued.

Premier's sharss bounded

higher, before easing from the highest to close 6% better at

76 Mp. along with other mem-

bers of the syndicate headed by

The market's failure to

Premier surge

29.9 per cent.

Nov

Jan

Tumover by volume (million)

600

100

European ventures in three

peformed exceptionally well. We've done vary well: it seems that confidence in UK equities is returning, albeit slowly; there is a marked change of attitude by the big funds. The feeling now seems to be: if you're underweight in

Alphas, you have to top up," was the overall view of a broker at one of London's top Another broker noted that

buying interest had "spread from the blue chips to the secfrom the case cause to the ser-ond-liners". "Perhaps the mar-ket has gone too far, too quickly, but we have to go with it - the last thing you

eed is to be left behind.

There was no shortage yesterday of features in equities. Bine Arrow were barely changed, but turnover of 30m demonstrated investors' concern over recent developments at the company, culminating in the departure of Mr. Tony Berry as chief executive,

British Petroleum, Goal Petro-

leum rose 6 to 99p and Clyde

Petroleum 3 more to 107p but

BP registered scant change. Burmah drifted slightly easier

Berry, the architect of Blue Arrow's expansion, had been

company, said analysts.

on fundamentals.

the calculations were based. On the downside, he said, the shares might look overvalued

Mr Fromstein, who resigned

from the Blue Arrow board last month after disagreements

with Mr Berry, has been talking to Adia, the Swiss group which is seen as a poten-

tial bidder for Blue Arrow.

Mills said that his victory in the boardroom made a take-

over less likely. Other analysts

disagreed, and though a bid

was still a possibility.
Guinness climbed 6 to 3390

on the news from Paris that Mr

Jean-Louis Masurel had fol-

lowed Mr Alam Chevalier and

resigned from the hoard of Louis Vuitton Moet Hennessy. Mr Geoff Collyer, drinks analyst at County NatWest Wood-

mac, said that although two men were allies of Guinness, their departures reduced the

uncertainty surrounding the future of LVMH. Mr Collyer

also noted that Guinness had

increased to 45 per cent its share of its joint stake in

Agache. This meant that Guin-

ness was now unlikely to be

drawn into a battle for control

The ontcome of Hammer-

son's revaluation of its prop-

erty portfolio lifted Building

concerns with extensive prop-erty interests including Trafal-

gar House, up 8% at 305%p. Trafalgar was also boosted by news of the group's involve-

employee bnyont at British Rail Engineering.

Anglia Secured Homes, which build protected homes

for the elderly, rose 13 to 413p on what one dealer called spec-

ulative buying. He said the company "looks absolutely right" for a bid. Macarthy and

Stone, which also builds pro-tected homes, moved up 10 to

Attwoods rose 32 to 336p on news that Leidlaw Transporta-

tion, the Canadian waste-man-

agement company, had lifted its stake to 28.8 per cent in the

ment in the management a

of LVMH, said the analyst.

with Financiere

The news that Mr Tony

laced as chief executive by

to 496%p.

although he remains on the board. There were stories sug-gesting imminent developments at Storehouse and spec-ulation that another bid could well materialise at Hammer-

British Steel took the acco-lade for the biggest turnover stock, with US funds again heavy buyers; activity totalled nearly 60m shares for the sec-ond consecutive session. But the bigger news was in turn-over as a whole at a healthy 789.6m shares, a figure that brought smiles (and relies, too)to the faces of brokers and analysts who at Christmas were viewing the New Year

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES 87.01 87.05 98.67 94.14 (25/5/88) (8/1/88) 312.5 180.7 734.7 43.5 (7/1/88) (3/1/89) (15/2/83) (26/10/71) 4.81 12,10 8.89 34,623 . S.E. ACTIVITY

Ord. Dl. Yield
Earning Yld %(full)
P/E Ratio(Net)(%)
SEAC Bargelins(Spm)
Equity Turnovar(Em)†
Equity Bargelins†
Shares Traded (mi)† 4.88 12.26 9.86 26,294 1183.57 4.88 12.29 8.84 31,613 1348.25 32,904 9.89 29,333 1229,32 31,786 Opening 010 a.m. 011 a.m. 012 p.m. 1512.1 1519.5 1519.8 1515.8 DAY'S HIGH 1520.6 DAY'S LOW 1812.1

181.5 3702.3 Gift Edged Bargal Equity Bargains Equity Value

London Report and letter

GEC off after US deal

GEC, the biggest of the UK's electronics issues, dipped off to 210p before eventually settling a net 2% lower at 212%p on turnover of 17m shares, after the co-operation deal with Gen-eral Electric of the US was

The latest moves by GEC were described by one top analyst as being "another nail in the coffin of any bid by the Lazards consortium." He went on: "It effectively puts General Electric out of any consortium and bid- proofs GEC as it gives the company the same pre-emptive rights over any attempt to sell the medical systems business. This is a good, well thought-out strate-

gic move by GEC."

Pleasey shares fell away and closed 3 easier at 330p with turnover coming out at 6.8m. "It is looking increasingly likely that they have missed the boat as far as GEC are concerned. There has been plenty of top-slicing by action funds," said one dealer in the shares.

STC, still benefiting from stories that the company is not after all going to participate in the possible offers for GEC, put on 4 more to 281p.

Hammerson busy

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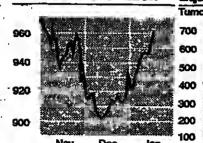
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"Complete and utter confusion" was how one analyst described the market in Ham-"A" and the ordinaries seesawed wildly throughout the day. After opening lower on the belief that Rodumco could not afford to make a higher a dramatic recovery on talk that the Dutch group is, in fact poised to increase its £1.3bn hid.

The story in the market was that Rodamco may approach the Takeover Panel for permis sion to increase the differential between its offer for the ordinary and its offer for the "A" shares - the idea being to tempt Standard Life to sell some or all of its 11.3m ordinaries with an offer around £12 or £13-a-share. However, observers said that it was highly unlikely that Rodamco would be granted permission for such a move.

The market was also alive with suggestions that Rodamco would launch a raid on Hammerson "A" shares next week-citing this as the reason why the "A" closed higher and the ordinaries lower. In spite of what he said was the lack of logic in such a move, one senior analyst was confident that Rodamco, and its advisers at Warburgs, would not with-

FT-A All-Share Index



draw from the battle without a fight. "The final twist next week will be unexpected, and undoubtedly creative." When trading closed, Hammerson ordinary stood 4 easier at 949p, and the "A" shares 28 higher at

Bond confirms

For Lonrho holders there was no Friday-the-thirteenth fear of the unknown yesterday. The Bond group made an announcement confirming that neither Bond Corporation, Bell Resources nor their associates intend to make any offer for Lourho at the present time. The Australian owner of a 21 per cent shareholding does, however, reserve the right to bid in the event either of a material change of circum stances at Lonrho or should any other offer emerge for the

Market traders winced, and some decided to reduce their commitments, but in contrast to the previous day the shares showed remarkable stability. This owed much to support from income funds seeking to increase their weightings ahead of the annual results; these fall within the trading Account starting on Monday and are expected to be reported on January 26.

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1988/89

PREW PROHIB (195).
AMERICANS (2) CSC, California Engy., GATX, CANADIANS (3) Brascan, Hadson's Bay, CATX, CANADIANS (3) Brascan, Hadson's Bay, Seagram, Baketz (1) Eanh Sock 3 4 pp litted Pr., BREWERS (3) Groeve King.
Meanison-Glenhver, Mar.DHIGS (3) Altwoods, Conder Grp., Laierge Coppea, CHEMICALS (3) Novo Inde. TS., Parastory IT., STORES (1) Universicals, Elect., Parastory Colleges, n. Motors, Volva, Bostrott, PAPERS (1) Oally Mell 'A', PAPERS

(2) Crown Common, Santchi S-I₈ pc; PL 2003, PROPERTY (1) Town Contin, SHEPPENS (1) Tumbull Scotz, TEXTRLES (1) Tootal, TRUSTS (23) GMS (2) Arabez Pel, Norsk Hydro, Premier Coos., OFFSSEAS TRADER (1) Sims Darby, FLANTATIONS (1) Anglo-Es Picos., MINES (1) ACM Gold.

Pennis, MINES (7) ACM Gold.

Pennis, MINES (7) Abbot Emergy, Millerings

CAMADEANE (7) Abbot Emergy, Millerings

(7) Carron Poorles, STORES (2) Owen &

Robinson, Soot Shop Intl., ELECTRICALS

(8) Isoped, Nesco Inv., Real Time Control,

ICC, POORS (2) Acades & Habithesia,

Northumbrian Foods, &NOUSTRULE (0)

Cotorgen, Hewitt (1), Page (Michael), Shery

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RISES AND FALLS On the week

	Rises	Falls	Same	Alaes	Falls	Sam
British Fonds	35	45	31	255	173	11
Corps. Dom. & Foreign Bonds	12	3	36	50	25	18
Industrials	804	256	722	2,618	1,439	3,85
Financial and Props	220	103	347	1,048	475	1,82
Offic	42	14	46	168	77	27
Plantations	2	1	9	- 11	5	4
Mines	48	25	115	221	177	53
Others	125	39	82	477	291	49

COMMODITIES

WEEK IN THE MARKETS

Zinc hits record as nickel retreats

ZINC'S RISE to fresh price records and nickel's continued retreat from its pre-Christmas peak were the most prominent features of London Metal Exchange trading this week. Soft commodities were generally weaker, led by robusta coffee futures, which fell from last week's 11-month highs. The rise in zinc prices was in

response to the appearance of new supply worries, against the long-established background of supply tightness.

Outokumpu, the Finnish metals group, warned this week that it may have to halt zinc deliveries because of a strike at its Kokkola plant, while in Sardinia strike action has forced the closure of a zinc

plant run by Nnova Samim, the metallurgical division of Ente Nazionale Idrocarburi, the state energy group. In Peru meanwhile, workers at Centromin, the state mining company, were threatening a resumption of the strike which ended only a month ago.

Knoouraged by these factors,
buyers drove up the LME cash price for high grade zinc by \$50.50 to an all-time peak of \$1,688 a tonne, and the three

months price advanced by \$54 to \$1,646.58 a tonna. Peru is also an important producer of copper - accounting for about 5 per cent of noncommunist world supplies, compared with about 11 per cent for zinc - but the renewed strike fears seemed to have relatively little impact on this market. In fact, the LME copper market this week tested the bottom end of its recent trading range, with the cash Grade A price reaching £1,850.50 a tonne at Wednesday's close - more than £150 down from the record level

reached last month. The price then staged a modest rally, however, encouraged by yesterday's news of an explosion in the flash oven at the important Chiquicamata mine in Chile. The LME cash price rose £7 yesterday to £1,869.50 a tonne, but that was still £38 down on the week. The nickel market's strength over the past year has been based largely on the extremely low level of stocks, a situation which was expected to be exacerbated by a plant breakdown, announced just before Christmas, at Inco's Indonesian subsidiary. That news had encouraged a fresh npsurge which lifted the LME cash

price to within \$2,000 of last March's \$22,200 a tonne record. It came as a considerable surprise, therefore, when the exchange announced on Mon-day that stocks in its regis-tered warehouses had risen by 4,224 tonnes last week to 6,768 tonnes, the highest level for 18 months. Although that could still not be regarded as a com-fortable level traders immediately cut the cash price by \$1,200 a tonne.

The price recovered some ground in mid-week, but yes-terday the emergence of fresh speculation about further stock rises pushed it down again by \$475, leaving the metal \$1,500 lower on the week at \$16,250 a

Uncertainty was also the chief feature of London'd robusta coffee futures market. robusta coffee futures market. Some traders saw this week's price fall as signalling the end of the recent buil run, while others insisted it was only a technical correction and that the market's underlying strength was still intact.

The bulls just about had the order vestorials. edge yesterday, when the March delivery position rallied by £8 to £1,166 a tonne – but that still represented a fall of

£104 on the week.

Nothing happened on the fundamental front this week to explain the market reversal. On the contrary, the concern about Brazilian crop prospects, which had been driving the markst, might have been expected to be heightened by a new estimate from the country's Commerce and Industry

Minister putting the 1989-90 harvest at 18m bags (60 kg each) or less. That was at the bottom end of trade forecasts and well below the Brazilian Coffee Institute's recent estimate of 22.9m bags.

London traders seemed to take the view, however, that weather damage to next sea-son's Brazilian crop, originally forecast at about 40m bags, had already been taken fully into account, and that further substantial rises were not to be expected. Ironically, the Commerce Minister's gloomy fore cast may have contributed to the price slide as the market's failure to respond bullishly persuaded some speculators that the time had come to take their profits.

There was also some irony in the cocoa market's slide this week, which left the May position £53 down at £807 a tonne. That was because the fall was influenced by concern that cocca bought by Sucres et Den-rees, the Paris trader, in a presamed market support opera-tion, might soon find its way back onto the market. At an EC meeting in Brussels on Thursday the French Govern-ment continued to insist that it had played no part in financing the deal.

Storehouse was the main feature among firmer retail stocks, closing 7 higher at 1960 amid suggestions that the man-agement has arranged to buyout the company. There consistent demand for the stock at all levels during the day, and by the close a healthy 10m shares had changed hands

Mr Mitchell Fromstein, who formerly held the same post at Manpower, created turnoil in the market. The volume of 30m shares indicated that the mar-Speculation of a buy-out at Storehouse was nothing new, noted a more cantions ket thought the development observer, but if it did materialimportant, but the fact that the price remained unchanged at ise it would at least rid the group of the bid talk which has dogged it for so long, and which has kept the shares at 90%p indicated that it was unsure whether the changes were good or bad news for the such inflated levels. Several analysts said that a buy-ont Mr Andrew Mills of BZW said the Blue Arrow price was possible, but unlikely. As one said: "I can't see it myself, sed on break-up value could but stranger things have hapbe as high as 110p depending on the assumptions on which

Ratners gained a penny 178p after one of the UK's leading agency brokers npgraded its forecast to £77m for this year and £95m for next, this just weeks after the same house downgraded the stock. Slight concern over the chances of overseas, probably US, acquisitions unsettled British Telecom which eased 2 to 264p after turnover of 6.4m. Cable & Wireless added 7 at

378p on turnover of 4m, with the shares said to have been part of a programme trade carried out yesterday. Racal Telecom, also part of the programme, moved up 4% to a record 205p while Racal Electronic rose 7 to 304p.

although the shares recorded 3.14 3.13 3.11 2.02 2.73

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS The following is based on trading volume for Alpha securities dealt through the SEAQ system vesterday until 5 cm. de & Sandi _

BICC made further rapid progress, settling 8 higher at 415p with a stock shortage attributed to the rise over the past couple of sessions. Else-where software group Logica raced up to close a net 11

firmer at 357p.

British Steel continued the response to broking house buy recommendations - some 56m shares changed hands - after the bullish news regarding increased production, announced earlier this week. In partiy-paid form, the price remained around 65%p. IMI traded actively (6.3m),

while Rolls-Royce carried on rising (145p), ahead of a Hoare Govett presentation on Mon-day. TI jumped 12 to 385p withdealers attributing the move-ment to a squeeze on market enpplies, and Davy Corporation rose 7 to 180p following revived takeover hopes. Spirax-Sarco, which began

little change on the session,

moving up a few sessions ago on dollar-related influences, surged strongly as speculation took hold of bid possibilities Several names were mentioned but that of Ciba Geigy, the Swiss group, was heard more than most. The shares closed 11 up for a gain on the week of 30 to 219p. International City Holdings (ICH) started a speculative run, rising 12 to 90p, following news

of a bid approach.

The week ended busily for the Traded Options market, as a total of 53,795 contracts - 40,957 calls and 12,838 puts -were traded. The most active contracts were in Rolls Royce, with 3,602 calls and 1,033 puts, and BP, with 2,865 calls and 33

Other market statistics. including the FT-Actuaries

LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

Percentage changes since December 30 1988 based on Thursday January 12 1989

ectronics +	7.07	Publishing & Printing
**************************************	5.28	All Share Index
Perance(Brokers)+	4.87	Mining Finance
Inital Goods+	4.76	Textiles
Holma Materials+	4.80	Other Groups
chanical Engineering +	4.40	Telephone Networks
sciricals	4.37	Motors
enicals	4.30	Leleure
her Industrial Materials +	4.23	Consumer Group
intracting Construction +	4.07	Financial Group
Mks	3.54	Insurance(Life)
restreent Trusts+	3.81	Food Retailing
awars and Distillers +	3.57	Merchant Banks
& Ges +	3.54	Food Manufacturing
opping & Transport+	5.49	Insurance(Composite)
stals & Metal Forming +	3.28	Property
C Shere Index+	3.28	Stores
fustrial Group+	3.22	Gold Mines Index
ckaging & Paper +	3.21	Conglomorates
with & Household Products +	3.14	Overseas Traders

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

		Coupon	Red	Price	Change	Tield	Work	Mont
UK GILT	3	13.500	9/92	108-05	+1/32	10.74	10.89	11.00
		8.750	9/97	85-03	+5/32	10,15	10.23	10.39
		9,000	10/08	87-22	+6/32	9.25	9,34	9.41
US TREA	SURY .	8.875	11/98	98-23	+ 17/32	9.07	8.26	9.18
		9.000	11/18	101-02	4 29/32	8.90	9.08	8.01
JAPAN	No 111	4,500	6/98	99,1199	+0.130	4.74	4.86	4.59
	No 2	5.700	3/07	109.2688	-0.109	4.75	4.80	4.73
GERMAN	r	6.750	8/98	100.8750	+0.400	6.65	6.70	5.62
FRANCE	BTAN	8.000	10/93	98,1044	+0,001	8,48	8.53	8.65
	OAT	9.500	5/98	106.4300	+0.280	8.46	8.64	2.77
CANADA	•	10.250	12/98	100.3750	+0.625	10.18	10.33	10.23
NETHER	LANDS	6:7500	10/98	100.8750	+0.300	6.73	6.09	6.63
AUSTRA	JA	12.500	1/98	96.B670	-0.538	13.09	12.94	12.48

Prices: US, UK in 32nds., others in decimal Technical Data(ATLAS Price Sources

APPOINTMENTS

Rover Group restructure

Austin Rover and Land Rover activities as follows: chairman - Sir Graham Day; managing director - Mr George Simpson; Austin Royer commercial director - Mr Kevin Morley; corporate affairs director - Mr J.M. Pullen; design and con-cept engineering director - Mr Roy Axe; finance director - Mr Tony Rose; Land Rover commercial director - Mr Chris Woodwark; manufacturing director - Mr Andy Barr; per-sonnel director - Mr Frank Saundry; product development director - Mr John Towers; quality director - Mr Alan Cur-tis; strategic planning director - Mr Roland Bertado. The new structure replaces the previous management organisation within Rover Group, Austin Rover and Land Rover; the members are drawn from

THE ROVER GROUP has Rover Group, Austin Rover formed a single management and Land Rover senior management structure for all Rover Group, and with the exception of commercial activities- will operate on an integrated basis across the whole group. Com-

group, with the addition of Mr Mike Carver, executive board ed, non-executive director

Finance director of **Abbey National**

■ AT ABBEY NATIONAL BUILDING SOCIETY Mr James

Mr Martin E. Llowerch chief executive of British Steel, has been made a non-executive

was with W.H. Smith.

to the new post of project director, Networker EMU, responsible for the development of the new electric multiple unit train. He was mechanical and electrical engineer (resource management).

■ Mr R.H. Ranson, a director of THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, has been eppointed deputy general manager and joint actuary. Assistant general managers Mr R.Q. Bowley, administration, Mr S.M. Khanis, marketing, and Mr D.G. Thomas, investment, have been appointed directors

Richard Mooney . Mr Harford Robb has been

of Thomas Tilling. = SHEARSON LEHMAN

mercial activities, which include marketing and sales and relationships with dealers and customers will continue to operate as separate Austin Rover and Land Rover activities within the Group organisa-The above management

member responsible for liaison with Honda, Mr Bernard and former finance director of British Aerospace, and Mr Les Wharton, executive board member responsible for affiliates, constitute the board of the Rover Group. Miss S.D. Windridge continues as com-

Tyrell, general manager finance, has been appointed finance director and joins the

■ NETWORK SOUTHEAST appointed a non-executive has appointed Mr James Vine director of STANLEY MILLER HOLDINGS. He was a partner with Arthor Andersen and Co. ■ WENTWORTH INTERNATIONAL GROUP as appointed Mr Simon Davies as group financial

director designate. He was with Arthur Andersen. ■ ADWEST GROUP has appointed Mr B.R.L. Easton as engineering director of its subsidiary MPE. He was with the Ministry of Defence. B.H. BLACKWELL Oxford. has appointed Mr Peter Begnall as a director responsible for retailing. Ha

HUTTON GILTS has appointed Mr Peter Hayward, of Morgan Grenfell Gilts, as director - gilt

Mr J.W. Anderson, chief production manager, has been promoted to production director of the BRITISH NEWSPAPER PRINTING CORPORATION (SCOTLAND), a Maxwell company.

Yields: Local market standard

■ ELGA GROUP has appointed.

Mr Peter Ryan as chairman.

He was an executive director

■ Mr Charles Barrow, commercial development director, has been appointed to the main board of MERRIVALE MOORE.

Mr Simon F. Westmacott has been appointed a director of STANDARD CHARTERED MERCHANT BANK. Mr Jasper J.F. Balkwill, Mr Andy C. Brown and Mr Alan S. Findlay have been appointed assistant

Mr Geoff Potton, managing director of Bryant Homes Southern, and Mr Mick Noble, managing director of Bryant Homes Central, have both been appointed to the board of BRYANT HOMES.

■ SPRAYBAKE has appointed Mr R.S. Skinner its managing

■ SHEARWATER PROPERTY HOLDINGS has appointed Mr Michael Russell as finance director. The company is part of the Rosehangh Group.

■ Mr Ian Hay Davison has been appointed chairman of CL-ALEXANDERS LAING & CRUICKSHANK GILTS and CL-ALEXANDERS LAING & CRUICKSHANK DISCOUNT. Mr George Gibson has become chief executive of CL-Alexanders Laing & Cruickshank Gilts

Mr Anthony C. Barnes has been made commercial director at THE BIRMINGHAM BATTERY AND METAL CO.

■ Mr Roger Wright, founder



Mr Stephen Barrett (above) has been appointed to the main board of LLOYDS MER-CHANT BANK. He is also a director of Lloyds Merchant Bank Corporate Finance. Mr John Kent and Mr Derek Shil-ling have been appointed assis-tant directors, corporate finance. Miss Karen Hewitt and Mr Robert Litchfield have been appointed assistant directors of Lloyds Bank Stock-

and managing director of the Retail Audits Group, has joined HUGHES OVENS AND HEWITT as a director,

Mr William S. Bath has been appointed a director of the TIPTON & COSELEY succeeds Mr John A. Parker, a former chairman, who has retired. Mr Bath set up his own business, Bath Rowley & Glover, in Birmingham in 1982.

Mr Leo Finn, general manager and secretary, has become an executive director of NORTHERN ROCK BUILDING SOCIETY.

■ GEORGE WIMPEY has appointed Mr D.J. Holland. chairman, and Mr K.R. Charlton, managing director of Wimpey Leisure, based in

E Lord Rockley has been made a non-executive director of CHRISTIES INTERNATIONAL He is vice chairman of

Kleinwort Benson Group.

Count & Service | 14-15 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-1

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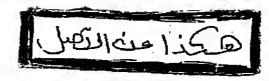
Current Unit Trust Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your free Unit Trust Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help deak on 01-925-2128

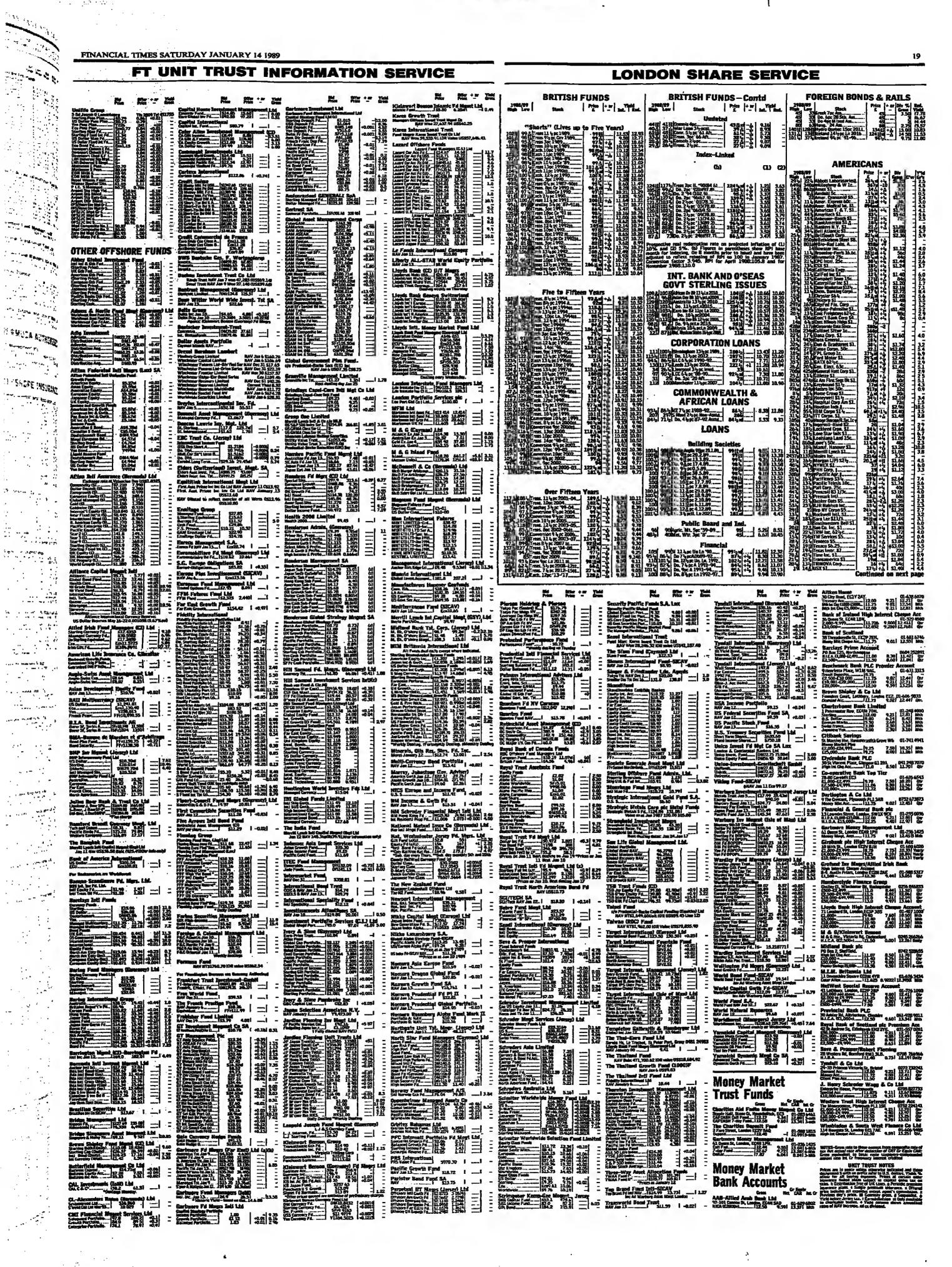
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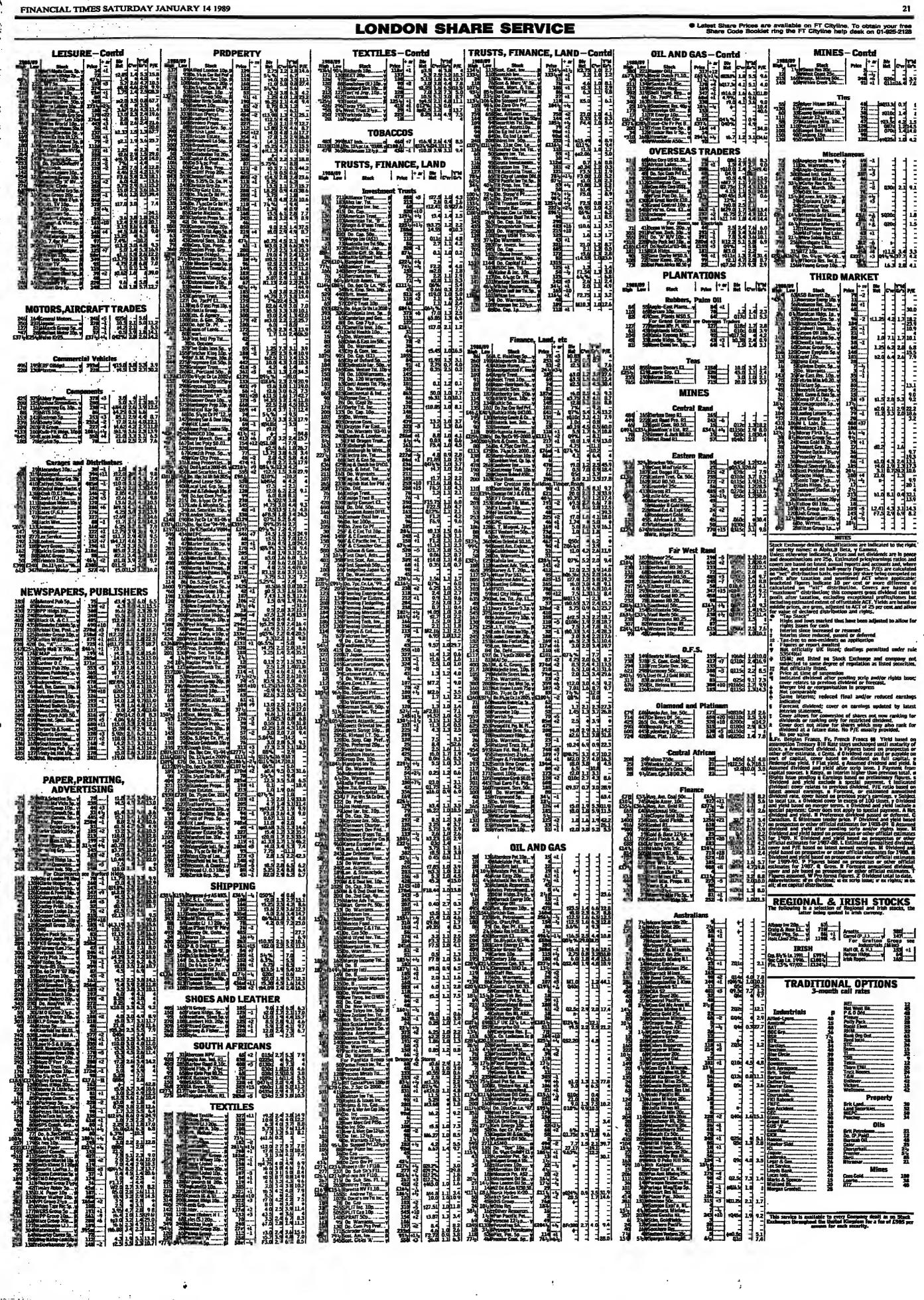
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FINANCIAL TIMES

Weekend January 14/January 15 1989



Minister to meet PLO in Mid-East peace initiative

By Andrew Gowers. Middle East Editor

MR WILLIAM WALDEGRAVE, Minister of State at the Foreign Office, was yesterday preparing to sound out the Palestine Liberation Organisation on the possibility of local elections in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip as a first step towards Arab-Israeli peace

Mr Waldegrave was due to hold the first meeting of a British minister with Mr Yassir Arafat, the PLO chairman, in Tunis last night or today.

The question of elections in the Israeli-occupied territories, which is believed to be under consideration by the new coalition government in Jerusalem, was expected to be among the "practical steps" towards peace talks which Mr Waldegrave has said he wants to discuss with both the PLO and Israel

Britain, which last month ended a five-year freeze on ministerial contacts with the PLO, is looking for ways of encouraging Israel to respond to recent conciliatory gestures by Mr Arafat while US Middle East policy is in transition hetween the Reagan and Bush administrations.

Officials say the British Government is working in tandem with a European Community initiative beginning this weekend with a visit to Israel hy Mr Francisco Fernandez Ordonez, the Spanish Foreign Minister and current chairman of the Council of

The Europeans' first priority ia either to soften or circumvent Israel's persistent refusal to talk to the PLO.

Local elections in the territories, to choose representatives to negotiate on their inhabitants' behalf, is one possible way of so doing being canvassed in Whitehall. The last West Bank local elections were held in 1976, and among the population for the

"This is a difficult area, but it could be a significant one because it is important somehow to devise a valid negotiating group which would represent Palestinians within and ontside the occupied territories and be acceptable to Israel," said an official

yesterday. "If we can aquare this particular circle, wa might be on the way to substantive negotiations."

However, it is not clear whether Mr Arafat, who wants Israel to negotiate in an international conference with the PLO, will approve of electing local Palestinian

Banks fail to halt rise in dollar

Jan 1988

range, at around DM1.80, was completely realistic.

His remarks during a Wash-

ington visit triggered strong

dollar buying in the Far East and pushed the US currency

sharply higher in Europe dur-

ing the morning. The central banks stepped in to stop the

dollar's rise at around

The US currency closed in London at DM1.8320 and Y126.65, compared with DM 1.8255 and Y126.15 on Thursday

BR selects buy-out consortium

There was speculation that GEC's bid had been rejected

partly because of uncertainty

over the company's future. However, Mr Mike Casey, BR's project director for privat-

ising Brel, said that BR had

been favouring the consortium before the bids and counter

and the European Commission

have to clear the sale. This is

expected to be a formality as it

will strengthen competition in

the UK and Europe.

The deal gives 40 per cent of Brel to ABB, 40 per cent to Trafalgar House, and 20 per

cent to the buy-out team, of

which about a third will be

held through an Employee Share Ownership Plan.

The Office of Fair Trading

bids involving GEC.

as preferred bidder for Brel

DM1.8350.

By Peter Norman and Janet Bush

CENTRAL BANKS yesterday failed to brake the dollar's recent sharp rise, after taking advantage of lacklustre US December retail sales data to sell the US currency. involvad all the Group of Seven central banks except the

Bank of Japan and the central banks of four smaller industrialised countries, took place in Europe in two waves during the afternoon, after a morning in which the dollar had moved higher.
The co-ordinated dollar sales

were conducted aggressively, with several normally reticent central banks confirming that they had been active in the market. However, the intervention was modest and took place in relatively thin trading. European monetary officials estimated that the first bout of dollar sales totalled around \$300m bnt that the second

wave was smaller.
Attention focused on the dollar/D-Mark exchange rate after Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the West German finance minister. was reported overnight to have said that the dollar's recent

By Kevin Brown and Rachel Johnson

BR's loss-making heavy engineering subsidiary, is likely to be sold to a management and

employee buy-out consortium,

it was announced yesterday. The British Railways Board

said the consortium — backed by Trafalgar House and Asea Brown Boveri, the Swiss/Swed-

ish engineering group - had been selected as the preferred

bidder, subject to the comple-

tion of contracts and the

approval of Mr Paul Channon,

the Transport Secretary.
The sale is likely to be com-

pleted within four weeks and

at an expected price of less

The only other bidder was

General Electric Company, which said after the bid dead-line that its railway interests

than £20m.

BRITISH Rail Engineering, European manufacturer.

night, to show an advance of around 3.6 per cent against the D-Mark so far this year. Dollar against the D-Mark (DM per \$)

In New York currency trad-ing, tha dollar was quoted at DM18380 by midsession, well ahove an earlier low of DML 8245, and at Y127.05, its session high against the Japa-Mr Stoltenberg's remarks,

which appeared to validate the dollar's recent rise through the DM1.80 level, caused some sur-prise and irritation among cen-tral banks.

The dollar's buoyancy yes-terday could also have pro-vided ammunition for a grow-ing number of officials in the Bundesbank who believe that a rise in the West German dis-count rate from its present 3.5 per cent level may be neces-sary in the near future. The Bundesbank'a decision-making central council meets to dis cuss monetary policy next

However, the Bundesbank and currency markets will first look closely at developments in the US, where next Wednesday's release of merchandise trade figures for November will

the bny-out consortium, said

day-to-day control of the com-

pany would remain with the

present management, but ABB

and Trafalgar House are expec-ted to provide technical advice and management personnel.

offered no guarantees to the company's 8,000 employees,

who work in plants in Derby, York and Crewe, Brel's work-force has been reduced from

31,000 six years ago, largely because of the reduced mainte-nance needed on modern

BR'a announcement was wel-

comed by the National Union of Railwaymen, which organ-ises many Brel workers.

Brel lost £6.8m in the year to last March, but is believed to

have reduced its losses in the

Sigh of relief at Brel, Page 4

latter half of last year.

rolling stock.

He said the consortium had

be scrutinised for signs of a slowdown in economic growth. It was yesterday's disclosure that retail sales in the US rose only 0.2 per cent in December, compared with analysts' expec-tations of a gain of around 1 per cent, that caused the dollar to stumble and opened the way for the central banks to remind the market that currencies can fall as well as rise.

US Treasury bonds surged by as much as a full point in New York trading yesterday morning, because of the December retail sales figures and the dollar's resistance to the central bank intervention. By midsession, bond prices had slipped from their highs and long dated maturities stood around % of a point higher. The Treasury's bench-mark long bond was quoted up if of a point and yielded 8.88 r cent, its lowest level since

The US bond market has seen a surge in interest from individual investors, with reports of queues forming outside banks as investors register to take part in Treasury bond

late December.

Brazil calls for \$3bn US loan facility By Ivo Dawnay in Rio de

Janeiro and Stephen Fidier in London

BRAZIL is seeking a standby loan of up to \$3bn (£1.7hn) from the US Government aimed at bridging possible bal-

At the same time, senior Finance Ministry and Central Bank negotiators have flown to New York for urgent talks scheduled for today with commercial bank creditors.

with the dismissal of several thousand civil servants. Mr Marcilio Marques Moreira, Brazil's Ambassador to Washington, confirmed that he had beld exploratory talks with the US Treasury and further discussions were scheduled

The financing would be designed to support the package, expected to grant automatic licences for imports of capital goods and farm prod-

ance of payments problems that could arise from a liberal-isation of its trade policy. Brazilian officials said the initial request for a standby financing - similar to a \$3.5bn facility granted to Mexico in November - had received a favourable response from the US, which had promised to

give it urgent attention.

The two initiatives come as President José Sarney and Mr Mailson da Nobrega, his Finance Minister, are preparing to announce this weekend the government's third package of measures aimed at reining in inflation rates, that last year exceeded 930 per cent. This is expected to include radical spending cuts and the merging of ministries, together

with the Federal Reserve on

some "financial cushion.

THE LLY COLUMN GEC's third line of defence

For Lord Weinstock, the astonishing alliance between GEC and General Electric is another piece of the jigsaw dropping into place. For others, it is the final door slamming. GEC is now playing off three major partners against each other, and is safe from the hostile attentions of each, except in the unlikely event of all three combining for a carve-up. GEC shareholders might ask themselves what they will be left with: a kind of investment trust, perhaps, apecialising in the shares of electrical and electronics companies. They might also wonder, in their dyspeptic moments, how Lord Weinstock manages to parcel out the company's assets with-out distributing anything to its owners, or extracting any pre-

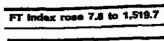
mium for loss of control.

This view should not be exaggerated. When all three alliances are complete, GEC will still have sole ownership will still have sole ownership of Marconi, and effective con-trol of enlarged defence, tele-coms and white goods busi-nesses. It is faintly disquieting that these businesses will depend heavily on the British Ministry of Defence, British Telecom and the British public, which might seem a perverse response to the challenge of 1992. But as so often with GEC, it is easier to criticise the solu-tions than to propose alterna-tives; and the Weinstock plan at least makes Metsun and Plessey look parochial hy com-

How well all these alliances will actually work is another question. GEC's conversion to the principle of the joint ven-ture is plainly not a matter of choice, and its record in the field is decidedly patchy; Mr Jack Welch and Lord Weinstock, if yesterday's press conference is a guide, view each other with a kind of genial ferocity which may or may not form the basis of a sustained relationship. But it has all served to disabuse the market of the notion that GEC is slum-bering. Although the chances of it being taken over must now be practically zero, its shares are still 40 per cent higher than they were last

Markets

After several false starts, the UK equity market has at last joined in the world-wide rally in share prices and the FT-SE 100 is now less than 1 per cent away from its post-crash peak. For the moment, all of the cares of yesteryear have been forgotten and the market is focusing on the good news. Clearly, the GEC takeover talk helped, but the market's con-tinuing strength and reason-



FT~A World Index In Dollar terms (Dec 31 '86-100)

able volume is a positive sign. Institutional liquidity is high, and if the equity market car move up during a period when UK base rates are raised from 71/4 per cent to 13 per cent, just think what might happen if UK rates were to start to fall. People are beginning to

1987

believe again in the idea of a soft landing for the UK economy, where corporate profits and economic growth suffer only a modest dent. UBS Phillips & Drew, for example, are forecasting that corporate profit growth in 1999 will slow only from 15 per cent to 12 per cent and the economy will grow by 3.4 per cent. If this sort of scenario is correct, then it is bullish for equities. However, a lot can still go wrong The militancy of the Jaguar workforce is a worrying sign, the pound is going up rather than down, and interest rates may still have to rise further to curb the stubborn buoyancy of consumer spending. Mean-while, yesterday's continuing strength of the dollar, in spite of concerted central bank intervention and US data which pointed towards lower growth and higher inflation, is a reminder that the current calm in the financial markets should not be taken for granted.

The decision of Guinness to

back the winner at LVMH has produced a new coalition which stands a better chance With Guinness and Agache jointly in command of both the executive board and tha votes. stability appears to have returned — as the 25 per cent fall in the share price from last week's peak suggeats. The apparent willingness of Guinness to sacrifice its old friend Chevalier indicates that its relationship with Agache is fairly solid; and while the Vuitton camp may not be alto-gether happy with the new

alignment, this time it will be harder for them to make trou-

The 6p rise in the Guinness share price yesterday was in part gratitude at being told what was bappening at last, More important, though, was the surprising announcement that the purchase of shares on a multipla two and a half times Guinness' own will not dilute earnings. Guinness is not a company to make auch claims lightly, so perhaps it knows something pretty encouraging about next year's figures. In any case, even if the latest slug of shares was dearly bought, Guinness has nevertheless safeguarded its joint ventures, and taken control of the company on a multiple of about half of what it might have cost to buy it outright.

Blue Arrow

Unkind though it may seem to Mr Tony Berry, his replacement by Mr Fromstein as executive head of Blue Arrow is surely the most desirable outcome. Manpower, which Mr Fromstein huilt up, represents perhaps 70 per cent of group profits, and is truly interna-tional in a way which the original Blue Arrow never was, it is also sobering to reflect that until Mr Fromstein rejoined the board yesterday, none of its members, Mr Berry included, had any direct experience of running an employment agency.
On the other hand, the

change of control probably makes a hreak-up or takcover less likely. Since the shares contained an element of bid premium, this must be offset against the increased credibility of the management. There is also the matter of the County stake, which, in the absence of a hid, can only overhang the market. Given the change of management at County as well, it might be a good time for everyone to bite the bullet, and for Blue Arrow to buy the stake Itself.

MFI

MFT's extraordinary 56 per cent jump in operating profits in the six months to November throws into confusion the notion that Mr Lawson is hammering the shopping public, and the home-huilders especially. Perhaps it is true, after all, that the sector's problem is not a shortfall in demand, but an excess of space and managerial incompetence. If MFI's experience represents the real world, Mr Lawson has more

NatWest quits US bond market

were to merge with Alsthom of France, tha second biggest managing director and head of

NATIONAL Westminster Bank yesterday pulled out of the US government bond market with the loss of nearly 100 jobs just four months after it had been granted a licence to operate as a primary dealer in the world's largest market.
The closure of County Nat-

West Government Securities Inc follows the recent transfer of the business to NatWest from its investment banking subsidiary, County NatWest. The withdrawal, which reduces the number of primary dealers in the Treasury bond market to 45, was prompted by stricter capital adequacy rules

imposed by the Federal Reserve, the US central bank, NatWest said.

The new rules, issued late last year, would have involved it in committing an extra \$50m-\$150m (£28m-£84m) of capital to the business to meet anticipated growth, it said. It did not believe it could make a satisfactory return on this investment

However, the Fed said that last year's guidelines only affected the minimum capital needed by a primary dealer, which had been doubled to \$50m. NatWest said it had already met this requirement.

Of 14 non-US institutions with primary dealer status, four are British and seven Jap-

Although NatWest is the first foreign dealer to shut down its operations, few of the new arrivals are believed to be operating at a satisfactory profit. Last year Kleinwort Benson sold a share of its US treasury business to Fuji Bank

NatWest yesterday played down the importance of the market to its capital markets operations. Others, though, continue to believe it is strategleally important.

joint venture with Alsthom of

FRANKFURT (Dan) OFP DS 18.1 + 8.9 81 + 7 422 + 32 56.6 + 3.8 2550 + 170 affinage Franc ... 21 734.5 --325 --530 --LVMH Files Nihon Tokushu 1720 Fujisawa Pherm. . 1870 Kasuga Elect Wk . 1180 New York prices at 12,30. LONDON (Pe P & O Defd. Racal Elect. Smith (W.H.) A 304 255 218

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

WORLDWIDE WEATHER



GEC and **GE**

new joint activity with the planned GEC-Alsthom group. GEC Alsthom, a £4.4bn company, will have 66 per cent in this new subsidiary, which will have sales of roughly £400m. It emerged at the conference that GEC and GE had been in negotiations for the past nine months. But matters were brought to a head by the GEC/ Siemens £1.7bn bid for Plessey,

launched last November.
In the wake of this bid,
Lazard Brothers, Plessey's merchant hank, started putting
together a consortium to bid
for GEC.
GE did not want to be left

out of the action, if a bid for GEC was successful. So it hired NM Rothschild as its merchant bank and sent a team of executives to London to open negoti-ations with Lazard in early

Further urgency to its plans was injected by GEC's announcement on Christmas Eve that it had formed a £4.4bn

Continued from Page 1

France, covering power engineering. Mr Welch said: "When one desires the property and one sees Lord Weinstock going down a series of partners with first Siemens and then Alsthom, one does not know where one stands." The GR negotiating team

returned to the US for Christ-mas and New Year. During this interval, the shape of Lazard's consortium changed. The new plan cantred pany headed by Sir John Cuck-ney. It decided it did not want too great a role to be played by GE, because of political hur-

to the news of the GE/GEC deal hy suggesting that GEC had sold itself on the cheap. Mr Nick Jones, one of Lazard's managing directors, said: We're not going to sell any-thing on the cheap and that'a why Jack Welch didn't want to

do business with us " He also claimed that the deal would not stop Lazard trying to put together its consortium to bid for GEC. Discussions with possible partners will continue over the weekend.

Plessey criticised the deal.

These moves represent a further step in the effective self-

liquidation and break-np of GEC, which GEC has been panicked into pursuing in the hope of retaining its independence. Once again, GEC is selling strategic stakes in key busi-nesses at well below their full value, and failing to secure any premium for control." The GE team returned to London last Thursday to be followed by Mr

Meich,
In the City, where GEC'a
shares lost 2p to finish at 213p,
analysts gave the announcement a mixed reception, with
some stressing the economies
of scale GEC will achieve, and others the criticising the accelerating dismemberment of the existing organisation.

Blue Arrow coup continued from Page 1

record, the best person in the world at running employment agencies." His resignation from the board in December followed a clash with Mr Berry on the way that Manpower should be integrated into the Blue

Arrow group.

The loyalty of franchisees to Mr Fromatein must have played a big role in the Blue Arrow hoard's decision. The franchisees generate about 60 per cent of Manpower's \$1.5hm in annual revenues.

It became clear to Mr Berry

early on Thursday that the board wanted him and Mr Atkins, a lifelong friend, to step down. That triggered a Mr Berry. It added that, as a

series of meetings. Mr Fromstein, who was staying in London, had already been contacted to see if he was willing to take up the post of chief executive.

A final 15-minute hoard meeting was held at 10.30pm, at which the decision was confirmed. Mr Fromstein was then called at his hotel and accepted the post. Neither he nor Mr Berry was available for com-ment yesterday.

County NatWest, which retains its 9.4 per cent interest in Blua Arrow, said yesterday that it had not had any influence on the decision to demote

large shareholder, it was clearly interested in the com-pany's future plans and was "awaiting developments."

Mr Fromstein may wish to sell some of the original Blue Arrow hosinesses. Mr Yves Paternot, senior vice-president of Adia, the Swiss employment group, said in Lausanne yester-day: "We have made it clear that, should some parts of Blue Arrow/Manpower be sold off. we would like the chance to look at them.

However, the appointment of Mr Fromstein makes a hostile bid for Blue Arrow unlikely.

DOUGLAS

A CONSIDERABLE INCREASE IN PRETAX PROFITS

INTERIM RESULTS (unaudited)

HALF YEAR TO 30 SEPT	1988	Increase	1987
TURNOVER	£122.6m	41%	£86.8m
PRETAXPROFIT	£3.72m	71%	£2.17m
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS	£2,22m	106%	£1.08m
EARNINGS PER SHARE	15.1p	86%	8.1p
DIVIDEND PER SHARE	2.0p	54%	1.3p
			<u>-</u> -

Copies of the full Interim Statement are available from The Secretary, Robert M. Douglas Holdings PLC, 395 George Road, Birmingham B23 7RZ

CONSTRUCTION-PROPERTY-HOUSING-PLANT-CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SPECIALIST CONTRACTING AND MATERIALS

Two heavyweights face a day of reckoning

Powerful forces are at work in the struggle between GEC and Plessey. Report by John Plender and John Lloyd

VER THE past 20 years Arnold Weinstock, of Britain's General Electric Company, and John Clark, of Plessey, have tilted at each other in takeover bids, expressed contempt for each other's methods, become locked in legal argument over a libel action and otherwise engaged in a personal duel of wits. Their main battleground has been the electronics industry. For better or the electronics industry. For better or worse — and there are many who think it has been worse — these two immensely powerful and vary different personalities have dictated much of the shape of this crucial sector of British manufacturing. Yet, suddignly, the tenure of both men is under threat.

Since Lord Wainstock decided before

under threat.
Since Lord Weinstock decided before Christones to launch his second hostile takenver bid for Plessey in three years, with Joint support this time from West German industrial giant Siemens, the likelihood of an independent future for Sir John Clark's company is rated remote in the City. Thursday's decision by Trade Secretary Lord Young to refer the hid to the Monopoles Commission simply slows the drama's denonement.

the Monopolies Commission simply slows the drama's denouement.

More surprisingly, it emerged last weekend that one of the big four clearing banks, Barclays, was prepared to finance a takeover bid for GEC by a consortium put together by Plessey's defending merchant bank, Lazard Brothers, and headed by Westland chairman Sir John Cuckney. The news prompted the dramatic resignation of GEC chairman Lord Prior from the Barclays' board and stunned the City. For one of the big four clearing banks openly to take sides in a takeover bid is unprecedented. And it carries the implication that even GEC could, in the City's Jargon, suffer the indignity of being "put in play." GEC's much-criticised £1.5hn cash mountain could be used to repay part of the borrowings on the estimated £7hn price.

Over the course of the week, the likeli-

Over the course of the week, the likeliscored one cheeky bit it has put a price on Weinstock's head.

In his unostentatious office at Stanhope Gate in London's West Rud, surrounded the in London's west stat, surrounted by pictures of the racehorses he loves almost as much as GRC, Lord Weinstock looked no more than irritated this week. But he did admit that Barclays' move was unexpected. "It never occurred to me," he said, "that a clearing bank would play that sain, that a treating tank would pay that role." All this excess liquidity for which banks were trying to find a home was, he suggested, a cause for concern. But, teasingly, he qualified his remark by saying: "I'm a peripheral observer because of the little steel of casts wo was always bout." little stock of cash we've always kept."

That reference to the cash mountain, however jocular, is a reminder that Weinstock is sensitive to criticism. And in the 1980s he has had to live with a hostile shift in the attitude of politicians, press and the City. In one sense this is paradoxical, for this sou of Jewish immigrants from Poland comes with many of the credentials that Prime Minister Thatcher finds most endearing. His father worked as a tailor in central London; he studied statistics at the London School of Economics; and he went into business with his father-in-law making television sets at Radio and Allied Industries.

Radio and Allied industries.

It was there that he developed his remarkable skill at controlling a business, and first demonstrated his fanatical devotion to curbing waste. An engaging and witty raconteur, he still delights in reeling off the cost of different television sets. This week, not for the first or last time, he recounted how much he saved on television cabinets through the discovery of a man making church pews in Scotland whose knowledge of treating veneers allowed Radio and Allied to make a highly

competitive reduction in costs.

From Stanhope Gate (which he leaves only rarely to visit a factory) he monitors monthly the performance of GEC's highly autonomous operating businesses, both big and small, on the basis of detailed figures and reports. This is reinforced by

pugnacious questioning of managers.

The unchallenged boss of GEC enjoys working with out or two trusted colworking with our or two trusted col-leagues, of whom his former finance direc-tor, Sir Kenneth Bond, has probably been the closest; and he stocks his board with long-standing friends and associates. He delights in argument, often to the point of infuriating colleagues.

It is accepted widely that Weinstock's successful implementation of the merger of GEC, AEI and English Electric, and the resulting rationalisation of large parts of the electrical engineering industry in

the electrical engineering industry in Britain, was a monumental achievement. Subsequent events find less favour with the critics, who wonder if Weinstock is now good for Britain, His cash mountain is said to reflect a risk-averse approach to investment. A surprising number of people in the City seem to know an engineer who thinks GEC's technology in one area or another is out of date. The failure of the Nimrod project - to build Britain's own version of an early-warning aircraft - did damage to GEC's image with politicians.

Young turks at famous management consultancy firms argued that GEC was bloated on government contracts and could not operate successfully in competitive markets. But Weinstock is, according the record in the 1980s has been less to a highly placed admirer in Whitehall, a impressive but argues that few others in



mder Thatcherism when the public sector has shrunk and more competition has been introduced into defence contracting. Weinstock's response is robust. He Weinstock's response is robust. He denies having been close to ministers, apart from the Labour Party's Tony Benn after the GEC-AEI-EE mergers. He admires Thatcher enormously but thinks some elements of Thatcherism are not workable in the real world. "There is," he says, "no such thing as a free market." He is, in fact, just the kind of businessman against whom Adam Smith, the 18th century economist, warned: he believes in what he calls omist, warned: he believes in what he calls "orderly" markets and argues that the abolition of resale price maintenance opened the way to the destruction of Britain's television industry by Japan.

e has never favoured cost-plus contracts and pro-vides a detailed defence of all the criticisms of individual projects. With nearly half its turnover overseas, how, he asks, can GEC be called uncompetitive? As for GEC's failare to bny into standard semiconductors pany is not really in those areas except in support of its systems businesses and saw no reason why it should be. When it has shown interest in UK acquisitions, it has run into competition policy problems; and in Europe, where be is committed wholly to 1992 (when the EC is due to dismantle trade barriers), Weinstock had talks about collaboration with Olivetti e dozen years ago, and later with Nixdorf, but to no

As for earnings growth, he accepts that past master at taking fullest advantage of the system. Less enthusiastic observers on capital, shareholders' funds or assets. ask if skills appropriate to the corporate state are capable of generating profits

acquisitions. Yet, he no longer has a significant stake in terms of the percentage of total capital.

own. "He was," says a former executive board member, "a kind of electronics equivalent of Martin Luther King — I have

The former executive then went on, as have others, to coutrast Sir John with

Lord Weinstock in this respect: a contrast between the quirky-brilliant attention given to the figures, and the duller but more concentrated and patient gaze upon a greater technological depth. To his detractors he has succeeded neither in a characteristic approximation of the contraction of the c

pleasing investors consistently nor in ach-

ieving the desired status of a British version of Hewlett Packard. To his admirers, that steady gaze has given Plessey world strength in ASICS (application specific property).

cific chips) and gallium arsenide technology which is seen as the change, the next

More than most public figures, Clark presents himself as a series of paradoxes, even contradictions. "I do not," he said in

1973, "believe in patronage or nepotism."

Fifteen years later, he remarked: "Given equal competition, I'd go for family every

he surrounds bimself with the most con-spicuous effects of wealth: tail-coated but-

lunch; the executive of a rival company relates (between bursts of laughter) the

magnificence of the private bathroom suite in the Millbank office. Yet, he sees himself as demotic and modest is proud of

his period as an apprentice fitter at Metro-politan Vickers after the Second World War (more of the old man's discipline); has

criticised managers for not "going down the boozer with the lads" or being inter-ested in football. A reliable contributor to

Conservative Party finances, he is still a

natural corporatist who would feel happier in a mildly social democratic state than a

Thatcherite one.

ers serve tea; abundant wine accompanies

al tycoons

step, for high-speed semiconductors.

a dream . . .

Compare and contrast Sir John Clark. In compare and contrast Sir John Clark. In the infrequent public appearances he has made over the quarter of a century in which he has led Plessey, there have been some recurrent personal themes. In this case it is the father (not the father-in-law) and, allied to that, the family. Another has been discipline; another, loneliness.

sir Allen Clark, an American naturalised as British after the First World War, founded the company and imposed on it and his employees, including his two sons (Michael Clark, now retired, served in various senior roles in Plessey's management), a Gradgrind-like regimen. In 1964, two years after the old man's death, Clark, then the 38-year-old boss, said a terribly sad thing to the reporter from the Financial Times' Men and Matters column: "Right from the moment I went to Harrow, it was discipline, discipline, I it was discipline, discipline, discipline. I sometimes think that discipline is all I can remember of my boyhood. I doubt that many people could have stood it." Nine years later, in an interview with the *Investors Chronicle*: "My father had a distinctive management style and it was more forcibly applied to me than to anyone else." In 1985, to the *International Herald Tribune*: "You know what my father told me four days before he died? He said, Boy (boy? Clark was 36!), you'll find it's lonely at the top.' God, was he right."

It is easy to see the father's will pulsing through the sons: and his concentration on electrical components, on high technology, and his parting gift of the acquisition of two telephone companies, have remained the core of the John Clark obsessions since. The vision of a company driven wholly by its attention to the lead-ing edges of research became Sir John's

Although Clark attracts continually the adjective "solid", his career is nevertheless studded with managerial and structural reorganisations which seem never quite to have taken; and with senior executives who were first lauded, then frozen out — most recently and famously, Sir James Blyth and David Dey, respectively managing director and head of telecommunications, who both left in 1987. Says the City analyst: "He rows with people for no puring director and nead of telecommunications, who both left in 1987. Says the City analyst: "He rows with people for no purpose: not to impart some sense of dynamism but for purely personal reasons. Yet, the middle management heve usually found they have got support from the top for their projects." The former executive board member disagrees in part: "I got on well with him, and got support. He was a perfectly reasonable man to work for."

A man who prides himself on lonely dominance, he has, by common consent, surrounded himself with friends at board level who are judged by former executives to be "yes" men. There is a rationalisation for that soon after the death of his father, the Clarks, vulnerable through the small (3 per cent) holding they had in "their" company, were the object of an attempted boardroom coup. It failed but, ever since, it has been Clark's care to keep the board on side — unquestioningly so, say critics.

believer in strategic plan-ning, he nevertheless bought Alloys Unlimited in the US in 1970 simply, it seems, to get a footbold there and could not staunch the losses it began to make. Major US subsidiary Stromberg Carlson has yet to deliver strong profits.

to deliver strong profits.

Like Weinstock, he is playing an endgame: "Whatever happens," says the City
analyst, "Plessey will change shape and
ownership in the next few years. The new
shape of the European electronics industry
is now being cast." And, more harshly:
"Clark and Weinstock are ageing, tired,
and increasingly irrelevant to this."

On his perspective, it is their successors
who will have to bargain for a place in the
new era. At Plessey, the beir-amarent is

who will have to bargain for a place in the new era. At Plessey, the heir-apparent is Stephen Walls, a 41-year-old who was appointed managing director three months ago. Clark has had his wunderkinder before. The difference now, observers argue, is that he is in no position to displace the present one place the present one.

Weinstock, ou the other hand, remains unquestionably and exclusively in charge. And the City is worried that the arrival of his son, Simon, on the board in 1987 could point to a dynastic succession. Eighteen years ago, Robert Jones and Oliver Marriott remarked in a book on the GEC-AEI-EE merger: "The very qualities that have made him so successful make it difficult for him to so successful make it diffic

cult for him to provide for his own succession. The style of management that he has established requires an Arnold Weinstock at the top for it to work well."

In fact, Weinstock claims to have given the matter of succession constant and serious attention. "The company's policy for the past few years has now reached implementation stage," he says. "When that is complete, I will be very ready to support the appropriate person to carry on into the future." More than that he is reluctant to say, but it looks as though the balance has been tilting in favour of an outside candi-date. Discussions have been held with Sir

date. Discussions have been held with Sir Jeffrey Sterling of P & O, although this appears no longer to be a live option.

On the basis of the new collaborative deals announced yesterday with General Electric of the US, it is beginning to look as though Lord Weinstock is pre-empting any break up of GEC by starting the job himself. The question now is how GEC rises to the challenge of a more collaborative style of management — and how much will be left for Lord Weinstock's successor to manage. successor to manage.

The Long View

Stockbrokers: an endangered species?

THE CENTRAL and western wards of the City of London are probably the only place in the world on which the 1987 stock market crash is now having an impact as great as its 1929 predecessor. As the clo-sures of securities firms gather pace and the redundancies move into five-figure numbers, the forecasts for the continuing slump have been extended gradually from six months to

g

gradually from six months to three to five years.

But is it possible that what we are seeing is not merely a retrenchment after a period of over-expansion but a 1930s'-style upheaval leading to the disappearance of the securities industry, at least in its tradi-tional form?

industry, at least in its tradi-tional form?

The underlying structural weakness of the industry is pinpointed by the recent research of some US economists under the grand title of "agency theory." Their analysis is built on the rather banal observation that if you get someone else to do a job for you, he will probably rip you off, slacken, pursue his own interests, or fall to seize opportunities unless you watch him

interests, or fail to seize opportumities unless you watch him
very closely.

The UK and US financial
systems have created an
absurdly long line of agents
and intermediaries. At oue
end, the individual saver has
tied up an increasing amount
of his wealth in his pension
scheme. Thus, be has to rely
on poorly-monitored trustees
who, in turn, appoint fund who, in turn, appoint fund managers – and, increasingly,

they rely for their investment decisions on the large securities firms that employ analysts and salesmen

To secure adequate returns from the large divisionalised companies in which, typically, they invest, they depend on the normally self-appointed board directors who, in turn, delegate the task of management to the heads of the operating divi-sions. At each stage of delega-

sions. At each stage of delega-tion, distortions creep in.

In the past half-decade, some agency costs have been tack-led. Slack corporate manage-ment has been disciplined by hostile takeover bids and greater managerial causity greater managerial equity stakes. Ineffective conglomerates have been split up. But the potential for tackling

the earlier stages of the chain is highlighted by the slump in the volume of buying and selling of shares as a proportion of the market capitalisation — or value — of those shares. The proportion rose steadily

from around 15 per cent in the early 1980s to 20 per cent in 1984 and 40 per cent in the first quarter of 1987. By the third quarter of 1988, though, it had fallen back again to 20 per cent (i.e. the average share was changing hands at e rate of just once every five years). The most common explana-tion for this reversal is that investors have to feel confident and optimistic about their own judgment in spotting shares to justify the time and the costs of buying and selling. Fine in a bull market. But the heavy



CLIVE WOUNTY

Most professional investors have achieved lower returns than would have been possible by appointing a monkey to select shares at random

losses suffered in the October 1987 crash knocked the stuffing out of many of them.

The trouble for the securities industry is that investors' cautious bear market attitude is based more soundly than their optimistic activism.

The performance analyses of

recent years prove that all but

CONTENTS

and fund managers - and pro-fessional investors account for more than 75 per cent of share trading – have achieved lower returns in the long run for their clients through actively buying and selling shares than would have been possible by appointing a monkey to select a broad portfolio of shares at

The professionals are well aware of these figures. But it is great fun deciding on the rede-ployment of millions of pounds as well as disbursing thou-sands of pounds of other peo-ple's mouey each day in deal-

ing commissions.
This is particularly so when wielding such discretion is the weating such discretion is the best guarantee of abiding popu-larity, and of annual invita-tions to Ascot and Glynde-bourne. Or when it leads to "soft" commission kickbacks in the form of overseas trips.

In e buil market, such "ageucy" costs can easily be buried in the large profits everyoue is making from shares. But in a stagnant or bear market, the costs become more apparent.

more apparent.

There is a second explanation for the rise and fall in share-trading volumes since the early 1980s. The sleepy fund manager who traded little was gradually replaced by the aggressive wheeler-dealer but, in the past three years, he also has been threateued by the growth of the passive fund.

A broad, computer-selected A broad, computer-selected portfolio of shares is assembled

which tracks the stock market index passively, generating vir-tually no commission or dealing turns for the securities industry. The US experience suggests this development has got much further to go.

On e long view, it is possible

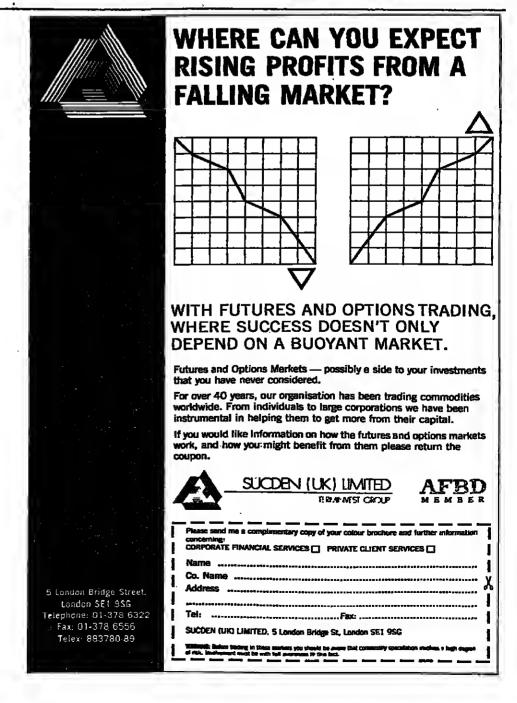
to imagine almost the entire market capitalisation of UK listed companies held through passively managed funds -which would mean no more work for stockbrokers.

If that was the end of story share prices would eoon become hopelessly out of line with the fundamentals because of the absence of well-informed trading and capital markets would cease to operate effi-

But this is where a new-style small-scale securities firm could come into its own. It would use the expertise of its own analysts and traders to deal entirely on its own account and make money by exploiting anomalies in share prices. It could also act as a US

prices. It could also act as a US style arbitrageur firm, catalysing takeover bids.

It would probably take only 20 or 30 such small, probably uwner-managed, firms to ensure that share prices were priced almost as efficiently (in the sense of reflecting the best possible estimate of their future earnings) as they are today. And it would mean a drastic reduction in the agency and intermediation costs on and intermediation costs on which the overgrown securities industry of the 1980s has been



Finance: Abbey takes the plunge Business: New Small Business page VIII Travel: South American encounters

Books: The fall of the Shah **Diversions:** Sackings in the City Sports Soccer and tennis

XVI XX Country Notes

Sport Stock Market Leadon New York

Minding your own business

Today sees the launch of a new section in the Weekend FT called Minding Your Own Bueiness, edited by Roy Hodson. Small businesses collectively make up the tastest growing sector in the British business economy. As many as 3m men and 1.3m women in Britain are at present being fired by ideas and energy to try their luck as budding entrepreneurs. Minding Your Own Business will report on their fortunes and on how the the small business movement is itself creating a market full of vitality for financial and other services. Page VIII

Abbey National takes the plunge

Tha 5.5m mambers of Abbey National can look forward to a frea packet of shares when Britain's second-largest building sociaty goes to the market, provided the move is approved. David Barchard examines the implications for Abbey, its mambers, and its competitors. Page III

London Life woos the voters

London Life policy-holders are finding themselves very popular. With fewar than three weeks to go before a meeting to decide whethar to tie the knot with Australian Mutual Provident, along comes Equitable Life with a et-talking counter-offer Nick Bunker reports. Page III

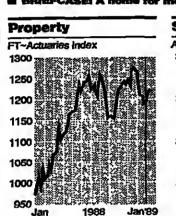


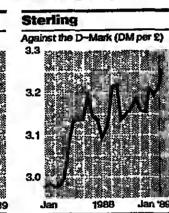
New way in to Luxembourg

Luxembourg-based investment funds could soon be available widely to UK investors as a result of an agreement between the Luxembourg authorities and the DTI. Eric Short details the developments. Page \

EXPATRIATES: Caught in the IHT trans Page V

■ BRIEFCASE: A home for mother: Pages VI, VII





Property sector on form

The property sector has started 1989 in lively form. The most dramatic development came this week when Peel Holdings won control of London Shop from under the noses of two possible rivals, Berish Berger's Land & Property Trust, and a mystery "white knight," which London Shop produced on Wednesday morning in a vain attempt to persuada its sharaholders not to sell to Peel. Peel anded with a decisiva 56 per cent of its prey. The week's second big story was the massive dawn raid launched by Standard Lifa Assurance on Hammerson, a move which increased the insurer's staka to 28.8 per cent. it was a blow to Dutch group Rodamco, whose £1.3bn hostila bid for Hammerson was further undermined by a property revaluation of the UK group which put a price of shares fell on worries that Rodamco does not have tha cash to make a higher offer.

Two late-breaking stories week were Priest Marians' emergance as a possible bidder for Inoco, the oil group turned property devaloper, and Markheath Securities' raid on the market for shares in Camford Engineering. Markheath now has 18.4 par cent of Camford, and dealers believe a bid could be in the offing. Patrick Harverson

Sterling hits high against D-Mark

The pound reached a two-and-a-half year high against the D-Mark this week. investors were attracted by high UK Interest rates compared with other countries and commants by Nigel Lawson and Margaret Thatcher. These were Interpreted as showing a degree of comfort by tha Government with sterling'a rise. On Wednesday the pound reached a high of nearly DM3.26 at the close, in spite of Bank of England Intervention. Also contributing to aterling'e strength was the genaral weakness of tha West German currency in foreign exchange markets. This partly reflected strong sentiment surrounding the dollar and epeculation about a tightening of US monetary policy. Raiph Atkins

Index-tracking trusts launched

James Capai announced the launch of two more Index-tracking unit trusts to cover the Japanesa and European markets. Both tha new funds will track the appropriate FT-A World indices, based on the movements in capital value and not including re-invested dividends. John Edwards

Fixed rate mortgage offer

TSB is offaring from Monday endowment mortgages with a fixed rate of 12.5 per cent for five years. Most building societies have now increased their variable mortgage rate to 13.5 per cent, although there are special deals for large loans and first time buyers. Irish Life said that it was maintaining the interest rate on its Framework Express mortgages at 12.55 per cent. John Edwards

Heavyweights' tussle dominates the action

LONDON

A SINGLE compelling topic has dominated the London equity market this week: the titanic battle to reshape Britain's electrical and electronics industry being waged by the General Electric Company and Plessey, with a sup-porting cast that includes sev-eral of Europe and America's

It was last Sunday which it was isst Sunday which brought confirmation of a persistent rumour: that Plessey, on the receiving end of a hostile £1.7bn joint bid from GEC and Siemens, was attempting with Lazard Brothers, its merchant bank, to put together a rival consortium bid to carve up the mighty GEC. If it came off, it would be far and away Britain's largest takeover bid. The news electrified the mar-

ket, triggering a wave of speculative buying of blue chip stocks: on Monday night the FT-SE 100 index ended 20.2 higher at 1,831.5. And the progress and setbacks of the two rival bids set much of the market's tone for the rest of the

FT Ord Index

Armstrong Equip

Bassett Foods

Camford Eng.

E.R.F. (Hidgs.)

Greene King

Norton Open

Sock Shop

Sotheby's

Sun Life

Johnstone's Paints

Stim Bus. Group

WITH THE 2,200 mark on the

Dow Jones Industrial Average

finally overcome, the sensa-tionally expensive Tokyo stock

market moving even higher, and European bourses caught up in waves of merger and

restructuring enthusiasm, investors have finally put October 1987 behind them. In fact, the atmosphere in the financial world today is more

reminiscent of the beginning of that fateful year than of its doom laden conclusion.

were climbing a "wall of worry." Even the nature of the

worries was remarkably simi-

lar to present auxieties. Not only were the US trade and

budget deficits perceived as the main long-run problems

hanging over the world econ-omy, there was widespread

concern that the US might slip

into recession if interest rates had to be raised to support the

dollar. Other sceptics were arguing, meanwhile, that inflation might soon begin to

accelerate as a result of dollar devaluation.
In the event, the worries

proved completely off the mark. The dollar, after a sharp initial fall, stabilised in the

late winter and then trended

upwards. Interest rates did

rise significantly, but this had

little effect on economic activ-

ity. Neither inflation nor

recession proved a major prob-lem and world currency mar-kets had no trouble financing

the US trade deficit. And as

the economists continued to be

confounded in their gloomy tidings, the Dow Jones gained

42 per cent between January

Could Wall Street now be in

the early stages of a similar upsurge? The easy answer is obviously "no," since every-hody now knows that the 1987

bull market was just a "specu-lative bubble," that share prices had got ridiculously

ahead of themselves by the time the speculation climaxed in that euphoric summer.

Then, as now, stock markets

De La Rue

1519.7

138

223

456

393

499

933

212¹2

+38.4

+155

+31

+1012

+ 52

+ 172

+35

+65

First came word that there was not just ona, but two
potential bidding groups: one
centred on Plessey, which was
aiming to bring in Thomson,
the French electronics group,
and STC of Britain; the other
centred on General Electric
(GE) of the US, which wanted
to woo STC in its care.

to woo STC to its camp.

But as the week wore on an offer for GEC looked increasingly difficult to mount, espe-cially when STC said it was unlikely to join a consortium bid. Plessey then turned to American Telephone and Tele-graph in the hope that it could be persuaded to take STC's

GE, for its part, amazed the City on Friday not by bidding but by jumping into bed with GEC: the two are to put together their European white goods, medical equipment and electrical distribution operations, and cooperate closely in power engineering. This is the latest in a complex web of joint ventures set up by

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

1519.7

170

455

228

494

223

221

176

325

1370

375

1250

29512

Plessey's remaining hopes of a credible consortium bid.

Some analysts suspected from the start that a prime object of Lazards' high profile manoeuvreing was to ensure that the GEC bid for Plessey was frozen by a reference to the Monopolies Commission. Whether or not this was so, the Government duly obliged on Thursday by announcing that there would be a monopolies probe - primarily because of the possible effect of a merger on the defence electronics industry - and it seems inevi-table that any bid for GEC would suffer the same fate.

Yet neither the monopolies move nor the diminished prospects of a bid for GEC knocked the stuffing out of the equities market, in part because GEC moved immediately into the market on a share buying spree which took its holding in Plessey to just under 15 per

The key to the battle now lies with the Monopolies Com-

Takeover bida/stock shortege

Wardle Storeys offer may fail

Bid from Procordin of Sweden

Possible De Benedetii stake

Rights leave raising \$5.1m

Marwell stake up for tender

Better-than-expected figures

Good new business figs hopes

Speculation on Grove Trust stake

best year in a decade for cor-porate profits. According to the Institutional Brokers Esti-

mates System of Wall Street brokers Lynch, Jones and Ryan, the after tax earnings of the companies in the Standard & Poors 500 will turn out to

have been 38 per cent higher

To say that this was the

highest earnings growth achieved this decade is a gross

understatement. Real corporate profits consistently fell behind inflation in the US

between 1979 and 1987. Thus

the increase of 38 per cent

expected for 1988 was nearly

twice the profits growth achieved in the previous eight

Since market prices attempt

years put together.

in 1988 than in 1987.

Possible consortium bids

Elders bid speculation

137 Disappointing interim profits

915 Record auctions, US buying

WALL STREET

The profits of

past illusions

Dow Jones Industrial Averages

November 1988

Yet one important from is rarely mentioned by the scep-ticswho argue that the peak

prices of August 1987 will not

be seen again on Wall Street

for many years. While Black Monday proved the bull mar-ket equity prices to be illu-

sory, subsequent events actu-ally justified the optimistic expectations which had briefly

supported those peak prices. Neither recession, nor infla-

tion nor dollar depreciation has proved thus far to be a serious problem. But even more remarkable is how right the bulls turned out to be in

their analysis of individual

companies and sectors.

As most US companies publish their quarterly and annual results during the next two weeks, it will become

apparent that 1988 was the

Bid by Elf offshoot

Markhogth raises stake to 18.4%

FT~SE 100 Index 1820 1810 1800 1790 1760 1740 12

tainly started the year in good

form. However, London sub-stantially underperformed rival centres last year, and the continuing doubts about the

UK economy may well act as something of a drag in the short term. Yet British share prices look relatively cheap

the historic p/e on the FT-Actu-aries 500 is 11.7, with a yield of

45 - and if Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, does look like engi-neering a soft landing for the

economy, then share prices might take off.
That would be good news for Abbey National, Britain's second largest building society, which this week finally

Neither the

monopolies move

nor the diminished

prospects of a bid

for GEC knocked

the stuffing out of

mission (and the European Commission, which is conducting its own investigation) and the three month breathing space this gives Plessey to devise ways of escaping GEC's clutches. Eithar way, there seems a reasonable chance that Plessey will lose its inde-pendence, and this may well boost its share price in the weeks ahead. But the outlook for shares in GEC (discussed in an article below) is rather less

It was not purely the GEC-Plessey battle which moved the indices this week. London's optimistic tone, which took the FT-SE 100 above 1,850 to its best level since early Novem-ber, was in part simply a reaction to rising share prices this week in New York and Tokyo despite the death of Empero Hirohito, which was widely assumed would have a depress-ing effect on the Japanese

As the FT-SE 100 chart demonstrates, London equity indices have railied strongly since mid-December. The FT-SE 100, which traded for most of 196 between 1,730 and 1,850, has risen since December 11 from the low point on that range to the top end of it.

The question now is whether it can take the rally still higher. The new year is tradi-tionally a period for strong market runs - internationally as much as in the UK - in part because institutions tend to have a lot of cash available for investment at this time. World markets have cer-

profits, last year's surge in earnings alone could have

gone a long way to justify the run-np in US equity prices in 1987. After Black Monday, most analysis sharply reduced their estimates of future cor-

porate performance. In the avent, however, they should have stuck to their guns. If the

IBES figures are borne out in the forthcoming earnings

announcements (and three

quarters of the year's profits

have already been reported), they will be far ahead of ana-

veyed in December 1987. At

that time, analysts were fore-casting an average growth of

28 per cent in corporate earn-

ings. In principle, therefore, the

growth of corporate profits last year could easily have jus-tified a splendid bull market.

not only were profits growing much faster than in recent memory, but they were consistently beating expectations.

performance was hardly excit-ing. The cloud of Black Mon-day was still too big and too dark. Now that financial confi-

dence is returning, there is

arguably a lot of catching up still to be done. All this creates a plausible

justification for the current

rally. But it is worth remem-

bering that equity investors

bering that equity investors will not continue. looking backwards for long. The Dow may move another 100 points up on the basis of lest year's corporate profits. Beyond that, however, it will be the prospects for 1989 and 1990 that

count. And even with no reces-

sion in sight, it could prove increasingly difficult to sus-

tain the present high level of profits — never mind continu-ing to improve them at the

speciacular rates seen in 1988.

Anatole Kaletsky

will not end the debate over whether GEC should have been

2,199.46 + 5.17 2,199.21 - 6.25 2,206.43 + 13.22 2,222.32 + 15.89

In the event the market's

the equities market' unveiled its plans for the first stock market quotation by a building society. Provided shareholders approve, it will come to market in the early summer. The issue will instantly enlarge Britain's army of small shareholders, since Abbey plans a free issue of shares to its 5.5m members, who will then be invited to

invest in the £1bn plus equity In another section of the

takeover jungle, Alan Bond, the Australian entrepreneur, announced that he had no current plans to bid for Lonrico, the conglomerate led by Tiny Rowland, which promptly knocked the British company's share price and provoked a ritual barrage of insults from Rowland's cohorts about the strength of Bond's finances. Whether or not the latter is capable of bidding, an early offer seems out of the question,

given the Takeover Panel's insistence that statements such as Bond's are adhered to. Certainly, the dangers of over-ambitious bids have been graphically underlined this week by the continuing fall-out from Blue Arrow's 1987 bld for Manpower the much larger American employment group. National Westminster Bank finally named a new man— Howard Macdonald—to head troubled County NatWest, its investment banking arm which faces a Government investiga-tion of its role advising Blue Arrow on a £837m share issue

ccompanying the bid. And at Blue Arrow itself, in an extraordinary boardroom upheaval, Tony Berry, archi-tect of the company's expansion, was replaced yesterday as chief executive by Mitchell Fromstein, the man he recently ousted as head of Manpower. Berry's fall from grace had all ingredients of a classical tragedy: pride brought low with an fearful

Martin Dickson

JUNIOR MARKETS

A fickle thing called fashion

SHOULD anyone believe that investment is an aridly technical business, he or she should take a look at the fashion-con-scious nature of the USM. In the past eight years, it has shown a susceptibility to vogues and fads that could

rival the most trendy teenager.
The latest illustration of this is provided by the niche retailers. Sock Shop International. for example, has watched its shares more than halve in value since last summer. despite reporting a hefty 43 per cent rise in profits for 1967-8 this week. Sock Shop still has a premium rating. But the lukewarm popularity of the shares is in sharp contrast with their rapturous reception on joining

the market less than two years Sock Shop is not alone. Shares in the Reject Shop, which came to the USM last summer, have now fallen well below their issue price. And on the main market, shares in Tie Rack are close to half their peak last March.

The downturn can be partly explained by the worries about consumer spending after the surge in interest rates. But just as important in triggering the slide was the disappointment inflicted last summer by Mrs Fields, the USM-quoted cookie company, when it forecast a Some of the problems behind

Mrs Fields' downfall were quite specific and in no way should have influenced other niche retailers. The long summer heatwave in the US, for example, should hardly have affected demand for paisley ties in Paddington. Nonethe-less, Mrs Fields' decline was had news for other retailers, since it shattered the illusion that they could do no wrong. in the past, other sectors have damonstrated even sharper rises and declines on the USM than that of niche retailing. Indeed, it could be argued that investors in retail-ing find it easier to flout sector trends, since the businesses are easily moderated. are easily understood and are headed by well-known personalities.

electronics sector, a fashion victim of the mid-1980s, rarely had a detailed understanding of their companies, so bad news dragged down the good companies along with the bad. The enthusiasm for compnter companies raged unabated in the early years of the decade, with young, highgrowth computer companies boasting earnings multiples in the 30s. The USM's computing sector outperformed the elec-tronic sector of the FTA-Index by 100 per cent in the year to May 1984.

By contrast, investors in the

Soon after, though, the glory faded. A price war was unleashed in the home com-

puter market in response to fears that demand would falter while foreign competition got tougher. Severe disenchant-ment with USM computer stocks set in and, one after the another, share prices plunged. Another example of the fick-leness of USM investors is the

food sector and, in particular, the fresh vegetable companies. In the few years up to 1985, a clutch of businesses came to the market on extravagant ratings, fuelled by the consumers' renewed quest for quality and

But it took just a succession of freakishly wet summers and cold winters to demonstrate the vulnerability of these companies. In early 1986, companies such as Appletres, Whi-tworth and Wold had sunk to below their issue price. Investment fashions are not,

of course, restricted to smaller companies. But they do tend to be more pronounced on the USM. One reason for this is the relative shortage of shares in circulation, which means that any upwards or downwards movement is exaggerated.

Another factor is that the

USM is the natural home for young companies operating in new high-growth industries. Typically, these companies might experience an early dramatic success in their particu-lar niche, only to encounter problems as they broaden their base. Thus, after a few years of dramatic profits improvement, their growth may falter or

What is the latest vogue on the USM? A glance at the list of top performing shares would suggest the radio companies. Crown Communications, which owns the LBC radio station, Piccadilly Radio, Radio City and Radio Clyde were the top performing USM stocks of 1988, with share price rises of 167 per cent and over. The explanation for their

popularity lies in part with their surge in profitability - a result of the increasing favour they have found with advertis-ers. Another factor is the opportunities expected when opportunities expected when the Government deregulates radio next year. The White Paper on broadcasting pro-posed at least three national commercial radio stations operating alongside the BBC, with contractors allowed to control up to six local and one national station.

Investors may well benefit from the radio shares' current modishness. Although they have already had a good run, fashions are usually worth following for a good few months.

That said, the long term investor should remember the adage that the surest way to be out of shion temorrow is to be at the forefront of it today. -

Vanessa Houlder

Breaking up is hard to do

FOR investors in GEC, this has been an eventful week without recent precedent. The emergence of a possible break-up bid for the industrial giant raised high hopes — and the shares duly soared 19p on Mon-day to close at a post-crash eak of 221p. Was there more to come? Analysts were talking of a break-up value of about 800p. Metsun, the Lazard Brothers-advised bidding vehicle, was

But the glamour quickly faded as Lazard seemed unable to sign up any names apart from Plessey, its client facing a £1.7bn joint bid from GEC and Siemens of West Germany, and Thomson of France.

expected to pitch its terms, mostly paper but a bit of cash,

STC, the UK electronics group needed to take the GPT telecommunications subsidiary off Metsun's hands, took a look at its balance sheet and chose not to chance its arm.

GE delivered the final blow on Friday, dashing hopes that it would join a bid for GEC, unveiling instead a series of joint ventures with its UK counterpart. It was good news for GEC's independence, but bad news for the share price, which lost another 3p to 212p. However, the writing was on the wall much earlier in the week. The first returns came in on Tuesday, when the immediate reactions of institutional investors in GEC came to light. Under the Takeover Code, any transactions by an investor holding 1 per cent or more of a bid participant's shares must be reported within a day. It was instructive to see that most such transactions in GEC shares were sales. This was not eurorising considering the opportunity for profit-taking on a share price which had run up from 171p in less than two months, But it underlined the City consensus that GEC shares have probably hit the top of their trading range, at least until the late summer.

There are several reasons for this view: nis view:

Soon, would probably take six months.

GEC Share price (pence) 180 160 170 140 160 Nov 1988 Jan'89

GEC did emerge from Metsun, any other consortium or from any single bidder it is certain to referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. The inquiry, which would be run in tandem with the Plessey probe if the GEC bid got on the road

 This reflects a consensus among analysts that the odds are against the MMC and the Department of Trade and

Industry approving any break-up or takeover of GEC.

winning clearance for its Ples-

sey bid are rated considerably higher, especially after the deal

GEC Siemens' chances of

towards 200p, although not below that so long as any whiff of a possible offer is in the air. If no bid emerged, or if one came and was blocked, the shares could slip back to their November and December values in the 170s and 180s. "On a year's view I believe

they'll probably underperform," says Judy Stewart of Citicorp Scrimgeour Vickers. That would be a familiar experience for GEC shareholders, who missed the 1982-87 bull market altogether. Even after the latest speculative run, GEC has underperformed the FT-A All-Share index by two-thirds

since August 1982. The joint ventures with GE.

broken up or whether it will become a holding company for with the exception of Marconi - a range of joint ven-tures with a variety of interna-tional partners. However, the with GE announced on Friday. However, with a number of problems to be sorted out question appears to be moot.
This is not to say that GEC lacks attractions. Despite its clouded UK reputation — too within the combined group, success here would not neces-sarily be a short-term bull point for the shares either. much caution, the "cash moun-tain" and all that — GEC can stand comparison on margins As a result, analysts expect to see GEC shares slip back and sheer profitability with any European counterpart.
The historic yield on the shares is 43 per cent, but such defensive attractions are not high in most minds at the moment. Back at 170p, the yield would be 1 point higher. If the shares tall back that far, they are an undoubted buy. Shareholders will be able to look back on one week in Janu-

ary when GEC had that rare distinction of being London's number one takeover stock, and remember that it is rarely wrong to take profits when they are available.

Clay Harris

nounds to spare first. If the flotation goes ahead

— it has to be approved at a
special general meeting on
April 11 — each qualifying
member will receive both a
free offer of shares and an invitation to subscribe to a further

Qualifying members are those who had either more than £100 in savings with Abbey National on December 31 last year, or a mortgage of over £100. They thus fall into two separate categories, savers and borrowers.

The free shares are likely to be worth around £260 on a flat hand-out basis. The rule will be one member, one handout, no matter how many accounts you lieve. However, for mem-bership purposes, building societies distinguish between

savers and borrowers. if you are both a saver and a borrower with Abbey National. you can look forward to one hand-out of shares as a saver But having more than one savings account or more than one mortgage makes no differ-ence — entitlement is once per

Alum like

AM THE

TY3 PELL

person as saver and once as a borrower. Joint accounts cre-ate only a single entitlement,

which goes to the first-named individual. Children under 18 will be entitled to receive cash compensation equivalent to about 4 per cent of their deposits with the society. The qualifying date for this is (as expected)

December 31, 1988.

Anyone who had the foresight late in December either to open a £100 account with the society, or to shovel money into an account in their child's name, now stands to collect their reward when the flota-tion takes place at the end of

However, a High Court judgment-last week spared Abbey from having to pay out cash compensation to anyone breaking membership between December 31 and the special general meeting on April 11. As the law stood before the judgment, anyone who had put mt, anyone who had put (say) £100,000 into Abbey on December 30, and withdrawn it on January 2, would have collected more than £4,000 for his

Among building societies, this possibility was known as

believed to have given Abbey National directors a few sleep-National directors a few sleep-less nights before the end of the year. A mass inflow of funds by speculators for only a few days might have beggared the society.

But the surprising thing is that although the "black hole" (and the other cash compensa-tion extrangements) was subjection.

tion arrangements) were public knowledge, relatively few peo-ple seem to have tried to take advantage of them.

Assuming that Abbey mem-bers do vote for flotation in sufficient numbers – at least 20 per cent must vote, and 75 per cent of the votes must be in favour - they will face a further choice in due course: whether to take up the issue of shares, for which they will be expected to pay. Abbey will issue something over film of these shares at a price of per-haps fil each. But there are several things members should realise about them.

■ First, they are likely to be sought-after eagerly by institu-tions, and Abbey is setting up share dealing arrangements under which members can sell their holdings without having



an expensive commission. Second, the more of these ahares members buy, the greater will be their financial gain from the Abbey National float. This is because, basically, subscribing in the paid issue will push up the final market capitalisation value of Abbey National PLC.

John Wriglesworth, building societies analyst with stockbroker Phillips & Drew, explains it like this. "If Abbey National wants to raise £lbn, it may well do so by issuing 2bn shares. And of these, let us assume 1bn shares are free to rs and £1bn will cost a

"Rach share would thus be worth £1.25. The 1hn free shares would thus capitalise at £230 per eligible member; but if the members purchase their full share entitlement, they would make an extra gain of

Finally, members can use funds deposited in Abbey (or other building society) accounts to buy the shares. Indeed, there is nothing to stop them buying the shares with money from their savings accounts. Abbey says it is well prepared for this possibility and has done all the necessary sums about what could hap-

As with the government privatisations, there probably will be a minimum figure unikely to be under £250 - for the amount of shares a mem-ber can buy. It is quite possible the issue will be over-sub-

What about other building ocieties? During 1986, several headed by the Halifax, the largest - revealed they were thinking about incorporation but decided later to do nothing, at least for now.

As things stand, only one

David Barchard examines the implications as Britain's second-largest building society goes to market tive executives favour the idea, even in quite small societies. Some of these probably would not float; instead, they would sell their ownership to an existing company. The legislation exists to do this but the voting requirements are much tougher than for a flotation. As a result, members probably Rivals watch as Abbey takes the plunge society - the National & Pro-vincial, which is seventh-larga result, members probebly would be offered much higher incentives to approve the deal, with much of the society's est by asset size - seems to be heading for the launch pad. Its qualifying date for the free share issue might well have bean December 31, 1988, alhough if it were to have its reserves being paid ont to special general meeting in the second half of 1989, the date

To sum up: for ordinary investors, the implications of the Abbey National float seem could be June 30. National & Provincial is a lot

Try to maintain your savings account above £100, particularly at the end of the year, if you belong to a society known to favour going public This sum is the minimum level in law to qualify for a vote on incorporation. Husbands and wives should bold separate,

ing to Wriglesworth. But if things go well with Abbey, and if 1989 sees market conditions for building societies getting tougher again, then others may rather than joint, accounts.

If your children have several thousand pounds to invest, they may well pick up a windfall gain in due course if Those most likely to do so are Alliance & Leicester and Leeds. The Halifax is likely to they invest in a society that goes public. bnt its directors - wbo blocked the move last year -

If you have a few hundred pounds to invest, you could do worse than split it up into blocks of £101 and invest them in balf a dozen building societies in the hope that, apart from paying interest, they will eventually bear fruit in a free shares issue.

YOU MIGHT be wondering, if you are one of the 66,000 vote-carrying policy-holders of London Life, why you have suddenly become so popular. With fewer than three weeks before a meeting to decide whether to tie the knot with Australian Mutual Provident, along comes Equitable Life Hise an old flame

eager to heat AMP to the altar-On January 27, at London's Grosvener Hense hotel, you are due to vote a second time on London Life's scheme for a on London Life's scheme for a merger with AMP. (January 25 is the deadline for receipt of proxy wetes). Yet, Equitable now says it is ready to reopen abortive merger talks, it held with London Life last year. There has been no new information of any substance from mation of any substance from London Life/AMP this week, besides an ultimatum from AMP-thet this is your last chance for an Antipodean mar-riage. So how seriously do you take Equitable a advances?

Equitable is serious. A merger with London Life would expend its asset portfo-lio, giving it a higger voice as an institutional investor. The acquisition of a new chunk of i

An old flame eager to reach the altar

customer base, would help it to finance its own dream of expanding into Europe post-1992, and bring down administrative expenses for all its poli-

cyholders. The Equitable is a fast-grow-ing, efficient life office geared heavily towards providing individual pension plans to affinent, self-employed people via a highly-trained 280 strong sales force. But it is just as well aware as AMP and London Life of the need for size to help it combat the industry's big battalions, which are committed to spending heavily on direct sales networks

In 1986, the Equitable under-went a study by management consultants which called for a doubling of sales by 1990, and this helps explain London Life's attraction. Equitable would, however, close down branches that overlap with its own and, probably, recruit few of the smaller company's sales What should policyholders think? One problem with this sorry saga is that, despite the involvement of such legal jug-gernauts as Herbert Smith & Co and Freshfields, nobody has bothered to explain the historic principles that should govern the situation.

In 1870, following some grubby scandals, parliament passed the Life Assurance Companies Act. The 1982 Insurance Companies Act preserves its basic procedures for ensur-ing fair play in a merger of mutuals. It says the parties must produce a scheme of

Life Funds

9bn 3,35bn

Note: figures are for 1967, and use and-1987 exchange rates

a Companies Court judge.

There are two considerations at which the court will look and London Life policyholders also need to think about,

First, any merger must ensure the protection of policyholders' reasonable expecta-tions, usually taken to mean expectations that future investment returns will follow past

There should also be pro-tection of policyholders' rights as members of a mutual society. In other words, by virtue

The Vital Statistics (C)

Premium

Total Premiums New

499,8m

of being a member a policy-holder has certain rights — to elect directors, attend meetings and vote on big decisions. On the first point, London

Life policyholders enjoy a great deal of protection whichever company they merge with. The legal protection provided by the court, and supervision from the Department of Trade

and Industry under the 1982
Act, are such that the chance
of anybody taking over a
mutual and pillaging it are remote. The London Life/AMP scheme says London Life'a

Ratio (%)

23

Force

funds will be separate from AMP's and that bourses will he determined by reference to London Life's own investment performance and mortality

experience.
The one caveat is that the person who decides the bonus declarations will be AMP'a chief actuary in Sydney. Mere distance means the DTI will be less able to check up on him. But AMP will cut its own commercial throat if it allows bonus prospects to deteriorate. So, it has a clear interest in

keeping policybolders' happy. The second point is the issue of members' rights to a say in management. This is academic. No sensible observer thinks London Life should stay independent. And if there is a merger, either AMP or Equitable will run the show. The January 27 meeting and the Com-panies Court hearing will be the last chances policyholders have to influence the running of London Life.

Nick Bunker The key question is whether

will do a better job of manag-ing a life assurance operation in the UK profitably.

On Equitable's side is its excellent track record, low expenses, and commitment to non-commission paying status. The two negatives are that Equitable is only medium-sized and cannot guarantee reaching

smaller than Abbey National, and its share issue would be

worth rather less - perhaps around £100 a member, accord-

take their plans for conversion out of mothballs.

become a PLC in due course

probably will want to watch how Abbey is doing for a year or two before they allow them-

selves to be converted to the

Others may follow in dne course. Indeed, most innova-

you think AMP or Equitable

a merger agreement.

The AMP bas no track record in the UK to match Equitable's, and also lacks a history of philosophical adherence to the non-commission paying principle. But on AMP's side are size, conservatism, success in Australia, and an absolute determination to keep London Life prosperous and make it a UK flagship.

Furthermore, an independent actuary has said already that its merger scheme will not damage London Life policyholders' interests. The fact that AMP's present expense ratio is higher than Equitable's is irrelevant, since the Australian market is very different from the UK's.

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NEXT WEEK

Winners and losers

A BATCH of UK economic the balance of payments. statistics is expected next week. In the stock market, this designed to cool demand, have will focus the equity strategist's attention on industrial and service sectors vulnerable to monetary policy; in the com-pany results list, people will be looking for winners and losers.

8.81

The UK economy had a bad year in 1988. As Peter Spencer of Shearson Lehman Hutton says, growth in domestic demand was ahead of all fore-

designed to cool demand, have dented the more sensitive companies' market ratings for some time, and impending mortgage rate increases are about to have their most direct effect on consumption.

Shearson says that consumer spending, particularly, will slow during the first half of 1989. Shearson is particularly bearish about prospects for consumer durables - where casts and imposed an enor-mous strain on inflation and the strain showed, at retail

level, in results from Dixons this week – and favours phar-maceuticals, motors, oil and chemicals.

Retail sales figures for December are due on Monday. Spencer believes that these will show whether a 13 per cent bank base rate is enough to take the heat out of the economy. This year, Shearson expect a December rise of 1 per cent, topping a forecast range which runs down to a decline of 0.4 per cent at the bottom.

A scenario in which low retail sales growth is good for the economy is not going to be good for many retailers. How-ever, Asda, the food and carpets superstore group, may be less cyclical than some. The company has had its share of bad times in the stock market. in 1988, food retailers saw a slowdown in volume sales; there were suggestions that shoppers were spending more carefully, or even trading down, and established leaders in the field were downgraded.

Asda itself was in limbo, hiving off MFI - a notably unsuccessful and short-lived acquisition - and waiting for its own switch to central distribution to pay off in 1990-91. However, analysts say that benefits are now showing through from Asda's accelerating store open-ing and modernisation pro-gramme, and expect Monday's first half interim profits to show a rise from £94.8m. to

Distribution is not necessar-lly tied to the fortunes of the retailer. Richard Hannah of UBS Phillips & Drew saw "enormous potential" for the third party distribution market in a recent note on NFC, the erstwhile National Freight Consortium. Next Tuesday NFC is due to produce prelimi

The week's other major, arguably non-cyclical con-tender is Trusthouse Forte, which is scheduled to issue preliminary figures on Thurs-day. As the largest British hotels and catering group, however, THF has its own international economic and

ers - who are hoping for a full revaluation of THF's properties to produce net assets of over 400p a share against a recent share price of around 260p -Littleboy expects a partial revaluation and assets of 265p a share. This, he observes would enable THF to keep its powder dry in case a predator is waiting to bid for the

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ourts (Furnishers)	_ 149945	2.0	3.1	•
Tectron House	And Classical	2.0	2.6	•
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Stanco Exhibition Group	Monday	1.5	2.1	-
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symonds Engineering		3.0	•	-
Dividends are shown net pence				

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	PRE	MIME	RY RE	BULT	**		
Company					Earnings*		lende" are (b)
Abbey Panels	Sept	908	(1,420)	22.4	(36.0)	3.0	(2.4)
Ace Belmont lot	Aug	5,620	(2,840)	161	(80.9)	` .	(-)
Alexanders Hidgs	Sept	1,730	(906)	3.1	(1.48)	1.0	(0.7)
Assoc Newspaper	Sept	36,800	(56,900)	17.6	(29.8)		(-)
Body Shop Int	Sept	9,340	(6,000)	13.4	(9.3)	2.2	(1.5)
Countryside Prop	Sept	19,250	(11,127)	35.5	(21.6)	3:1	(1.9)
Daily Mail & Gen	Sept	3,260	(3, 160)	39.1	(71.0)	73.0	(70.0
Dewhurst	Oct	739	(590)	6.4	(5.0)	1.7	(1.4)
Gardiner Group	Oct	1,890	(1,800)	3.1	(2.4)	0.7	(-)
Hewthorn Lealis	Aug	4,100	(3,300)	1.7	(1.5)	0.2	(0.2)
Horne Robert	Sept	15,400	(13, 162)	30.1	(26.4)	8.2	(6.9)
Irish Cont Group	Oct	823	(586)	-	(-)	1.67	Θ_{-}
Kunick	Sept	5,100	(3,423)	3.5	(2.5)	1.4	(വ.ഗ
Mecarifry	Oct	6,100	(5,600)	15.9	(24.1)	11.5	(11.8
Neotronics Tech	Sept	1,830	(2,680)	4.86	(7.73)	1.8	(1.2)
Sock Shop bit	Sept	2,620	(1,832)	7.5	(5.5)	2.0	(0.8)
Southrn Business	Sept	6,810	(4,102)	30.4	(21.4)	6.0	(4.6)
TSB Group	Oct	420,000	(340,356)	18.3	(17.2)	5.2	(4.7)
TVS Entertain	Oct :	26,100	(23,500)	32,6	(36.0)	13.2	(12.5
Whoway	Oct .	5,360	(2.370)	8.4	(5.48)	22.	(1.62

INTERIM STATEMENTS

Company	Half-year	Pro-tec (20	r profit	diri	ierim iericie" hare (p)
Abbey	Oct	7,520	(4,947)	2.2	(2.2)
Astra Holdings	Sept	4,050	(2,820)	0.3	(0.3)
Astra Trust	Oct	381	(89 L)	•	(-)
Banks Sidney C	Oct	1,090	(1.260)	2.1	(2.1)
Barbour Index	Oct	2,180	(1,910)	2.5	(2.0)
Bespak	Oct	1,610	(1,437)	2.2	(2.0)
Centors	Oct	926	(804)	1.0	(0.7)
Carcio Engineering	Sept	4,400	(3,600)	1.35	(1.1)
Costed Electrodes	Oct	211	(825)	•	(1.4)
Colefax & Fowler	Oct	717	(498)	1.1	(-)
Debenham Tewnon	Oct	3,510	(2,140)	2.0	(1.5)
Dixons Group	Nov	42.000	(48.300)	1.43	(1.3)
Douglas Robert M	Sept	3.720	(2.175)	2.0	(1.3)
Elfie & Everard	Oct	5.040	(4.100)	2.0	(1.9)
First Technology	Oct	1.920	(1.030)	2.5	(1.7)
Fleming Oversees	Dec	4,890	(2,520)	1.5	(1.0)
Hildare	Septe	72	(175)	•	(-)
Honorbile	Oct	372	(96)		(-)
Howden Group	Oct	5.400	(3.600)	1.4	(1.28)
Investment Company	Sept	437	(477)	0.26	(0.23)
Jones Stroud Hidge	Sept	3.660	(2.910)	2.6	(2.0)
Jurya Hotel Group	Oct	1,370	(1,273)	1.6	(1.5)
Markheath Securities	Sept	3,780	(2,032)	1.5	(1.0)
ML Holdings	Sept	2.730	(1.685)	0.72	(0.6)
Nobo Group	Oct	1.640	(1.090)	2.2	(1.78)
Real Time Control	Sept	62	(237)		
Sheatherik Property	Sept	434	(126)	0.1	(-)
Steed & Simpson	Sept	6.070	(4.850)	1.7	(1.4)
Tomkins	Oct	19,180	(16.810)	2.0	(1.32)
Travia Perkins	Sept	8.680	(6,160)	1.0	(1.6)
Turnbuil Scott Hidge	Sept	714	(495)	2.1	(1,19)
Westpool Invest Tst	Oct	3,290	(2,150)	0.3	(0.3)
Wyko Group	Oct	1,240	(763)	1.2	(1.1)
Zetters Group	Sept	113	(283)	1.5	(1.5)

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£105m. on the way to £242m (£215m) for the year. nary figures for 1987-88, and a pathfinder prospectus for its imminent market flotation.

NFC covers transport (as BRS), distribution for a buge ist of corporate customers including Samsbury, Tesco and Marks & Spencer, household removals (via Pickfords), travel services and property. Profits had grown from £11.8m to £47.4m in the four years to October 1987; last year they were forecast to rise to £64m.

Its pathfinder prospectus will leave a couple of blanks; the amount of the rights issue, which could be up to £100m; and the rights price, ahead of an underwriting to be arranged at the end of this month. Ahead of the rights, the equity capitalisation of the company was £590m at a November dealing price of 185p a share.

political considerations.

The rise of sterling at first encouraged US and western European tourists to make spring and autumn visits to Britain, improving THF 8 occupancy ratios in the off-peak periods while the peak period remained busy enough. Ron Littleboy of the Nomura Research Institute is expecting pre-tax profits to rise from £180m to £218m with the belo of a large property element. However, unlike some punt-

William Cochrane

FINANCE & THE FAMILY

EXPATRIATES

Caught in the snares of the IHT trap

the only two certainties are death and taxes, usually they are thought of in separate breaths – unless, that is, you are a British expatriate.

For them, inheritance tax

(IHT) - in previous incarna-tione, it has masqueraded under names such as capital transfer tax and estate duty differs markedly from other UK taxes levied on income and capital gains. You are not nor-mally liable for income and mally liable for income and capital gains tax when working or living abroad. With IHT, though, you are deemed to be domiciled and, therefore, remain liable to pay it on all your assets wherever they are.

The only way to escape the sares of the IHT trap is to change your domicile—and

change your domicile - and that's not easy. In a 1984 case involving the estate of prop-erty tycoon Charles Clore, the courts held that an English domicile prevailed because there was a lack of evidence to enbstantiate Clore's intention of residing permanently in Молясо.

Where an individual has managed to convince the UK tax anthorities of a genuine change of domicile – say, by creating residence business and citizenship ties to his adopted country over a period of at least three years - there could still be an IHT liability ble to avoid this by setting up an offshore company that

GAM tops

fund rating

WHICH "WAS the" best performing unit trust group last year? Global Asset Man-

agement (GAM), according to the sector performance analy-sis method used by Micropal

GAM came a clear first some way ahead of Guinness Mahon,

Metropolitan. Windsor and

The five worst-performing groups, according to Micropal, were Waverley, Dumenil, Scot-tish Provident, Brown Shipley

and Gartmore.

However, performance assessment depends largely on the method. Micropal's method

tends to favour groups with only a few funds, since ratings

are based on the performance

of the group in individual sec-tors; this is then used to calcu-late an average. The more sec-tors the group is in, the more-the likelihood that a poor per-formance in one will reduce its

It is, perhaps, no coincidence

for the awards. Its two star per-

out of 116 in the same sector.

average rating.

SUMMARY

SECTION.

shares in the company owned by the individual So, what are British expatriates doing to plan for their IHT liabilities? Very little, if the experience of their counterparts in the UK is anything to go by.

A new report from market research company Mintel esti-mates that while 25 per cent of adults in the UK think IHT could affect them, fewer than one is 100 people have planned for its consequences.
Why not? There is the obvi-

ous point that any planning connected with one's own demise is never very palatable. More obliquely, Mintel suggests that by the time individuals get round to assessing the likely wealth they will be pass-ing on, most will have stopped earning and will be disinclined to enter into a contract that reduces it. This is understandable, even if their children or other recipients of the estate spind to lose quite significant

Many insurance companies offer LHT mitigation schemes, some of which are quite com-plex. But even before getting to that level of sophistication there are various simple planning points that can be used to reduce the impact of the tax. . IHT begins to bite at a flat rate of 40 per cent on estates of £110,000 and upwards. So, for example, on an estate of £500,000 the IHT charge would

FUTURE was the top-per-forming offshore fund

management group last year, according to Micro-gal, it actileved a return of

271.19 per cent, converted into US dellar terms. The

same group also took sec-ond and third place with



tion relates to gifts between husband and wife.

There is a special exemption, too, for members of the armed forces who die from a wound accident or disease contracted while on active service and similar relief is available for the estates of members of the Royal Ulster Constabulary who die from injuries caused in Northern Ireland by terrorist

In addition, there are various exemptions for lifetime gifts. Outright gifts between individuals, and gifts by an individual into accumulation and maintenance trusts or trusts for the disabled, become exempt from tax provided the donor sur-vives seven years from the

date of the gift. During that period, they are called poten-tially exempt transfers (PETs). Death of the donor within seven years of making the gift attracts an IHT charge on a sliding scale bas

Some expatriates might feel they have a dilemma in that, although they could give away money now, they are reluctant to do so for fear their children will fritter it away. Peter Vaines, tax partner of char-tered accountant Brebner, Allen & Trapp, says this prob-lem can often be solved by creating a trust for the benefit of the family. Usually, the parents, along with their financial and legal advisers, become the trustees.

Provided the trust is con-

money for their own use, they can hold it for the children and grandchildren for the rest of their lives if necessary. The parents would be responsible for looking after the money. which would probably be invested in exactly the same way as before.

parents cannot recover the

way as before.

Insurance undoubtedly has a role to play in IHT planning, but it is important not to be begulied by the insurance companies' marketing force. Vaines argues that the insurance route is primarily a means of saving to pay the tax, whereas attention should whereas attention should really be directed towards preventing the tax becoming chargeable in the first place. That personal risk manage

ment approach means, for example, maximising the IHT nil rate band (up to £110,000) and making use of a discretionary trust.

One area where simple life assurance can play a part is in shielding lifetime gifts from tax. The risk of the donor dying within the key seven year period after making a gift can usually be covered inexpensively by a term policy on a decreasing basis in line with the sliding scale of IHT liabil-

Peter Gartland □ Peter Gartland is editor of The International, the FT's

Eric Short reports on a pact with Luxembourg

Deal opens door to more UK investors

Adler Commodity (up 271.2 per cent) and Adler Financial (up 205.8 per Out of the top 25 off-shore trusts, 14 were Far Eastern specialists includ-ing MiM-Britannia'e Nippon Warrant, which took titth spot.

expert advisers.

Luxembourg is now one of

the world's major off-shore investment centres. Its liberal tax regime has attracted a host

of financial groups to set up a variety of operations.

groups – including such names as Gartmore, GT, Hen-derson, Wardley and Mercury

Many of the Luxembourg

The poorest performers in 1988 were mainly Swiss franc currency and gold. funds, in bottom spot was Forbes Strategic Trading, which gave a return of only £55.17 for every £100 invested, followed by Standard Bank Gold (£66.35), Forbes Gold Appreciation (£67.37),

and NM PSF Gold (272.78).

that GAM has only four UK authorised unit trusts — the minimum required to qualify Abtrust had the top two funds

- Far East Emerging Economies and Pacific in the same formers were Sterling & Inter-national and UK Sterling, both second in their sectors. Its Far East fund was 26th out of 78, and its North American 29th sector - but, under sector per-formance analysis, it was rated only 46th out of 97 groups. Fidelity was outstanding among the bigger groups, gain-ing fifth place and having two fruds in the top 10 In fact, none of Micropal's funds in the top 10. top three management groups had any funds in the top 20

John Edwards

LUXEMBOURG-BASED - are familiar to British investors already. French financial investment funds could be houses also are present in the Grand Duchy – but they want to sell French, not Luxemavailable widely to UK inves tors as early as May as a result of an agreement reached between the Luxembourg bourg, funds to UK investors. anthorities and the Depart-ment of Trade and Industry. American and Japanese investment houses are setting up operations in Luxembourg and In this respect, the agreement pre-dates the implemen-tation of the European Com-munity's UCITS (Undertaking

are expected to be major play-ers in Europe very soon. The main obstacle to overseas firms marketing in the UK is the lack of an existing distrifor Collective Investments in Transferable Securities) directive due to come into operation bution network and the problems in establishing one because of the Financial Ser-When the deal with Luxembourg becomes effective, it will ... vices Act.

provide the average Briton with a wider range of invest: Companies have keting restrictions, have until now been available in practice found the tax only to expatriates or sophistiregime attractive cated UK investors through

> UK investment honses already have such networks to market their anthorised onshare unit trusts. The agreement now enables them to market their Luxembourg funds through these same sales

> The Luxembourg funds likely to be offered to UK investors are those that have a tax advantage over on-shore funds, in particular umbrella funds and gilt funds. Indeed, Tom Veitch, the deputy chair-man of Wardley Investment Services International, sees this agreement as a major opportunity to promote umbrella funds in the UK.

The first requirement in marketing any Luxembourg fund is that it receives a UCITS authorisation from the Luxembourg anthorities. Umbrella finnds do meet the UCITS requirement of being invested directly in securities, although

short-dated gilts and Treasury bills. But fund of funds trusts, which invest in units of other funds, do not meet the UCITS criteria.

Gartmore and Henderson, as well as Wardley, have also indicated their intention to concentrate on marketing umbrella funds. No doubt oth-

ers will adopt a similar line.
GT does not have an umbrella fund in its Luxembourg product range, being unhappy with the underlying concept. However, Malcolm Weightman, GT's group retail manager, aims to market off quickly as possible, envisaging an income package based on its gilt funds.

At present, Luxem bourg-based umbrella funds have a tax advantage in that switches between the different investment funds are free of capital gains tax liability. But it is expected widely that this will be changed for UK investors in the March Budget.

The other feature of off-short funds that could well interes UK investors is that most of them still operate on an historic basis, so you can deal in any amount without triggering off a change in the pricing sys

However, there are disadvan tages, too. Luxembourg funds are not covered by the Securities and Investment Board's compensation scheme, and this lack of protection will need to be highlighted in any promo-

tion or advertising.
Furthermore, if these funds are marketed through intermediaries, there is no official cool-ing-off period in which the

Boost for the Continentals

BRITISH-BASED BRITISH-BASED fund management groups will no doubt be licking their lips in anticipation of the possibilities opened up hy the new agreement between the UK and Luxembourg on unit trusts.

However, the deal is also a boost for Continental investment managers who have been

ment managers who have been eyeing the opportunities in the UK market, so the flow of freely advertised offshore funds which are likely to appear in Britain from March could include some unfamiliar

At the moment, about 520 At the moment, about 520 investment funds promoted by groups world-wide — including Japan and the US as well as other member states of the European Community — are approved by the Grand Duchy's authorities. Another 170 have applied for authorisation to the Luxembourg Monetary Institute, leading one local wag to comment that it will not be long before there is one fund for each of the country's 999 square miles. try's 999 square miles.

Only about 40 funds, how-ever, have been accorded the vital UCITS status under the Grend Duchy's new legisla-tion, although most will ultimately be hoping to secure this passport to the cross-boris growing all the time bnt

fund includes, for example, the vill no Asset Mix fund run by Royal Trust and a fund run by Kre-diethank of Belgium (owner of a Brown Shipley sharehold-

> year for implementing the UCITS directive throughout the EC will, of course, concen-trate managers' minds. But the preliminary thoughts of a Luxembourg-based spokesman from Banque Paribas, one of the biggest fund promoters in the Grand Duchy, snggests that Continental European managers are not exactly

greusing up to get into the British market.

"Funds in the UK are marketed in a gulte different way," he pointed out. "Use of an intermediary is very widespread, whereas European banks tend to sell their units only to their own customers. I can't really see any great interest, except from those who have a lot of branches of access to the distribution sys-

"Moreover, the commissions which we charge up-front and on redemption are pretty low and don't leave much of a margin for paying an intermedi-ary. We prefer to give this advantage to the investor."

Tim Dixon

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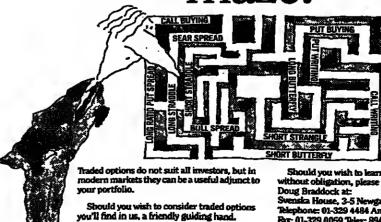
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HEROIC defence was how Niemzowitsch - a chess theorist who it is fashionable to quote, although uncommon to follow - described the type of style which involves a player placing himself willingly under extreme pressure. The idea behind this approach is that a sound position's innate resilience, allied to defensive precision, will defeat an attacker's efforts to break through and leave him over-extended against a sudden counter-

The theme of heroic defence has its parallels in sport, although under different names. Baseline lobs into the sun against an incoming volley at tennis, persistent safety play at snocker, Liverpool going for the 0-0 draw in a difficult away cup fixture, and spinners bowling to West Indian batsmen with the fielders scattered round the boundary - are all cast in the identical mould, based on the eternal psycholog-ical priciple that a frustrated attacker will eventually lose

his self-control.

Defence of this type is a skill
so refined and rare at the

P-K4 via the Sicilian Defence);
11 P-N3, Q-N1; 12 B-N2, R-Q1; 13
P-K4, P-QR3; 14 Q-K3, Q-R2; 15

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chessboard that it has few genuine followers. Viktor Korchnoi, the former world title contender, is its leading exponent and his results have been impressive. Korchnoi's policy is to set his opponents original situations, provoking sacrificial attacks which appear strong but contain an analyti-cal hole. In this way, he scores useful points with the black pieces against the technically sound and risk-less chess favoured by some professionals

as White.

Another heroic defence specialist is Sweden's No. 1, Ulf Andersson, who worked out the archetypal opening for rne archetypat opening for players who favour the style. A typical sequence runs 1 P-QB4, N-KB3; 2 N-QB3, P-K3; 3 N-KB3, P-QN3; 4 P-KN3, B-N2; S B-N2, P-B4; 6 O-O, B-K2; 7 P-Q4, PxP; 3 QxP, O-O; 9 R-Q1, N-B3; 10 Q-B4, P-Q3 (Black can set up a similar formation against 1

home in with pressure from a hishop/knight attacking force. What he has missed — and players do have blind spots about such obvious counters is that the supposedly weak pawn can advance when White's attackers immediately themselves become disorgan-ised targets. This is sophisticated strategy, but not beyond the range of the intelligent strong player who aspires to

expert or master rank. White: Wolfgang Pietsch (East Germany).

Black: Bobby Fischer (US).

King's Indian Defence

N-K1, QR-N1. Black's convoluted manoeu-

vres are designed to regroup

his pieces into optimum posi-tions to support an eventual counter-strike by P-QN4 or

At a more practical, every-

day level there is a milder ver-sion of heroic defence, setting

up apparently static pawn for-

mations which have an inner

dynamic. This week's game is

an example by the legendary Bobby Fischer. Black's pawn structure at KB4 and KN3 looks invitingly weak, and White decides at moves 12-18 to

(Havana 1965).

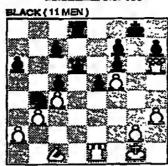
I N-KB3, N-KB3; 2 P-B4,
P-KN3; 3 P-KN3, B-N2; 4 B-N2,
O-O; 5 O-O, P-Q3; 6 P-Q4,
QN-Q2; 7 N-B3, P-K4; 8 PxP.
By hindsight, this is a dublous exchange. White should
maintain the central tangian maintain the central tension

8 ... PxP; 9 Q-B2, P-B3; 10

B-QI, Q-K2; II N-KN5, N-K1; 12 P-K4, N-B2; I3 B-K2, P-KR2; 14 N-B3, N-K3; I5 QB-N1, P-KB4; 16 N-KB4, Q-B2; I7 PxP, PxP, 18 B-R3, P-B5! At one stroke, Fischer refutes White's misconceived plan of the previous dozen

19 Q-N6, N-N4! 20 BxN, BxB; 21 QxQ ch. If 21 PxP, N-B6 ch wins. 21 ... BxQ; 22 PxP, PxP; 23

B-Q4, B-N5; 24 B-Q2, R-Q2; 25 Resigns.
White loses rook for bishop, with a poor position. PROBLEM No. 756



WHITE (10 MEN)

John Nunn (England) v. Lajos Portisch (Hungary), Rey-kjavik World Cup 1988. As White (to move), Nunn sacri-ficed a pawn to reach this diagram. He has a compact two pawn islands against Black's scattered four, while the black king is in some danger despite the many piece exchanges. How should the game con-

> Solution Page XIX Leonard Barden

A home for mother

I have an 87-year-old mother who is living in a house that is one-third hers and two-thirds mine. She wishes to transfer her part of the house to me, but to stay on there until she dies. In such a case I believe that, normally, the house remains as part of her estate

for IHT purposes. However, I have been told that there is an exemption from this "reservation of benefit" roling where both an unfo-reseen change of circum-stances and her old age and infirmity are cause enough for the transfer not be treated as a reserved benefit, provided it represents reasonable provision for the care or maintenance of the donor of the

house. My mother's husband (my step-father) died in October 1987. Does that qualify as an unforeseen change of circumstances" now?

I pay all the expenses of running the house. Does that constitute "reasonable provision for the care and mainte-nance of the donor." What steps should I do to take the one-third share of the house out of my mother's estate for

IHT purposes?

There will not have been an unforeseen change of cirthe gift if, as seems to be the

for your mother to sell you her one-third share and to make a gift of the price to someone other than you (e.g. your children). She would remain in the house not by virtue of her former interest in it but because you, as owner of a majority interest, permit her to reside

Gutter sniping

I HAVE LIVED in my present property since August 19, 1988, the previous owner hav-ing died in February 1988. During that intervening period, my neighbours erected an extension to the rear of their property that has been built over the full width of the party wall (apparently, they obtained consent from the previous owner to do so). However, they have also added a rain-water gutter, to my side, which overhangs a full 100mm, and have connected the gutter to my rain-water

pipe and gully.

I have seen the building regulations application they
made. It shows the gutter and downpipe on their property, together with a new soakaway which they have not installed, but they maintain that the

WOULD you please clarify a case, the gift of the remaining building control officer one-third share has not yet approved the connection to my been made. It would be better

1. Is it possible to make them remove the gutters?

2. What are my rights considering they have now taken over the full width of the party wall - the plans being approved by the local council

and previous owner.

3. What would the position be if the previous owner had not given conseat? (I have seen a copy of the consent let-ter and am having the signature verified with the former

4. Their new boundary for is now off the centre line of the party wall and is therefore encroaching four inches into my property. What remedy is available?

available?

1. Yes, if you act promptly.
2. Your rights are unchanged: no amount of council approval can deprive you of your legal rights as owner of half the perty wall. However, you will probably be unable to back down from any coverent styrn formally by the consent given formally by the previous owner. The neighbour was entitled to rely on that, but not to go beyond it.

3. If your predecessor did not consent, you can insist on the neighbour keeping to his own side of the property - unless your predecessor knew that his side was being invaded and he stood hy and made no com-plaint when the building over his part of the wall was

4. Notionally, you could seek a court order to restore the fence to its correct position; but if the encroachment is as little as you suggest, the court might refuse to make an order.

Hired and fired . . .

RECENTLY received an invitation to attend an interview for a post as a permanent part-time secretary at a solici-tor's office. At the interview I was offered the job, the terms (hours, salary and holidays) were agreed and I was given a firm starting date. I accepted the job, declined an interview for another joh and stopped looking for work.

The solicitors then phoned me to put back the starting date, and later advised me by telephone that the first was not taking on any staff at prosent and I would not be required. I have lost both the job and also opportunities to seek further employment while waiting to start work there. What damages am I entitled to claim and/or what

other redress do I have? W You appear to have had an oral contract for the employment offered. That would entitle you to be paid from the (original) commencement date



BHIEFCASE

to the time when you were given notice that you were not required. It is arguable that you were also entitled to reasonable notice of, say, one week from the time when you were told that. Your claim would, therefore, be for your agreed salary from the starting date to one week after the telephone call telling you not to attend. You can pursue that in the County Court (the small the County Court (the small claims arbitration in that court if the claim is less than £500).

Parking

WOLLA

I AM THE freehold proprietor of an end-of-terrace retail of an enter-terrace retail shop. About two years ago, the shop two doors away was sold together with its freehold, for a different use. The new owner a different use. The new owner asked if he could use the drive-way at the rear of my shap - which is part of my property - not for delivery purposes, as I had allowed the previous owner, but in order that his staff and clients could park

their cars.
I explained that I had given verbal permission to the previone owner and was prepared to do the same for him, but reserved the right to withdraw this concession if circum-stances caused me to do so, such as the need to extend my premises by building on the

I have now heard a runour that he plans to develop the property by building two floors above his single-story shop. The access to his previous would them be of even ises would then be of even more importance to him. Would it be possible for him to establish a permanent right of way through usage; is there a statutory period of time after which the right of way becomes legal possession of those who use it; and, if this is the case, could I prevent his by writing to him rescindles. by writing to him rescinding the verbal agreement? You would be wise to record

the position more clearly than you have done at present if there is no permission at all given, the person using the right of way could establish a full indefeesible right (an essment) after 20 years. It is posible that, even with oral pentission, a full right can be acquired after 40 years.

You should write to the store owner and require that the matter be put on a more formal basis by your granting him a written licence, which will be expressed to be revocable by you and which he must sign.

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The Board and its financial and actuarial advisers considered a wide variety of options before deciding to recommend the merger with Australian Mutual Provident Society (AMP).

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Please do not risk losing the benefits of this merger.

If you need further assistance, please call the Merger Helpdesk on 0800 717111 (Free).

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LONDON LIFE

ther of LAUTRO



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This advertisement has been accurrated to an extension person.

Please send me a p Developments PLC NAME	-				
ADDRESS					
	CODE				

FINANCE & THE FAMILY

NEEDLES FROM a yew tree, sited in an old churchyard adjacent to my house (built 1974), clog up the gutters and downpipes. The district council, which owns the charchyard and tree, agrees that a problem exist.

I first drew the council's attention to this problem in July 1987. In October 1987, after the hunricans, I informed it that I considered the tree to be a potential danger to my house in particular, the roof—because a similar tree nearby had humches snapped off it in the high winds. I proposed the removal of the entire crown to minimise this danger.

danger. After examination, the coun-

- James Carll

A. W. T. P.

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that the tree consultant considers that further topping would embalance the tree and would embalance the tree and would not substantially affect.

The proposed new agreement the amount of leaf litter fall—would give you greater secu-

unnecessary to resolve the you and a regrant to the new problem. The tree is already owner of your house.

unbalanced on my side as a result of lopping by a previous owner. Can I insist on the council resolving this matter by at least removing the branches ovarhanging my

boundary.?

• R seems that your remedy would be to procure an injunc tion to require the council to remove the tree, leaving the option to the council.

Plotting for the future

After examination, the council said that because the tree appeared to be sound and was subject to a preservation order (as, indeed, are all the trees because we live in a conservation area), the removal of the crown could not be justified. It therefore agreed to cut back the tree to free the property. Some branches were lopped in the spring of 1988. Others on the crown were left and still overhang my roof and boundary.

While this action has alleviated the blockage problem, it has not resolved it. In August 1988, a council planning officer and its tree consultant agreed that something further agreed that something further medded to be done, leaving me whether your existing periodic the impression that further lopping would be carried out by the council.

I have now been informed it is now been informed to the council tenancy agreement, in which case you have very little security — only the right to be diverged to the council tenancy agreement.

would embalance the tree and would not substantially affect. The proposed new agreement the amount of leaf litter falling. He-considers it would be necessary to remove the tree to overcome the problem. The planning officer has stated that he did not consider farther tree is surgery justified or desirable, hearing in mind the amenity value of the tree. He also advised me that if I submitted a planning application, it would not be granted.

I consider the "amenity value" of the tree to be a matter for negotiation; it is more likely that the council would wish to use the opportunity to have a surrender by you and a re-grant to the new

IS THE investor in unit trusts better or worse off as a result of tha changes introduced under the Financial Services Act (FSA) in 1988? One way to find out is to assess the "gains" and "losses" from the changes and tot them up.

THE GAINS

Rounding has been abolished. This was hidden within the pricing formula and was exploited by many groups to make substantial profits at the expense of unit-holders. Most were unaware of the existence of rounding profits, so their abolition has made pricing

Backward creation of units has ceased. The new pricing system has ruled out the possibility of creating units at known prices, which again was used by fund managers and big buyers of unit trusts, such as leading brokers, to make profit at the expense of existing unit-holders. Prices are now more up-to-date and the new system is fairer to unit-holders entering, leaving or staying in the

■ Cancellation rights. These allow some purchasers of unit trusts (mainly those dealing through tied agents or com-pany representatives) to change their mind for up to two weeks after the initial purchase order.

More information is available. Groups are obliged to provide particulars and cancellation prices are given in the

Paperwork is faster. The rules have been tightened over the process of sending out con-

Trusts poser

Christine Stopp assesses the effect of new rules on investors

tract notes and unit certifi-cates, which now have to be despatched within three weeks. Before the FSA, they could take two months or more. A more-formal complaints structure of a sort that is new to the unit trust industry. Trust groups now have a duty to deal with complaints promptly; if they don't, com-plaints can be addressed to the self-regulatory organisations or the new unit trust ombuds-

THE LOSSES ■ Increased charges. Many groups have put up charges during the year and the loss of rounding is claimed to be one of the main reasons. Insofar as the FSA is responsible for the increase, this is its most obvi-ous disadvantage for the unit-

■ Pricing uncertainty. Some groups now are dealing on a forward basis, some historic, and some are using a hybrid system of both. Investors may be irritated to find that an historic-dealing group has switched to forward dealings in the middle of the day since, if you have funds in several groups, you may find they are priced at different times. Dealing blind. Forward

pricing means that you do not know the price at the time you deal. This can be annoying even though, in theory, unit trusts are supposed to be a long-term investment.

Complicated regulatory structure. A dissatisfied unit-holder is uncertain which of

the many new regulatory organisations to approach with a complaint or whether to go to the unit trust ombudsman since, so far, only about a third of all groups have joined the ombudsman scheme. All this creates confusion and duplication of effort, as well as increased costs

Too much of the wrong sort of information. Particulars of schemes may run to 25 pages and read like a telephone book. The information given is not "user-friendly" and is diffi-

cult to understand.

For example, the way in which prices are shown in the press is seen by some people as having only limited use, since investors may not understand the cancellation price. Con-versely, there is no requirement to show in so many words whether the fund is on an offer or a bid basis, or to tell the investor if the fund manager has changed. In general, much of the new information has been more likely to con-fuse than add to the investor's

knowledge.
Adding up the gains and losses, it looks very much as if the investor is worse off under the new regulations. But that, of course, is an arguable case.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

MY FRST hand, which comes from teams of four, was dealt by South with both sides valuerable:

Squeezing himself because west discards after him.

The second hand occurred in a rubber:

* K 0 10 8 4

South opened the bidding with one spade. North raised to three and, without more exploration, South jumped to six spades. West led the queen of clubs, which held the trick.

Ruffing the knave which fol-lowed, the declarer paused to examine the position. If hearts broke 33 or the knave came down; the slam was cold. If the hearts were unkind, there was an extra chance of operating a squeeze against either of the defenders, who held four hearts to the knave and the

Now, if East was the. intended victim there was no more preparatory work to be done; but if it was West, it was done; but if it was West, it was absolutely essential to cash the ace of diamonds — the Vienna Coup — to free the position. After this, the declarer ran off dummy's trumps. When the last trump was played, West — holding—king of diamonds, knave and seven of hearts — had no good discard. The king of diamonds would set up the queen in dummy: the seven of queen in dummy; the seven of hearts - and this is what West threw - would set up the

Please note the importance of cashing the diamond ace. If South does not do it, he will suffer the deep humiliation of

The second band occurred in a rubber.

North was the dealer at love-all and bid one diamond. South replied with two no-trumps and North raised to

West opened with the six of spades and East's queen was taken by the ace. Without much thought, the declarer led a club and finessed the queen, losing to the king. East returned a spade to the king in dimmy. Crossing to hand via the ace of diamonds, Sonth returned another club. When West showed out, he took with the knave of hearts.

This ran to the queen, and West led another spade to clear his suit and beat the contract when he obtained the lead with his ace of hearts. "Unlucky to find such a club break," did I hear you say? No, played badly. At trick two, declarer should play his king of hearts. West wins and leads another spade. The king takes and dummy returns the knave of hearts, which the queen takes. But the contract is safe, for the declarer gathers in one club, four diamonds, three spades and one heart.

Elementary, my dear Wat-E. P. C. Cotter

The security of the policyholder is directly related to the strength of the assurance company.

ince 1849 Australian Mutual Provident has been providing peace of mind to its policy-

Today, as AMP Group, we write nearly one-third of all life assurance business in Australia. invest in leading international markets and serve 2 million policyholders.

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In coming years, we mean to continue our profitable growth, domestically, in the UK and in new overseas markets, to give our policyholders the security that only financial strength can provide.

AMP is prepared to invest significant amounts to provide London Life with the capital it needs to achieve profitable growth for the future. Through this, AMP expects to secure not only an immediate benefit for the London Life Fund and its policyholders but also a long term economic benefit for all AMP policyholders including London Life.

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MINDING YOUR OWN BUSINESS

Braced for the storms

THE bookselling trade is steeling itself for unseasonable storms. Terry Maher, the chairman of Pentos - Britain's largest chain of bookshops - is threatening to start discounting the cover prices set by the 89-year-old Net Book Agree-

The trade is consistently one of the most popular choices for people who want to build their own businesses. If the Net Book Agreement - which prevents shops from offering new books below the cover price set by publishers – is challenged successfully by Maher or other retailers, the cold winds of



competition will be felt in every small outlet. Some small booksellers will

find it difficult to cope with more competitive selling because their temperaments are not suited to such a business climate. "Many come with a deep enthusiasm for books and no sales or business knowledge," says Tim Godfray, director of the Booksellers' Association in Buckingham

Palace Road, London SW1, describing the sort of people who want to open a shop. To provide a detailed, guided tour of the trade, the association has adopted a new book, Starting and Running a Bookshop, by Malcolm Breck-man (published by Malcolm Stewart Books, Vines Avenue, London N3, £12.95). Some 3,300 bookshops belong to the associ-

WHEN fortune-hunters arrived in London expecting the streets to be paved with gold, they were disappointed. But, in the age of the motor car, Britain's motorways and roads are able to provide unsuspected riches for entrepreneurs who can spot

novel opportunities.

Two men with ideas for making money out of someone else's traffic misery feature this week. Michael Bedford will turn over £250,900 this year in his fourth year of hiring-out chauffeurs to people in the Home Counties and the London area.

Brian Marks is seeking his fortune with a new company to supply sophisticated parking meters powered

by solar cells and other equipment for controlling parking - systems which, he claims, will eventually benefit both drivers and townspeople struggling to live alongside modern

Driven by the urge to succeed

Roy Hodson meets a man whose chauffeur company is on the road to success

MARK BEDFORD, aged 43, a burly former international marketing man for the Chrysler Corporation, is managing director of Duty Driver Ltd,* a concept which at first appears to be of breath-taking simplicity but which bristles with hidden problems.

He provides reliable chauf-feurs to companies and individnals at a flat rate of £7.50 an hour, and shares the fee equally with the drivers. Most of the 200 drivers on his books of the 200 drivers on his books are part-timers. Many of them are in the public services and have blocks of time available after working shifts. His list includes policemen, firemen, ambulance men, school-teachers, retired professional men, even chauffeurs doing a spot of "moonlighting."

moonlighting." Order a Duty Driver by teleshone and the man turns up in is own car, which he parks before taking command of yours. He will be wearing a grey or blue suit, a white shirt, a dark tie, a peaked cap (if the the coming year to £500,000. hirer wishes it), and polished black shoes.

He will be equipped with an umbrella (essential for race meetings and town engage-ments on wet evenings), a torch, and a clipboard bearing the Duty Driver contract in duplicate. Before he touches your car, you will have to sign and verify that it is insured for any driver. At the end of the engagement (minimum three hours), you will both sign the document agreeing satisfaction and the time duration.

and the time duration.

Bedford's simple concept
was difficult to put into practice. He lost money for the first
two years while learning the
hard way how to pick the right
people and then how to manage them in what is, wholly, a
"neonle" business. people" business.

Since then, he has learned the necessary tricks. Duty Driver's growth has been fast and his business plan forecasts

From now on, the company's growth will be helped by a

franchising programme. Bedford, his partner and one full-time accountant work from a tiny office in Twyford. Berkshire. Their only piece of equipment beyond tables and telephones is a computer to handle the weekly pay of the drivers. Customers are billed monthly, however, and the time lag requires a flexible overdraft provided by NatWest.

When demand is high for drivers before Christmas, and in May, June and July during the English "season" (Henley, Ascot and Wimbledon), Bedford tings his bank manager and the overdraft is adjusted accordingly.

After three years studying the social habits of his clients, Bedford claims to be able to predict with accuracy the demand for chauffeur services on any day of the year. Strong

Now, he is putting that experience to use by a programme to franchise the Duty Driver operation in carefully -chosen parts of southern England and the Midlands. A typical fran-chise is expected to sell 5,000 hours of chauffeur time in its first year, notching up a gross turnover of some \$40,000. So far, two franchises have been sold - in Chesham, Bucking-hamshire, and Billericay, Essex and another is on offer for

don to Guildford.

A franchisee for Duty Driver has to pay up to £20,000 to the parent company. He takes 29 per cent of the driver's hourly fee, the driver 50 per cent and the franchiser 21 per cent, in return for which head office handles accounts, driver pay-ments and central advertising.

what Bedford calls the "golden strip" from south-west Lon-

The hidden problems involve choosing the drivers and developing the skills needed to retain their goodwill and

his selection procedures such to a point that only one in 10 who apply is employed. Normally, they are over 30 and are expected to have a clean driving licence. If a Duty Driver is fined for speeding, his prospec-tive clients will be told about this blot on his escutcheon before they accept his services.

The enthusiasm is being maintained by frequent per-sonal contact between the small management team and the drivers. They have a lively programme of parties for driv-ers and their families when

Bedford says he is surprised continually by the low driving standards of many applicants who want to become chauffeurs. So, Duty Driver insists that all candidates take a test run by former police traffic specialists.

*Duty Driver. 42A Station Road, Twyford, Berkshire RG10 9NT (tel. 0734-320-200).



A place to park in the market

Roy Hodson's tale of enterprise

LOCAL AUTHORITIES are showing increasing interest in snowing increasing interest in buying sophisticated equipment to beat parking problems. Wheel clamps, parking meters, pay and display systems and automatic barriers are just four of the items in a growing selection of memorris.

of weaponry.

Electronic parking meters
will replace the old clockwork models as soon as a new British

Standards specification is approved this year.
This is the story of two businessmen who have put together a new company to try to take advantage of a potentially

"IT WAS a brutal shock," says graduate engineer Brian Marks, recalling how he lost

Within days of his 50th birth-day, he and other members of the staff of Godwin Warren, a parking equipment-maker which was then in the hands of the receiver, were called to a meeting in the canteen and told they had no jobs. They were to go home at once.

His former sales manager,
Alan Ashbee, 38, was also out
of a joh. Together, they took
stock of their resources. It
became clear to them that,
jointly, they had a rare piece of stock-in-trade. They had amassed 27 years of experience in that esoteric corner of indus-try which specialises in the design and supply of parking

Between us, we have seen it all since the pioneer days,"



days putting the finishing touches to a business plan for their baby, which they have called (modestly) Universal Parking Systems Ltd.*

They moved fast, Before the bells of the parish church at Hurley, Berkshire, opposite

says Marks. They determined Marks' house, were ringing in to cash in on their experience the New Year, they had acquired rented premises, a promise of equity participapromise of equity participa-tion, and a great deal of moral and practical support from the Swindon Development Agency (which is attracting promising new businesses to fill the gap left by the closure of the railway workshops in the town).

Essentially, Marks and Ash-

bee are backing their know-ledge of the international parking systems market against the big battalions (such as the UK company, FKI, which makes the Venner parking meter, and

the US supplier Duncan).

Marks believes has two powerful weapons in his armoury: solar-powered electronic parking meter called the POM, made in the US, and a pay-

and-display system, the PMMicropark, invented by a British engineer and made in Stockport. He is also including in his range what he considers to be the best car park barriers, which are made in West Ger-

Universal Parking Systems will be a David tilting at a mar-ket supplied by Goliaths. But it is underpinned by the experi-ence of the two founders, their choice of products, and a sound business plan that has attracted the quick support of NatWest and the Swindon

The partners' two houses are worth altogether more than 2500,000. The bricks and mortar has provided them with their basic collateral. Before they lost their jobs, Marks was earning £35,000 a year and Ashbee £20,000. They intend to draw only £15,000 each from their new company while their wives will also work in the office and upon public rela-tions work for a nominal \$2,500 a year each.

Credibility is the biggest

problem we face when trying to conclude contracts with local authorities for parking equipment," says Marks. They hope that a press release distributed throughout the trade media will help to smooth their way, together with the fact that both the Swindon agency and their equipment supplies are backing them by taking minority equity holdings in the new company. new company.

Their funding on startup — 1106,000 — looks impressive for a small company. They have amassed that total by a \$50,000 bank facility, to which has been added £25,000 in equity participation by the two principerticipation by the two principals, suppliers and backers. The have secured a further 24,000 Enterprise Allowance and 26,000 in grants from suppliers towards the cost of exhibiting at British trade shows in the coming year. Assistance with stock co ments and credit against rent makes up the balance.

*Universal Parking Systems Ltd, Shaftsbury Centre, Rod-bourne, Swindon SNR RAZ (tel. 0793-514-055).

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'Rule Thirty Shall Apply' by Chris Bazeley: on offer by Richard Hages

Antony Thorncroft previews a selection of arts market sales venues

Fair pickings in the dog days

n the dog days of Jamaary, when the main salerooms are closed and the
antique dealers tot up
titeir accounts for a lackbustre
1988 and wonder whether it is
all worth it, a good fair is just
what the doctor ordered to
raise the spirits. A rare success
among the myriad of new fairs
has been the World of Drawings and Watercolours, which
opens its doors for the fourth
year at the Park Lane Hotel on
January 19 for five days.

This venture got off to a
shaky start with a preponderance of seittimental late victorian works of the much revised

rian works of the much reviled John Brett, plus contemporary "jolly bullyhook" school of watercolours by John Ward watercolour — all rambling and his daughter, Celia Richroses and picturesque peasants. The public may love them, but, Helen Allingham and a few other masters apart, the scholarly fringe of the trade considered them beneath contempt and wanted a serious examination of the genre.

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Now, building on success, the Fair offers a good cross sec-tion, from Old Master drawings to modern watercolours. There are still plenty of 19th century works, and perhaps not enough isth century and contemporary.
drawings and watercolours,
but the (mainly British) collectors of this quintessentially
British art form love to give. themselves late Christmas presents at the Fair

About 50 dealers will be house in California and scenes the most successful dealers, offering works, ranging in in Greece and Greenwich will and he will be offering next price from over \$50,000 to be available, priced between weak two Helen Allinghams, under \$100. The organisers, \$1,800 and \$5,000. under £100. The organisers, upping the quality controls, are trying to add an international dimension and among the welcome newcomers this year is the New York gallery of Spanierman, bravely showing the work tof contemporary American artists, including some on pader.

Other American art is available at Julian Hartnoll's stand. He bought from the late Edward James's surrealist collection at auction in New York recently and is selling on watercolours by Floyd Morris

ard Hagen has a wide spread. from the solidly popular New-lyn school artists such as Stanhope Forbes and Langley to the suddenly wildly sought-af-ter Scottish Colourists like Cadell: a watercolour by him is priced at £16,000. The most costly item for sale here is "The orange market at Sara-gossa," painted around 1900 by Arthur Melville but still as fresh as a daisy, and valued at over £50,000.

In contrast a new exhibitor, the Redfern Gallery, is concentrating on the watercolours of one of its most popular artists. Patrick Procktor. Around 30. examples of his work, including a view of David Hockney's.

The Fair tries to serve two masters — scholarship and popular taste. Dealers such as Austin-Desmond, Gillian Jason, (who will be showing 18 drawings by the respected Gandler Breeka, who was killed in dier Brzeska, who was killed in 1915 aged 23), and two new con-tinental exhibitors, Christina van Marle and Sabrina Förster, who specialise in Old Master drawings, are representative of

However, while the aesthetic standard has undonbtedly risen, most of the visitors still



"Escape the Beest" by Elleen Cooper, for sale at Benjamin Rh

come for the Victorian watercolours. Dealers such as Chris Beetles are opposed to "the entrenched snobbery of some exhibitors who are disdainful of the taste of the Fair's main customers." He took £75,000 last year, making him among the most successful dealers, one of which, Minna, depicting ers, was the frontisplece to the book "Happy England" and is priced at £45,000, making it the most expensive Allingham on the market.

The success of the Fair has turned it into something of a self-perpetuating club, with a selective waiting list of new exhibitors. Four watercolour dealers, anxious to take advan-tage of the potential buyers

attracted to the Park Lane

Hotel, have decided to set up in competition, around the corner from Piccadilly, at the Alpine Club. The Kenulf Gallery of Cheltenham, John Noott of Broadway, and Thompsons. Gallery of Aldeburgh have joined with the dealer in the Scottish Colourists, Duncan Miller, to show a wide range of 19th century and 20th century watercolours."

It is a cliche that there are now too many antique fairs, and that some recent arrivals have done dismal business. But, as the World of Watercolours and

the World of Watercolours and Drawings proves, there is always a gap for the well-run specialist operation.

Art '89 hopes to be just that. It is a new fair offering contemporary art by young artists: not exactly a fresh idea, nor one that has been crowned with success in the past, but at least a puble concent. There least a noble concept. There

must be thousands of people who would like to bny one decent painting or sculpture by a new talent which could decorate their home, show off their good taste, and, ideally, quicily appreciate while it pleases. There are almost as many galleries prepared to sell the tyro collector such art. But a fair is the ideal spot at which to assemble the maximum of

choice for the public en masse.

The established event in this market, the Fourth Interna-tional Contemporary Art Fair, takes place at Olympia from March 30 for four days. But its international scope, and some of its prices, are too much for the timid buyer. Art '89, at the Business Design Centre in Islington, hopes to offer work by the important artists of the next decade. They will cur-rently be on the books of adventurous dealers who hope to keep their loyalty when the



trawl and tempt them away with exalted offers once the critics have given them a repntation. So this is an opportunity to buy at ground floor (but not bargain basement) prices.

Typical of the work on offer is that by Eileen Cooper on the Banjamin Phodes stond The is

Benjamin Rhodes stand. She is included in the current "New British painting" tour of North America, and her prices range up to £3,200. There is a hig Scottish element at the Fair, with three Glasgow dealers and from Edinburgh the Scot-tish Gallery, which is showing work by Barbara Rae and Bill

Crozier, among others.

The sculptress Nicola Godden is best, if anonymously, known for her bronze of a wayknown for her bronze of a waving man-which is atop London's SpeyHawk building and gives commuters stuck on the Hammersmith flyover something to moll over: her work is on show at the Tom Caldwell stand. In all, around 60 galleries have taken space, including such respected names as Flowers East, the Thumb, and Nicholas Treadwell.

An added attraction is a loan

An added attraction is a loan exhibition of contemporary Scottish art, which has been built up by Robert Fleming, the investment bank. One aim

tial corporate buyers and the Fleming collection shows what can be achieved. It is extraordinary bow few businesses, especially office-based operations in the City, appreciate the poten-tial, both in investment, sponsorship, and community terms, in supporting contemporary artists, and prefer instead to go for safe but uninspiring sport-

ing and topographical prints, in addition, the critic Mary Rose Beaumont has selected paintings by seven young stu-dents, or new graduates, of our leading art colleges (with a blas towards the Royal College of Art). Anyone smitten by the idea of owning an early example by the next "Hockney" can have marched by the opinions of an insider.

Another fair which has established itself over five years is the Decorative Antiques and Textiles Fair. Indeed, its roots are so thick that it now surfaces twice a year, with the next being held at the Hotel Russell in Bloomsbury from January 24 for four days. In the past the spring fair has been in March, but circumstances have forced it backward.

forced it backward.

If the watercolours fair is a compromise between the schol-

ars and the populists, a decorative fair can expect a patronising attitude from all the leading dealers. It began as a market place for interior decorators, a breed particularly dominant in the US, where there are more rich people seeking guidance on their artistic taste than anywhere

else in the world. The decorators were keen to cross the Atlantic for a Fair which, from the start, encouraged dealers to show off their wares in picturesque settings, with almost as much effort going into the look of the stands as into guaranteeing the anthenticity of the antiques up for sale. The disap-pearance of the Americans last year could have caused prob-lems but continentals, and the newly-enriched British private

buyers, have made good most of the buying slack. At this Fair the furniture is as likely to be prettily painted as genuine 18th century and there will be an abundance of there will be an abundance of mirrors, Paisley shawis, papier mâché, garden ornaments, lac-quer ware, naive art, and oak, rather than Old Masters, Meis-sen and Ming. But the stands will dazzle and anyone entranced by curios is sure of good hunting. good hunting.

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Looking for the Salvador of Dona Flor

South American encounters: Jimmy Burns seeks out the magic and exuberance of Brazil's fifth-largest city where 'every day is a feast day'

ALVADOR (the capital of Bahla and the fifth-largest city of Brazil) was a town I had read about. I was anxious to discover if the reality matched up. "Salvador's population is about 1,050,000. It was founded in 1549 and was till 1763 the capital of Brazil. Most of the 135 churches, the fortifications, and some other buildings date from the 17th and 18th centuries." That much I had read about in my guidebook.

The Salvador I wanted to put to the test was the Salvador in which Dona Flor had been haunted by the erotic spirits of her late first husband, Vaidinho, and "where these and other acts of magic occur without startling anybody." Dona Flor's creator, Jorge Amado, had described Salvador as a town where "sex ran rife." Gilberto Freyre, the sociologist, had written about the "infectious chearfulness of the Bahians ... their grace, their spontaneity, their courtesy, their beart and contagious laughter. In Bahia one has the impression that every day is a feast day."
We followed Dona Fior's footsteps out of

the church of Sao Francisco and into the square of Terreiro de Jesus. The urchins, the offspring of the whores of that district, were there much as Amado had described them. They were "scattered about the overflowing square, running between the legs of itinerant photographers, trying to swipe an orange, a lime, a tangerine, a hot plum, a supoti from the vendors' baskets." plum, a supoti from the vendors' baskets." They were beating out the syncopated rhythms of the samba on empty guava paste tins, making lewd remarks about my wife's "fine bum." (The Brazilian word for a woman's bottom is bunda. The word evokes something wholesome, and to many Brazilians it is more important than any other part of the anatomy).

There was a man holding a bucket with a snake round his neck. He was a street magician trying to get two urchins to help him make huge pieces of "magic bread" disappear. The bread was shrivelled and mouldy, but the magician was applauded by a small crowd every time he stuffed the

by a small crowd every time he stuffed the stale flour down the boys' throats. In the bread went, roll after roll, like handkerchiefs into a hat, For about two minutes, the boys swallowed every piece whole without uttering a sound. Then suddenly one of them began to choke. He coughed and spluttered and his eyes opened up like huge planets, and all the time the magician with his snake around his neck tried to force more bread down. The snake perked its head up and squirted a jet of green liquid all over his master's arm, and, in that very instant, the boy was sick into

the bucket. Everyone applauded.

In another corner of the square, by a convent, there was a group of half-naked blacks, frantically beating some drums with their hands. Their bodies were cov-ered in sweat and their eyes reflected the frenzy of their beating, which was getting louder and louder as if working up to an explosive climax. In front of them another.



larger crowd had gathered. They were all blacks except for a few young tourists.

One blond and tall German seemed unable to maintain his balance in the surging crowd of dancing people. As he was pashed forward, a black woman leaned back and began rubbing berself against him. He tried to put his arms around her but, as he did so, he was sud-denly joited violently from the side. It was all a distraction which allowed a third protagonist to slice the money belt around the boy's waist before merging back into the crowd. On the steps of the convent, a Swedish girl in short pants and sandals was dancing with two black youths. One of them was licking her back like an ice-cream; another was whispering in her

Suddenly, Salvador struck me as rather nasty, like Brixton or Notting Hill at carnival time. The Salvador Amado and Freyre had written about was a tropical jungle of scented flowers and blazing colours; Amado's characters were humorous, sen-suous beings, their love play echoing a

world that was both warm and exuberant. But the Salvador I now experienced seemed little more than the consequence of 300 years of inequality and racial abuse.

Freyre has written about the explosions of racial hatred and cultural earthquakes that have a racial abuse.

that have periodically shattered Brazil's veneer of co-existence and compassion: cultural earthquakes "on the part of oppressed cultures bursting forth in order not to die of suffocation and breaking through the encrustations of the dominant culture that they might be able to

Such was the case with the negro move-ment of Bahia in 1835 in which the sons and grandsons of former slaves erupted into an orgy of messianic violence. There hadn't been anything on such a scale since. But it was no coincidence that Salvador now had one of the highest crime rates in Brazil Salvador's carnival, unlike Rio's, belonged to its people and was regarded as much too dangerous for outsiders. The only visible reminder of the last carnival when I arrived in Salvador was a boldly painted graffito across the walls of the convent where the Swedish girl reclined. "Black Power," it proclaimed. There were many tourists in Salvador when we were there. They were mostly Argentines. Few of them tempted fate by crossing Terreiro de Jesus. Instead, they sat in one of the numerous tower-block hotels along the road to the airport, or else in the Convento do Carmo, a former Car-melite convent which had been converted into a luxury hotel in the old quarter of

In 1620, Portuguese and Spanish troops were billeted in the Convento do Carmo before battling with the Dutch in a war between empires. Now the cells had been converted into bedrooms with TV, and the cloisters into a swimming pool and adjoin-ing restaurant. We looked for the volup-tuous mulattas whom Vaidinho, Dona Flor's rakish husband, had spent the last hours of his life bedding and gambling with; we investigated the private alley-ways that I had heard led to the spellworkers and voodoo centres of macumba, the poured a little dende oil." There was a dish cooked in paim oil and manioc, a chicken tossed in peanut butter, turtle soup, rice pudding, tapioca, fried banenas ... the banquet seemed endless. Done Flor had taken to such cooking to get her mind off Valdinho once her late hushand began to haunt her. I felt Bahia was being packaged. So when the porter at the hotel came up one evening and asked me if I'd like to go and see some macamba, I toki him we were booking out next morning.

I have no doubt that, as we stuffed our selves at the banquet, all the critar or high priestesses of the occult had assembled to bury the spirit of Vaidinho that lurks in each one of us. Lightning and thunder, whirlwind, steel against steel, and black blood ... Oxumare in the form of a huge snake, the goddess of the Sea, lemanja dressed all in blue, with her long hair of foam and crabs, and all the deities of

of foam and crabs, and all the deities of Angola and the Congo.

I was sure that devils and all those born

I was sure that devils and all those born on the wrong side of the bed covers were at that moment floating out to sea, just as Amado had written, along with their houses and mansions, and that in the Twreiro de Jesus "fish were sprouting among the flowers and stars were ripening in the trees." But as surely as it all existed, it was also out of sight, behind the scenes, held in reserve. It was pouring with rain as we left the folk show. A man in a raincoat with a loud Texas drawl went up to one of the mulstas and said: "Why to one of the mulattas and said: "Why, babe, you sure are beautiful."

babe, you sure are beautiful."

We caught a ferry to Raparica, a small tropical island off the coast of Bahis. The guidebook said that Itaparica was the first stretch of land spotted by the Portuguese when they set out to discover Brazil. In Spain, I had spent much of my life near Palos from where Columbus set off on his voyage to America, so I wanted to end this voyage here in Itaparica where the old world had linked up with the new.

Like Lais Correa — the washed to enime.

Like Luis Correa - the washed-up sailor and primogenitor of the Brazilian race - 1 settled with my wife into a tree but surrounded by paim trees and ocean. Our only neighbours were three parrois and a monkey who spent most of the day trying monkey who spent most of the day trying to imitate each other. Across the bay, we watched three fishermen punting silently from long dug-out canoes. There was also a group of young boys wading through the shallow water with giant octopi dangling from the tips of primitive harpoons. The boys had long hair and were naked. They looked like hunters returning from a hard-fought battle. Then I got a message from London that the strike at my newspaper was over and we flew back to Ruenos. per was over and we flew back to Buenos

m This is an extract from Beyond the Silver River, by FT staff writer Jimmy Burns, which is about a series of Journeys and encounters in South America. It was published by Bloomsbury this week, price

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smell of chicken's blood and incense, ar

the altar of Oxossi, one of the pagan gods worshipped by the Africans. But, that year, the whores of Salvador's

red-light district were withered, pathetic creatures - old women with running

make-up and torn skirts and their daugh-

ters, mostly drug addicts, the precursors of Brazil's Aids' epidemic. The only mulattas we saw were in a folklore show the local

tourist board put up on alternate nights in a restaurant close to the convent. They danced a samba while their men did a

The evening included a buffet of 50 Bahian dishes, a "sample of the typical food eaten by Bahians," announced the menu.

We sat in a restaurant - self-billed as the

most important centre of Afro-Brazilian cooking in Brazil - chewing and burping our way through dishes I had seen no

whore or urchin eating. One of the finest offerings was the accorage. It is made of beans (feijao-fradinho) grated on the stone, with a dressing of onions and salt. It is

heated in a clay frying pan into which is

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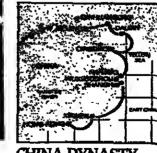
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Ski-ing

Only the snow is missing

Arnold Wilson reports on the embarrassment in the Alps

highest cog railway station in Europe), bash off the statutory 36 Futi snaps from

the top (Riger, Moench, Jungfrau, Ice Pal-ace and Aletsch glacier), and then ride off

Officially, Hirohito's death should have stopped them from indulging in anything enjoyable. But it does not seem in have

done the trick. "We carry on skiing," said one Japanese lady. "Hirohito was very good emperor. But we come here in ski, so

It is odd to think of hordes of Japanese

the last war. Still, all kinds of odd things can happen here. Take the Grindelwald Tourist Office literature which goes, liter-

"The first skier, an Englishman named Gerald Fox, appeared 1881 in Grindelwald.

into the sinking sun.

why should we stop?

ally, like this:

HE MONSTROUS Riger ("Ogre")
fills my bedroom window. The
sky is deep blue and cloudless. I
have just breakfasted on wonderfully soggy Swiss musch, it is all breathtaking stuff, except for one thing; once
again, there is embarrassment in the
mountains. Not of riches but of poverty of
snow

In spite of a few falls recently, everywhere is struggling — some places more than others. This is becoming a predict-able lament. The Swiss are particularly mbarrassed because they like so much in be in control. They can make their trains run precisely on time, but they cannot guarantee anow. In Grindelwald and Wengen, they haven't even got snow-making equipment. "We so rarely need it," says Grindelwald's director of tourism, Joe Lug-

But Grindelwald, for all its patches of grass, mud and rocks on the lower slopes. is better off than many Swiss resorts, especially those in the south such as Zermatt and Saas Fee. A month ago, the first snow of the winter looked so promising and there was excellent powder in the Jungfrau region. Once again, though, the early promise seems to have wilted.

Still, our host, the Swiss Travel Service, cannot be blamed for the lack of snow. cannot be biamed for the fack of show. Indeed, from the revolving restaurant on top of the Schilthorn, which commands perhaps the most stunning view in the Alps, you would never guess that nature had been meagre with her snow again. "Nobody has really good snow," says Lug-

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Perhaps there is something in this the-ory about a hole punctured in the ozone layer. It does seem a little disturbing – not to mention frustrating – for skiers that the weather is so unpredictable for the fifth season in succession. It is far too warm, especially for January which is, tra-ditionally, the coldest month for ski-ing. Yesterday morning, I put on my usual January gear, a thick shirt, ribbed sweater

and thermal ski suit. I sweltered Some people here are skiing in shirt-sleeves. Yesterday, we saw ice avalanches phing-ing off both the Jungfrau and Wetterhorn glaciers, with a great roar.

Lack of snow, however, is not the only cause of gloom in the region. The death of Emperor Hirohito has taken a lot of the fun out of the ski-ing for hundreds of Japanese visitors. Grindelwald has more of them than anywhere else in Switzerland, and all the street signs and promotional literature are translated into Japanese. The late emperor used in climb here as a young man, and the Japanese flock in the place in summer and winter in pay tribute

to him, like pilgrims. Like the Americans, the Japanese don't have much time to waste on holidays. Often, in the summer, they remain for just 24 hours. They stay the night, leap on the first train up to the Jungfranjoch (the

AFRICA

He fastened his skis already in the hotel-room and walked outside throught the corridor. He put his long stick in the snow and glide away. In squatting vauld he glided down the slope, the wooden stick like a folding boat balancing.

"After Mr Fox, there came the english nobility, the russian grand duke, crowned personalities from all over the world, as well as artists and learned men to the hospitable Glacier Village in the Bernese Oberland. On its thousands, they pilgrim to the classical skiregion, flit over the slopes from First and Kleine Scheidegg, from Mannlichen and Schilthorn, stroll respectful or calm underneath the mamrespectful or calm underneath the mam-moth north wall of the Eiger."

moth north wall of the Eiger."

Grindelwald is still wonderfully quaint. The First (pronounced like "fierce") area is reached by an antiquated fairground ride of a chair lift. It is the longest in Europe in four sections — and also one of the oldest. It was built in 1947 and they are still using it. The chair, with a canvas top, ascends sideways, just like the old Suneya lift at Zernatt replaced long since Sunegga lift at Zermatt replaced long since by a high-speed funicular. There are plans, however, to replace this extraordinary

contraption by 1990.

Meanwhile, the novelty of using mountain railways as uphill transport after the ski lifts have closed never seems to wane.
One evening this week we skied down to
Wengen, caught a train back up in Kleine
Scheidegg (the midway point between the
main Wengen and Grindelwald ski areas) and at 5.05 set out for Grindelwald. Halfway down, among the murky trees -where we strained to see the next signpost

 the sun set behind the Jungfran, the first stars came out, and a crescent moon appeared above Muerren.

As dusk crashed, rather than descended, we could see what looked like a star smack in the middle of the Eiger's north face. It was as if the fierce mountain had its own caretaker in residence, but it turned out to be the light from the Eigerwand station where the railway cuts right through the north face. My companion's skis sent showers of sparks into the air as they hit patches of ice and rock. It was an exciting descent, which ended with our skiing through snow-covered farms in

almost total darkness. Tomorrow should be even more exciting. Some of us are throwing caution to the winds and taking part in the Inferno race from the top of the Schilthorn right down to Lauterbrunnen. Anyone can do it, even an ageing ski writer. The record is just under 16 minutes. I shall be more than content in do it in half an hour.

And I shall be thinking of my friend, Jimmy Riddell, now in his 80s, who won it exactly 60 years ago in 1929. I shall be skiing on high-tach skis, not hickory. And yet, to borrow from Sir Arnold Lunn, the flocking to an area where hundreds of British POWs were sent (Muerren) during afterglow from the flame of his speed" will still be brighter than mine. No matter. Simply doing it will be prize enough.

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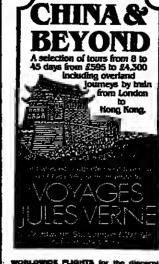
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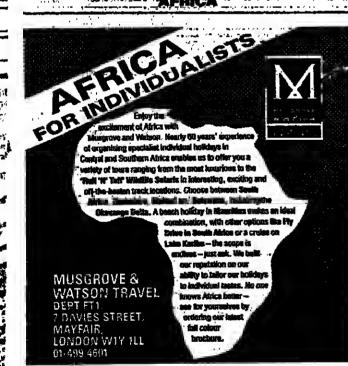
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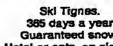
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Reformed laws aim to make renting easier

OMORROW marks the end of half a century's struggle to define a "fair rent" without any reference to supply and demand for rental properties. It could also see the return of the "room to let" cards in newsagents' windows
- for the first time since the immediate post-war years — as individual home-owners start to lose their fear that the small print of the Rent Act will give a temporary paying guest per-manent and expensive rights to the granny flat.

Sunday, January 15, is the day on which the initial provisions of the Housing Act, 1988, come into force. From tomorrow, virtually all new lettings in the private rented sector will become new-form assured tenancies, or assured short-

hold tenancies.
Assured tenancies allow for a market rent to be agreed between landlord and tenant, and for the agreement to include regular rent reviews. Tenants retain security of ten-ure but there are a number of new grounds on which a landlord can reposess a property, including its redevelopment or when vacant possession is crucial to a sale.

That provision ends one of the major reasons mortgage-lenders have shied away from providing loans for properties rented either fully or partly the heavy discount on a prop-erty's vacant possession value because it is occupied by a fair (and low) rent-paying tenant -or tenants - with absolute

security of tenure.

Existing fair-rent tenancies, where values are judged on a where values are judged on a formula that takes no account of the rarity value of rental accommodation, are largely unaffected by tomorrow's change in the law. But existing assured tenancies, which have been created since the 1980 Housing Act will convert to Housing Act, will convert to the new-form assured tenan-

cies automatically.

Assured short-hold tenancies (or short assured tenancies, as they are called in Scotland) also allow for rent agreements at a full market rent. But, as the names suggest, these varia-tions ou the theme of the old short-holds allow a landlord to repossess a property in six months rather than the present short-hold minimum of a

Six months is the minimum term for such an agreement and, so long as the short-hold nature of the agreement is understood at the beginning of the fixed period of tenancy. and a landlord gives two months' clear notice to quit, there should be no problems about regaining possession.

The new laws bring no com-fort to those in need of low-cost accommodation, since market rents in most part of the coun-try are likely to be at least as high as the repayment costs of a normal mortgage, even at today's high interest rates.

But the theory is that the new tenancies should make owners less reluctant to restrict private rentals to cor-porate, holiday, and informal lettings outside the reach of the occupier security of the Rent Acts.

Tomorrow's new rules do break with a 74-year-old legis-

John Brennan explains the changes that start tomorrow

lative tradition. Existing rent restriction and security of tenure rules can be traced back to 1915 when the government of the day passed the first rentfreeze legislation aimed at curbing wartime profiteering.

within the net of those controls into the 1920s but new rentals were free to be agreed at an open market rate in the mid-It was not until the 1940s

Older properties remained

that national residential rent controls were reintroduced under the Emergency Powers regulations in the Second World War. Few expected those controls to survive the peace, but survive they have.

Quite apart from the social stigma that began to be attached to private individuals profiting from owning other people's homes, the impact of controls on the commercial rationale of residential renting is clear from the evidence showing that, between 1938 and 1961, average earnings increased four-fold and residenthat average private sector residential rents only doubled.

The impact of controls since then is evident in the virtual collapse of the private rented sector in Britain. Private rent-als fell from 90 to 32 per cent of the country's total housing stock between 1910 and 1960, and they have continued to decline in absolute numbers, and as a percentage of the national housing stock, every

year since. The last figures, in 1988, suggest that there are 1.4 million private rented homes left rather less than 7 per cant of households - the majority of which are as old as the controls themselves and just as dilapidated.

At a time when one in fivemortgage holders is reading with horror about the new monthly repayment changes on new or higher mortgages taken ont in tha past 12 months, the combination of higher interest charges and new rental rules seems likely to encourage more owners to let empty rooms and self-con-tained flats in their homes.

The spare-room rentals about which Government front-benchers talked so hopefront-benchers taken so hopefully throughout the passage of the Housing Act may emerge faster than anyone expected.

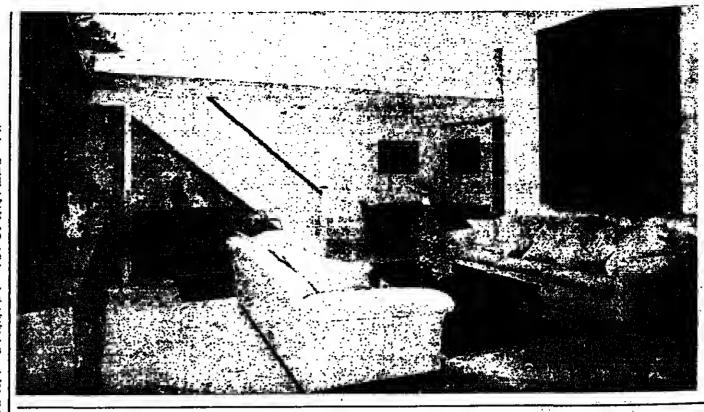
As for rental investment, an already over-supplied market can only become saturated fur-

ther with properties in search of the idyllic, and increasingly elusive, price-insensitive corporate renter.

Even if the objective supply/ demand arguments for additional market-price assured tenancies look doubtful, there is certain to be a significant new stock of such properties thanks to the extension of the Business Expansion Scheme to companies set up to buy or develop such accommodation.

Despite the limits on value

of qualifying properties (£125,000 per lettable unit in Greater London and £85,000 elsewhere), and the minimum four-year term of BES investments, the tax breaks (with relief on qualifying invest-ments at full marginal tax rates and no capital gains after five years) remain attractive enough to draw investors looking beyond today's quiet housing market to prospective values in the mid-1990s.



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Money for old farms

ONE OF the more unconsciously entertaining market commentaries at the start of an uncertain year anticipates an unchanged high demand for residential farms where the buyers "tend to regard the land element (anything from 25 to 500

acres) as a very large garden." That's the rarified view of one specialist area of the housing market from the perspective of Strutt & Parker, the partners of which expect to see continuing strong demand for quality country properties in 1989, stability rather than a collapse in values and, on the farm front a continuing supply of those hig garden-seekers.

Confirming the buying habits of the Thatcherocracy, S & P comments: "It is, in many ways, a repeat of what happened 100 years ago when fortunes were made in the Industrial Revolution and much of the money was put into large country properties. So it is today." Hence the

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continuing pressure to upgrade from a country house to a period farmhouse with farm attached where buyers are "... not seeking a commercial return on that garden...They are more interested in...leisure pursuits."

As for the farmers themselves, S & P belps to explain the increase in the value of commercial farmland in 1988, despite continued falls in farm profits, in terms of the roll-over provisions on capital taxes. S & P argues that the reason for last year's land price rises, and further increases expected this year, is because "the land is being bought by farmers, not out of their profits from existing operations but because they

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The increase from 30 to 40 per cent in the capital tax rates last year has underlined the value to farmers of re-investing in land and claiming roll-over relief on development land sale gains.

Citing as an example the extra 7,500 houses zoned recently into Berkshire's Structure Plan, S & P makes the point that the development equates to around 750 acres for building sites at £500,000 an acre. The resulting £375m is shared among the farmers. As the agent says: "The money has to go somewhere."

IN BRIEF

NUMBER 6 Gloucester Gate, the largest of the Nash terrace houses in Regent's Park, London, has been bought as a £6m Christmas present for the wife of a publicity-shy businessman. The 10,000 sq ft mansion will keep the new owners busy for another six months directing the refurbishment of the Grade I-listed home which occupies the central, six-column bulld-ing in the west-facing terrace. There is room for a swimming pool in the extension running from the 1829 house to a four-garage mews and staff quarters at the rear, and sole agent Anthony Lassman (01-499-3434) reports offers on the rest of the 74-year Crown leases in the terrace at prices between £2.25m to £2.65m. That leaves just the two smallest 4.500 sq ft houses in the row, at £1.55m apiece.

JUST AS trains have never been the same since they took away the steam, so new houses without a fireplace seem somehow incomplete.

Even after decades of buildings with central heating and not a grate in sight, children's drawings cling to the image of a house with chimneys and

spiralling smoke.

The bousebuilders are get-ting the message and Barratt is

re-introducing fireplaces and proper chimneys in half its 73 house styles. The Solid Fuel Advisory Ser-vice reports that three-quarters

vice reports that three-quarters of the country's homes have fireplaces, 6.25m of which are used for open fires with half of these burning solid fuel. That leaves around 5m deprived households where a moking chimney, soot-filled rooms and a carpet full of ash are leg fond memories, and where fond memories, and where Father Christmas has to be content with a central heating

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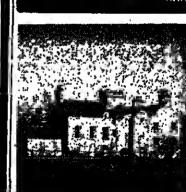
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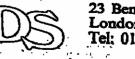
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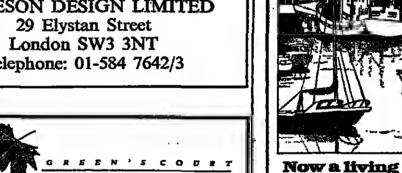


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LEGAL NOTICES

No. 006712 of 1986 IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANCERY DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF S. & W.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice. Chancery Division, dated the 19th December 1986 for the reduction of the share capital of the shove-named Company from 289,982,819 to 298,842,819 and the Minute approved by the court showing with respect to the capital of the Company of a shared the several particulars required by the show-therefored Act was

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Germans stamp their mark on Spain's Seat

Driver Stuart Marshall detects a touch of the Golf

HE SEAT cars I had driven before did not make much of an impression on me. Except, that is, for the chea-pest ones such as the under-£4,000 Marbella (a motorised shopping trolley that could be described as a Fiat Panda with a Spanish accent) and the original basic Ibiza. Perhaps I had expected too much. Seat, after all, paid Porsche a lot of money to design a new engine for the Ihiza, its first "in house" car, which was launched in 1984. Before then, it had made modi-

Two years after the Ibiza appeared, Volkswagen took control of Seat and the German influence is now strong. So much so that the Ibiza Crono 1.2-litre five-door I drove recently reminded me just a lit-tle of the original Golf. Not so much in looks as in the way it went. I wondered if I might have been sent the 1.5-litre version by mistake. But the people at the Sussex HQ of Seat Con-cessionaires (UK) said, no. you do indeed have the five-door body with the 12 engine. They could have fooled me.

The Crono kept np with the pack on the M25 without getting breathless although, at a business driver's speeds, the rev. counter needle was nearer 5,000 rpm than 4,000. This low gearing makes it flexible in traffic. Fourth, which is good for 70 mph (113 kmh), is an ideal overtaking gear. The five-speed box has a reasonable shift and the clutch is light. The steering is, too; almost disconcertingly light on motorways, although in traffic it is so effortless you could imagine it was power-assisted. Suspension is all-indepen-

dent and the ride is on the hard side; you hear and feel the tyres dealing with potholes and coarse surfaces. The seats, Germanic in their firmness, are shaped quite well but would be better with more rearward adjustment and a longer cush-ion. You sit upright, which makes for more room in the back than in some cars of the Ihiza's size.
I disliked the layout of the

minor controls - lights, wip-ers and so on - because it tries to be too clever by half. I suppose that if an Ibiza was your first car, you might find it quite reasonable; even logical.

But I have never driven another car with controls like Petrol consumption was around 44 mpg (6.42 litres/100km) on a journey. The lockable 10.4 gallon (47-litre) tank gives the Ibiza 1.2 a refuelling range of about 350-400 miles (563-643 kms). The

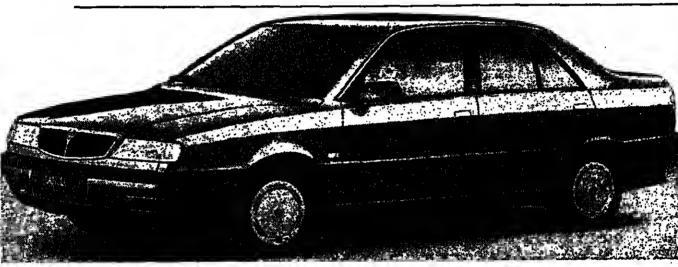
official figures suggest the

higher-geared three-door with a 1.5-litre engine would be slightly more economical. The

Crono, like all Seat cars, runs on lead-free petrol.

At 56,249, which includes a digital radio/cassette player, powerful halogen headlamps and a rear window wash/wipe, the 12 Crono five-door seems quite a good buy. There are

Seaf's fibiza Crono . . . muscular on the motorway but light when the traffic is tight chesper five-door hatchbacks (Citroen AX11RE, Fist Uno 60, Hyundai Pony GL. Lada Samara 1300L, Renault 5 Canpus, Rover Metro City X and Vauxhall Nova Merit). But they are not all in the same size class as the libiza; and if you feel the guality as well as you feel the quality as well as the width, the Spanish car comes out rather well.



New Lancia keeps it in the family

FROM THE start, it was obvious that the Fiat Tipo would found a future family of new cars with Lancia and Alfa Romeo badges. The first to be announced is the Lancia Dedra four-door saloon (pictured), which goes on sale throughout mainland Europe in May but will not reach

Britain with right-hand drive Why Dedra? According to Lancia in Turin, the name

reflects the strong and elegant geometry of the new car's form. The literal translation of Dedra from the Italian is, I am told, two squares with opposing sides. Make of that what you will.

What is beyond dispute is that the Dedra combines Fiat mechanicals (including 1.6-, 1.8- and two-litre fuel-injected, and 1.9-litre turbo-diesel, engines) with three-box styling that is happier than

the two-box Tipo's, especially around the rear quarters.
It is too early to contemplate prices seriously. But bear in mind that the Dedra will replace the last of the

traditional Lancia saloons the front-wheel driven Prisma. This now sells, with a 1.6-litre engine, at between £8,375 and

A premium of 10-15 per cent on the price of a mechanically-similar Tipo

(now between £8,376 for the 1.6DGT and £9,889 for the 1.9 turbo-diesel) would seem

reasonable.
The Dedra is 14 ft 3 in (4.35 metres) long and should match the Tipo for interior Aerodynamically, it is even better than Tipo, itself a class

leader for slipperiness. It makes its debut at Geneva Show in March

So costly to run

I DON'T suppose many people who pay for their motoring out of taxed income keep an accurate check on what it costs them. They feel they must have a car, but fear the answer might be so daunting that they work to know the control of the costs. that they prefer not to know. Neil Pykett, joint managing director of Interleasing (UK) Ltd., part of the Cowie group and one of the country's bigand one of the country's big-gest contract hire companies, has come up with a figure. He says a typical two-litre mid-range car doing 20,000 miles (32,250 km) annually could be costing its owner £100 a week, or £5,000 a year.

That - and the fact that new-car price increases are running ahead of inflation— is the bad news. The good news is that new cars today are more reliable, fuel-efficient and potentially longer-lasting and also have better residual

Pykett says labour costs have shot up, particularly in the south-east, where garages may now charge \$25 am hour to work on a car. Against that, servicing times have been reduced considerably and intervals between services are much longer. Also on the up-side, there with.

as to make direct comparisons with those of a few years ago difficult, even impossible. Things like sunroofs and electric windows, once costly extras, are now standard equipment. Today's small car has features confined a year or two back to vehicles that were two back to vehicles that were larger, specified more highly and, thus, costiler.

Pykett sums up by saying that although we are paying more, we are getting more for our money, which is some con-solation. He also makes the

have been so many improve-ments to the cars themselves

commercial point that it has become so hard for fleet opera-tors to know exactly what cars are costing their companies are costing their companies that they would be better off with contract hire.

As someone who puts his hand in his pocket to pay for his private motoring, I know that overall costs can be kept

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LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

IN THE MATTER of

TARMAC PLC

IN THE MATTER of

NOTICE 18. HEREBY GIVEN that a Personnel to the 19th day of December 1988 here was on the 19th day of December 1988 here capital of the above-named Complete the capital of the above-named Complete the 200,000 5½ per cert. Consistants Professor 200,000 5½ per cert. Consistants Professor 5theres of 51 such and returning the capital paid up thereon solder is a discale of an week of the said Company.

AND NOTICE IS PURTHER CHUEN his as said Petition is directed to be heard leave. The Haracamble Mr. Justice Milled. If the Royal Courte of Justice, State of Lands-Will on Monday the 22rd day of Justice.

A copy of the said Person will be lemisted to any such person requiring the seas if the under-mentioned delicators on system of the regulated charge for the saids.

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CLUBS ever has custived the others because of a policy on tair play and value for more to Support from 10-530 arm. Diego and the

HE SHAH of Iran fied — withdrew — from his ungovernable nation in January 1973; he survived just 18 months of miserable exile, driven from Egypt to Morocco to the Bahamas to the US to Panama and to death in Egypt, William Shawcross, in The Shah's Last Ride, has used this: journey of a doomed 'yes, and guilty' Flying Dutchman to tell the tale of this grotesque regime which featured so large in the 1970s.

William Simon, of the US Treasury, once called the Shah a "nut." When we look back after 10 years, he was surely right. Shawcross dates the beginning of the end as far back as the Persepolis dynasty party in 1971 when, he suggests, the Shah began to lose touch with reality; the petrodollars were starting to flow and with them came megalomania, an obsession with military hardware, unconstrained corruption, absurdly ambitious development plans — and the fawning attentions of an almost entirely uncritical Western world, led by the US and UK, which them turned its back on him. then turned its back on him.

then turned its back on him.

The Shah was not allowed reinge in Britain, be it remembered; although Mrs Thatcher (in Opposition) had said she would be ashamed to be British if the UK did not stand by its friends; on election night in May 1979, the Shah and his empress in the Bahamas drank a toest. Then, the Foreign Office got to work and a very grand ex-embassador to Tehran, Sir Dennis Wright, flew incognito to Paradise Island to tell his old friend to get lost.

incognito to Paradise Island to tell his old friend to get lost.

It was partly a question of the security of Britain's Tehran diplomats, partly a matter of UK trading interests. After all, Britain had for years put the cause of her exports in the Iranian hyperboom far ahead of any adequate acknowledgement of what alse was going on inside the country — the amhassador, Sir Anthony Parsons, has since been randid about it. I remember visiting Tehran once on behalf of this paper and of the BBC, which was famously in disgrace with the Shah at all times and to its eternal credit. Sir Anthony remonstrated with me that he Anthony remonstrated with me that he lay awake worrying about the villages of unemployed in the north of England which would be the direct result of

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these inflammatory broadcasts.

It is this betrayal by the friends that turns Shawcros's story into a tragedy.
All his life — and not surprisingly after
the Mossadeq episode — the Shah
depended on his conviction that he was supported by the Americans and the British; his belief that he was beloved of his own people was almost a secondary fantasy. In a very real way, his Western friends permitted his subse-quent delusions, fantasies and excesses.

THE TITLE of this nonchalant autobiography is taken from the comment of a television

the comment of a television critic: "Whenever I see Ludovic Kennedy in a television studio, he gives me the impression that he has been good enough to drop by to see if he can lend a hand while on his way to the club."

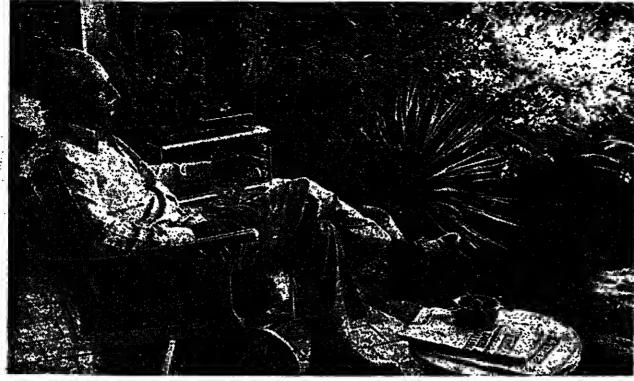
The image of the debonair

The image of the debonair man-about-town is certainly

not untrue to life, and will be familiar to the many viewers who have seen the author in

his role as presenter of count-

less television news pro-



The Shah of Iran listening to Iranian radio broadcasts during exile in Paname

A 'friend' no-one wanted

J. D. F. Jones on the decline and fall of the Shah of Fran

There is a certain justice in the events of subsequent years.
At this point, Shawcross turns his gaze on his old adversary (from South-East Asian days) Henry Kissinger, True, Dr K. was the loyal one; it was he who demanded that the Shah in exile be received decently. Fair enough, says Shawcross; but it was Nixon and Kissinger who in 1972 wrote the blank cheque that gave the Shah a regional super-role and all the weapons he wanted. It was, said George Ball, "like giving the keys of the world's largest liquor store to a confirmed alcoholic." Shawcross is very good on the detail of the exile, with its cast of characters ranging from General Torrijos of Panama to David Rockefeller of Chase, he makes a tragi-comedy of the Shah's

medical history (he had cancer since 1974, yet none of the world's intelli-

THE SHAH'S LAST RIDE: THE STORY OF THE EXILE. MISADVENTURES AND DEATH OF THE EMPEROR

by William Shawcross Charto & Windus £15.95, 463 pages

gence agencies found out).

He is less confident on the flavour of life in the Shah's Iran, of which he has no first-hand experience. For all his reporting of the whores flown in from Paris and the avant-garde intellectuals of the Empress's circle, he misses the sheer awfulness of the place in its heyday - the excesses of luxury, the osten-tation of corruption, the viciousness, the scruffiness of the capital, the chaos,

who believe very easily that they are superior creatures. (The Shah once said to ma in an interview that the private lives of the Arab rulers of the region were so disgusting that "it would require the language of companies to require the language of corporals to describe" — a remark I remember thinking odd in the light of his father's modest background and hypocritical, too, in view of what was going on at

The heroine is the empress, Farah The heroine is the empress, Farah Diba. The twin sister, Princess Ashraf, is handled cautiously. Mrs Jehan Sadat plays a mezzo support. All three are clearly Sources; theirs should not be the last word. And, talking of elegant regal ladies, the reader might do worse than remember Tom Paine (on Burke on Marie Antonottal): "He nities the on Marie-Antoinette): "He pities the plumage and forgets the dying

refused a reprieve.

Other, even worse, cases followed, of which the best remembered now is probably that of 10 Rillington Place which saw Timothy Evans hanged for the murder of his

hangen for the muraer of his wife and baby daughter—although these and other murders proved later to be the work of a necrophilic ex-policeman, John Christie.

A confession of sorts had been forced out of the illiterate Evans but be retracted that and protested his innocence to

the end. However, in spite of mounting evidence collected by Kennedy and others to sup-port Evans' claim, a succession of Home Secretaries, both Con-

servative and Labour, refused

It was 13 years before a posthumous free pardon was recommended by Roy Jenkins

and granted at once by the

The Establishment looks

after its own, and it is under-standable that the Home Office, the judiciary and the police should all be rejuctant

to recognise the possibility of judicial error; but surely

where such errors have been proven beyond all doubt, the victims and their families

to sanction a fresh inquiry.

The man-about-town who fights injustice

ON MY WAY TO THE CLUB: AN AUTOBIOGRAPHY Collins £15.00, 429 pages

grammes and documentaries. By his own admission, Ludovic events, and of serving in the Arctic convoys to Russia, still Kennedy is eminently clubba-ble. But it was not always so. makes exciting reading.

His second great love affair As these memoirs make plain, nrbanity was not something that come maturally, but was achieved only with conscious began with his first glimpse of Moira Shearer dancing in the ballet fibm The Red Shoes. It effort. Perhaps it had some-thing to do with his Scottish upbringing. Certainly, it had much to do with a cold and was the classic coup de foudre, leading - after a decorous courtship - to their marriage in February 1950 at the Chapel Royal of Hampton Court Pal-ace, and to the abrupt translatyrannical mother whose per-petual tirades left him as a child with a deep sense of tion of Ludovic from a private inadequacy. Liberation came slowly, first to a public existence as the husband of a celebrated ballerina.

at Etou, then at Oxford where tha outbreak of war found him. Soon after, he enlisted in the RNVR and was commis-It was not long, however, before he came into the public eye through his own career, sioned as a temporary sub-lieutenant, thus following famfirst as a newscaster for Inde-pendent Television News; then ily tradition. His father, a naval veteran of the First on BBC as a member of the Panarama team under Richard Dimbleby; later with an inde-World War, was in command of the armed merchantman HMS Rewalpindi in the Sec-ond, and went down with her pendent group called Television Reporters International, which proved a good idea born fore its time; and, finally, when she was sunk by enemy with a series of documentaries and filmed interviews which The author's war service

The author's war service started a long love affair with the Royal Navy. He has written several books already about naval spisodes of the Second World War, including the sinking of the Blamarck and the pursuit of the Tirpitz; but his recapitalation of these have continued up to the But if Ludovic Kennedy has rubbed shoulders constantly with princes and potentates, presidents and prime minis-ters, from John F. Kennedy to Harold Macmillan, from Sam



Ludovic Kennedy: from quarter-deck to righter of wrongs

Goldwyn to Admiral Doenitz, his chief claim to fame lies in quite another sphere: in his investigations into a series of notorious miscarriages of

justice.

As a boy in his grandfa-ther's library in Edinburgh, he had devoured avidly the red-bound columns of the Notable British Trials series. Looking back, he records that at that time: "I never doubted for a moment... the correctness of the verdict; that policemen could be corrupt, that witnesses could perjure them-selves, that judges could be biased were thoughts that then never even remotely occurred to me."

Many years later, the trial of two young men, Craig and Bentley, for murdering a policeman made him change his mind. Craig, aged 16, fired the fatal ehot but he was considered too young to hang and it was Bentley, two years it was Bentley, two years older, who was sentenced to death and executed after Home Secretary David Maxwell Fyfe

have a stronger rival claim to judicial redress. Kennedy believes that the trouble stems in large part from the adversarial system used in British courts and

notes that he found an ally recently in the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, Sir Peter Imbert, who told him in an interview for The Times: The adversary system is a game that prevents us from discovering the truth. I think the time has come to look at our whole criminal justice system afresh."

Erik de Mauny

Jeypore mogul

IN Hullabalco In Old Jeypore, subtitled "The Making of The Deceivers," the famed maverick producer Ismail Merchant (of A Room With A View) commemorates the growing pains of a movie that never, alas, grew

into anything.

Adapting feebly a John Masters' novel, The Deceivers (released last year), the film stumbled ponderously through exotic Indian locations like an elephant looking for a grave-yard. It is fascinating, though, to learn Merchant's tricks and to learn Merchani'e tricks and tactics as a producer from his own mouth. His ability to hustle and machinate is legendary. But it would have been more fascinating still against the backdrop of a film worth hustling and machinating for.

The Disney Studio Story is a big, bland, colourful door-stopper. Detailing the roller-coaster history of Walt'e 65-year-old company, it has lots of pictures company, it has lots of pictures and plot summaries but limited supplies of wit or criticism. No less vitiatingly, the authors apparently had a late-1987

This means they have missed out on the recordcally, is very exact. breaking year that sent Disney

by Ismail Merchant Viking £14.95, 151 pages

by Richard Holliss and **Brian Sibley** Octopus £16.95, 242 pages

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Ireland, where the tail still wags the dog

Malcolm Rutherford on an unusual study of the Emerald Isle's continuing problems

TO HEGIN with a caveat: there has not been a book like Mod-ern Ireland before, and it is ern Ireland before, and it is unlikely that there will be another for a long time to come; yet, readers should beware of believing that it will teach all they think they need to know about modern Ireland. They may well end up more confused than they started. Another warning: the book assumes some prior knowledge, not only of hish but also of European history. For, whatever its qualities, R. F. Foster's Modern Ireland 1600-1972 is not a textbook and it is certainly

a textbook and it is certainly not prescriptive.
The nearest model that

comes to mind is Theodore Zel-din's writings on France in the din's writings on France in the Oxford History of Modern Europe, which had sub-titles such as Intellect, Taste and Anxiety. Foster is more chronological than Zeldin, but the approach is similar: you are supposed to move with ease from agriculture through architecture to the army. There is no central theme, except that it is all going on in the same country.

the same country.

The result is a great deal of divertissement and the accumulation of a lot of interesting facts. For example, I did not know that the potato is "the only single cheap food that can support life as a sole diet." But then neither did the Irieh at then neither did the Irish at the time of the potato hight: the nutritive research into the properties of the potato came

much later. There are many stories that illustrate how little Ireland has changed over the years. For instance, Sir Richard Dawson tes was Minister for Home Affairs in Northern Ireland in 1934. He learned "with a great deal of surprise that a Roman Catholic telephonist had been appointed to Stormont." So he refused to use the telephone for any important business.

This kind of history is a challenge to more conventional historians who assume that somebody central is trying to do something. It is also a challenge to politicians who believe that something can be done.

Tostered the belief that Britain eign wars, today. And the Irish was a colonial power.

War has been kind to Ulster enough by now to drop some of that something can be done.

nuities in Irish history have been at least as great as the changes, therefore nothing much more could have been or can be - changed.

The continuities, as Foster points out, are legion. Very early on, he describes the tradition of Irish warfare as "fairly limited, elitist and restricted," going back to the idea of war as a sport in the great cattle raids of Gaelic story-telling. That is true of the IRA today; only the weapons are more

evastating. Religion was always a problem - at least after the

MODERN IRELAND 1600-1972

by R. F. Foster Allen Lane The Penguin Press £18.95, 688 pages

English break with Rome. It is probably the most fundamental problem still. The prime resis-tance to Irish unification comes not from the British Government but from the Prot-estants in the north, who want no truck with the Catholics in the south. Foster quotes a Brit-ish Treasury minute from 1938: "Are we never going to be allowed by Ulster to come to terms with the South? Is the tail always going to wag the

freland, especially the south, has always been prope to for-eign influences and not only because of the Church of Rome, which sometimes would have preferred a deal with England rather than being responsible for eccentric Irish Catholics. Ireland was bound to be enthused by such events as American independence and the French Revolution, if only because they encouraged anti-Englishness. The Boer War British Government has no was another boon in that it great distractions, such as for-

Yet, it is an intellectual leap into the dark to move from north firmly alongside the Britsaying that because the contiworld war bronght ont the north firmly alongside the Brit-ish and halted any progress that was being made to Irish unity. While southerners were busy occupying the Dublin Post Office in 1916, Ulstermen were dying on the Somme.

were dying on the Somme.

Ulster was even more conspicuously loyal in the Second World War. Yet, without the interruption of 1939-45, British thoughts on the future of Northern Ireland might have taken another turn. As Foster notes, the Irish Government had achieved its own modus. had achieved its own modus vivendi with Britain by 1939 and it was not one which expected a united Ireland.

What this boils down to is that whenever Britain has shown a determination to do shown a determination to do something about Ireland, something else has intervened. The Irish warrior tradition, however, has never gone away for long. The IRA's accomplishment, Foster writes, is to find that "by matching its operations to its means, it could ensure its survival for long enough to achieve psycholong enough to achieve psychological victory out of military stalemate." Note the word "psychological." Perhaps that is all that matters, just as Ulster Unionists derive satisfaction from saying "no" to the Anglo-Irish Agreement without putting anything in its place. Foster's book would not have been much different if it had gone on to 1988 instead of stopping at 1972, when the present round of troubles had already started. He regards intermittent violence and animosity between the different religious cultures as part of the

sometimes quite successfully.

The sad fact is that he is possibly right. Yet, I would draw a different conclusion: Irieh problems could be reduced if politicians at the top would devote more of their

break-np of his marriage to

Peggy Skinner. Since she had

taken up with a rich Scotsman living in Brighton, it might seem that Grieve had some jus-

tification. But Peggy, now wealthy in her own right,

never forgave him, extracted

children's allowances from the impoverished poet and did not

allow him to see them for 20

Grieve's drinking, his health was not affected seriously until

his 80s, perhaps because he

was always one for hard exer-cise. Even at the age of 65, on a

visit to China, he could race Lord Chorley, president of the British Alpine Club, up and down the Great Wall and beat

It also did not impair his

capacity to produce. The books continued to appear steadily through the 1930s, becoming more self-consciously commu-nist up until the Second World

War (First Hymn to Lenin, Second Hymn to Lenin). After Three Hymns to Lenin in 1957,

the verse waned, however. MacDiarmid's publications after that were mostly of remi-

When he died in 1978, his funeral was held in Langholm

despite the fact that it did not quite accept him. He was too hard a poet for boozy lovers of

Burns - as he himself was at pains to point out. It took

seven years before a memorial

could be erected on a site near

Wita Yett, just outside the

Alan Bold's critical biography of the ingenuous and courteous Grieve, who became the egotistical and argumentative MacDiarmid, is long, thorough, well-researched and eufficiently avalenteers to be

ciently explanatory to ba appreciated by Sassenachs as

well as by wearers of the kilt. It makes for extremely inter-

Geoffrey Moore

niscence or polemic.

Despita tha extent of

years.

scene: meanwhile, life goes on,

Bard of Muckle Toon

between England and Scotland heading towards Glasgow on the A74, you find yourself in some of the richest country in the British Isles - rich, that is, in song and story as well as in

natural beauty.

To the north-west of Ecclefechan, from which - on the eve of his 14th birthday - Carlyle trudged to Edinburgh University, lie Troon and Ayr, the land of Burns and Annie Laurie. East of Lockerbie lies "the Muckle Toon" of Langholm,

Christopher Murray Grieve was born on August 11, 1862. From the first, "Kirsty" (as his parents called him) was different. His mother, a Graham, who did not marry until she was 35, called him "an eaten an' spewed lookin' wee thing wi' e'en like twa burned holes in a blanket - a description which, when he heard it later, so affected her son that he incorporated it into his bestknown book of verse: A Drunk Man Looks at the Thistle. That, of course, was after Kirsty had metamorphosed himself into

Hugh MacDiarmid, the Scottish Nationalist poet. When the First World War broke out, Christopher Grieve was a pacifist member of the ILP. But he was so moved — we are told — by the poetry of Rupert Brooke and the death of his close friend, John Nisbet, that he joined the forces. At the age of 24, he was serger caterer to the officers' mess of the 42nd General Hospital in Salonika. "One could not be more cushily circumstanced on

service." he wrote later. He ended his war in the Château Mirabeau, near Mar-seilles, where he had an affair with a beautiful and talented French girl. He was at thet time engaged to Peggy Skin-ner, whom he had met in Fur-far when she was 16, Like his grandfather in Langholm, Kirsty was "aye amang the lass-

In the years after the war his In the years after the war his estensible occupation was that of journalist, but he had always written poetry in English. It was the Scots language and Scottish nationalism that brought him (as Whitman said of Emerson) to the boil despite the fact that he had, up to that time always around to that time, always argued fercely against the use of the vernacular in verse. In 1922, he tried out his hand

in a Scots poem called The Watergow, lauding - as Chris-

MACDIARMID: A CRITICAL BIOGRAPHY by Alan Bold John Mierray £17.95, 482 pages



Hugh MacDiarmid, alies Christopher Murray Grieve

his 2,685-line poem as a "gallimaufry" designed to show that "braid Scots" was adaptable to all kinds of styles. The protagonist compares himself with Dante, who "also" assembled the most appropri-ate elements from the different

dialects of his country, in order to construct a synthetic lan-guage. A Drunk Man was a sustained literary achievement, into which Grieve was the more able to put his heart and soul because he was protected by the persona of Mac-Diarmid.

From that time on - despite poverty and the collapse of numerous schemes - MacDiar-mid, the self-appointed voice of Scotland, never looked back. He might contradict himself but, as he constantly reminds us, so did Whitman. He could call for a Scottish fascism, embrace the Social Credit theothe social Crem theories of Major Douglas, bathe in the murky waters of a Scottlish Sinn Fein and Clann Albain — and still have the Young Communist League come out from Edinburgh to rebuild the primitive rest free cottens in which itive rent-free cottage in which he lived in later life with Valda That, of course, was after the

WHO

WHO'S 1989

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Adultery is the story of just that, and of much more. that, and of much more. Exploring from beginning to horrible and, the narrator's relationship with a married woman, it is a close, detailed study of its rise and fall and an examination of every smotion between love and batred, lust and disginst, enthrallment and disillusion. A study, too, of a woman so impossible she seems improbable, at times a case history rather than a human being. human being.
Christian, the narrator, is a moderately successful painter;
Farol, the woman, works in a

ALEXANDER Theroux's An

framing shop. Uneducated, naive, profoundly and even obviously neurotic, she speaks in cliches with a funny accent impossible for a non-American (impossible for a non-American to gauge it exactly), attends a silly "group" for therspy, has never kept even the humblest job for long and, in objective terms, seems to have little to recommend har. Except

Thick in taxture, very detailed and exact, the slowly evolving psychological study of cheat, a self-seeking and self-serving woman, revealed gradually, is sus-tained brilliantly, linked with the changes in the narrator's own feelings. From Caligari to One Flew

Fiction Lust story AN ADULTERY

by Alexander Theroux Hamish Hamilton £12.95.

TWILIGHT by Elie Wiesel translated by Marion Wiesel Viking £11.95, 217 pages

KAIROS by Gwyneth Jones Unwin Hymon £12.95, 260 pages

Over the Cuckoo's Nest and other novels, the idea of mad-ness and sanity intertwined has been powerful fictionally. As winner of the Nobel peace prize, Elie Wiesel not surprisingly seeks reconciliation. In Twilight, his hero, Rafael, beached and alone after the

loving family, has come to an American asylum for people with biblical delusions. The inmates are not Napoleon but Adam, Cain, the prophets, the Messiah is Rafael one of them or a researcher? Are the staff humouring him or is he, in their view, as mad as the rest? The linked stories from Rafael'e background give rise to all sorts of questions, asked deeply and sympathetically but not given definitive answers, since such answers cannot

When science fiction reads

like straight fiction, and seems as credible, it disconcerts any-one expecting distinct catego-ries. The characters are so ries. The characters are so good in Kairos, and their situations so convincing, that it is ages before it dawns that realism is getting out of hand.

Life about 15 years ahead in London, Brighton and the ruined countryside is so dirty, dishevelled and fearsome — while human feelings are still recognisably ours — that it recognisably ours - that it takes a stern moralist to face it. Everything is askew, explo-sive, secret, darkly revolution-ary: physically and psychi-cally, we move little by little into a world of nightmare, yet one that, eocially and politi-

Isabel Quigly

HULLABALOO IN OLD JEYPORE

THE DISNEY STUDIO STORY

Pavilion £6.95 (paperback),

through the roof in 1988 (with Three Men And A Baby, Good Morning Vietnam and Who Framed Roger Rabbit?) end that first showed the company triumphing in its new policy of mixing "adult" comedies with kiddy fare.

watergane, lauding — as Christopher Grieve — the "unique" echievement of hie new persona. Utysses appeared in the same year and Grieve was bowled over by Joyce's book. Four years later, he followed its example in A Drunk Man Looks at the Thistle, describing

N THE rhyming slang of the City, it is called the tin-tack. For the unlucky ones, it means a black plastic bag on the office chair, an order to drop the company car keys at the front desk, and a security man at their heels until they leave the building. For the luckiest — usually the most senior — it means a secret arrangement with the boss and six months to look around for another post.

Nearly 20,000 people are thought to have lost their jobs in the City since the Black Monday crash of October 1987. The hiring frenzy of the bull market and the Big Bang has become a firing spree as financial houses face up to the post-Bang competition, a slack securities mar-ket and technological change.

ket and technological change.

The word "redundant" has many meanings. Young high-flyers are suddenly hitting the ceiling. Old City hands find their careers just petering out. Yesterday's blue-eyed boys find their faces no longer fit. Others have personality clashes with new managers, or cannot adjust to a change in corporate ethos or strategy. Whole departments are being wound up: Morgan Grenfell got rid of 450 people before Christmas, Hoare Govett sacked 135

Grenfell got rid of 450 people before Christmas, Hoare Govett sacked 135 ou January 5 and Chase Manhattan another 135 the following day.

A few who are tin-tacked hit the streets running and are back behind a desk within days, but most will have to endure weeks or months of self-doubt and stress. They feel shock and disbelief at first, followed by anger and then despair, even depression. They will have sleepless nights, a fading libido and, perhaps, rows at home.

rows at home.

The traditional solution is to get The traditional solution is to get straight onto the telephone and work the old boy net until something turns up. But as the redundancies multiply and jobs become scarcer, City firms are paying so-called "outplacement" agencies to look after employees, singly or in groups, from the moment they are dismissed. It is one more symptom of change in the character of the City ion market.

City joh market.
Based on American ideas, these agencies fulfil the somewhat ambig-uous function of advising employers on firing techniques (or "termination" as they call it), counselling the victims through the dark days and rebuilding their self-confidence

unrecorded pleasures of gardening are the

many activities and interests to which it can introduce us that have nothing to

do with plants. Thus it was that while visiting Port Lympne, near Hythe in Kent,

to see how John Aspinall was

getting on with the restoration

of that fine house and garden, I fell in love with its beautiful

There are delightfully deli-

cate grilles and doors, grace-fully curving balustrades and

handsomely decorated screens

and gates separating one part of the garden from another. There is also a massive bronze

door, which seems a little too

though elegantly proportioned house that Sir Herbert Baker

and Ernest Willmott designed

for Sir Philip Sassoon shortly before the First World War. When peace was restored, it was Sassoon — aided by Philip Tilden — who elaborated the building and provided it with

building and provided it with its spectacularly terraced gar-

den; and Tilden, although now

largely forgotten, presented me with no problems since he is

fairly well documented and

wrote a rather rambling auto-

hiography, True Remem-brances, published by Country Life in 1954.

It was the beautiful wrought

ironwork that set me off on a quest for information, since

hedgerows should be white

alerted fully.

When the hiring turns to firing

Christian Tyler looks at the plight of City people who have been tin-tacked - sacked

for the job hunt. They charge the ex-employer about 17 per cent of the individual's former salary, but more

ex-employer about 17 per cent or the individual's former salary, but more or less guarantee to find him another job.

They provide a kind of convalescent home for damaged psyches, staffed by counsellors and equipped with offices, telephones and computer terminals to which the ex-employee can continue to commute. They force the patient to come to terms with his bereavement, rehearse his talents and examine his aims in life before letting him loose on the job market.

"People need blankets and sandpaper," said Pauline Hyde, founder of one of the bigger agencies retained by industrial and financial companies. "A counsellor should not let them be interviewed for another job until the stuffing has been put back into them." But she added: "People tend to stay too long with their organisations. They should change voluntarily about every five years, leaving on a success and capitalising on their experience."

Brian Ward, senior counsellor

Brian Ward, senior counsellor with Sanders & Sidney, said: "Part of our job is to help them walk across that desert. It's not the loss of income that hurts, it's the loss of a whole way of life." Ward was made redundant four years ago after 20 years with Dorland Advertising, and he cried when he was

The tin-tack affects old and young in different ways — and the younger are not necessarily better at handling it. The Bissetts are a close family with six grown-up children, which helps them cope with the double blow that fell two weeks here. Christian and David Bissett had the control of the co before Christmas. David Bissett, who is 54, and his son Simon, 28, both lost their jobs in the big Morgan Grenfell shake-out. By coincidence, they had joined the bank about the same time at the end of 1987, David as information technology manager on the securities side and Simon as a dealer in American



Pauline Hyde: she helps those who have been made redundant to come to terms with the s

John Crowley: he lost his job at Chase Manhattan

depositary receipts (ADRs).

David has been round the course before. He took voluntary redundancy from the Chase Manhattan bank after a tour in Nigeria. The help he got then from an outplacement expert experience of the ment agency convinced him of the wisdom of accepting Morgan's offer of similar help this time. "It's a chance to discover whether you really want to stay in the same kind of job. You find out what sort of person you are and it stops you diving into the first job that comes along," he said.

"It doesn't sink in for about two weeks. Then you work out how long the money will last." The family moved only last July from Sussex to Lavenham in Suffolk, making \$25,000 on the transaction but £25,000 on the transaction but increasing the mortgage to £60,000 in order to build an extension. That plan has been shelved. "But money is not the big issne," explained David. "It's relationships with other people." They react in unexpected ways. Good friends can become awkward, and former enemies suddenly very helpful. "When this big

relationship with your employer stops, you begin to question all oth-

On some days, he wakes up bright and cheerful. On others, he is bright and cheerful. On others, he is gloomy. He misses the routine of getting up in the morning, putting on suit and tie, getting out of the house and onto the commuter train. He eats more, sleeps less well and is less willing to work on the house. "There is a danger of spending more to stay happy. I bought a couple of nice table lamps for my wife vesterday to cheer her up." wife yesterday to cheer her up."

His son has preferred to go it His son has preferred to go it alone, hoping to find a similar job quickly. He is a stranger to redundancy, having learned his craft straight after school at Vickers da Costa and moving only because he was approached by Morgan. "The market is a very small place," he said. "My initial reaction is that I have more chance through my own contacts. I would like to feel I can cost it out myself it's not necessar-

contacts. I would like to feel I can sort it out myself. It's not necessarily a good attitude to have. I have confidence in my own ability; trying to convey that to someone else, having not done so before, is more tricky." He has given up his flat and is living with a brother, gets a lot of support from his girlfriend, has had one interview already and thinks he can manage for six months if necessary.

People from all kinds of back-grounds found jobs in the Big Bang-

grounds found jobs in the Big Bang-Some of them, like the street-wise market-maker from the East End with a passion for do-it-yourself, will probably not go back.

John Crowley, who lost his job at Chase Manhattan just before Christ-mas, was a professional tenor until he was 28, singing operatic and other choral parts in England, France and Denmark. He then took a degree at the London School of Economics, writing his thesis on oil

Economics, writing his thesis on oil and gas exploration. Friends in the City urged him to get into stockbroking. He started with a small

broker, survived a cutback at Schroders Securities, and was lured over to Chase in May last year. His

two enalyst colleagues on the Chase oil team were in turn approached by Warburg Securities, but there

was no room for a salesman. Shortly afterwards, the axe fell. "I thought I was in a fairly good

billet and I was pretty well known,"
he said this week. But he had been
half-expecting the summons. When
the phone call came from the head

of securities, he knew it could mean only one thing — "the old tin-tack." He said goodbye to a couple of peo-ple and left the building half an

hour later. "Even if you are expecting it, you feel a sense of humiliation and alienation. You feel you have been judged a failure. But I also knew I didn't want to be an equity salesman for ever. It's highly paid but, intellectually, not a very demanding job."

Surrounded by paperwork in his terrace house at Camberwell, south London. Crowley looked relaxed and sounded realistic but confident. He is still on the first wave of optimism and has saveral irons in the first. He says he will go back into the City if the right job comes up. It it does not, he will look for some thing that combines his commercial experience with his musical takent for example, arts sponeorship or for example, arts sponsorship or

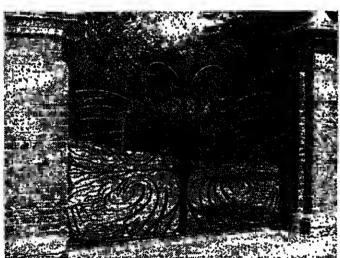
thing that commands me commands experience with his musical talent for example, arts sponsorship or administration.

One of the Inchier casualties of change is the 46-year-old director of a merchant bank who found it attering course underneath him. This director, who insists on anonymity, has been with the same employer for 20 years, earns about £160,008, has no great wish to change direction but has no practice at job-hunting, either. "I said I wanted to move on, but I didn't know how to set about getting another job," he said. He is still meeting clients and doing deals but has been given six months, the services of a counseling agency to groom himself for another job, and the prospect of a severance cheque of ower £100,000.

"You look back after 20 years and wonder whether that is worth anything to anyone. Did I do the right thing? There is no question shout it. I should have done it five years ago." His wife agrees. "The key issue is, you must keep working at least, I must. Otherwise, you go to seed and start having stupid ideas about becoming a consultant to small companies and that sort of rubbish." The moral of his story, he says, is to be as committed to your self as to the firm. "You should always question where you are Petihaps I was more altruistic than was good for me."

The tin-tack can be a blessing in disguise. About itali the Canualities handled by counsellors fand other posts within four months, and well over half go on to better-paid jobs. Of those who change direction entirely, not a few end up as counsellors themselves. There is always work in the Enterprise Culture.

Forging a life from crime



to discovering who Bambridge Reynolds was, where he lived and worked, and what other properties he decorated with his beautiful ironwork, I did acquire a wholly new and encouraging outlook on the state of the art in ironwork.

no-one seemed to know much about its origin. "The metal-work was carried out by the late Mr Bambridge Reynolds," stated one old but undated guide book as though that was Rowhurst Forge is particu-larly well equipped and staffed, and Quinell also maintains a museum in which he exhibits his own work and that of many enough, since everyone would know who Bainbridge Reyn-olds was. Regrettably, no-one did and my curiosity was other leading British and Continental craftsmen. He is a member of the British Artist Blacksmiths' Association (BABA), which was formed in My search for information 1978 and now has about 390 members. It appears to have been modelled on the Artist led me to numerous authori-

ties, including county librari-ans and archivists, experts at the Ironbridge Gorge Museum in Shropshire and also at the Victoria and Albert Museum Blacksmith association of North America, which has nearly 3,000 members. Quinell is prepared to collab-orate with other blacksmiths, and the Crafts Council. It finally led to Richard Quinell sometimes making their designs for them, sometimes giving them a special finish or at his Rowhurst Forge on the outskirts of Leatherhead, Sur-rey, only a few hundred yards adding some part their creators from Gate 9 of the M25 motorare unable to supply. An exam-

exquisitely delicate climbing rose made by David Norris; it required a curved and springy steel support on an unobtru-sive, yet secure, base around which to twine. This had been made at Leatherhead. It would be a lovely ornament for any

Quinell's own work is highly original and very varied. At the entrance to Rowhurst Forge, I was greeted by a great loop of what looked like gigantic barbed wire, his "Crown of Thorns," which symbolises powerfully the opposing forces of sacrifice and oppression. In the museum, one photograph that arrested me was a shot of delicately beautiful swan gates, also made by Quinell and just about as different as one could imagine in manner from the starkness of the "Crown of Thorns."

In the collection of ironwork on view, I particularly admired the simplicity of several wrought iron gates by Tim For-tune, who operates from his Fillybrook Forge at Buckhorn Weston, Dorset. These had style far more distinguished than that of conventional wrought iron gates and yet did not appear unduly expensive, I also saw examples of the work of many other highly gifted blacksmiths including A. Daw-son, James Horrobin, Peter Parkinson, Alan Evans and Antony Robinson.

The most important lesson I learnt was that ornamental metalwork is enjoying a renaissance. It is typical of the contradictions of our times that one of the causes of this new interest is the rise in crime. Property requires ever-increas-ing protection, and many peo-ple are realising that there is both prestige and pleasure to be gained from providing pro-tection that is beautiful as well as efficient. Railings need not be ugly; gates and protective grilles can assume all manner of decorative forms, some traditional, some modern.

It would appear that most of the patronage for this new era of creativity comes from aca-demics, public authorities, banks and various commercial organisations. As yet, private buyers scarcely seem to have realised what is happening and are content to go on buying mass-produced metalwork. Exhibitions such as those at Rowhurst Forge should help to spread the good tidings.

As for Port Lympne, which set me off on my tour of self-education, it is a superb house and garden restored miraculously by Aspinall after 20 years of almost total neglect. He wanted it to extend his zoo park, which he has done very successfully, but in the process he fell under its spell — just as Sassoon had done nearly 80 years ago — and has spared neither time nor money to return it to what it was at the height of its fame. It is open to the public from

10 am every day except Christ-mas and is well worth a visit at any time but, for the garden, especially from April to

Arthur Hellyer

After the poison, the planting

Robin Lane Fox expands his strategy to reclaim neglected gardens

the opening moves in a strategy to reclaim neglected gardens or plant new borders. The essence of the advice was to wait, watch and poison. It takes at least a year to kill off visible weeds, outwit their attempts to rally, and finally to knock out the late-comers that turn up to

support them.

Meanwhile, all plants in their midst should have been separate bed under close surveillance for signs of enemy contact. Only after one year can you split up the best and think of restoring them.

In my bitter experience, any-thing that has been infested with ground elder or bindweed is best thrown out. I find it impossible to clean anything with a thick mat of roots, such as a Michaelmas dalsy. You can never be sure that none of those wriggly, white roots are not lurking in the centre.

Thanks to your season with Tumbleweed, you can now begin to re-plant your ground. Books and catalogues encour-age you to draw a master plan of irregularly rounded groups of plants. They suggest a den-sity of five plants to a square yard and sometimes offer you their special pre-drawn pack-age, quite often called a "Gay-border Offer." Avoid Gaybor-ders at all costs. If you multiply out the total at this density your border will be as expensive as a good carpet and

now, most nurseries are looking for £1.65 upwards. No same gardener trusts the RPI and insane gardeners, like myself, have not matched the

blind, I set myself a rule of a maximum of one of anything, unless I know that I love it and cannot increase it easily. Last month, I bought two Jeffersonias, and not only because I had never expected to find them in East Sussex. Like all rules, this one tends to be broken, but it is regretted always.

In this mild weather, I have

been lifting and splitting my best new arrivals during 1988. Twenty-five pieces came from which would now cost £1.70, and 15 pieces from a buttercup, which seemed expensive at £2. You all read the rest of the FT closely: what else did the financiers buy for you in 1988 that has grown 20-fold in value?

So, buy one at a time and reckon to throw out some of the experiments. Catalogues are great seducers, and so they do not always live up to their promise after the event. Some of my favourites were bought in ignorance when even the nursery had not seen the point of them.

Ideally, each single stock plant should begin with a year in a special bed, fed and tended suitably. Shrewd strategists suitably. Shrewd strategists should order their basic stock in the same year that they start weed-killing, but should keep the stock well away from the flower-bed under treatment. Starting in 1989, you can poison with one hand and propagate with the other, plant up in 1990, save a fortune and ose very little time.

much less permanent.
In 1961, plants used to cost are most shrubs and hardmen 1/7d; in 1972, they cost 20p; wooded plants, the garden's wooded plants, the garden's permanent backbone. Here, you can profit from two good resolutions, again often broken. Take the big decisions first: which shrubs, which cost of their gardening with the haywire state of their "investments."

The right tactic is to order fewer of each plant and be sure that you like it. When buying these basic elements only Above all, do not over-esti-

mate your needs. I always do and I bet that you are no better. It needs an iron nerve to space the single twig of a new magnetia at an interval which allows it to become a tree in 12. allows it to become a tree in 12 years. Errors are needlessly expensive and hard to correct.

I have often been thankful for the line drawings of shrubs' eventual outline and the guide



to most of their spreads in Arthur Hellyer's Shrubs in Colour (when re-printed in 1971, mine cost 51.50, way under the official RPI ever since.) Public libraries still have it. The drawings are so much more heinful than the romantic col-our photographs of modern' books, which do not show a simple mark of scale for fear of spoiling the image.

Why does everyone over-plant? Partly it is impatience, partly (I now think) a difference between town and country. In towns, most gardens are so small that keen gardeners cram in everything and feed it

when the flowery planting is frantically. They live with the well advanced. collision of as much, or as litthe, as survives the cast and tricycles. The shrubs are pruned very hard climbers for toon everything, and the result is a semi-tropical tribute to the owners' ingenuity.

In the country gardeners are less melodramatic about the whole business. They are planting in a landscape, not staging a set. However, they have sometimes battled in towns or they know people who do so; they are in a hurry (the neighbours have usually built something beastly) and so they over-plant from habit and peace of mind. It is much wiser, and cheaper, to stick to wher, had the approved dimen-sions: the catalogue of John Scott, the Royal Nurseries, Merriott, Somerset, also gives a good guide to a shrub's spread.
What, then, happens in the
intervening gaps? Either you
spray the ground from the shrubs' second year onwards or, better, you amuse yourself with fantastic extravagance, preferably from seed packets. Biannuals are marvellous fillers as are forgloves, verbas-cums and the old yellow tree lupin. These fillings are grown

roun seed integer and grown easily from seed not feel guilty at pulling them out after a few years, as they were outs seed lings from an 80p parket. In 1972, of course, that packet would have cost 8p, but the feelings of smilt have cost 8p. feeling of guilt has not increased at the same rate as the cost of seeds.

Country Notes healing quality, capa-hle of repairing swiftly the damage done the day before. The trees and

In pursuit of a piscine predator

with frost, the sky pale blue, the air still. Your breath gone had nothing in its character to drive away the dreadful sensations of biliousness and self-disgust which afflicted me as a result of festive feasing. It was warm and grey and medioshould hang in clouds and there should be stamping of feet and vigorous rubbing of Sadly, the rules governing the species of weather to be expected at particular times cre meteorologically.

However, things could have

seem to be going down the been a lot worse. I could have plughole. Summers are wet, been trembling at the approach of another enforced bout of feasting. So, it was something winters mild, antumns are hot and springs have disappeared altogether. And this day just to be going fishing. And this soft, settled weather is just right for pike. It seems to stimulate their appetites, whereas sudden falls in temperature 1989 NATIONAL bring on torpor and contempt

HUNT for the angler's artifices.

I arrived at the river bank FESTIVAL 14-15-16 MARCH bearing the Christmas dinner of which the pike's dreams PLINCE SOCIETY ESSENTEA for Club—all 3 days—and Tattersalls on Thursday must be made. As food for humans, I cannot say much for the rank and oily sprat. But as CHELTENHAM bait for the pike, it is incompa-

easy to fish with and deadly.

I met Stephen at the water-side. He was accompanied by a demt boy who had not fished for pike before. When I con-fided to him that I had left some vital piece of equipment at home, he told me I should make a list, to avoid elementary errors. What I should have done was to stake him out in the weir pool, as ground bait.

I directed Stephen to the second-best spot on this stretch of the river, a turbulent eddy at the side of the weir pool. I went a little way on to the best spot, a hole formed where a side-stream prepares to meet the main current. One after-noon, the gardener took from it five fish between 15 and 27 lb. Its green, slow-moving water is pregnant with promise.

cheerful, tubby float and the ensemble lobbed into the middie of the hole. This float-fishing for pike can be a gripping affair, when the fish are in the

mood. It is done normally with a live bait, which is barbarous. I have found the dead bait just as effective.

Hardly had my float hit the

A juicy, smelly sprat was water than it shot away and soon suspended beneath a my rod bent in battle. I turned

to call for Stephen's help, only to see him in a similar fix. But the nephew scurried about with the net to good effect, and both fish soon were thrashing around in a large keepnet immersed in a quiet corner. By the time I had landed a second pike from the same hole, I became aware that my

inner being was on the mend. The nausea had departed and I felt almost human. My brother - he at whose tabla I had gorged myself so shamefully -arrived with dark potent Cala-brian wine and legs of turkey. An hour or two before, I would have dismissed the possibility of my ever again having a meaningful relationship with a turkey. Now, I fed and drank and agreed that this was the way Boxing Day should be

I spent an hour or two of the early afternoon trying to lure a

chub. I cast my lump of lun-cheon meat into the smooth water below the ash tree where, a fortnight before, I had caught three fat fellows up to 4 Ib. This time, though, there was no jerk of the rod tip, no pluck at the bait. Perhaps the

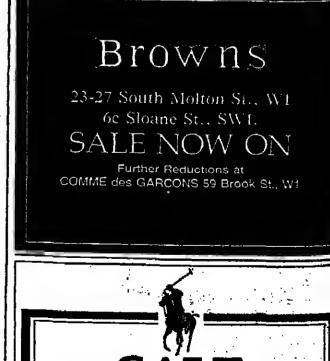
chub had been overdoing the Yuletide feasting, too.

There was just time, before the gloom gathered into darkness, to return to the hole and dangle another sprat therein.

Again my float whizeed away, and accommon the real mode its and again my reel made its

protesting music. We had 10 for the day, the best just over 8 lb. Although the big ones stayed aloof, it was almost ceaseless action of one sort or another. They fight respectably, these river pike, and, with their predatory lines and muted colouring, make a pleasing sight on the grass.

The impudent boy caught his first one and was heard to ask if it was always so easy. He was admonished sternly - but try explaining to a 10-year-old that it would stop being fun if it happened every time.





Try this walking stick on wheels

THE STRIDA, photographed here, is one of the nestest, most compact hieyeles I have come across, Entirely British-made (by Strida down in Grencester), it seems like the perfect answer for those who like their blees to be nortable. The forms is weighted. by 18 ins and you can push it along rather like a walking stick on wheels. it into the boot of a very small car or carry it aboard a train. Austin Reed of 103-113, Regent Boating people, travelling people or just everyday Street, London W1, has a model on show and it can be ordered from there (it arrives in its own neat little box) for with his their oldes to be portable. The frame is mainl strong, light aluminium so that, altogether, the whole thing weighs no more than 22 lbs. When folded (which the manufacturers claim you can do in just seven seconds), it measures 44 ins by £1 ins just £189. If you want further technical details, write to Strida Ltd, Northway House, orthway, Cirencester,

NOW THAT French polishers seem to be, if not an extinct species, then almost certainly a dying one, most of us have to tackle our own minor repairs to our furnitare. If any kind of real life goes on in your home, then some of your furniture almost certainly has some stains and heat marks,

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other aftermaths that eating. drinking and everyday living conspire to leave behind. Tackle them with Furniture Reviver — two of us in this office have polished away at some of our stains and marks and it really does seem to work almost miraculously well. Do not ask me how — the press release tells me that

Useful for city chaps to

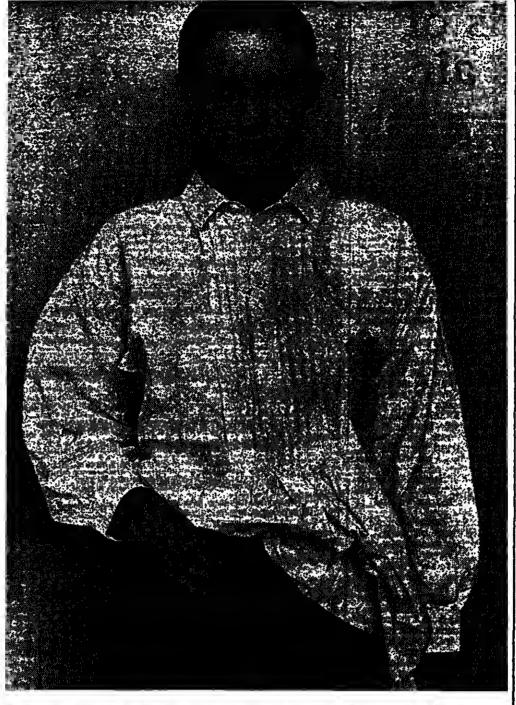
brave the slush and wet are rubber overshoes. Although

that actually penetrates the surface of the wood, lifts out the stain and repolishes the surface." It really seems to do what it says and costs £13.95, inclusive of packing and postage, by mail only from Anthony Green & Co, Linton House, 39-51 Highgate Road, London NW5 17L.

ordinary pair of city shoes -

it is "an entirely new formula

SO FAR this winter we've had it easy, climatically speaking. Nothing deep and crisp and it does seem strange that they are so difficult to find. Now, however, you can buy them easily by mail from Ashdown Overshoes, 13 West End Terrace, Winchester, even, lots of warm and damp and grey. The worst is yet to shire (tel. 0962-52816). Made from 100 per cent black rubber, with non-slip soles, they are available in sizes 6-12 much worn abroad, especially in the US and Scandinavia, they are hard to track down in Britain and haven't caught. at £8.99 a pair, inclusive of p+p. To order, send your on. Given how practical they are — they are light, easy to pack into a briefcase and can shoe size. There are also versions for kids in bright red, yellow and blue in three sizes: be slipped on over a perfectly small (7-9), medium (9-11) and large (12-1) all £4.99 inclusive



TRADITIONAL designs, whether in clothing or in artefacts, that have survived the test enturies are often the ones that give the most long-lasting pleasure. While more fashionable numbers enjoy a brief honeymore period and then are discarded when their

period and then are discarded when their delights begin to pall, it is the old-established, the tried and tested, designs that usually form the staple of most successful wardrobes.

Julia Woodham-Smith, an erstwhile management consultant, decided that a mail order company that concentrated on nothing but the best traditional clothing from all over the world would be bound to appeal to all those who, like her, love the grand old classics and warm to the hand-made and the one-off. She has, therefore, combed the world for the best indigenous traditional clothing.

before buying. Although the designs might be very old, the pieces had to have a classic look that would fit into contemporary lifestyles; thus, anything too folksy or too ethnic had to be left out. Second, everything had to be hand-made so that each and every

piece would be slightly different. Finally, although everything is made by indigenous craftspeople in their own countries (and she wanted to give them fair prices for their work), she has tried hard to make sure the clothes all offer good value. Typically, a shirt would cost about £30. Given that they are usually in pure cotton and often include some hand tucking, pleating or embroidery, this is indeed.

Her company, Wealth of Nations, is very new. For the moment, its star offers are probably a Mexican weading shirt (£30 for en or women in plain white cotton, which I prefer, but it also comes with colourful embroidery, £35) and the pleated shirt from rural Hungary (£30, photographed above) which comes in a thick, creamy cotton. Comin later are Chinese silk satin pylamas with matching dressing gown, Hungarian skirts and waistcoats, Spanish riding hats and Guatemalan leather boots. For further details, a free catalogue and an order form, write to Wealth of Nations, 37 Tedworth Square, London SW3 4DW. (tel. 01-823-3589).

Food for Thought

Time the stars fell to earth

HAVING JUST returned from Paris, my thoughts are tuned to the chef's star system and its effect on our lives. I am not Michelin star system: that has its detractors but, in general, I am not one. Michelin is nonymous and very austere: its entry for a three-star place (the best) is no longer, no more fulsome and no more descriptive than for a one-star.

Only the little list of specialities given for all starred establishments descends from symbols into ordinary prose. Even here, some chefs, apparently determined that their entry should remain as anonymous and uninformative as possible simply put "Specialites suiva saison" and leave it at that. The specialities never had a lot of meaning for the touring

gastronome, anyway.
The Gault & Millau guide
(from which Gault seems to have dropped out) has picked up from where Michelin always left off; it is chattv. slangy, knowing, and inevitably involves a lot of talking to, and about, chefs and proprietors.

I suppose that all professions have their stars, although only accountants or arbitrage become known to the public at large, But chefs? I am amazed at how often people drop the name Paul Bocuse for me to pick up. Bocuse is a master of publicity.

A couple of years ago, I went to a gastronomic celebration in New York at which I noticed Mayor Ed Koch, car chief John de Lorean and actor Danny Kaye as well as lots of beautiful women. But the nudging and the "psst-psst" among the other guests really started when Bocuse arrived. The Hollywood "star

system" began when managers found that people often went to films because of who was in them rather than for any more analytical reason. So, it became necessary to manufacture stars as a marketing tool. The restaurant business has no need of this

kind of policy. I think New York is even more star-struck about its chefs than Paris, but there's not much in it. People who are naturally star-struck will like it and others will resist it have on the food? Well, some. There is a kind of cook whose food is conservative ordinary, even - but lifted out of routine by skill and attention to detail. Such skilful. but modest performers tend not to become stars until one day they try the effect of a bit of apricot jam with the pigeon and bingo, they're on everybody's lips. Back to square one and my New Year

in Paris. I thought then about star cooks because everybody talks about them and because I dined at Michel Rostang in the rue Rennequin in the 17e. Here is a star if ever you saw one: not only a very smart Paris place (two Michelin stars) but his father has a place in Antibes which, a few years ago, had three stars in Michelin (today, it has two). Let us say the Rostangs are a dynasty. And I was

disappointed. Nice food, attentive young boys waiting. But Rostang's star contribution? It was classical, refined, clean, not at all tarty or pushy. The meal began with a few oysters served "à la gelés de langoustines". Well, the oysters did have something on them, a bit of juice, a few blobs of something that looked interesting. But was it worth

Would you put a languustine jelly, always supposing you could make such a thing, on an oyster? The result was not bizarre — as it would have been, say, if there had been pureed bananas on the langoustines — but it didn't

give us anything worth telling our friends about. We were having the "menu degustation" which always gives you a small amount of everything good the chef has on offer. In the best places, it gives you about seven opportunities to sample the chef's genius instead of the usual three. So, there being nothing special about the oysters, there were about six chances left for Rostang to show his paces. There was a roast piece of skate: quite interesting to roast skate instead of the things we usually do with it. But the result was rather boring.



Was he reinforcing his star status rather than selling me a good dinner? Obviously, he is a man of both resource and imagination: was he using his paying customers to conduct

There were some langoustines "à la ficelle de pommes de terre." By the time the langoustines were on my plate, all trace of potato had disappeared. The langoustines seemed to be hot, baked, plain and, if I might say so, rather dry. I shan't go on. There are few things more boring than someone telling you at considerable length about his little disappointments.

My theme is, I hope, is now becoming clear. Cookery is a minor art, rather like Guerard roasts and smokes a lobster in the bearth, he is inventing something new that works. Inventing novelties that don't is another matter.

I can understand Rostang's thinking: "I shall be innovative and original, not just in putting kiwi fruit and raspberry vinegar on the meat but in the fundamentals of my food; I will rethink the art of cooking." A lot of people are trying to rethink not the art but the science of cooking and, yes, microwaves are the fruits of their labours. But, among chefs, the star system encourages the feeling that innovation in the art of cooking - recipe and menu composition - are the mark of a true master.

Do we remember Thomas Chippendale because he was a great innovator or becau he made beautiful and durable pieces? Chefs and guide editors have got to think less about poetry or music and a bit more about furniture.

Peter Lewis



Cookery Sunday, lovely Sunday

Philippa Davenport suggests some alternatives to the roast

UNDAY LUNCH is one of my favourite meals and the comfort of it seems particularly welcome at this low ebb of the year, haunted by post-Christmas blues. The faintly chilly close the district of the pear of elegance of dinner parties strikes me as inappropriate just now. A cosy gathering of good friends and a solid, no-nonsense Sunday lunch menu seem much more reassuring. I love Sunday Iunch, not

only because of the traditional sorts of foods served but also because Sunday afternoon stretches ahead afterwards. Time for the virtuous and eneretic to walk off any ill-effects getic to walk off any ill-effects that the good food and drink may have caused. Time for those not plagued by dogs needing to be exercised to indulge in the gentler postprandial art of lazing in arm-

chairs, reading, or snoozing under the Sunday papers. I tend to agree with those who believe that if it is Sunday it must be a roast, and I reckon January a particularly good month for pork. It is excellent month for pork. It is excellent cooked in the best British fashion until noisily-golden with-crackling, and it is almost bet-ter — if you will forgive the heresy — when pot-roasted succulently minus the rind.

At the risk of incurring fur-ther wrath from those addicted to the conventional trinity of crackling roast pork, roast potatoes and apple sauce, I rec-ommend slightly less rich and less obvious alternatives. For fruity sharpness, I suggest a sauce along the lines of a classic sauce bigarade but minus the sweetening effect of the port or orange liqueur and with the added citrus kick of a handful of sliced and poached

kumquats. Complement this with the earthiness of lentils, preferably tiny, slate-green ones from Le Puy. Cook them in light stock aromatised with a smidgeon of garlic and the juice and zest of an orange, and serve plenty of good bread on the side. For a Sunday lunch party, it might be preferable to abandon SELELEY HOUSE PORK the roast in favour of a dish involving preparation that is

less demanding and less messy for the cook. Casseroles are the easiest choice and can be wonderfully good, but they tend to lack the special sense of occasion we associate with Sunday A steak and kidney pudding with pigeon or game rarely fails to win applause with its

rich, savoury taste and Dicken-sian good looks, and it is an admirably practical dish if the filling is cooked in a casserole a day ahead. This practice enables you to check the gravy for consistency and flavour before sealing it in the pastry-lined basin, and the rela-tively brief steaming time needed produces an agreeably light suet crust that is never I give another recipe sugges-

tion below. It is a remarkably effortless dish and every lota of the workload can be done

the workload can be done ahead, leaving you as free as air on the Sunday.

Normally, I follow the main course with a salad of seasonal greenery and cheese, but for-Sunday lunch I find myself harking back to the British custom of serving cheese with a jug of celery, oatcakes and water biscuits (praferably-home-made) AFTER, not before, the pudding.

I never serve a first course at Sunday lunch but some people like to when it is a party, rather than a family, affair. If you must have one, I suggest something light and fairly slight such as a warm leek and walnut salad, or chicory Polonaise, or a Jerusalem artichoke and parsley vinaigrette with

Avoid anything very substantial; otherwise, there is no way you'll be able to do proper justice to the pudding (and many would argue that pud-ding is, or should be, the real raison d'etre for Sunday lunch). More about puds in this col-

baking dish which holds it snugly and tuck the prunes (serves 6) These days, regrettably, the average pork chop often makes dull and dry eating. Here, the meat is marinated, then braised slowly for the sake of

succulence. It is a deliciously succeeding the second to the second to harm if cooked for quite a bit longer than indicated, or it can be cooked ahead completely and reheated for serving. The best accompaniments are a thin, smooth potato purée, or boiled and lightly buttered noodles, and plenty of peppery

Six pork chops or loin steaks; three large oranges; one dozen prunes; one onion; six ounces mushrooms; a little oil and seasoned flour; thyme and Dijon mustard; three-quarters pint stock; four-five

Trim the rind and surplus fat from the meat. Sprinkle with a good grinding of black pepper, pour on the juice of the cranges and add a good pinch of citrus zest. Marinate the eat for about 24 hours, turning it once or twice. Drain the pork, reserving the

liquid. Dry carefully and dust with a little seasoned flour. Brown and seal the meat in a non-stick pan barely filmed with hot oil, then lay it in a here and there in between the pieces of meat. Quarter the onion and slice thinly. Soften slightly and tuck it round the meat. Slice the mushrooms, sauté them briefly (adding no extra oil to the pan) and lay them on top of the pork. "Wash out" the frying pan with the stock and the marinade liquid. When the mixture comes to

When the mixture comes to the boil, season it with salt, pepper and thyme and pour it gently into a corner of the meat dish. The liquid should not immerse the pork but come nearly level with the top of it. Cover the dish tightly and bake at 300F orjust over (150C, gas mark two) for AT LEAST 2% hours — maybe 3% hours or more — until the meat is beautifully tender.

beautifully tender.

Use a bulb-baster to pour off the liquid and fast-boil it until reduced by nearly half. Beat the cream with one tablespoon mustard in a small bowl. Stir in a spoonful or two of the hot, very savoury gravy, then blend the mixture into the rest of the gravy and heat again briefly.

Pour the sauce over the pork Cover and keep hot until ready to serve. Garnish with watercress or paraley for added colour just before bringing the

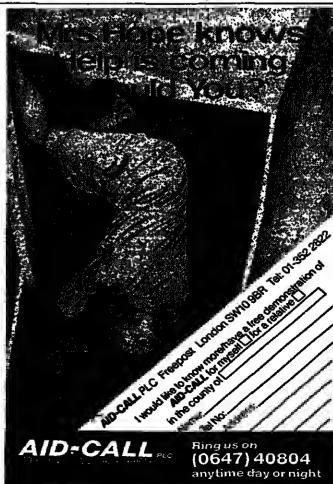
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today's listener of Paer's alightly older contenporary. This Achille is conceived on a grand
scale, expressing lofty — but always human —
sentiments. Moreover, the orthestration is fich
and imaginative; and the large-scale arias also
fall agreeably on the ear.

The shrewd and good-looking staging by Pai
Halmen (who was also the production's
designer) ingeniously gave a sense of
larger-than-life to the action, without causing
any discord between the grand stage action
and the intimate dimensions of the Teatro Rossini itself (a capacity, I would judge, of about
450).

The mostly young cast was ahis to move with expansive style, with no bluster or awkwardness. The gifted and pretty apprano Ginsy Devinu was battling influenza (like half of Italy), but still managed to sing with impressive authority and sense of style: she was a Briseis enslaved but unbowed. And opposite her, the tenor Iorio Zennaro (previously heard in Rossini in Pesaro) was an impassioned Achilles, allowing a vein of romanticism to run through the neo-classical world of the libretto.

to run intuing the necessarian to run libretto.

The baritone Paolo Gavanelli (Agameunon), who has sung in Germany but is not known in Italy, turned out to be a revelation: the voice is big, bot pliant; and, in a fairly ungrateful role, the young singer created a convincing character. Smaller roles (notable the High Priestess of Valeria Esposito) were strongly cast.

The conductor was Thio Gottl, who also prepared the performing score, involving years of patient research. His profound feeling for the music was everywhere evident, and he soon had the Bologna orchestra playing with proper grace and power. The score was a joy to hear, and, thanks to Halmen's simple, but lovely designs, the production was a joy to see.

end, thanks to Haimen's simple, but soely designs, the production was a joy to see.

Lugo — in the fertile plain between Bologna and Ravenna — is not exactly on the standard opera circuit; but a visit to the teatro Rossini is

Rare opera in Lugo

Ferdinando Paër's 'Achille' has been revived for the first time in this century. William Weaver reports

A century or more ago, musical — or, at least, operatic — life in Italy was much more wide-spread than it is today. Even the smallest towns had an annual season, and in many places with a fairly limited population, handsome opera houses were built as evidence of local pride and culture. In our own day, all too many of these charming theatres have been destroyed or turned into cinemas or — now that the cinema's condition is even more critical than opera's — closed down and left to decay.

decay.

This was, more or less, the history of the Teatro Rossini in Lugo, originally hulit in the 18th century, restored several times in the 19th, and then — since the years just after World War II — abandoned. But three or four years ago the authorities of Lugo decided to restore the Rossini to its former elegance. That restoration, conducted with admirable taste and tact, is now almost complete; and once again Lugu

is now almost complete; and once again Lugo has a regular, if brief, opera season. Though, to Italians, Lugo is best-known as a commercial and agricultural centre (famous for its annual livestock fair), it also has a strong

operatic tradition. Rossini - after whom its theatre is named - was born in Pesaro; but

theatre is named — was born in Pesaro; but Lugo was the birthplace of his father, grandfather, and other forebears; and here the great composer spent some musically formative childhood years.

The inaugural season of the restored theatre included a Rossini work, but this year's repertory consists of a Domizetti double bill and — playing during the Christmas season — a great rarity: the Achille of Ferdinando Paër, being revived for the first time in this century.

To lovers of opera Paër's name is familiar, but his music is not. Some years are, a revival

but his music is not. Some years ago, a revival in Parma (his native city) of his Leonora (imme-diate predecessor of Fidelio) revealed a com-poser with fluent invention and secure skill, a

Different kinds of drama on the air

F THE estimated 25m listeners to the BBC's World Service, it is reckoned that about im listen in the UK. "Radical" changes in the service, to use Managing Director John Tusa's adjective, have been made since November, mostly in the realm of newe and current affairs. An entirely fresh news programme, Newshour has been introduced daily at 10 pm. I have heard a tape of a characteristic bulletin; it'a not unfa-miliar in style to us addicts of The World this Weekend, but with perhaps more attention to affairs abroad. No radical courtesies are paid to the UK million in the Radio Times, not even a frequency. (648 Khz is

the one.)
The other changes will be The other changes will be known to the 25m by now, but one point to be made is that the standard of drama seems as good as ever. The half-dozen Globe Theatre plays in the autumn (also given by Radio 4 on Sunday afternoons) were fine drama well cast and directed. Then last Sunday (though not on Radio 4) there was The Tempost with John was The Tempest with John

Gielgud as Prospero.

When I say we had The Tempest last Sunday, I am exaggerating: we had half of it. The other half will be tomorrow. The director, Walter Acosta, has varied the order of some of the scenes, no doubt to render the arguments more accessible to audiences whose English is, for the most part, not their

for the most part, not their first language.
So we begin with Prospero hullying Ariel in Scene Two ("How now? Moody?") when that "brave spirit" reckons he has earned his promised liberty. Listeners with an incomplete understanding of the text might well need the relationship of the two made clear at ship of the two made clear at once. Myself, I think it puts. Prospero in a poor light; but I recall that in his National Theatre performance of 1974 I

When the threats have been made and Ariel (Sam Dastor) seut off, we hear the storm against which he may perform sent off, we near the storm against which he may perform all the feats he is charged with. At its end, Prospero and Miranda (Karen Ascoe) have their family talk, where Gielgud sounds more genially intimate than he did at the National. Then ha can be ungenial again with Caliban (Bernard Hepton), who, after our romantic glance at Sebastian, falls in with Trinculo and Stephano. The drunken trio staggers off, and we are introduced to the royal party. "My lord shall know what I have done," Ariel interposes, and listeners have a week to look up the text, starting at Act 3, Scene L They have a treat waiting for them.

The Caribbeanesque scene of Radio 3's A Kind of Arden by Martin Crimp last Saturday might have beeu Prospero's island run to seed. Mrs Tighe sits by the botel awimming pool while honeymooning Max and Poppy swim. You're so lucky to honeymoon in such a

and Poppy swim. You're so lucky to honeymoon in such a

lucky to honeymoon in such a beautiful place, she says to Poppy. Last night I saw distant lights by the beach, so lovely, like a kind of Arden.

The friendly talk is full of loaded lines. Mr Tighe has lost the use of his arms, and he can't keep his food down. Max doesn't think children should he horn to add to suffering. doesn't think children should be born to add to suffering. Then he tells of the walk he and Poppy had made, under a barbed-wire fence on to a tip where primitive people live in poverty, sitting among their fires. They asked, he says, not for money but for love — it's a matter of vowel-change.

Max and Poppy have no love

Max and Poppy have no love for anyone, though; when Mrs Tighe asks them to try and get heip for ber husband, they can only advise soaking his bread in milk. Or wine. This was a typical Crimp miniature, a slice of ordinary life thick with

thought Gielgud a less than kind-hearted duke. hidden threats. Patricia Rou-kind-hearted duke. Lledge, Rob Edwards and Amanda Royle played it beautifully under Matthew Walters's

direction. Since their version of Pepys's Diary in 5-minute extracts for LBC that I wrote about a year or more ago, I have heard parts of other independent Radio Drama Produc-tions' serials, though geogra-phy keeps me from following any of them throughout. They have sent me tapes of the whole of their Frankenstein, due to conclude on January 17; due to concinue on samuary 11, so, though I can't gauge the dramatic tension you get from five minutes a day, at least I can assess the adaptation and the performance.
Richard Shannon and Tim

Crook have kept faithful to Mary Shelley, beginning their story in a bar where Walton is picking up crew for his expedi-tion to the North Pole (a scene that may mean nothing to the average Frankophile, and starts the tale too early). But when the crew see a 10-foot man careering over the ice, and pick up an exhausted pursuer, we are on the way, for Victor Frankenstein's tale is then properly told through his notebooks, and so we have it

Mike MacCormack plays the monster, every bit as sad as Mary Shelley wanted him, and Crawford Logan is Frankeustein. Almost everything and everyone else is Shannou and Crook, and Richter plays the incidental music. The 5-minute curtain-lines were not always easy to spot from my continuous performance, but the tension was there, though it slackened now and then.

Transmission goes out on LBC's Steve Jones Show.

Whether this suits listeners is for LBC to decide but the for LBC to decide, but the claimed audience is almost 1m. and that suggests a hit.

B.A. Young



Guisy Devinu (Briseis) and Paolo Gavanelli (Agamemnon)

worthy cousin of Beethoven; the shadow of Beethoven looms also over this slightly earlier Achille (Vienna, 1801) but it does not obscure the work's individuality and power. It is the berole nobility of the opera that reminds

Records Poet and princess

Offenbach: Les Contee d'Hoffmann. Serra, Plowright, Norman, Murray, Taillon, Shi-coff, Van Dam, Tear, Duesing. Chorus and orchestra of the Monnaie, Brussels/Cambreling. EMI 3 CDs. 7 49641 2. Puccini: Turandot (excerpts recorded live at Covent Garrecorded live at Covent Gar-den). Turner, Favero, Albanese, Martinelli, Dua, Tomei/ROH cborus/LPO/Barbirolli. EMI(Références) Series I CD, tone, was given to a tenor, the Giulietta act was omitted on grounds of leugth. Valuable material was lost in theatre CDH 7610742.

Puccini: Turandot. Ricciarelli,
Hendricks, Domiugo, Raimondi. Vienna SO Chorus/Wiefires in Vienna and at the Com-

ique itself. Some sort of stability was some sort of stability was achieved by a production at the new Komische Oper in Berlin in 1905. This became the basis of the Choudens score subsequently published in Paris which includes two henceforward popular num-bers, Dapertutto's aria "Scin-tille, diamant" and the so-called septet, neither of them wholly by Offenbach. The barcarolle itself had been lifted by the composer from me earlier opera written for Vienna, the unsuccessful Die Rheinnixen. The unreliable Choudens score has remained the source for most Hoffmann pro-

Since the war, Hoffmann has been thoroughly re-examined. The couductor Antonio de Almeida unearthed valuable material in the possession of the family, while Fritz Oeser, who had performed a similar office for Bizet's Carmen, industriously collected sketches, first thoughts, alternative versions and fragments of earlier works which it was believed Offenbach might have pressed into service in Hoffmann, especially for the sketchy Giulietta act. Unfortunately, Hoffmann so rich in tunes, colour and atmosphere needs above all to pack a punch and produce gut reac-tions. The more you fiddle about with the score, attempthappens in this recording, in spite of the superior quality of much of the performance. It is too long and the drama sags. One feels that a fine performance is struggling, not wholly successfully, to get out from the beaut load of metefrom the heavy load of material. The new music for the double role of the Muse dis-guised as Hoffmann's chum Nicklausse (in the hope of controlling him) is a gain. But both the first act (or prologue) and the end of the fifth (or epilogue) seem interminable, while the hypothetical stiffen-ing of the Glulletta act, though the unfamiliar music has an aqueous charm, doesn't add up to much. It seems to slip into the Venetian canals like Schlémil's shadow. One misses the ballast of Dapertutto's aria

prissily in an appendix). There are many happy com-pensations. The fine-fingered orcbestral playing, for one thing. As Hoffmann Neil Schi-coff suggests that the poet has been burning the candle at both ends by sounding a note of increasing desperation while his singing remains clear and true. A reading of real distinc tion and charm. As the various incarnations of Hoffmann's evil genius (Lindorf, Coppelius, Doctor Miracle, Dapertutto) the admirable José van Dam is as masterly as one would expect - note the way he casts a sin-ister chill over his tone without distorting it.

and the septet (added rather

The women are less even in quality. Ann Murray is excel-lent as Muse/Nicklausse. Of Hoffmann's elusive loves far the best is Jessye Norman in the usually unrewarding role of Giulietta. Miss Norman

Octave Dua, a stalwart of Cov-ent Garden in those days. The superb voices of Eva Turner and Giovanni Martinelli are well matched in their burmsh, impregnable strength and evenness. Dame Eva, of course, bad already recorded "In Questa Reggia" separately and that reading has remained voices the music grandly but without flamboyance, lending a classic. Here, with the excitement of a live performance, the sweep is even grander. Marti-nelli's Calaf (these were the to the part a kind of tarnished grandeur that is most effective. Luciana Serra delivers some of only occasions he sang the role the doll Olympia's roulades on the stage) sounds not only regal but thoughtful. Alba-nese's solo is appealing. A pity they did not record Faven's with perfect limpldity. Others do not fare quite so well: in any case the doll song without the stage action is not much fun. Rosalind Plowright's stricken Antonia is so urgent

definitive form.

Many people were aware that a recording had been made of some scenes from the

Turandot performances during

the Coronation Season at Cov-ent Garden in 1937 and that for

various reasons they were not able to be issued. Now, at last,

they have appeared on a single CD in EMT's Références' Series.

Well worth waiting for, but a curious product all the same. Four excerpts ("In questa reg-gia," the riddle scene, Calars

two arias) were recorded twice,

on May 5 and 10 respectively, Lin's "Signore, ascotta" only once. The Lin on the first occa-sion was Mafalda Favero (only briefly heard, unfortunately),

on the second, Lucia Albanese.

in each case the second record-

ing is superior, and the second

riddle scene carries through to the end of the act, enabling older opera-goers to hear a few

phrases from the Emperor of

well worth the detour.

singing of the second aria; memory insists that she was a strong and positive Liù, not the usual little crumpled and dramatic that one longs for the voice to relax and clarflower. Deutsche Grammophon bas ify. Many less eminent tenors than Robert Tear have brought put Karajan's recording of 1982 more character to the four seron CD. First issued on three discs, it has now been com-pressed without apparent diffi-culty onto two. The sound of the Vienna Philharmonic is vants' roies. Among Giulietta's: disreputable hangers on one notices the Schlemil of Dale. Doesing. In spite of so many gorgeous — it infects the San-gerkuaben, who sound irre-deemably creamily Western. mnch-loved but perpetually unlucky opera may feel sadly that it has not yet found a

Katia Ricciarelli, strangely cast as Turandot, begins "In questa reggia" slowly, wist-fully, almost somnambulisti-cally. She certainly throws a new, interesting but hardlyconvincing light on the character. In the later stages of the opera we are a long way, to put it mildly, from the glorious security and thrust of Turner. The Liù of Barbara Hendricks is exquisite. Domingo's Calaf, warm-voiced, chivalroussounding and unerringly musical is surely as good as one could hear at this time. At the couclusion, when Alfano sloshes on the heavy brass, Karajan lets rip and the effect is more vulgar than usual. When will someone let us hear Alfano's original ending, kept under wraps until it was used for a concert performance of the opera in London some years back?

Ronald Crichton

Mad, wonderfully mad!

B.A. Young reviews David Pownall's adaptation of Dumas's The Three Musketeers at Bristol

tain, writing a document. It is a play, he confides. Then behind him the translucent curtain reveals the head of Milady; let the audience judge it, she advises.

It is clear at once what audience she, and David Pownall, who has made the adaptation from Dumas, have in mind. In only a moment Athos and D'Artagnan are duelling. As this is illegal, six of the Guards engage with them, and naturally ("all for one!") with the other Musketeers as well. Thres Musketeers and an enthusiastic young ally are more than a match for six Guards, and their triumphant conflict, superbly directed by Malcolm Ranson, sets the tone for an evening as exciting as it

Pownall has incorporated all the essentials of the tale — the mutual suspicion of Richelleu and King Louis XIII; the sinis-ter presence of Milady (Lady de Winter); the amorous adventures of the Duke of Buck-

by the Musketeers. Mostly these eminent swordsmen keep their fighting to the civil front and very fine it is, once spilling over into the aisle. At the siege of La Rochelle, they are more concerned with the quality of their rations.

I called the evening at the Theatre Royal, Bristol "comic," but it is partly a tongue-in-cheek comicness. A Musketeer in King Louis's private chambers becomes suspicious of an overloaded fruithow! He whims out his sword bowl. He whips out his sword and plunges it into the display; it scatters to reveal the head of a spy. The Queen knows exactly how to address a romantic interloper – "You are mad, mad, wonderfully mad!" she tells him. Any episode that can lead to a swordfight duly does so; even Milady has to wield a weapon at one

The play is magically directed by Paul Unwin, and delightfully acted. Bill Wallis plays Richelieu like some witty

point.

he lights go up on Richelien in his cardinal red, sitting in a chair before the curtain and his adoption house in the Austria; best of all, the memoirs, authoritarian but lively (though not much at D'Artagnan, and his adoption home in the armour that falls to him from the flies). Sian Webber makes Milady a working aristocrat; Caroline Lonco gives Anne of Austria the right edge of restrained romance a restraint that Chris Humphreys's bandsome Buckingham certainly falls to

> the three basic Musketeers, don't have parts calling for deep acting; their function is to be arrogant, loyal and splendid swordsmen, qualities that Malcolm Sinclair, Trevor Cooper and Nige! Cooke display expertly. As their new col-league D'Artagnan, Jason Con-nery is allowed an extra fanciful touch. Below his shoulder-length blond hair, he looks about 17, the real roman-tic hoy, and top autograph-hunt of the Bristol holiday sea-

Athos, Porthos and Aramis,

Sally Crabb has designed some comely sets, based on big sliding blocks, that can change a location in a moment; and there is witty music from Gary

ner Sängerknaben/Karajan. DG 2CDs. 423 855 2. HE new EMI Contes

ductions.

d'Hoffmann was recorded in Brussels with the orchestra of the Monnaie conducted with singular finesse by Sylvain Cambreling, a strong cast and a yery full text based on the critical edition of Fritz Oeser. Offenbach died a short while before the première in Paris (Opéra-Comique, 1881) leaving not only the orchestration but parts of the music incomplete. The removal of any composer at such a juncture is a blow; in Offenbach's case it was irreparable because he used to do the main revision at the latest possible stage, not only during the final rehearsals but the pre-

formances. This theatre animal of theatre animals believed that the proof of the pudding lay in the eating. He was ruthless in making what he called "bedides goupures" to tighten up the dramatic action: any-thing that was seen to drag or lose the attention of the audience was thrown out. Whether his alterations would have resembled those made at the Opéra-Comique after his death is another matter. The recitatives were scrapped in favour status to which it hardly of the apoken dialogue aspires, the more danger there required at this theatre, the

mière and even the early per-

is of the red blood trickling title-role, designed for a bari-Questions of attribution

Robin Duthy seeks out bargains in the salerooms

"The Lovers," a 16th century French School painting, bought for \$82,500 in New York this week

N THE art world attribu-tions are critical to val-ues, but there can be adorn a dinner-table; ink-stands may have risen more exceptions. If experts decide that a painting by a famous Old Master was done by studio assistants, its value will come crashing down. In the silver market that doesn't apply. People will pay a hefty premium for any piece by the great silversmith Paul de Lamerie even though be is believed to have bed of each of the present the lamerie over though the is the lamerie over though the silvers of the lamerie over though the second to have bed over the silvers of the lamerie over though the second to have been though the second to have t

believed to have had 40 or so employees and probably worked ou a fraction of the pieces that bear his mark.

I had this in mind when I found among the bargains at Christie's East in New York ou December 19 an elegant George III inkstand made by Samuel Herbert & Co in London in 1784. I "bought" It for £600 (\$1,000) and for several reasons

consider it a snip.

It was good enough to have been sold at Christie's main Park Avenue saleroom, but the vendor wanted a quick sale so it was rubbing shoulders with some quite ordinary silver at Christie's second string sale-room over on the East Side. At Park Avenue it might have fetched a lot more.

The growth-rate for English silver has been running at an annual average of 12 per cent rising faster for pieces that

slowly, but with the resurgence of the fountain-psu I expect attractive 18th century examples to keep up with the field.

The Scottish Colourists — Peploe, Cadell, Hunter and Fergusson — have had a steady following in Scotland since the 1920s, though even in 1970 prices were mostly in the middle bundreds. Dealers recently swoopsd on this neglected group and prices have doubled in the last year alone. The overall rise since 1975 stands at an astonishing 1450 per cent. Yet prices are still not high in relation to other minor

post impressionists and I there-fore "bought" "The Two Crofts, Iona" by F.C.B. Cadell for £28,600 at Christie's Glasgow Scotland's golden age of painting ran from about 1750 to 1820, followed by a dark age in

which the mood of most painting was horribly sentimental. With the possible exception of William McTaggart, the first glimmers of light came in the 1880s with the group known as

the Glasgow Boys.

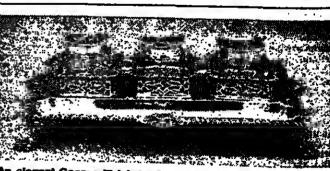
The breakthrough then came
with the Colourists. They with the Colourists. They assimilated van Gogb, Cezanne and Gauguin and after working els of its French counterparts,

in Paris and Provence were the first to represent Scottish land-scape with the robustness and subtlety it called for. Cadell divided his time between Iona and Edinburgh. His brilliant Edinburgh interiors can fetch 250,000 and more, but it is the deeply felt — and for the moment less expensive — views of Iona that show Cadell at his most compelling.

The Rue du Bac in the Letin Quarter of Paris still has a handful of worthwhile antique shops. Jacqueline Boccador at number 22 specialises in early European furniture and sculpture. Last week she had several pieces that I would join the Foreign Legion to own.

I finally settled on a 17th century Spanish writing-table for which I "paid" £9000 (100,000 francs). Its top is a single walnut slab, about four and a half foot by two and a half, of glorious rich colour. The three drawers rest on turned supports which are joined by the traditional iron stretchers.

Spanish furniture is too austere for many tastes, and would come a poor third to French and English furniture in most homes, yet this piece seems to combine strength and



An elegant George III inkstand made by Samuel Herbert & Co. in London, 1764, sold for \$1,000 in New York

not least because the craftsmanship was less good, but it will be affected by the growing Spanish economy. Prices are already higher in Spain than in London or Paris and in the medium term the outlook is

Finally, I "bought" for £47,000 (\$82,500) on a 16th century French School painting auctioned by Christie's in New York on Jenuary 11th. Entitled "The Lovers," it was de-accessioned by the Metropolitan Museum of Art, presumably because it is below their exhi-bition standard.

I can see why; the paint is thin in places, but, more than that, the arm with the hand holding the spectacles joins awkwardly to the woman's body. The painting derives from a print dated 1579 which shows the original subject was Youth and Age with the woman handing the spectacles. symbolising old age, to a third

For all its defects, I think this a bargain at £47,000. The young man with his stuming red hat is holding the woman in a serious, tender embrace, giving the whole painting an almost medieval aura.

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Gauguin: instinct with symbolism

William Packer in Paris reviews the new exhibition at the Grand Palais

HE sequence of mag-nificent exhibitions at the Grand Palais, on the great French painters of the 18th and 19th centuries, continues from today with a full study of the life's work of Paul Gauguin.
As so often nowadays, this is a joint exercise of major institutions abroad, and so Gauguin. guin comes to Paris (until April 24: sponsored there by Olivetti) having already been shown is Washington and Chicago. We may regret that such things do not come to London, but London too has its exclusive treats and Paris is but 200 miles away.

Gauguin was undoubtedly a great artist, and not simply for the quality and originality of

Self-portrait with a yellow Christ

HE DAYS of sitting comfortably knowing what will begin have long gone at London's Institute of Contemporary

Arts, whose newly launched "Ripple Effect" programme is set to wash conventional

demarcation lines still further

out to sea. This year-long

series of performances in prog-ress was made possible by an

enlightened £10,000 sponsor-ship from Thames Television. The monthly programmes of

two or three presentations

began typically on Monday

with three women from different generations and areas of

performance. Most engaging

was Bobby Baker, a graduate of St Martin's who developed a speciality in edible art before foresaking it for motherhood nearly a decade ago, and who

is now proving she can have her cake and eat it with perfor-

experience on board. "One does

get quite used to drama as a mother," she remarks, as she

proscribes her performance

thene sheet.

area with a serviceable poly-

The need for it soon becomes

clear as she begins to "paint"

- the fleshy impressions of
four humbs of beef are followed

by whooshes of lish pie, Guin-ness and treacle, ingredients of a mother's life. "I don't like

waste," ehe announces proudly, stacking empty con-

tainers neatly in the carrier

bags whence they came like a conscientious picnicker, before

removing her already sulfied shoes to wriggle her toes through the party-coloured

This first piece, Drawing on a Mother's Experience, has the benefit of a previous airing, whereas her second, Chocolate

Money; an astuts tongue-in-cheek essay on con-fectionery capitalism, is a work in progress, which is what Rip-ple Effect is all about Bobby

Baker is typical of the performance community in her defi-ance of received boundaries.

As an artist she harks back to the unstructured exuberance of

lackson Pollock but as a per-

former she is her own woman.

Like the better-known Rose

English, she uses her personality as a building block on

which she nails themes and

variations — a process symbol-ically expressed at the end of Mother's Experience, when she

rolls harself up in her besmirched art work and dances with considerable diffi-

culty off the stage.

The refreshing irreverence of

Bobby Baker was offset by the high seriousness of her fellow-

performers. Elsie Mitchell,

newly emerged from Glasgow School of Art, presented a tan-talising plece of work closely related to concrete poetry, which bounced slide projec-

tions off water to create a drift-

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- Trick

end wife.

his work, but in his influence, both immediate and in the lon-ger term. His was one of the determining influences upon the course of modernism in its first great period, and to con-sider his achievement today, in its totality, is to wonder at its continuing vitality and rele-vance. After a decade that has seen so much figurative expressionism and symbolism revived in flatulent pastiche, to see the real thing was never so

Yet Ganguin has always been an awkward artist. Always forceful and aggressive even at his most seductive and hedonistic, he is an artist more to respect than positively to admire and enjoy. Much of the problem comes with the development of the work lying so close to the story of the life. As with Van Gogh, Modigitani and Soutine and many more, the myth of the heroically self-destructive artist too easily inter-feres with the reading of the actual achievement.

Gauguin's career, far from sing concentrated into a few short years, was various, epi-sodic and extended over more than 20. What one knows by direct experience of his work has depended largely on what any particular collection might hold. Some artists readily declars themselves in exerc. declare themselves in everything they do, but hitherto one has constantly encountered Gauguin absorbed in the work of the moment, with the essential, unifying intuition by no

means apparent.

The great virtue of this exhibition is that it now allows us to take in the whole sweep of the work, in Paris and Brittany and the South Seas and at last to see that for all the apparent shifts and differences, the development is steady and the development is steady and the essential sensibility the same. The sum is rather greater than the parts. Gauguin was born in 1848 and turned to painting only in his middle 20s, abandoning his career as a stockbroker. In the

conventional account of modern art he stands with Cezanne, Van Gogh and Seurat as one of the four post-impres-sionists, those artists who broke with their immediate peers and contemporaries, the impressionists, to exploit the several opportunities that their revolution had opened up. Post-Impressionism is now seen as something rather more complicated and various than

that, and far less exclusive, but something of the old truth still holds good. That great quartet still marks the twin strains of emergent modernism, the constructivist on the one hand, the expressionist on the other. And while, with Van Gogh, we see an expressionism still directly responsive to the immediate experience of the visible world, with Gangnin it is an expressionism at once more radical and reflective.

It is in his work, from the moment he first went to Pont-Aven in Brittsny in the early 1880s, that we discover Fauvism awant la lettre, and an innate sympathy for folk and primitive art fully 20 years before Picasso first visited the Musée de l'homme. In his carv-ings and ceramics we see the early, decorative stirrings of art nouveau, fully confident in the vigour and energy that pattern and rhythm may bring to

But it is as a symbolist that

will find them eminently col-lectable. Also from Britain

comes Rosemary Butcher, a "choreographic artist" whose show After the Crying and

Shouting employs a score by Wim Martans and lighting my Ron Hazeldean in a meditation

by six dancers on the apocalypse. Mertens, of course, is an old hand at such collabora-

tions, with Jan Fabre's Power of Theatrical Madness and Peter Greenaway's Belly of an

Architect already to his credit.

The ICA is noticeably absent

from the schedules of the 11th

Festival which is placing a new

emphasis this year on the South Bank, with an increased

number of free foyer tasters at the Queen Elizabeth Hall and a

two-week takeover of the Pur-

cell Room. It kicks off there on

Triesday with the Czeck actor-

clown troupe Bolek Polivka

and Company in what is likely to be one of the festival's

highspots, even though a scuf-

fle with the Czeckoslovakian

visa authorities has prompted a last-minute switch of show.

At the heart of this year's

festival, for the first time com-

mercially sponsored, is the

commission of a new work

from dereck dereck Produc-

tions, an all-encompassing partnership of Julia Bardsley and Phelim McDermott which

has already spawned a magnifi-cent dramatisation of lan McE-

wan's The Cupboard Man and

a flawed but finely conceived staging of Ted Hughes's epic

poem Gaudete. Their canvas

this time is the work of the quirky American artist Edward

Gorey, whose eccentric draw-ings will be fashioned into

three volumes of moral

instruction, collectively The

Vinegar Works, for performance by a cast including 26

paintings may say to us in their imagery of questions of life and death, the energy and authority in the manner of their saying says rather more—in the richness of the paint, the brooding heaviness of the tones, the heat of the colour, the strength of the drawing. the strength of the drawing.
There are moments of high excitement, most especially in the middle galleries where his first years on Tahiti, above all the women he found there, are celebrated in images of ravish-ing colour and monumental

Genguin is most himself. For it was Symbolism, the harhinger of Surrealism, that was the all-

of Surrealism, that was the all-pervasive influence of the 1880s and '30s, Symbolism that first turned Van Gogh to art and took Picasso into his first maturity. The work of Gauguin is instinct with Symbolism, whether openly Christian as in the Breton visions of the 1880s

or the successive Christ-like

self-portraits, or in the more quizzical and elegaic paganism he came to in the South Seas,

in the year or two before his death in 1908. The women rest, the group falls silent, the talk goes on outside the door, the

sun goes down - where do we come from, what are we, where

are we going? Such considerations bring us

back to the work itself, and to

the all-consuming commitment of a great artist to the practice of his art. Whatever these

authority. The wood-cuts and mono-prints he made in Tahiti are extraordinary for their technical daring and invention, but he had already developed as a ne had already developed as a print-maker in his time in Brittany. A small but fascinating exhibition at the Bibliotheque Nationale, Gauguin et l'Ecole de Pont-Aven (until March 5) deals with his prints of this procession and the prints of this procession. period and those of his associates, notably those of Armand Seguin and the Irishman, Rod-

Prey's

winning

way with

Schubert

through the week in the Queen

Elizabeth Hall under Hermann

Prey's authoritative direction ended on Thursday, when Prey

Die Winterreise. He had begun the series on Monday with a

both familiar and unfamiliar

Schubertian veins: Tuesday's

had mixed chamber music and

and Wednesday's offerings

performers to flesh out a

conceived and overseen by

best part of a quarter of a

output. Winterreise was the

Deutsch, Prey set out upon

His view of this greatest of song cycles has been chronicled here numerous

Tuesday's opening recital

David Murray enumerated

Prey's inestimable virtues in

Schubert; focussed upon the

single span of Winterreise, they enhance every aspect of

the work. I cannot remer an account which drew the listener so inevitably into its

accumulating tragedy and delivered its sentence with

might have seemed

mattered more.

such crushing finality. Taken

out of context individual songs

unwontedly distorted, and the occasional vagaries of pitch

Darkness loomed early. In

the third song "Gefrorene Tranen" the image of tears

turning to ice acquired a

symbolic horror, and thereafter it was never far

flow Prey was more than willing to disregard the

constraints of bar lines, launching his phrases according to their natural

squeezing the dramatic

Throughout the cycle

prosody, while elsewhere, especially in "Letzte Hoffnung," his concern with

essence from a song took him close to Sprechgesang — utterly effective and quite inimitable.

Deutsch was an exemplary partner, matching the baritone

in a consistently intelligent

in a consistently intentigent yet never over-bearing way. His ability to match Prey's legato in a song like "Die Kräne" was a model of its

kind, just as his stealthy

additions to "Auf dem Pluss remained on the right side

of archness, and cumulative

effect of the cycle became very much a joint achievement.

Andrew Clements

from the surface - not a neurotic, fidgety unease, but

sheer, numbing despair. In his efforts to sustain the lyric

times. In his review of

immensely impressive Helmut

century to surveying the

natural climax, and accompanied by the

the journey.

someone who has devoted the

portrait of the composes

himself devoted a recital to

programme which exp

sones from younge

THE Schubertiade running



Sedier's Wells Royal Ballet: lured north by new facilities and extra cash

Dancing all the way

Birmingham's artistic pretensions have been given a boost. Antony Thorncroft reports

FTER much pains-taking negotiation, and with many doubts swallowed along the way, the Sadler's Wells Royal Ballet has finally decided to commit itself to a new life in the Midlands. It is becoming Birmingham's dance company, lured north by the promise of \$4m worth of new facilities - rehearsal studios, a gym, physiotherapy unit, etc -at the Hippodrome Theatre, and £2m in extra cash spread

over three years.

A year ago the director of SWRB, Mr Peter Wright, was less than enthusiastic about the move. But the obvious keenness of Birmingham to acquire the company and his belief that London just couldn't comfortably cope with two "international class" dance companies won him round. There might also have been the feeling that, with the Royal Ballet going through a criti-cally poor patch, it was no bad thing to put some distance between it and its younger

The eventual deal was less generous that hoped, but some-how Luke Rittner of the Arts Council managed to squeeze Council managed to squeeze £500,000 in "new" money out of Richard Luce, Minister for the Arts, securing the funding which will be used to expand the company by five, to 60 dancers, pay for top guest artists and the commissioning of new ballets, and improve rehearsal time. The £3m cost will be split between Birming.

least five years. Some dancers will not want

It is hard not to admire Birit is hard not to admire Bir-mingham for its propaganda coup in securing the SWRB. A few years ago the local politi-cians admitted that they had made a mess of their city and set about the daunting task of trying to re-establish Birmingham as an important European metropolis. Like Glasgow fac-ing a similar Herculean task it has used the arts to smarten

up its image. Over the last five years an extra £2m a year has been added to the arts budget. Before the capture of the SWRB the greatest achieve-ment had bean to persuade Simon Rattle to extend his conducting commitment to the City of Birmingham Symphony £500,000 a year. in addition Bir-mingham agreed to set aside a hall in the new £125m International Convention Centre as the home of the orchestra.

mingham's artistic preten is a danger that the reality behind the grand gesture is more amorphous. Rattle is a conductor of genius but he will

will be split between Birmingham Council and the Arts Council. More to the point, both Councils have promised to maintain the extra cash for at

to move to Birmingham and the drop outs are estimated to number between three and fif-teen. Peter Wright has bravely admitted that if some of the principal dancers choose to stay in London, the standards of the SWRB will slip for a few years. But then the advantag of the improved facilities will show through and a bright new

Orchestra to at least 1993. It managed this by increasing its own funding of the orchestra, to £580,000 this year, and persuading the Arts Council, committed to its Glory of the Gar-den regional investment programme, to toss in another

The creation of a first rank orchestra and dance company in the city obviously repre-sents a genuine boost to Birsions. But, rather like its bid for the Olympic Games, there

Rattle: staying until 1993

only be performing in Birming-ham on 17 occasions in the 1988-9 season and tickets are immediately gone with the wind. The SWRB will be appearing at the Hippodrome for just five weeks a year, although this should rise by 1995 to a ten week residency.

Anyone stuck in Birming-ham tonight and looking for an evenings culture might well have a frustrating time. There are only two cinemas; the three theatres will be presenting pantomime; there is a stri-king paucity of fringe theatres, comedy clubs, or chamber con-

So Birmingham as an artistic force is a vision of the future rather than an established reality. But the changes are in train - the extra funding has stimulated the CBSO; the Hippodrome boosted its box office revenue by 34 per cent last season; the Repertory Theatrs, thanks to £505,000 in City subsidy and an anergetic new director John Adams, is at last putting on the occasional production that attracts the national theatre critics; the City of Birmingham Touring Opera (just the kind of troupe

the city needs) had some suc-cess on a recent visit to London's Sonth Bank with its Magic Flute.

And by the time that the SWRB arrives in Birmingham in the summer of 1990 a few of the planned improvements to the environment will be taking shape. Birmingham Council has joined the Percent for Art club, which aims to add a per cent of artistic embellishment to the 99 per cent of commercial calculation which goes into major new property devel-opments. Already £800,000 (its original budget was £80m) has been spent on beautifying the new Convention Centre, with a £250,000 sculpture by Raymond Mason; a neon sculpture by Ron Heselden; and a stained glass panel by Alexander Beleschenko. And the Bull Ring, symbol of Birmingham's wrong turning in the 1960s, is planned for extinction.

The SWRB will be performing on a better stage - literally so, as well as environmen-tally, for one of the Hippodrome's improvements will be the creation of a more pliant stage to save the dancers' feet. Just as Birmingham has committed itself to the ballet company so the SWRB seems prepared to embrace Birminghham. Peter Wright is pledged to stay five years, which is beyond his retirement date. He expects to draw more dancers in future from the Midlands, eventually creating a ballet school in the city. Even the SWRB orchestra might

even be tempted up the ML The SWRB has always been a touring company, used to liv-ing off the land. It will tour even more when based in Birmingham, at least in the UK (foreign visits will be reduced). It will still play Sadier's Wells theatre once a year and Covent Garden at least biennially. It is getting ont just before the Royal Opera House is forced to contemplate the npheaval of two dark years after 1993 when it closes for redevelopment. It is probably doing the best thing. Its departure will cause a problem for Sadler's Wells Theatre, which earns £100,000 a year in rent from the company, but the Arts Council might help out here. There will be personal crises for some of the married dancers. But money

The biggest problem is the least important — the name of the new company. Dance troupes are nostalgic and Peter Wright wants to keep "Sadler's Wells" in the title. The company is still part of the Royal Ballet, so that should stay. Bir-mingham has generously said it will not insist on its less than melodic appellation. No doubt the best brains of our generation will come up with something not too tongue

Ripple Effect at the ICA

Claire Armitstead reflects on the state of performance theatre



Bobby Baker performs "Chocolain Money"

ing dream narrative, with lines of text that splintered and reassembled on screen at the dip of a finger. The challenge thrown out by the performance com-munity to conventional attitudes to text is one of its most exciting areas, explored nota-bly in the work of David Gale for Lumiere and Son. in She Watches Silently, Elsie Mitchell claims it as part of a primarily visual landscape.

Third to go on the pro-gramme was the dancer and choreographer Liz Agiss, who premiered The Stations of the Angry, a short, dark piece commissioned by Brighton's Zap Club which sets a figure with extremities sunk in heavy foam pillars in a soundscape dominated by departing trains.
From the expressionistic
lugubriousness of mood and
movement I take them to heading for extermination camps. This, to my mind, had preten-tions above its station but the right to go over the top -indeed the right to fall - is the base line of the Ripple Effect

Essential, too, is the right to be mystified. One of the rea-sons performance has been so slow to catch on in Britain is undoubtedly the lack of an adequate language to codify it, and the consequent descent by

Chess No. 756 R-K4 (threat 2 R-R4) R-KN1; 2 QxRP ch! KxQ; 3 R-R4 ch, K-N2; 4 B-R6 ch and 5 B-B8 those who attempt to do so into an often intimidating jar-

What, for instance, is the difference between performance art and performance theatre or for that matter visual theatre? And isn't the use of such terms merely creating a new sort of elitism to replace the despised old ones? This is precisely the sort of question that could and should be raised at the "Ripple Effect" shows, each of which will be followed by a discus-

An imaginative attempt to sidestep the issue is embodied in the ICA'e forthcoming season "Tracing an Unseen Presence," which links disparate performances by theme rather than discipline in an initiative that is the inspiration of the ICA's theatre director Bob Wis-

The chosen theme is myth and ritual, a fascinating and complex area which has gained prominence with the infusion of new Asian and Afro-Caribbean work into the British theatre. Appropriately, the line-up includes two pieces by the Senegalese dancer-choreographer Isnel da Silviera whose company, based in Paris, has developed a style influenced by her West African upbringing. Representing the home team will be Sheffield-based Forced Intertainment, who take ritual into its contemporary urban context in 200% and Bloody

Thirsty. Devotees of the Sta-

tion House Opera school of intense, inspired theatricality

Significantly, dereck dereck are not obvious contenders for the title "mime." Their inclu-sion in the festival is justified by its organisers as a challenge to existing prejudices and pre-conceptions. But given the stance of some sections of the theatregoing public to the idea of mime, the gauntlet is well and truly thrown down by

dramatically last year as part of the Old Vic's feted Ostrovsky revival Too Clever by Holf. Signs that the arts establishment is beginning to relax its sword arm towards proponents of an alternative, cross-discipline approach are backed up by the confidence of their spon-sors. Brewers Moosehead have taken the mime festival on board, while Thames's interest in the "Ripple Effect" is an

the inclusion in its fold of a

encouraging portent of things that may be to come. The last few years have already seen the absorption of the alternative comedy comremoved from its natural patter as Shakespeare's The Tem-pest (Jonathan Miller's Old Vic production last year notably featured Alexei Sayle). Who knows, we may soon be watching Bobby Butcher devour Rik Mavall - text by Edward

Pick of the week

at Christie's

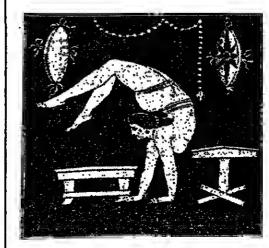


Plate taken from "A Disquisition upon Etruscan Vases" by James Christie the Younger, folio 1806.

THIS ATHLETIC illustration is one of 17 from a folio entitled "A Disquisition upon Etruscan Vases" by James Christie, the son of the founder of Christie's. The folio is inscribed to T Johnes Esqre. on the verso of the title, and may well refer to Thomas Johnes (1748-1816), founder of the Hafod Press.

The sale of Printed Books at South Kensington is on Friday, 20 January at 2 pm, and offers a wide variety of subject matter and illustration of a quality fit to grace any library. For any further information on this

and any other sales in the next week, please telephone: (01) 581 7611.



8 King Street, London SW1 85 Old Brompton Road, London SW7 164-166 Bath Street, Glasgow

OW THAT tha English soccer season is past its halfway point, it is time to stick out my neck and fore cast the likely winners of the

three major trophies.
In the league, the chief question is whether Arsenal can maintain their challenge and become the first London club to win the championship since they themselves did the double in 1971. George Graham has built skilfully on the team he inherited from Don Howe, making several medium-sized purchases rather than plumping for such big-name signings as £2m players Tony Cottee and Paul Gascoigne, bought last year hy Everton and Tottenham respectively.

I am less enthusiastic than some critics about Tony Adams, the England central defender, who appears prone to costly mistakes - such as the hesitation that allowed West Ham's Leroy Rosenior to knock Arsenal out of the FA Cup this week. The average football supporter seems to view Adams as a lumbering donkey. Nevertheless, Graham has an excellent defensive nucleus.

With Adams, O'Leary, Bould, Dixon and Winterhurn from which to chose for his back fonr, ha was able to let England international Kenny Sansom leave for Newcastle. In midfield, Arsenal also have an impressive range of options with Paul Davis, Kevin Richardson and Michael Thomas in the centre and, adding width, Brian Marwood and David Rocastle.

Alan Smith spearheads the attack and has been the main

Philip Coggan with his forecasts for football's big competitions

Arsenal in league boots

goal-scorer this season. Ha appears at first sight a trifle clumsy — perhaps because of his gangling frame — but he is, his gangling frame – but he is, in fact, an extremely skilful and hard-working centre-forward. He might be a better choice than Mark Hateley to play for England when Gary Lineker is injured.

The revelation of the season, though, has been Paul Merson, the young forward chosen to partner Smith. As ha showed in the New Year game against Tottenham, he has that vital

Tottenham, he has that vital ability to seize the half-chance which marks out the successful striker. And his second goal against West Ham last Sunday illustrated that he has that other vital quality for a for-

ward - luck.

If Arsenal can avoid one of the crippling bouts of injuries that occasionally derail cham-pionship challengers, they should have the best chance of being tha first non-Merseyside club to win the championship since Aston Villa in 1981. The team's exit from the two cup competitions may help Arsenal's cause by concentrating their minds on a single trophy.

Despite the presence of Nor-wich and Millwall in second and third place, the team most likely to halt Arsenal's challenge are, as usual, Liverpool. The Anfield club were champions last season and have topped the First Division 10

times in the past 16 seasons.

There has, bowever, been evidance this season that Liverpool's mask of infallibility Liverpool's mask of intaliability might be slipping. In previous seasons, the odd 1-0 or 2-1 loss for the Anfield side occurred but, this year, two particular defeats - 4-1 at West Ham and 3-1 at Manchester United - have been out of the ordinary.

Year after year, Liverpool's defence has been the best in the First Division, conceding, for example, only 24 goals last season. But during the games at West Ham and Manchester, the Merseyside defence was at

times run ragged.
Injuries have hit Liverpool
particularly hard with Bruce
Grobelaar, Alan Hanson, Gary
Gillespie, John Barnes, and Ian Rush all laid off at one time or another this season. Fortu-nately, Kenny Dalglish has an immensely strong squad on which he can call to fill the

The chances are that when The chances are that when Liverpool get back to full strength, they will get back to their old, invincible ways. After all, they still have every chance of completing the cup and league double this year. But one wonders if the decision to buy back Ian Rush from Inventus might prove to have Juventus might prove to have been a mistake.

Last year, Liverpool relied on an attacking trio of Barnes, Beardsley and Aldridge. The disrupted a successful formula; neither he nor Aldridge bas managed to produce his top

In the fourth round of the FA Cup, Liverpool face the kind of tie that Kenny Dalglish must have been dreading - away to the rumbustious Millwall. The boys from Cold Blow Lane could well repeat Wimbledon's achievement in last year's cup final and defeat Liverpool with hustle, hustle and aerial power.

The cnp has already pro-duced its traditional nondnced its traditional non-league heroes: Sutton United, who beat 1987 winners Coven-try last Saturday. But after two years of underdog wins, hy Wimbledon and Coventry, probability suggests that one of the big-name teams could succeed this time.

Of the so-called hig fiva, Arsenal and the fast-improving Tottenham are both elimi-nated, leaving Everton, Man-

nated, leaving Everton, Man-chester United and Liverpool. chester United and Liverpool.
United have yet to qualify for
the next round, having drawn
00 and 2-2 with Queen's Park
Rangers, but I have a hunch
that their manager, Alex Ferguson, is finally getting it
right. They have some exciting
young players to blend with
the experience of gnalkeeper the experience of goalkeeper Jim Leighton, defenders Steve Bruce and Mal Donaghy, England captain Bryan Rob-

and Brian McClair. Their main failing this sea-

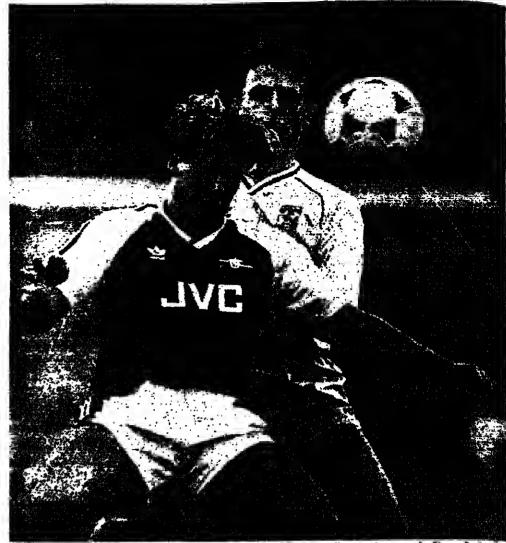
son has been a tendency to draw matches they should have won. But the cup doesn't allow for draws and that might give the players the extra edge they need to finish opponents. The drawn-out battle with QPR is precisely the kind of the which clubs often have at the start of a successful cup run. So, with fingers crossed firmly, I pick Manchester United for

the FA Cup.
In the Littlewoods Cup, the competition looks extremely open with Arsenal, Liverpool and Everton already elimi-nated at the quarter-final stage Having already declared

my Nottingham Forest alle-giance in an earlier article, I am pleased that they are now the favourites.

So far, though, the trophy has proved a beanfeast for the underdogs and I fear that For-est's reign as favourites may be short-lived. My tin for the be short-lived. My tip for the trophy is Aston Villa who have an unstoppable striker, Alan McInally, an intelligent manager, Graham Taylor, and doggedly-faithful supporters. gedly-faithful supporters.
So the treble forecast is
Arsenal for the league, Man-

chester United for the FA Cup and Aston Villa for the Littlewoods. Put on a fiver; if they all win, send me a postcard from the Bahamas.



Paul Merson — the revelation of the season — shields the ball from Coventry's Sleve Sedgel

HE AUSTRALIAN
Open, the 78th championship to be held in
the sunburnt country since 1905, has the strongest

field ever assembled. When news of the superh facilities in Melbourne spread around the tennis grapevine last January, those gladiators who had missed that first grand slam championship of 1988 thought themselves accursed they were not here. Now, with a few notable excep-

The decision of 18-year-old American Andre Agassi, who rose to No. 3 in the rankings last year, to miss the Australian – like his decision to to blow at Wimbledon — to inorplay at Wimbledon — is inex-cusable. At the New South Wales Open this week, his atti-tude was criticised roundly by compatriot Aaron Krickstein.

Otherwise, the glittering array of men's talent lacks only Jimmy Connors, who is convalescing from operations

on both feet, and Tim Mayotte, who is sick. Among the women, the only absentees of significance are Chris Evert who, at 34, understandably wants to spend more time with her busband, and the Russians, who concentrated on the Federation Cup before taking a

A glance at the draw suggests that some important questions will be answered during the next two weeks. Can Mats Wilander, the new world champion and title-holder, overcome his nemesis, Miroslav Mecir, in the quarter-

finals? I have discounted the chances of Yannick Noah always a dangerous thing to do. However, I shall be sur-prised if the athletic Frenchman is back to his best after resting since his forced retirement from the US Open last September with sore knees. Noah's Davis Cup colleague, Henri Leconte, has looked this A forum for gladiators

John Barrett at the Australian tennis championships

week as if he indulged too freely in Christmas fare. With an extra few pounds he is noticeably slower, and I do not expect him to get past the speedy Mikael Pernfors. Nor should Jonas Svensson halt the ambitions of Boris Becker.

The powerful young German, now a strapping 21-year-old, has matured marvellously with the help of Bob Brett, his Australian coach. All that raw power, so evident at Wimbledon in 1985 and 1986, has been harnessed to the purpose of dominating opponents from the net. He is now a much better volleyer than he was three years ago and has rediscovered his formidable service, which has a new consistency. We shall also discover if Pat

Cash, a finalist here for the past two years, is fully fit again. He has not competed since Cincinnati last August and emerged at the Hopman Cup two weeks ago in Perth with a short, trendy haircut and a new service to match.

The toss is lower and the swing is faster. Certainly, like an earlier Australian, Geoff Brown, whose explosive deliv-ery was hit as the ball was rising. Cash gets some surprising results. The aces are among the fastest I have ever seen. So are the double faults! Without any match play to sharpen a game that relies on exquisite timing, I shall be sur-prised if Cash defeats Edberg - unless the Wimbledon champion's left knee ligaments

Tha most intriguing newcomer (yes, he has not played here since being upset by Slobodan Zivojinovic at Kooyong in 1985) is John McEnroe. The former world champion is conscious of the fact that be will be 30 in a month's time and talks now of his two children and of enjoying his remaining

years on the court. He is a calmer man. At times this week at the Rio exhibition tournament in Adelaide, the talent has come shining through. Whether, as John believes, he can summon it to order over seven five-set matches remains to be seen. Somehow, I doubt it. Finally, there is Lendl. In fact, for the past four years there has always been Lendl. He looks fitter and harder physically than I have ever seen him after spending three weeks at practice with his coach Tony Roche. Without the pressure of being the favourite, I believe that Lendl, who has yet to win this title, is the man to beat, with Becker as the main threat.

As so often over the past two seasons, the women's event looks like another two-borse race, Graf and Navratilova are a class ahead of the opposition, so that speculation is pointless. Yes, accidents do happen, as they did last year when world champion Graf lost twice to champion Graf lost twice to
Sabatini and once (when she
was ill) to Shriver. But it is
impossible to suggest that the
two top seeds will be beaten.
After a much-needed rest,
Graf has prepared with her
customary thoroughness by
arriving early in Melbourne for
practice. Martina has chosen

practice. Martina has chosen the competitive route via this

week's tournament in Sydney where she has looked relaxed and confident while working

with her new coach, Craig Kardon of Dalias.

If my dismissal of the opposition appears to be cavalier, I call in my defence the svidence of 1988. Last year, Graf was first, the rest nowhere. Her golden grand slam — the four major championships plus the Olympics — was a wonderful feat. It was something that we saw as a possibility when she beat Evert in the Australian final here last year. It remains a possibility for the foreseable

So outstanding is Steffi's talent - her movement and her forehand are superior to anything I have ever seen — that it would not be impossible for the fun-loving teenager to win the grand slam for the next three years.

As a footnote, it is interesting to see how the power base has shifted in the world game.

Not so long ago, you would have found at least 45 Ameri-cans in the men's draw of a grand slam championship (although not in the Australia before its reinvenation). This time, the 14 Americans are on numbered by the 15 Sweder, Germany has supplied 11 men, France seven and Czechoslovakia five. There is just one Briton, Jeremy Bates. He plays Jamie Morgan, an Australian wild card entry, with Cash as a prospective third-round oppo-

The American presence remains stronger among the woman. The US supplies & entries and Germany is in second place with 12 (if you discount Australia, with their seven wild cards and a total of 16). There are nine French, five Czechs and four players from Britain, none of whom will say vive more than a couple of rounds - unless, that is, we do have an accident, How times have changed.

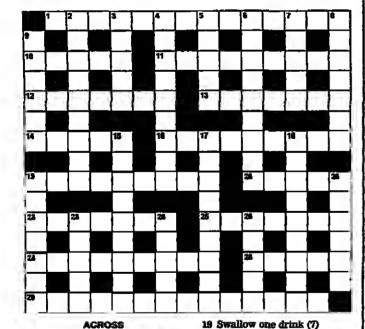
BBC RADIO 3

7:96 am Morning Conderf, 9:16 The Week of 3 with Peter Serker, 8:30 Neves, 8:36 Source mouth Sinfonieum, 9:30 Saturday Retion 18:50 Cell the Controller, Propeile to Redo-Controller John Drummond, 71:30 Record Polonse, 1:00 pm News. 1:00 Third Ear: Jonathan Stein

emplores controversies in the arts word. L'Al-From the Fastivals 1968, 225 Sections. Plano Sonata in E flat Op 7, ptoped by Alfa Adam. 255 From the Prome 1988, Varife Requists. 423 Debut. Jarret Horvath (olid, and Arthur Ruwe (plano): Mandalesotu, ith-demits. Res. Leve.

CROSSWORD

No. 6,834 Set by CINEPHILE Prizes of £10 each for the first five correct solutions opened. Solutions to be received by Wednesday January 25, marked Crossword 6,834 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Solution on Saturday January



- 1 Don't be shorn, be calm! 21 Travel by air without drink (4.4.4.2) for fish? (3-3)
- (4,4,4,2)

 10 A page with his pest (5)

 11 Polite term for sheep mum and I produced (9)

 12 Agreement that's dense? (7)
- 13 Anger is a useless thing
- 16 Superior list headed by agent with a good name (9) 19 Fruit with fewer problems,
- Pacific (9)
 20 Ruled with wrinkles (5) 22 Bitter regret about code (7)
- 25 A pair of grooves giving beast direction in river (7)
 27 One who introduces local eggs to river (9)
 28 Authoritative about return

of convict (S)

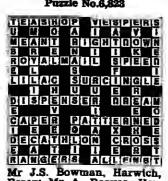
- 29 Slow lane traffic? It's illegal 2 Passing letter on border
- with time left (9) 3 Italian food, not French, thank you (5)
- 4 Diplomatic moves before operas (9) 5 Swift blow to the instincts
- 6 Tale can do, possibly, depending on it (9) 7 Bring up from Aries (5) 8 Number of compiler - 's's
- the man for the joh (7)
 9 Accompaniment of part sent by post (6) 15 Verdict on arrangement: it
- isn't natural (9) 17 Quiet end for queen (twice) and a building worker (9)
 18 Sound of forbidden comedian on increasingly used

transport (9)

- (American) (5)
 24 Be a competitor in some of the land of France (5) 26 Bill gets liberated, being
- Solution to Puzzle No.6,833 one might say, in the



sharp (5)



borne, Birmingham; Mr N.G. Hanson, Abbotsbury, Dorset; Mr A.G. McMahon, Algorta, Spain, Ms E.M. Paterson, For-

B:15 am Saturday Starts Here, \$20 Corners. 5:46 Chucklevision, \$:60 Going Livet 12:12 pm Weather. 12:15 Grandstand, Including 12:29 Staing: 12:25 Boding from Elephant and Cessie; 12:26 News; 1:36 Racing from Ascot; 1:16 Skiding: 1:39 Racing from Ascot; 2:20 Skiding: 1:39 Racing from Ascot; 2:20 Racing from Racing from Hong Kong; 4:35 Final Score. 5:20 The Flying Doctors. 6:25 Jen's Fix Racing Both's Full House, 7:18 *Allo 7:40 The Paul Dantels Magic Show, 2:25 Columbo. 9:40 News and Sport, 9:35 Kane and Abot; repost of a 3-part adaptation of Jeffrey Archer's bestseller (part 2 tomorrow at 8:35 psp.).

BBC2

LONDON

Service.
E-80 Nows. 505 Local News and Wasther,
E-16 Blockhusters. SetS Superboy. 6:15 Trick or Treet. 8:15 Fine: "You Only Live Twice", with Sean Contery and Dorsid Pleasance. 8:56 News. 6:10 Local Weather. 6:16 Tales of

actio and Articles or Festil. Case their is the Dey. 16:05 Man and Boy. 16:025 Take Nobody's Word for it. 10:13 Peussian Language and People. 17:13 Deutsch Oresit (German for beginners), 11:14 Bazzar. 12:15 Om New Jon See Heart 12:15 Country File. 190 News; On the Record. 2:05 EastEnders. 5:05 Film: North West Frontier (1959) with Kenneth

2:15 am Now on Two. 12:88 Reportage. 112:89
Film: 7 Remember Manne" (1946) with Berbura Bal Geddes and Irene Dunna. 3:80 Oh I Sayt. 20th Intridery tribets in Dan Massied.
2:80 100 Great Sporting Momenta: Roger Laylor and Bjorn Borg basies in out in the querter-finale of Borg's Bret Wimbledon. 4:15 Music in Camera: The Tolyo String Quarter lays Schubert's Quartet in G Major (1087). 8:00 Rugby Special. 2:55 Ski Sunday. 8:25 The Monsy Programmer. John Fryer reports on the growing problem of American debt. 2:15 Allantin Bleeins. 2:18 Skingly Mozart's Plano Sonata in C. Kristi.

2:16 New Scottish Art. Gwith Handle tellor should have Michael Ignatist's talks to Channel 4 Chief Executive Michael Grade about the plantings. 2:20 Three-Affaciat Countries in Channel 4 Chief Executive Michael Grade about the string Michael Williams as the choirmaster of a corrient Williams as the choirmaster of a corrient Williams as the choirmaster of a corrient Sunday of the Bladges when the youth of England went wild, and the young chorisisms catch the spirit of the Omes... The Maschapter Boys' Choir play the 'Angel Voices' in

the Unexpected, 9:45 Aspet & Company, 10:30 Snooker; The Mercantile Credit Classic

8:30 am Storybook Classics, 10:00 Moneyaphaner. 16:30 Film: "Ten for Two", with Doris
Day and Gordon MacRen, 112:20 pm Peta
Snath Specialities. An't R. Aggravatin," 12:30
Empress Wu, 1:00 Vita Futurista, 12:30 Film:
"Yellow Jack", with Robert Montgomery.
13:30 Film: "Back Room Boy", with Arthur
Askey, 5:05 Brookside, 8:00 Right to Repty.
6:08 Scotists Eye, 7:00 News successery and
weather. 7:05 People to People: Letter to
Spein. Said The Harp in the South, 18:00
Ivan's Childhood, 10:30 Sounds of Surpries;
Machito: a Latin Jazz Largey, 11:55 The
Motown Story, presented by Paul Gambapcial.

\$4C WALES

LONDON

CENTRAL

8:00 am TV-am Bresidest Programme. 2:25 Monomouth, Including Fraggle Rock. 18:06 Link. 11:39 Morning Worship. 12:30 Snoouster presented by Rabbi Lionel Stee. 12:30 pm The Westend Link, Including Police 5 presented by Shabe Taylor. 12:55 Local News and Wester. 1:30 TM News. 1:10 Eyewitness. 2:30 Snooker, Mercantile Credit Classic - the recent Smale. 2:30 Snooker, Mercantile Credit Classic - the recent Smale. 2:30 TM News. 1:35 Snooker, Mercantile Credit Classic - the final. 2:30 TM News. 1:38 Local News and Wester. 2:40 Holyana 1:30 Local News and Wester. 2:40 Holyana 1:40 Local News and Wester. 2:40 Local News and Mercantile Ne

Notes note behaviors. The Wish Me Lists. 205
Highway.
Tils Catchphrase. 7:05 Wish Me Lists. 205
Ageste Christo's Poirot 9:05 Till News. 2:38
Local Weather. 10:09 The New Statestrate.
12:09 The South Besis Show: Dersis Welcott.
12:09 Soop. 12:09 The Chart Show, 500owed
by ITN News Headlines. 1:00 am The Other
Side of Midnight. 1:30 Pick of the Week.

English subtities), 4-65 Rockhound Magoo. 455 News Surveys and Waseline. 566 The Business Programme. 528 American Fostball, 6-65 The Cosby Show. 7:15 Fragilie Earth: The Goddess and the Computer. 5:15 Conquer the Arctic. 5:15 "A Child of Our Time" (The Sir Michael Tippeti season concludes with a performance of his oratorio). 18-65 "Summer of 142" starting Gary Grimes and Jannifer O'Netil. 12:46 Beats of the Heart.

\$4C WALES

CHANNEL

39 am The Chart Show. 1239 pm Ski-Tips. IB The Man Prom UNCLE. 1239 am Cine-stractions. 1:30 America's Top Ten. 1:30 a Leonard Rosen Show, followed by ITN mas Managing.

GRAMPIAN

11:30 am The Chart Show. 12:30 pm Seathel-chesn Neonach - "Sea Ottors" 2:10 The Man

"Ivan's Childhood" looks at war through the eyes 12-year-old Kolya Bulyaev. C4, tonight, 9 pm ented by Bob Hall with Emilyn Hughes. 12:30 are Pricener: Call Block M. 138 Film: "Body Heat", with Kathleen Turner, William Hurt and Ted Densen. From UNCLE 8:10 Criomagen, A Gaetic look sheed in the coming week of events in the Highlands and Islands, 12:30 are The Hit Man and Her,

SATURDAY

11:56 am The Chart Show, 12:50 pm America's Top 10, 2:10 The Fall Guy, 12:50 am The

TELEVISION & RADIO Twelight Zone, 1589 Throb. 1599 Merried. With Gorald Harper, 1599 pm Irenan and Frank 1590 Sport on Two, Including Football, Rep.

SCOTTISH

Tide on The Chart Show, 12:00 pm South West Week, 2:19 Charlie's Ang. 12:30 am The Ht Man and Her, followed RN Name Handlines

TVS

11:26 am The Chart Show. 12:39 pm Ski-Tips. 2:19 The Man From UNGLE 12:30 am The America's Showcese - Ginematizacijons, 1:80 America's Top 7en. 1:30 The Leonard Rosen Show.

TYNE TEES

ULSTER

YORKSHIRE

RADIO

BBC RADIO 2

News: Locae Ends with Ned Sherrin. 1289
News: The Week in Westminster. 1938 For Our Own Gorresponded. 1289 Many St., 1228 pas 17s. Sorry I Haven? a Che (e. 1228)
Weather. 1500 News. 1716 Any Question? 1265 Shipping For soust. 2780 News: Any Answers? 228-The Feal MicDay (e. 1916 Julia McKenzie. 4500 News. 4505 Age to 49A. 428 Soleron Nove. 2500 Farelly Foolstop. 525 Week Ending. 2880 Shipping Forecast. 258 Weeker. 600 News. 628 Colleges (e. 200 News. 628 Colleges) (e. 200 News. 628 Tel Late Play (e.), The Geospatch Generation by Frederick Harrison, 1256-1258 ass News.

BBC RADIO 4

SUNDAY

ANGLIA

BORDER 12:20 pm Out of Town. Tibe Prisoner: Cell Block H. followed by ITM News Headlines. 12:30 em The Other Side of Midnight with Anthony Wilson. 1:30 Combines.

12:30 pm Here and Now. 11:30 Prisoner: Cell Stock H., followed by 17N News Headlines. 12:30 am The Chart Show. 1d5 Film: "The Red Light: Shop" (1984) with Beau Gridges and Ferrah Fewcot.

CHANNEL

11:00 am America's Top Ten. 11:00 Pick 8 Number. 12:00 pm Struggle Benesin the Sen. - Cutopus". 2:00 Highway to Haevan. 4:90 Buttayey. 2:00 Sid Tips. 5:00 Scotsport Indus-ing Amorica. 11:30 Prisoner: Call Stock H. 12:38 pm The Other Std. of Mid-Mark.

GRANADA 12:30 pm This is Your Flight, 12:60 Aap Kaa Helt. 12:55 Granada Reports, 11:30 Prisoner: Cell Block H, followed by ITN News Head-tines, 12:30 am The Other Side of Midnight.

10:02 ans Gien Michael's Cavatcade on GMTV. 11:18 Link. 11:38 Like, Liberty and Laughter. 12:39 per Speciatoria Coloraes Book of Records. 12:59 Sociation Today, 3:50 Murder, She Wrote 4:09 Buttery. 4:39 Sant Ski-ling. 5:00 Socieport. 11:29 Sociation Rocks: The Incoming book programme presented by Sheens McDonald. 12:00 Crann Tara, followed by ITN News Headlines. 12:39 am The Other Side of Midnight.

18:30 am Gus Honeytun's Magic Birthdays. 18:33 TSW Community Action. 12:30 pm Farming News. 11:30 Space. 12:30 am The

12:30 pm TVS News. 12:33 Agenda. 12:36 TVS Weether, Including farming weether. 11:30 Mystery Theatre. 12:80 The Chart Show.

12:30 pm Jack Thompson Down Under, 7:15 The Big Show - 30 Years Cr. Independent Television casté in the North East 30 years ago lodes, marking its opening with The Sig Show. Tomight, the stars are back for a britides calebration, 8:16 Within Me Luck lows.

Agatha Christia's Poirot 11:26 The New Statesman. 12:36 Highway Patrol. 12:39 am I'M News Headines. 12:37 The Other Side of Midnight. 1.86 Donatos.

YORKSHIRE 12:36 pm Farming and inshore Weather lol-lowed by Farming Diary, 11:36 Scrumdown, 12:80 am ITN News Headlines; The Chart

SUNDAY RADIO

BBC RADIOS

79). Whenhausid (Violin): Heyde (Symphony No. 79). Whenhausid (Violin Connerto Mo 1), Savinsky (The Fally's Klee), trie Gabriel Geletic Heydra and Ravel, 2-10 Third Eat. 23% Faure: Steven lauguita (casto) and Pased Devoyon (plano), 3:25 Bournetowsk Spophony Orchestra, with John Lis (pisson Risky-Korzakov (Pasedan Easter Restind Gotto, Lury, Rachensantow (Pasedan Concerto No. 8). Shortakovich (Symphonou Mo. 20. phony Ordensea, with John List glassified Con-tury). Pacchemistics Easter Feetfield Con-tury). Pacchemistics (Phono Concerto No. 8. Shortstein-circh 15/mponony No. 9. edit Gehe-rity Rectair. Peter Schreiter siege. Schreit-rity Rectair. Peter Schreiter siege. Schreit-rity Rectair. Peter Schreiter siege. Schreit-Mayner presents a cloumbentery ported as reassessment of Albert Camus. 718 Visible. Sauscont Concecto. 728 Goules at the Birth-cart. SSC SO/Soules. Pietro-Latram-Many phenol. Currietine Whitelessy (soprasol. Pri 1. Boulets; Pietro Sonata, No. 3). (856 bistings of Discoustace; that of the programme as se-languages of thought in modern Francis.) (87 Petr 2. Schotze; Piet selon pil., portral de bistance). Std. Measurt and Faute. Peter ther-ning (victim) and Julian Jacobson (plens). 16:80 Chordel Evissoner, 11:23 Contooth. String Quarter Op 8, 72:96-72:96 see Nats.

RADIO 4

7:00 am blever, 7:12 On Your Arren, 1rd Sectory with Libby Purves, and Angles Trees, 2:00 The West's Stood Cleane, Safe Yander, 12:06 Names, Still Laster from Angeriol by Angles of Control Service by Angel Control of the Angel Control of th